10/26/00

SOS # _____

R-39 REV. 1/77

IMPORTANT: Read Instructions on bottom of Certification Page before completing this form. Failure to comply with instructions may cause disapproval of proposed Regulations.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

REGULATION

OF

NAME OF AGENCY

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

concerning

SUBJECT MATTER OF REGULATION

MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTORS

Section 1.

Subsection (a) of section 22a-174-38 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies is amended to read as follows:

(a) Definitions. For purposes of this section:

(1) "Calendar quarter" means a consecutive three-month period (nonoverlapping) beginning on January 1, April 1, July 1 or October 1.

(2) "Chief operator" means an individual who is in direct charge of the operation of a municipal waste combustor plant and who is responsible for overall on-site supervision, technical direction, management and performance of the plant.

(3) "Cofired combustor" means an emissions unit that combusts municipal solid waste with nonmunicipal solid waste fuel (e.g., coal, industrial process waste) and that is subject to a federally enforceable permit limiting the unit to combusting a fuel feed stream, thirty percent (30%) or less of the weight of which is composed, in the aggregate, of municipal solid waste as measured on a calendar quarter basis.

(4) "Continuous burning" means the continuous, semi-continuous or batch feeding of municipal solid waste for purposes of waste disposal, energy production or providing heat to the combustion system in preparation for waste disposal or energy production. Continuous burning does not include the use of municipal solid waste solely to provide thermal protection of the grate or hearth during the startup period when municipal solid waste is not being fed to the grate.

(5) "Continuous emission monitoring system" or "CEM system" means a monitoring system for continuously measuring the emissions of any pollutant from a MWC unit.

(6) "Dioxin/furan" means tetra-chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans through octa- chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans.

(7) "Dscf/mmBTU" means dry cubic feet at standard conditions per million British thermal unit.

(8) "F-factor," "fc" or "fd" means a ratio of combustion gas volumes to heat inputs either unit-specific or as defined in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 19.

(9) "Four-hour block average" or "4-hour block average" means the average of all

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hourly emission concentrations when a municipal waste combustor is operating and combusting municipal solid waste measured over 4-hour periods from midnight to 4 a.m., 4 a.m. to 8 a.m., 8 a.m. to noon, noon to 4 p.m., 4 p.m. to 8 p.m., and 8 p.m. to midnight.

(10) "Historical actual twenty-four hour daily NOx average" means one or more calendar years of CEM data from no earlier than 1994 or another period of data approved by the commissioner as representative of NOx emissions.

(11) "Malfunction" means any sudden, infrequent and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. A failure that is caused in part by poor maintenance or negligent or careless operation shall not be considered a malfunction.

(12) "Mass burn waterwall combustor" means a field-erected combustor that combusts primarily unprocessed municipal solid waste (i.e., municipal solid waste that is not processed-municipal solid waste) in a waterwall furnace.

(13) "Maximum demonstrated municipal waste combustor unit load" means the highest 4-hour arithmetic average municipal waste combustor unit load achieved during four consecutive hours of operation that corresponds to a test run during the most recent dioxin/furan emissions performance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable limit for dioxin/furan specified in subsection (c) of this section.

(14) "Maximum demonstrated particulate matter control device temperature" means the highest 4-hour arithmetic average flue gas temperature measured at the particulate matter control device inlet during four consecutive hours of operation that corresponds to a test run during the most recent dioxin/furan emissions performance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable limit for dioxin/furan specified in subsection (c) of this section.

(15) "mg/dscm" means milligrams of air pollutant per dry standard cubic meter.

(16) "Municipal solid waste" means municipal solid waste as defined in section 22a-207 of the general statutes.

(17) "Municipal waste combustor," "municipal waste combustor unit" or "MWC" means any part or activity of any stationary source which part or activity emits or has the potential to emit any regulated air pollutant or any hazardous air pollutant, exclusive of associated air pollution control equipment, that combusts municipal solid waste, inclusive of those emissions units combusting a single-item waste stream of tires. Combustors that combust landfill gases collected by landfill gas collection systems are not municipal waste combustors.

(18) "Municipal waste combustor plant" or "plant" means any premises at which one or more municipal waste combustor units are situated.

(19) "Municipal waste combustor unit load" means the rate at which steam is produced at a municipal waste combustor (measured in lbs/hr or kg/hr).

(20) "ng/dscm" means nanograms of air pollutant per dry standard cubic meter.

(21) "NOx Emissions Reductions Credit" or "ERC" means an [allocation] AIR POLLUTANT REDUCTION created in the nitrogen oxides emissions trading program described by this section.

(22) "NOx Trading Baseline" means that value, determined as specified in subsection (d) of this section, used to calculate the quantity of ERCs created or used by a MWC unit.

(23) "Ozone season" means the period of any calendar year beginning on May 1 and ending on September 30.

(24) "Premises" means the grouping of all stationary sources at any one location and owned by or under the control of the same person or persons.

(25) "Processed-municipal solid waste" means a type of municipal solid waste produced by sorting municipal solid waste by size and/or altering the size of municipal solid waste through mechanical means.

(26) "Processed-municipal solid waste combustor" means a steam-generating MWC that burns processed-municipal solid waste in a semisuspension firing mode using air-fed distributors.

(27) "Reciprocating grate waste tire fired incinerator/boiler" means a combustor that burns tires as its principal fuel.

(28) "Scf/mmBTU" means cubic feet at standard conditions per million British thermal unit.

(29) "Shift operator" means an individual who is in direct charge of the operation of a shift of a municipal waste combustor plant and who is responsible for on-site supervision, technical direction, management and overall performance of the plant during a shift.

(30) "Shutdown period" means the period of time commencing when a municipal waste combustor operator discontinues the feed of municipal solid waste to the combustor in order to cease operation.

(31) "Six-minute arithmetic average" or "6-minute arithmetic average" means the arithmetic mean calculated from thirty-six (36) or more data points equally spaced over each 6-minute period.

(32) "Standard conditions" means a temperature of 20 degrees centigrade and a pressure of 101.3 kilopascals.

(33) "Startup period" means that period of time commencing when a municipal waste combustor begins the continuous burning of municipal solid waste, exclusive of any warmup period when a municipal waste combustor is combusting fossil fuel

or other nonmunicipal solid waste fuel, and no municipal solid waste is being fed to the combustor.

(34) "Total mass" or "total mass dioxin/furan" means the total mass of tetra- through octa-chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans, as determined using EPA Reference Method 23 and the procedures specified under subdivision (4) of subsection (i) of this section.

(35) "Twenty-four hour daily average" means the arithmetic mean of all hourly emission concentrations as required by this section when a unit is operating and combusting municipal solid waste measured over a 24-hour period between midnight and the following midnight.

(36) "Twenty-four hour geometric average" means the geometric mean of hourly emission concentrations regulated by this section when a unit is operating and combusting municipal solid waste measured over a 24-hour period between midnight and the following midnight. The geometric mean shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$E_{ga} = e^{[\frac{1}{n}\sum_{j=1}^{n}[\ln(E_{hj})]]}$$

where:

E_{ga} = *daily geometric average pollutant concentration, corrected to 7% O_2 or equivalent percent CO_2;*

E_{hj} = *hourly arithmetic average pollutant concentration, corrected to 7% O_2 or equivalent percent CO_2;*

n = *total number of hourly averages for which pollutant concentrations are available within the 24 hour midnight to midnight daily period;*

ln = *natural log of the indicated value; and*

e = *the natural logarithmic base (2.718) raised to the value enclosed by the brackets.*

(37) "Waterwall furnace" means a combustion unit having energy (heat) recovery in the furnace (i.e., radiant heat transfer section) of the combustor.

Sec. 2.

Subsection (c) of section 22a-174-38 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies is amended to read as follows:

(c) Emission limits.

(1) On and after the date specified in subsection (m) of this section, no owner or operator of a municipal waste combustor for which construction commenced prior to September 20, 1994 shall cause or allow the emission of any air pollutant in excess of the applicable emission limit identified in Tables 38-1 and 38-1a of this subdivision.

Table 38-1. Air Pollutant Emission Limits for MWCs for which Construction Commenced Prior to September 20, 1994.

Air pollutant	Emission limit
Particulate matter	27 mg/dscm
Cadmium	0.040 mg/dscm
Lead	0.44 mg/dscm
Mercury	0.080 mg/dscm, or 85% reduction by weight measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section
Sulfur dioxide -- Reciprocating grate waste tire fired incinerator/boilers	51 parts per million by volume (ppmvd), or 75% reduction by weight or volume measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section
SULFUR DIOXIDE -- MASS BURN WATERWALL COMBUSTORS FOR WHICH CONSTRUCTION COMMENCED AFTER DECEMBER 20, 1989	29 PARTS PER MILLION BY VOLUME (ppmvd), OR 80% REDUCTION BY WEIGHT OR VOLUME MEASURED AS REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION (7) OF SUBSECTION (c) OF THIS SECTION
Sulfur dioxide -- All other MWCs	29 parts per million by volume (ppmvd), or 75% reduction by weight or volume measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section

Hydrogen chloride	29 parts per million by volume (ppmvd), or 95% reduction by weight or volume measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section
HYDROGEN CHLORIDE -- MASS BURN WATERWALL COMBUSTORS FOR WHICH CONSTRUCTION COMMENCED AFTER DECEMBER 20, 1989	25 PARTS PER MILLION BY VOLUME (ppmvd), OR 95% REDUCTION BY WEIGHT OR VOLUME MEASURED AS REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION (7) OF SUBSECTION (c) OF THIS SECTION
Dioxin/furan	30 ng/dscm total mass
Opacity	10%

Table 38-1a. Additional Air Pollutant Emisson Limits for MWCs for which Construction Commenced Prior to September 20, 1994.

Air pollutant	Emission limit
Mercury	0.028 mg/dscm, or 85% reduction by weight measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section

(2) On and after the date specified in subsection (m) of this section, no owner or operator of a municipal waste combustor for which construction, modification or reconstruction commenced on or after September 20, 1994 shall cause or allow the emission of any air pollutant in excess of the applicable emission limit identified in Tables 38-2 and 38-2a of this subdivision.

Table 38-2. Air Pollutant Emission Limits for MWCs for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced on or after September 20, 1994.

Air pollutant	Emission limit
Particulate matter (PM)	24 mg/dscm
Cadmium (Cd)	0.020 mg/dscm
Lead (Pb)	0.20 mg/dscm
Mercury (Hg)	0.080 mg/dscm, or 85% reduction by weight measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section

Sulfur dioxide (SO_2)	29 ppmvd, or 80% reduction by weight or volume measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)	25 ppmvd, or 95% reduction by weight or volume measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section
Dioxin/furan	13 ng/dscm total mass
Opacity	10%

Table 38-2a. Additional Air Pollutant Emission Limits for MWCs for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced on or after September 20, 1994.

Air pollutant	Emission limit
Mercury	0.028 mg/dscm, or 85% reduction by weight measured as required by subdivision (7) of subsection (c) of this section

(3) Continuous compliance with the particulate matter, cadmium, lead, mercury, hydrogen chloride and/or dioxin/furan emission limits shall be determined based on an initial performance test, annual performance test or other appropriate performance test, as determined in writing by the commissioner unless otherwise allowed by this section. Such tests shall be performed as required by subsection (i) of this section.

(4) Continuous compliance with the sulfur dioxide emission limits contained herein shall be based on a 24-hour daily geometric average of the hourly arithmetic average emission concentrations using CEM system outlet data if compliance is based on an emission concentration, or CEM system inlet and outlet data if compliance is based on a percent reduction.

(5) Continuous compliance with the opacity emission limit contained herein shall be based on a six-minute arithmetic average.

(6) For an air pollutant for which this subsection provides for an emission limit measured either as a concentration or as a percentage reduction by weight or volume, the less stringent emission limit shall prevail.

(7) For an air pollutant for which this subsection provides for an emission limit measured either as a percent reduction by weight or a percent reduction by volume, compliance shall be determined by measuring the concentration of air pollutant at the outlet of the air pollution control device that discharges directly to the stack, subtracting it from the concentration at the inlet of the air pollution control device that receives exhaust gases directly from the combustion chamber, dividing the difference by the concentration of air pollutant at the inlet to the air pollution control device that receives exhaust gases directly from the combustion chamber and then multiplying that result by a factor of one-hundred (100).

(8) On and after the date specified in subsection (m) of this section, no owner or

operator of a municipal waste combustor shall cause or allow the emission of nitrogen oxides (NOx) in excess of the applicable emission limit identified in [Table 38-3] TABLES 38-3 AND 38-3A of this subdivision.

Table 38-3. Nitrogen Oxides Emission Limits.

Municipal waste combustor technology	**Nitrogen oxides emission limit, measured in parts per million volume, corrected to seven percent oxygen, dry basis, or equivalent percentage carbon dioxide as specified in subdivision (12) of this subsection**
Mass burn refractory combustor	185
Mass burn waterwall combustor for which construction commenced [prior to September 20, 1994] ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 20, 1989	205
MASS BURN WATERWALL COMBUSTOR FOR WHICH CONSTRUCTION COMMENCED AFTER DECEMBER 20, 1989 AND ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 20, 1994	180
Mass burn waterwall combustor for which construction commenced [on or] after September 20, 1994	180 for the one-year period beginning on the date of completion of the initial performance test required by this section, and 150 for that period of time subsequent to the one-year period identified above
Processed-municipal solid waste combustor	220
Reciprocating grate waste tire fired incinerator/boiler	79

TABLE 38-3A. ADDITIONAL NITROGEN OXIDES EMISSION LIMITS.

MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTOR TECHNOLOGY	NITROGEN OXIDES EMISSION LIMIT, MEASURED IN PARTS PER MILLION VOLUME, CORRECTED TO SEVEN PERCENT OXYGEN, DRY BASIS, OR EQUIVALENT PERCENTAGE CARBON DIOXIDE AS SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION (12) OF THIS SUBSECTION
MASS BURN REFRACTORY COMBUSTOR	177
MASS BURN WATERWALL COMBUSTOR FOR WHICH CONSTRUCTION COMMENCED ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 1985	200
MASS BURN WATERWALL COMBUSTOR FOR WHICH CONSTRUCTION COMMENCED AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1985 AND ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 20, 1994	177
MASS BURN WATERWALL COMBUSTOR FOR WHICH CONSTRUCTION COMMENCED AFTER SEPTEMBER 20, 1994	177 FOR THE ONE-YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING ON THE DATE OF COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL PERFORMANCE TEST REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION, AND 150 FOR THAT PERIOD OF TIME SUBSEQUENT TO THE ONE-YEAR PERIOD IDENTIFIED ABOVE
PROCESSED-MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE COMBUSTOR	146

(9) Continuous compliance with the nitrogen oxides emission limits contained herein shall be based on a 24-hour daily arithmetic average.

(10) On and after the date specified in subsection (m) of this section, no owner or operator of a municipal waste combustor shall cause or allow an emission of carbon monoxide in excess of the applicable emission limit identified in Table 38-4 of this subdivision.

Table 38-4. Carbon Monoxide Emission Limits.

Municipal waste combustor technology	Carbon monoxide emission limit, measured in parts per million volume at the combustor outlet and corrected to seven percent oxygen, dry basis, or equivalent percentage carbon dioxide as specified in subdivision (c)(12) of this section	Averaging time, in hours, calculated as an arithmetic average
Mass burn refractory combustor	100	4
Mass burn waterwall combustor	100	4
Processed-municipal solid waste combustor for which construction commenced prior to September 20, 1994	200	24
Processed-municipal solid waste combustor for which construction commenced on or after September 20, 1994	150	24
Reciprocating grate waste tire fired incinerator/boiler	180	4

(11) [Except as provided by this subsection, the] THE emission limits specified in this subsection SHALL apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown or malfunction AS SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBDIVISION:

(A) The duration of each startup, shutdown or malfunction period shall be limited to three hours per occurrence[.] FOR ALL MWC UNITS EXCEPT MASS BURN REFRACTORY UNITS FOR WHICH THE SHUTDOWN PERIOD SHALL BE LIMITED TO EIGHT HOURS PER OCCURRENCE; AND

(B) [This exemption] THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION shall not apply to opacity limits. However, during each period of startup, shutdown or malfunction, the opacity limits shall not be exceeded during more than five (5) 6-minute arithmetic average measurements.

(12) All emission limits in this subsection, except for those identified for opacity, shall be corrected to seven percent oxygen (7% O_2), unless the owner or operator submits information to justify a correction to an equivalent percent carbon dioxide (% CO_2) and receives the commissioner's written approval. If the owner or operator of a MWC seeks to use an equivalent % CO_2, the owner or operator must demonstrate the relationship between O_2 and CO_2 levels as specified in subparagraph (J) of subdivision (4) of subsection (i) of this section and submit a written report to the commissioner summarizing the results of the demonstration. This relationship may be reestablished during any performance test conducted pursuant to subsection (i) of this section.

(13) During the operation of a MWC unit, the carbon injection system operating parameter(s) that are the primary indicator(s) of the carbon mass feed rate (e.g., screw feeder setting) must equal or exceed the level(s) documented during the performance tests specified under subsection (i) of this section, based on a 24-hour daily average.

(14) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (D), (E) and (F) of subdivision (4) of subsection (i) of this section, for the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or for the purpose of the commissioner establishing whether the owner or operator has violated or is in violation of any emission limit or standard in this subdivision, nothing shall preclude the commissioner's use, including the exclusive use, of any appropriate performance test results, credible evidence or information relevant to demonstrating compliance with the applicable requirements of this section.

Sec. 3.

Subsection (m) of section 22a-174-38 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies is amended to read as follows:

(m) Compliance schedule.

(1) The owner or operator of a MWC for which construction commenced prior to September 20, 1994 shall achieve final compliance with the applicable emission limits specified in subsections (c) and (f) of this section, with the exception of the emission [limit of Table 38-1a,] LIMITS OF TABLES 38-1A AND 38-3A, no later than December 19, 2000.

(2) The owner or operator of a MWC for which construction commenced prior to September 20, 1994 shall achieve final compliance with THE emission limit specified in Table 38-1a of subsection (c) of this section no later than the date thirty-six months following the effective date of this section.

(3) The owner or operator of a MWC for which construction, modification or reconstruction commenced on or after September 20, 1994 [and prior to the effective date of this section] shall achieve final compliance with the applicable emission limits specified in subsections (c) and (f) of this section, with the exception of THE emission [limit of Table 38-2a,] LIMITS OF TABLES 38-2A AND 38-3A, no later than December 19, 2000 OR THE DATE OF INITIAL OPERATION, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

(4) The owner or operator of a MWC for which construction, modification or reconstruction commenced on or after September 20, 1994 [and prior to the effective date of this section] shall achieve final compliance with the emission limit specified in Table 38-2a of subsection (c) of this section no later than the date thirty-six months following the effective date of this section OR THE DATE OF INITIAL OPERATION, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

[(5) The owner or operator of a MWC for which construction commences on or after the effective date of this section shall achieve compliance with all applicable requirements of this section upon the date of initial operation.]

(5) THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF ANY MWC SHALL ACHIEVE FINAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE EMISSION LIMIT SPECIFIED IN TABLE 38-3A OF SUBSECTION (c) OF THIS SECTION NO LATER THAN MAY 1, 2003 OR THE DATE OF INITIAL OPERATION, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

(6) The owner or operator of a MWC subject to this section who is unable to comply with the requirements of this section within the final compliance dates specified in this subsection shall cease operation. Within one year of the effective date of this section such an owner or operator shall either immediately cease operation or, at the discretion of the commissioner, enter into a legally enforceable cease operation agreement with the commissioner that includes a date no later than December 19, 2000 on which operation will cease.

(7) On and after the date one year from the effective date of this section, any MWC that has been operated in full compliance with all requirements of this section for nitrogen oxides shall be exempt from the following provisions of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies:

(A) Section 22a-174-22(k) concerning nitrogen oxides emissions testing and monitoring; and

(B) Section 22a-174-22(l) concerning reporting and record keeping for nitrogen oxides.

(8) Any MWC that is operating in full compliance with all requirements of this section for nitrogen oxides, as determined by the commissioner, shall be exempt from the May 31, 1999 deadline contained in Section 22a-174-22, subsection (e), subdivision (2) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies as of the effective date of this section.

Statement of Purpose: This amendment establishes nitrogen oxides limits for municipal waste combustors in 2003 necessary to attain ozone reductions consistent with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requirements, regional policy and state policy; adds nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide and hydrogen chloride emission limits conforming to the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart Ea; adds a provision for startup, shutdown and malfunction necessary to address a characteristic of mass burn refractory combustor technology; and modifies a definition for consistency with other Department usage.

CERTIFICATION

R-39 REV. 1/77

Be it known that the foregoing:

☒ Regulations ☐ Emergency Regulations

Are:

☐ Adopted ☒ Amended as hereinabove stated ☐ Repealed

By the aforesaid agency pursuant to:

☒ Section 22a-174 of the General Statutes.

☐ Section_____of the General Statutes, as amended by Public Act No._____of the___ Public Acts.

☐ Public Act No._____of the Public Acts.

...r publication in the Connecticut Law Journal on February 22 20 00 , of the notice of the proposal to:

☐ Adopt ☒ Amend ☐ Repeal such regulations

(If applicable): ☒ And the holding of a public hearing on 28th day of March 20 00

WHEREFORE, the foregoing regulations are hereby:

☐ Adopted ☒ Amended as hereinabove stated ☐ Repealed

Effective:

☒ When filed with the Secretary of State.

(OR)

☐ The _____ day of _____ 20 ____.

In Witness Whereof:	DATE 7/6/00	SIGNED *(Head of Board, Agency or Commission)*	OFFICIAL TITLE, DULY AUTHORIZED Deputy Commissioner
Approved by the Attorney General as to legal sufficiency in accordance with Sec. 4-169, as amended, C.G.S.:		SIGNED	OFFICIAL TITLE, DULY AUTHORIZED Assoc. Atty. General

7/21/00

☐ Approved

☐ Disapproved

☐ Disapproved in part, *(Indicate Section Numbers disapproved only)*

☐ Rejected without prejudice.

By the Legislative Regulation Review Committee in accordance with Sec. 4-170, as amended, of the General Statutes.	DATE	SIGNED *(Clerk of the Legislative Regulation Review Committee)*

...o certified copies received and filed, and one such copy forwarded to the Commission on Official Legal Publications ...cordance with Section 4-172, as amended, of the General Statutes.

DATE	SIGNED *(Secretary of the State.)*	BY

INSTRUCTIONS

1. One copy of all regulations for adoption, amendment or repeal, except emergency regulations, must be presented to the Attorney General for his determination of legal sufficiency. Section 4-169 of the General Statutes

2. Seventeen copies of all regulations for adoption, amendment or repeal, except emergency regulations, must be presented to the standing Legislative Regulation Review Committee for its approval. Section 4-170 of the General Statutes.

3. Each regulation must be in the form intended for publication and must include the appropriate regulation section number and section heading. Section 4-172 of the General Statutes.

4. Indicate by "(NEW)" in heading if new regulation. Amended regulations must contain new language in capital letters and deleted language in brackets. Section 4-170 of the General Statutes.

The Connecticut General Assembly

Legislative Regulation Review Committee

Senator George Gunther
Co-Chair

Representative Nancy Beals
Co-Chair

October 25, 2000

Subject: Proposed Regulation

Arthur Rocque
Commissioner
Department of Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT, 06106

Dear Commissioner Rocque:

Proposed Regulation

2000-070 Department of Environmental Protection **"ABATEMENT OF AIR POLLUTION /MUNICIPALS WASTE COMBUSTERS"** The Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies is amended Section 22a-174-38. (CLJ 02/22/2000) (A.G. Approval 07/21/2000) -Bearing a deadline date of 11/08/2000

The above captioned regulation was **Approved in whole** by the Legislative Regulation Review Committee on 10/24/2000.

The enclosed "original" regulation must be filed with the Office of the Secretary of the State within fourteen days of its approval by the Legislative Regulation Review Committee. If for any reason the agency fails to file the regulation in the prescribed time it must notify the Legislative Regulation Review Committee within five days of the missed filing deadline.

Sincerely,

Pamela B. Booth

Pamela B. Booth, Administrator
Legislative Regulation Review Committee

Enclosure

Suite 1800* Legislative Office Building * Hartford, CT 06106-1591 * (860) 240-0580 * fax (860) 240-8833 *lrrc@po.state.ct.u