The Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station



123 HUNTINGTON STREET, P.O. BOX 1106, NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT 06504

Putting Science to Work for Society
Protecting Agriculture, Public Health, and the Environment

PRESS RELEASE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE Monday, April 17, 2017

MEDIA CONTACT:

Dr. Goudarz Molaei Research Scientist Center for Vector Biology & Zoonotic Diseases The Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station 123 Huntington Street New Haven, CT 06511

Phone: (203) 974-8487

HIGHER TICK ABUNDANCE AND INFECTION WITH LYME DISEASE OBSERVED STATEWIDE

New Haven, CT – The Tick Testing Program at The Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station (CAES) is reporting higher tick abundance and infection with *Borrelia burgdorferi*, the causative agent of Lyme disease and other tick-borne pathogens this spring throughout Connecticut. According to Dr. Goudarz Molaei, who directs the CAES Tick Testing Program, "we have received over 450 ticks so far this year and nearly 38% have tested positive for Lyme disease spirochetes, 10% for *Babesia microti*, the causative agent of babesiosis, and 5% for *Anaplasma phagocytophilum*, the causative agent of human granulocytic anaplasmosis." The higher tick abundance appears to be related to warmer winter temperatures in the State during the last two years.

Over the past five years, the Tick Testing Laboratory has received 12,483 ticks from Connecticut residents or health departments for testing and on average 27% tested positive for the Lyme disease agent.

"Although we have yet to reach peak tick activity this spring, adult deer ticks, *Ixodes scapularis*, are already active and biting residents in greater numbers," said Dr. Theodore Andreadis, Director of CAES. "At this time of year, personal protection measures and conducting tick checks remain the most effective ways to reduce the risk of tick-borne diseases."

Lyme disease is the most commonly reported vector-borne disease in the United States. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Lyme disease affects an estimated 329,000 people in the U.S. each year and can cause severe damage to joints and the nervous system. According to the Connecticut Department of Public Health, there were 2,553 reported cases of Lyme disease, 286 cases of

Phone: (203) 974-8500 Fax: (203) 974-8502

Toll Free: 1-(877) 855-2237 WWW.CT.GOV/CAES

An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

babesiosis, and 120 cases of human granulocytic anaplasmosis in Connecticut in 2015.

Infection rate for *Borrelia burgdorferi*, the causative agent of Lyme disease, in *Ixodes scapularis* (Blacklegged or deer) ticks tested at the CAES Tick Testing Laboratory, 2016

County	Number of ticks tested	Borrelia burgdorferi % positive
Fairfield	1237	26.3
New Haven	492	31.5
Hartford	166	31.9
Litchfield	121	29.7
Middlesex	64	32.8
New London	22	40.3
Tolland	31	25.8
Windham	11	54.5

Detailed information about the Tick Testing Laboratory, personal protection measures, tick control measures, and tick-associated diseases can be found at the following websites:

http://www.ct.gov/caes/cwp/view.asp?a=2837&q=378212&caesNav=|

http://www.cdc.gov/ticks/

http://www.cdc.gov/lyme/

http://www.cdc.gov/anaplasmosis/

http://www.cdc.gov/parasites/babesiosis/

###

Phone: (203) 974-8500 Fax: (203) 974-8502

Toll Free: 1-(877) 855-2237 WWW.CT.GOV/CAES

An Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer