



## STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Amey Marrella  
Commissioner

Bureau of Natural Resources  
Marine Fisheries Division  
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### A STUDY OF MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERIES IN CONNECTICUT



Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration  
F-54-R-29 Annual Performance Report  
March 1, 2009 – February 28, 2010





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Department of Environmental Protection  
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Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration  
F-54-R-29  
Annual Performance Report

**Project Title: A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut**

Period Covered: March 1, 2009 - February 28, 2010

<b>Job Title</b>	<b>Prepared by:</b>
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Job 4: Studies in Conservation Engineering	Inactive
Job 5: Cooperative Interagency Resource Monitoring	Matthew J. Lyman Katie O'Brien-Clayton
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**Approved by:**  
David G. Simpson, Director  
Marine Fisheries Division

Date: June 30, 2010

Cover photo taken during a spring trawl survey cruise aboard the R/V John Dempsey: Long-finned Squid (*Loligo pealeii*) and American sand lance (*Ammodytes americanus*), two important forage species in Long Island Sound.



## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Project: A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut

**Federal Aid Project:** F54R-29 (Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration)

**Annual Progress Report:** March 1, 2009 – February 28, 2010

**Total Project Expenditures (2009/10):** \$722,031 (\$541,523 Federal, \$180,508 State)

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### **Purpose of the Project**

The purpose of this project is to collect information needed for management of the marine recreational fishery. This information includes angler participation, effort, catch, and harvest; the relative abundance of finfish and specific population parameters for important selected species, water quality and habitat parameters, and assessment of fishery related issues such as hook and release mortality. The project also includes an outreach component to inform the public, and increase understanding and support for management programs and regulations.

The project is comprised of six jobs: 1) Marine Angler Survey, 2) Marine Finfish Survey, 3) Inshore Survey, 4) Fishing Gear Studies (Inactive), 5) Cooperative Interagency Resource Monitoring, 6) Public Outreach. Job 3 had been inactive from March 1997-2007 (see below). Job 4 has been inactive since 2000.

Information on marine angler activity is collected from intercept interviews conducted by DEP staff and through a telephone survey conducted by a National Marine Fisheries Service contractor as part of the coastwide Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey. The relative abundance of 40 species and more detailed population information on selected finfish are obtained from an annual Long Island Sound Trawl Survey. The relative abundance of young-of-year winter flounder and nearshore finfish species is obtained from fall seine sampling conducted at eight sites. Fishing gear and fishing practices are evaluated by conducting studies of hook and release mortality rates and through sampling catches of commercial fishing vessels taking species of recreational interest. Marine habitat is monitored and evaluated through cooperative interagency monthly sampling of water quality parameters (temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen) at 20 to 25 fixed sites throughout the Sound. Public outreach is performed through speaking engagements at schools, with civic organizations and fishing clubs as well as through displays in the Marine Headquarters lobby and fishing shows. Project staff also keep the Fisheries Advisory Council informed on project activities and frequent media contacts provide broad newspaper coverage of project activities and findings.

**JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY**  
**PART 1: MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS SURVEY**

**OBJECTIVES (Summary)**

- To estimate the number of marine anglers, fishing trips, fish caught, and the number and weight of fish creel.

**KEY FINDINGS:**

- Marine recreational fishery statistics estimates are continuously updated over time. Estimates of participants, trip effort, and catch can be queried by region, sub-region, and state by visiting the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries/National Marine Fisheries Service/Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS)) web site at <http://www.st.nmfs.gov/st1/recreational/queries/index.html>. For this reason, this report will not include MRFSS statistics. However, intercept survey work completed by Connecticut is available in the Results and Discussion section of this report.

**CONCLUSIONS:**

- Coastwide fishery management plans are resulting in increases in several fish populations and good catches of many primary recreational species.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Continue obtain catch and harvest information and angler participation rates through the Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey in order to monitor the status of the recreational fishery.

**JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY**  
**PART 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY**

**OBJECTIVES (Summary)**

- To characterize the size composition of both kept and released fish observed by volunteer anglers.

**KEY FINDINGS:**

- A total of 57 anglers participated in the survey and made 1,113 trips in 2009. Volunteers including anglers involved in a fishing party made a total of 2,420 trips. With multiple species taken per trip anglers reported 1,061 trips targeting bluefish, 1,693 trips for striped bass, 528 trips for summer flounder, 87 trips for winter flounder, 200 trips for scup, and 140 trips for tautog.
- Volunteer anglers measured 929 bluefish measuring > 12 inches in length, 1,785 striped bass, 1,461 summer flounder, 97 winter flounder, 1,663 scup and 412 tautog. Collecting length measurements on released fish provides valuable data not available through the Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, except for the headboat sea sampling survey.

**CONCLUSIONS:**

- Volunteer anglers provide a tremendous amount of data on the size and catch composition of popular recreational species in Connecticut, supplying several stock assessments with scarce length information on released fish.

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Maintain the Volunteer Angler Survey as an effective means of characterizing angler behavior and particularly in collecting length data on released fish that are not available from the Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey.

## **JOB 2 PART 1: LONG ISLAND SOUND TRAWL SURVEY (LISTS)**

### **OBJECTIVES (Summary)**

- Provide an annual index of numbers and biomass per standard tow for 40 common species and age specific indices of abundance for scup, tautog, winter flounder, and summer flounder, and recruitment indices for bluefish (age 0) and weakfish (age 0).
- Provide annual totals counts for all finfish species taken, total biomass for all finfish and invertebrate species taken, as well as, a species list for all species caught in LIS Trawl Survey sampling.

### **KEY FINDINGS:**

- A total of 226,459 finfish, lobster and squid weighing 19,642 kg were collected in 2009.
- Sixty-three (63) finfish species and forty (40) invertebrate species (or taxa) were collected from 200 tows conducted in 2009. The total fish species count (63) is above the 26-year average of 58 species per year (1984-2009). The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey has collected ninety-nine (99) finfish species since the survey began in 1984. One new finfish species, northern stargazer (*Astroscopus guttatus*), was observed in 2009.
- Two species attained record high abundance in Long Island Sound during 2009; spiny dogfish averaged 0.43 fish per tow this spring (time series average was 0.06), while moonfish averaged 10.03 fish/tow in the fall (time series average was 0.95). Atlantic sturgeon abundance was relatively high, averaging 0.10 fish per tow in the fall, the same as 2003 and 2006 (time series average is 0.04). Black sea bass average abundance was high in the spring (0.32 fish per tow), the second highest in the time series (highest was 0.67 in 2002). Butterfish abundance was also high, with an average catch per tow of 409.75 in the fall (second to the record high index of 477.91 fish per tow was in fall of 1999).
- Adult scup abundance remains high relative to 1984-1998 levels; the 2009 fall index of age 2+ fish was the fifth highest in the time-series while the spring index was the third highest. Summer flounder abundance increased this past year, approaching the 2003 index. Recently, fluke abundance had declined from the high levels recorded between 2001 and 2003 to average levels similar to levels seen from 1996 to 2000.
- Adult bluefish abundance in the fall has been average for the past five years after decreasing from near-record high abundance in 2004, although snapper abundance has been low for the past two years. Striped bass abundance has been above average for the past 15 years.
- The spring survey index for tautog has remained low and below the time-series average for the past 17 years except for a short-lived increase in abundance recorded in 2002. The past eleven years of winter flounder springtime abundance indices have been below average, with 2006 being the lowest index for the time series and 2007-2009 indices being approximately one-third of the time-series average.
- The spring index for American lobster has been declining for last 12 years (since 1998) and has remained below the time-series average for the past seven years. Spring index of abundance from the trawl survey is the lowest in the time-series. Fall lobster abundance has also declined for ten consecutive years; indices for the past nine have been below average.

- Several species not typically exploited in recreational or commercial fisheries have undergone significant changes in abundance over the survey time series. Declining trends are evident for such species as fourspot flounder, sea raven, longhorn sculpin, ocean pout and cunner all of which are cold temperate species. In contrast, several warm temperates have undergone significant increases in abundance that are similarly difficult to attribute to fishery management actions. These include moonfish, hickory shad, smallmouth flounder and spotted hake.

## **CONCLUSIONS:**

- The abundance of some recreationally important species in Long Island Sound remains moderate to high including scup, striped bass, summer flounder and black sea bass. Recent high abundance of young-of-year scup also bodes well for future catches for this species. The increased abundance of hickory shad in recent years (most notably 2005 & 2006) has been providing additional recreational fishing opportunities, especially for nearshore anglers. However, some recreational species like winter flounder and tautog have gone through a protracted period of declining abundance and this is cause for concern. Additionally, several species not typically targeted by recreational fishermen have undergone changes in abundance in trawl survey catches that may indicate shifts in species assemblages within Long Island Sound associated with broad scale increasing temperature trends in the northwest Atlantic.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Continue monitoring through LIS Trawl Survey to provide information for stock assessment purposes, to evaluate management measures and to maintain the continuity of this long-standing time-series.

## **JOB 2 PART 2: ESTUARINE SEINE SURVEY**

### **OBJECTIVES (summary)**

- To provide an annual index of recruitment for young-of-year winter flounder and all finfish and crab species taken.

### **KEY FINDINGS:**

- The 2009 annual index of recruitment for young-of-year winter flounder (0.8) fish/haul) ranked the lowest (22<sup>nd</sup>) out of 22 annual indices.
- Mean catch of all finfish (172 fish/haul) ranked eighth out of 22 annual indices and was just above the series average of 142 fish/haul (Figure 2.2).
- The forage fish index for 2009 (106 forage fish/haul) was the eleventh highest of the time series, and slightly above the time series average of 96 forage fish/haul.

### **CONCLUSIONS:**

- Another decrease in abundance of the winter flounder young of year index for 2009, followed by fairly low indices since 2000 and the absence of a strong year class since 1996 (relatively high in 2004) is not expected to change the disappointing short term outlook for the stock.
- The inshore forage fish abundance index primarily reflects the abundance of Atlantic silversides, followed by striped killifish and mummichog, the dominant forage species taken in the survey.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Continue to monitor young-of-year winter flounder and inshore forage species abundance through the September seine survey.

## **JOB 3: INSHORE SURVEY**

### **OBJECTIVES (Summary)**

- Provide information on the adult American shad spawning population: length, age structure and sex ratio.
- Provide annual indices of relative abundance for juvenile shad, blueback herring and common nearshore marine species.

### **KEY FINDINGS:**

- The 2009 adult American shad age structure for males ranged from ages 3-6 and for females ages 4-6. The percentage of repeat spawners remains low for the population (4.5%)
- The 2009 CT River seine survey completed 97 seine hauls and collected over 27,000 fish, including 1,790 juvenile shad and 1,137 blueback herring.
- The annual juvenile index for American shad (3.4) ranks 27 out of 32 in the time series and remains below the long term average of 6.0.
- The annual juvenile index for blueback herring is the lowest in the 32 year time series (1.8) and is well below the long term average of 9.9.
- The Thames River seine survey completed 62 seine hauls and collected over 45,000 fish, with juvenile menhaden being the dominant catch. Atlantic silversides, bay anchovies and snapper bluefish were the other most abundant species caught.

### **CONCLUSIONS:**

- The 2009 adult shad spawning population continues to have a low percentage of repeat spawners.
- The 2009 juvenile indices for American shad is a low year class.
- The blueback herring juvenile index for 2009 is the lowest in the 32 year time series.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Continue to monitor the Connecticut and Thames Rivers to maintain the long term time series on juvenile American shad and blueback herring.

## **JOB 4 FISHING GEAR SELECTIVITY – INACTIVE THIS SEGMENT**

## **JOB 5: COOPERATIVE INTERAGENCY RESOURCE MONITORING**

### **OBJECTIVES**

- Provide monthly monitoring of water quality parameters important in the development of summer hypoxia in Long Island Sound including temperature, salinity, and dissolved oxygen.
- Provide indicators of hypoxia impacts on living resources.

### **KEY FINDINGS:**

- Hypoxia first developed on or about June 12, 2009, and persisted for 54 days ending on or about September 3, 2009.
- Zero kilometers were affected by severe hypoxia (<1.0 mg/l dissolved oxygen) in 2009.
- Hypoxia (<=3.5 mg/l dissolved oxygen) extended over a maximum area of 957 km<sup>2</sup> during mid August, the fourth largest areal extent since 1991.
- The Biomass Area-Day Depletion Index (BADD) index for 2009 was the eighth lowest at 6,212 or about 4.2% of the total area-days in the LIS sampling area. The BADD index is a gross measure of seasonal habitat loss associated with hypoxia.

### **CONCLUSIONS:**

- Although the hypoxic area (<=3.5 mg/L) was fairly high for 2009, the relatively short duration and lack of severe hypoxia resulted in a moderate BADD index value.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Continue conducting the water quality monitoring program to provide information needed to evaluate the effectiveness of measures to reduce nutrient loading to LIS and the impact of water quality improvements on marine life.

## **JOB 6: PUBLIC OUTREACH**

### **OBJECTIVES**

- Increase public awareness among anglers and the general public that information provided through this project contributes to state and federal efforts to enhance recreational fisheries conservation and that the majority of marine fisheries research and monitoring activities in Connecticut are funded through the Federal Aid in Sportfish Restoration Program.

### **KEY FINDINGS:**

- A total of 26,169 outdoor and environmental writers, marine anglers and boaters, marina operators, fishing tackle retailers, Fisheries Advisory Council (FAC) members, and members of the general public attended outreach events. The largest event was the “CMTA Boat Show” attended by 15,107 fishermen and hunters, followed by “Northeast Hunting and Fishing Expo” at the Hartford Convention Center which had an attendance of 9,872.

### **CONCLUSIONS:**

- Large numbers of anglers and members of the general public are provided information about Marine Fisheries programs through participation in outdoor fishing & hunting shows, Science and Career Days, public speaking engagements and displays at the Marine Fisheries Office.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- Continue outreach efforts.

**EXPENDITURES****Summary of expenditures for the period March 1, 2009 to February 28, 2010.**

	<b>Federal</b>	<b>State</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Job 1. Marine Angler Survey</b>	\$154,214	\$51,405	\$205,619
<b>Job 2. Marine Finfish Survey</b>	\$309,882	\$103,294	\$413,177
<b>Job 3. A Study of Nearshore Habitat</b>	\$50,916	\$16,972	\$67,888
<b>Job 4. Fishing Gear Selectivity</b>	0	0	0
<b>Job 5. Cooperative Interagency Resource Monitoring</b>	\$12,064	\$4,021	\$16,085
<b>Job 6. Public Outreach</b>	\$14,447	\$4,816	\$19,262
<b>Total</b>	\$541,523	\$180,508	\$722,031

**JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY**

**PART 1: MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS SURVEY**

**PART 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY**

## **PART 1: MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS SURVEY**

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## **PART 1: MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS SURVEY**

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## **JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY**

### **PART 1: MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS SURVEY**

#### **GOAL**

**To provide long term monitoring of marine recreational fishing activity including angler participation and catch statistics in a manner that is comparable to other Atlantic coastal states.**

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Provide estimates of:

- 1) Number of marine anglers in Connecticut each year.*
- 2) Total effort (trips) expended by anglers in Connecticut each year.*
- 3) Total catch (numbers of fish kept and released fish) and harvest (numbers and the weight of kept fish) of the most commonly sought species: bluefish, scup, winter flounder, summer flounder, tautog, and striped bass.*
- 4) Length-frequency of harvested bluefish, scup, winter flounder, summer flounder, tautog, and striped bass.*

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), Bureau of Natural Resources, Marine Fisheries Division, has been collecting marine recreational fisheries information along the Connecticut coastline since 1979. However, in order to improve state-wide marine fisheries statistics and become more consistent with other states, Connecticut joined with the MRFSS program in July, 1987. Before Connecticut's involvement in the MRFSS, data collection was conducted by NMFS's contractor just as in other states where state agencies do not participate in the program.

#### **METHODS**

The MRFSS is based on two complementary surveys: A random telephone survey of households, and an intercept survey of anglers at fishing sites (NMFS 1992). MRFSS utilized a contractor to conduct the telephone survey to calculate total angler participation and trip estimates. Connecticut performed the angler intercept survey (angler interviews) in order to collect angler catch and effort data, biological data, and socioeconomic and demographic information.

The MRFSS's primary objectives are (1) to provide a collection of accurate and representative data on the marine recreational fishery and (2) to produce accurate and precise regional (e.g. ME-CT) catch estimates which can be used by fishery managers to assess the impacts of recreational fishing on finfish stocks. In order to produce estimates with adequate precision at the state level (where proportional Standard Error (PSE)  $\leq 20\%$ , a modified version of Coefficient of Variation = S.E./Mean \*100), the MRFSS initial intercept quota was tripled for Connecticut. Telephone and Intercept Surveys are collected in bimonthly time periods (termed Waves) and further broken down by mode in the Intercept Survey. The three principal modes of marine recreational fishing include shore mode (anglers fishing from beach and bank or manmade structure), private/rental boat mode (anglers fishing from a privately owned or rental boats), and charter boat and headboat modes where anglers pay a captain/vessel for hire to fish.

In 2001, NMFS base allocations for the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic sub-regions were increased 1.5 times in order to increase effort and catch precision estimates for those areas. The increase was accomplished through a grant proposal submitted by the Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program (ACCSP) Recreational Statistics Technical Committee and later approved by the ACCSP Coordinating Council. ACCSP is comprised of fifteen Atlantic coastal states and two federal agencies, which oversee and administer the collection of commercial and recreational fishery statistics. ACCSP provided funding for the additional intercept sampling as described in Table 1.1. However since state participation in 1987, Connecticut had already tripled NMFS Intercept Survey allocation and provided funding for those increases. ACCSP's involvement basically reduces Connecticut's expenditure toward processing additional intercepts by NMFS' contractor. Wave 1 is not sampled in Connecticut or any states in the Mid Atlantic (NY-VA) and Northeast (ME-CT) sub-regions due to low fishing activity (NMFS 1992).

In addition, the sampling methodology of the headboat and charter boat modes was modified beginning in Wave 4 (July-August) 2003 in order to improve catch and trip estimates. The new changes in the survey (termed "the For-Hire Survey") called upon each state to provide and update a comprehensive list of current headboat and charter boat vessels and operators. This list provided a sampling frame where ten percent of for-hire vessel operators would be randomly selected to be contacted by telephone to report their fishing trip effort (angler trips) for a given two week period. Coupled with the telephone survey, pre-validation of vessels was performed where vessels were randomly selected and checked to determine if the vessel was out fishing or not. The same list would generate intercept assignments by wave. For-hire intercept assignments were split by vessel type (charter - 6 or less passengers) and headboats (more than 6) since sampling methods differ. Anglers fishing in the charter boat fishery were interviewed at dockside where headboat anglers were interviewed on board while at sea. Dockside sampling of charter boat anglers was selected because of the six passenger limitation. At sea sampling was selected to increase the number of length and weight measurements on creelied fish in addition to length measurements on discarded fish. Intercept collection quotas for the headboat mode were set by the number of trips (based on 2 samplers/trip). All other modes were allocated by the number of intercepts.

**Table 1.1: MRFSS + ACCSP and State Angler Intercept and Headboat Trip Allocation by Mode and Wave, 2009**

NMFS+ACCSP	Wave 2	Wave 3	Wave 4	Wave 5	Wave 6	
Mode	Mar-Apr	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	Total (%)
Shore (SH)	43	61	70	64	38	276 (24%)
Charter Boat (CH)	0	48	93	48	45	234 (20%)
Private/Rental Boat (PR)	43	118	254	165	60	640 (56%)
Headboat Trips (HB) (based on 2 samplers/trip)	0	16	24	20	0	60 Trips
<b>Total Number of Intercepts (SH, CH, PR)</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>1,150</b>

### MRFSS Estimation Methods

MRFSS estimation methods used to compute catch and effort statistics were based on the following criteria: (1) improved guidelines for recording proxy data in lieu of missing data, (2) imputation for missing data, (3) telephone survey sample weighting, and (4) cleanup of historical intercept data (NMFS 1994). In cases where gaps or insufficient data occurs, proxy data (information obtained in the Telephone Survey from someone in a fishing household other than the angler) were used to fill voids in the database. In addition, catch and effort statistics for 1979-80 were omitted because of inadequate information (missing files that contained non-fishing household sample size information).

Angler participation and fishing trip estimates were derived primarily from the Telephone Survey and, in special situations, the Intercept Survey (NMFS 1992). In the Telephone Survey, households with telephones located in coastal counties or within 50 miles of the coastline were randomly selected and called to determine if a household fell into either of two categories: (1) households that comprised one or more marine recreational anglers and (2) non-fishing households. Households with anglers were further surveyed in order to collect fishing trip information used in estimating total fishing trips and angler participation. In situations where anglers did not possess a telephone (or live in a household), Intercept Survey data were used in order to account for that segment of the angling population that would otherwise be missed.

### MRFSS Catch Type Categories

Catch estimates were broken down into three categories: Catch Type A, B1 and B2. Catch Type A consisted of catches that were kept by anglers and available for inspection by field interviewers. Catch Type B1 included angler catches that were used for bait, discarded dead, etc., and were not available for inspection, and Catch Type B2 was comprised of fish that were caught and released alive. Total catch estimates consist of Catch Types A+B1+B2. Creeled catch (fish removed from the population) include Catch Type A+B1 only. Catch Types A and B1 were the only catch groups estimated in both numbers and weights. Since Catch Type B1 are

unobserved catches, Catch Type A mean weight estimates were used to expand Catch Type B1 estimates.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### Connecticut Intercept Survey 2009

During March-December 2009, a total of 215 assignments were completed and 1,236 interviews (intercepts) with marine anglers were conducted by Marine Fisheries Division staff for the MRFSS (Table 1.2). Intercept shortfalls occurred particularly in Waves 2 and 6 for NMFS + ACCSP quotas because of low fishing activity and poor weather conditions. In addition, the majority of Connecticut-based headboat/charter businesses and marinas terminate their operations by November 1.

**Table 1.2: Total Number of Angler Intercepts Collected by Mode and Headboat Trips Taken by Wave, 2009**

Mode	Wave 2	Wave 3	Wave 4	Wave 5	Wave 6	Total (%)
	Mar-Apr	May-Jun	Jul-Aug	Sep-Oct	Nov-Dec	
Shore (SH)	25	60	88	29	8	210 (17%)
Charter Boat (CH)	0	64	93	49	0	206 (17%)
Private/Rental Boat (PR)	21	117	262	164	8	572 (46%)
Headboat Trips (HB) (2 interviewers/trip)	0 Trip (0 Ints.)	7 Trips (51 Ints.)	7 Trips (108 Ints.)	6 Trips (89 Ints.)	0 Trips (0 Ints.)	20 Trips (248 Ints. 20%)
<b>Total Number of Intercepts</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1,236</b>

### MRFSS 2009 Statistics

In 2009, NMFS' MRFSS staff recognized a systematic problem in the telephone survey which resulted in unreliable estimates of anglers (participants), trip effort, and catch statistics during Wave 5. NMFS' MRFSS staff are currently working with the telephone contractor to resolve data issues. Therefore, until Wave 5 statistics are corrected, Wave 5 and annual estimates are not available at this time.

MRFSS statistics are continuously updated by NMFS (including the entire time series) and are available on line to the public. Estimates of participants, trip effort, and catch can be queried by region, sub-region, and state by visiting their web site at <http://www.st.nmfs.noaa.gov/st1/recreational/queries/index.html>. For that reason, future Job 1 reports will not include MRFSS statistics. However, intercept collection information will continue to be reported along with historical accounts of Connecticut's marine recreational fishery regulations (Table 1.3).

### MODIFICATIONS

None.

## **LITERATURE CITED**

NMFS. 1992. Marine recreational fishery statistics survey, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1990-91. Current fishery statistics number 9204:275pp. Silver Spring, MD.

NMFS. 1994. Marine recreational fishery statistics survey. Changes in estimation procedures. mimeo 2pp. Silver Spring, MD.

**Table 1.3** A History of Connecticut Marine Recreational Fisheries Regulations for Selected Species**Striped Bass**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
1935	16 in. (fork length)	None.	Year round.	None.	Spearing prohibited.
1953	16 in. (fork length)	None.	Year round.	None.	No sale; spearing prohibited.
Jan 1982	16 in. (fork length)	4 fish between 16 and 24in. No limit >24in.	Year round.	None.	No sale; spearing prohibited.
Aug 1984	24 in. (fork length)	None.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing prohibited.
Aug 1985	26 in. (fork length)	None.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing prohibited.
<b>Jul 1, 1986- Striped bass fishery closed in all state waters (Moratorium)</b>					
1987	33 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
April 1, 1989	34 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
July 1, 1989	36 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
Jan 1, 1990	38 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
Sep 1990	36 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
April 22, 1994	34 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
1995	28 in. (total length)	2 fish/angler.	April 1-Dec 14	Dec 15-Mar 31 in all state waters.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
Jul 29, 1996	28 in. (total length)	2 fish/angler.	Year round.	None.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
May 10, 2000	24-30 in. and $\geq$ 40 in (total length)  Party/Charter Only-29½ in. (total length)	1 fish/angler per length group.  2 fish/angler.	Year round.	None.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
Feb 27, 2001	24-32 in. and $\geq$ 41 in (total length)  Party/Charter Only-28 in. (total length)	1 fish/angler per length group.  2 fish/angler.	Year round.	None.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.
May 15, 2003- Current	28 in. (total length)	2 fish/angler.	Year round.	None.	No sale; spearing and gaffing prohibited; fish must be landed intact.

**Bluefish**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Jan 1, 1991	None	10 fish/angler for fish > 12 in (total length).	Year round.	None.	None.
April 22, 1994- Current	None	10 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.

**Summer Flounder (Fluke)**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Jan 1, 1982	14 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
April 22, 1994	14 in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	May 15-Sep 30.	Oct 1-May 14 in all state waters	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
July 29, 1996	14 in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
April 24, 1997	14½ in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
May 5, 1998	15 in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
Mar 17, 1999	15 in. (total length)	8 fish/angler	May 29- Sep 11.	Sep 12- May 28 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
May 10, 2000	15½ in. (total length)	8 fish/angler	May 10- Oct 2.	Oct 3- May 9 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
May 17, 2001	17 in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
May 27, 2005	17 ½ in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	April 30- Dec 31.	Jan 1- April 29 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
April 30, 2006	18 in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	April 30- Dec 31.	Jan 1- April 29 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
April 2, 2007	18 in. (total length)	5 fish/angler	April 30- Sep 5.	Sep 6- April 29 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).
April 5, 2008	19 ½ in. (total length)	5 fish/angler	May 24- Sep 1.	Sep 2- May 25 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).

**Summer Flounder (Fluke, Con't.)**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
May 1, 2009- Current	19 ½ in. (total length)	3 fish/angler	June 15- Aug 19.	Aug 20- June 14 in all state waters.	On the water fillets must meet minimum length or be accompanied by legal sized rack (carcass).

**Winter Flounder**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Jan 1, 1982	8 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
Jan 1, 1985	10 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
Aug 19, 1986	10 in. (total length)	None.	Year round except for Niantic River.	Niantic River closed Dec 1- Mar 31	None.
April 22, 1994	11 in. (total length)	8 fish/angler	April 15- Feb 28.	Mar 1-Apr 14 in all state waters.	None.
Oct 1, 1995	12 in. (total length)	8 fish/angler	April 15- Feb 28.	Mar 1-April 14 in all state waters.	None.
Jan 1, 1996	12 in. (total length)	8 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.
Aug 1, 2005	12 in. (total length)	10 fish/angler	Apr 1- May 30.	June 1- Mar 31 in all state waters.	None.
Nov 1, 2009- Current	12 in. (total length)	2 fish/angler	Apr 1- May 30.	June 1- Mar 31 in all state waters.	None.

**Black Sea Bass**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Apr 24, 1997	9 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
May 5, 1998	10 in. (total length)	20 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.
May 17, 2001	11 in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	May 10- Feb 28.	Mar 1-May 9 in all state waters.	None.
June 19, 2002	11½ in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.
May 15, 2003	12 in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	Jan 1-Sep 1 and Sep 16- Nov 30.	Sep 2-Sep 15 and Dec 1- Dec 31 in all state waters.	None.
August 05, 2004	12 in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	Jan 1-Sep 7 and Sep 22- Nov 30.	Sep 8-Sep 21 and Dec 1- Dec 31 in all state waters.	None.
May 27, 2005	12 in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	Jan 1- Nov 30.	Dec 1- Dec 31.	None.
April 30, 2006	12 in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	Year Round.	None.	None.
May 1, 2009	12 ½ in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	Year Round.	None.	None.

**Scup (Porgy)**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Jan 1, 1982	7 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
Jan 1, 1985	8 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
May 10, 2000	8 in. (total length)	50 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.
May 10, 2001	9 in. (total length)	25 fish/angler	June 3-Oct 23.	Oct 24-June 2 in all state waters.	None.
June 19, 2002	10 in. (total length)	50 fish/angler	July 13-Sep 25.	Sep 26-July 12 in all state waters.	None.
May 15, 2003	10 in. (total length)	50 fish/angler	May 24-Oct 30.	Oct 31-May 23 in all state waters.	None.
May 24, 2004	10 ½ in. (total length)	20 fish/angler	July 23-Oct 12 and Nov 1-Dec 31.	Jan 1-July 22 and Oct 13-Oct 31 in all state waters.	None.
May 27, 2005	10 ½ in. (total length)	25 fish/angler  Party/charter boats <u>only</u> – 60 fish/angler	July 1-Oct 31.  Sep 1-Oct 31.	Nov 1-June 30 in all state waters.	None.
April 30, 2006	10 ½ in. (total length)	25 fish/angler  Party/charter boats <u>only</u> – 60 fish/angler	June 1-Oct 31.  Sep 1-Oct 31.	Nov 1-May 31 in all state waters.	None.
April 4, 2008  Party/charter boats	10 ½ in. (total length)  11 in. (total length)	10 fish/angler  10 fish/angler  Party/charter boats – 45 fish/angler	June 1-Sep 26.  June 12-Aug 31.  Sep 1-Oct 15.	Sep 27-May 31 in all state waters.  Oct 16-June 13 in all state waters.	None.
May 1, 2009-Current  Party/charter boats	10 ½ in. (total length)  11 in. (total length)	10 fish/angler  10 fish/angler  Party/charter boats – 45 fish/angler	May 24-Sep 26.  June 12-Aug 31.  Sep 1-Oct 15.	Sep 27-May 23 in all state waters.  Oct 16-June 11 in all state waters.	None.

**Tautog (Blackfish)**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Sep 19, 1987	12 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
May 19, 1995	14 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
July 29, 1996	14 in. (total length)	4 fish/angler	June 15-Apr 30.	May 1-June 14 in all state waters.	None.
May 15, 2003	14 in. (total length)	4 fish/angler	Jan 1-Apr 30 and Jun 15-Nov 23.	May 1-June 14 and Nov 24-Dec 31 in all state waters.	None.
Feb 27, 2004	14 in. (total length)	4 fish/angler	Jan 1-April 30, June 15-Sep 7 and Sep 22-Dec 13.	May 1-June 14, Sep 8 – Sep 21 and Dec 14-Dec 31 in all state waters.	None.
Jan 4, 2008-Current	14 in. (total length)	4 fish/angler	Jan 1-April 30.	May 1-Jun 30 31 in all state waters..	None.
		2 fish/angler	July 1-Aug 31.	Sep 1–Sep 30 in all state waters.	
		4 fish/angler	Oct 1- Sep Dec 6.	Dec 7-Dec 31 in all state waters.	

**Weakfish**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Jan 1, 1995	16 in. (total length)	None.	Year round.	None.	None.
April 1, 2003	16 in. (total length)	10 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.
Oct 29, 2007-Current	16 in. (total length)	6 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.

**Hickory Shad**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
Mar 17, 1999-Current	None.	6 fish/angler, or in aggregate with American shad.	Year round.	None.	None.

**White Perch**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
April 1, 2003-Current	7 in. (total length)	30fish/angler.	Year round.	See Other Restrictions.	Only for Long Island Sound and Tidal Rivers and Streams.

**American Eel**

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Minimum Size</b>	<b>Daily Creel Limit</b>	<b>Fishing Season</b>	<b>Closed Season/Area</b>	<b>Other Restrictions</b>
May 10, 2000- Current	6 in. (total length)	50 fish/angler	Year round.	None.	None.

**Gear Restrictions**

1935-Current	Striped bass may be taken by hook and line method only.
April 22, 1994- Current	Spearing is allowed as a recreational activity only and must abide all recreational fishing regulations.

## **PART 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY**

## **PART 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY**

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## **PART 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY**

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**JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY**  
**PART 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY**

**OBJECTIVES**

Provide estimates of:

- 1) Size composition data on both kept and released bluefish, striped bass other common species.*

Anglers participating in the Volunteer Angler Survey measured bluefish, striped bass and other species. Length frequencies of popular species: bluefish, striped bass, summer flounder, winter flounder, scup, tautog and black sea bass are listed in Tables 1.1A - 1.7A.

- 2) Catch frequency (trips catching 0,1,2,...fish) data on both kept and discarded fish.*

Catch frequency data and percent distribution on both kept and released for popular species are listed in Tables 1.1A-1.2A.

**INTRODUCTION**

The purpose of the Volunteer Angler Survey (VAS) is to supplement the National Marine Fisheries Service, Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey by providing additional length measurement data particularly concerning fish that are released. In 1994, the VAS program was incorporated into the Marine Angler Survey (Job 1) in order to improve and expand the survey.

The survey's initial objective was to collect marine recreational fishing information concerning finfish species with special emphasis on striped bass. In 1994, the collection of bluefish length measurements was added to the survey to fully understand that fishery. In 1997, length measurement information on other marine finfish was added to the survey. This report primarily consists of data collected in 2009.

**METHODS**

The VAS is designed to collect trip and catch information from marine recreational (hook and line) anglers who volunteer to record their fishing activities by logbook. The logbook format consists of recording fishing effort, target species, fishing mode (boat and shore), area fished (subdivisions of Long Island Sound and adjacent waters), catch information concerning finfish kept (creeled) and released, and striped bass and bluefish length measurements (Appendix 1.1A). In 1997, the logbook was modified in order to collect length measurement data on other species. Instructions for volunteers were provided on the inside cover of the postage paid logbook. Each participating angler was assigned a personal numeric code for confidentiality purposes. After the logbook data were computer entered, logbooks were returned to each volunteer for their own personal record. For their participation, volunteers were sent a magnet embossed with a VAS logo in addition to updates of survey results. Furthermore, to improve communications with

recreational anglers and to encourage more public input, volunteers were notified of upcoming public hearings including proposed and final changes in recreational fishing regulations.

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

Over the years the number of participants in the survey ranged from as low as 18 anglers participating in 1979 to a high of 115 anglers in 1997. Advertising the VAS program through the DEP's annually published Connecticut Angler's Guide including the State web site [www.ct.gov/dep](http://www.ct.gov/dep) has helped increase volunteer participation. The guide is distributed to anglers purchasing freshwater licenses in addition to being circulated by bait and tackle shops and other entities.

### **VAS 2009**

In 2009, a total of 57 anglers participated in the survey. Those 57 anglers took 1,113 fishing trips. Volunteers including additional anglers involved in a fishing party made a total of 2,420 fishing trips (note: targeted trips in the following paragraphs are not additive to the trip total since more than one species may be sought during an angler trip). Boat trips comprised 81% of the total trips taken. The percent of successful trips, where at least one fish of any species was caught, was 91% for boat anglers and 70% for shore anglers. Besides striped bass and bluefish, VAS anglers pursued and caught a wide range of inshore and offshore pelagic species and recorded length measurements on many species. This report contains statistics on species anglers targeted the most and that are under a current fishery management plan (bluefish, striped bass, summer flounder, scup, winter flounder, tautog, and black sea bass). Please refer to tables 1.1A-1.7A for length frequency distribution tables and catch trip frequency distributions for kept and discarded (released) fish are listed in figures 1.1A-1.2A.

### **Bluefish**

VAS participants made 1,061 targeted bluefish trips (boat and shore modes combined) and recorded a total of 1,314 adult bluefish caught (bluefish >12 inches). Of the total number of targeted trips, only 14% were unsuccessful. The overall catch including trips not targeting bluefish was 1,547 fish. Of the overall catch, anglers measured 929 adult bluefish (60%) and released about 77%. The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for bluefish was approximately 23.5 inches (total length). The targeted catch-per-unit-of-effort (CPUE) was 1.2 and 0.3 fish per angler trip for total and creel catches.

### **Striped bass**

Volunteers made 1,693 trips targeting striped bass and caught a total of 2,186 fish (overall catch including trips not targeting striped bass was 2,218 fish). About 15% or 258 trips targeting striped bass were unsuccessful. Of the overall catch, about 92% of the catch was released. VAS anglers measured 1,785 striped bass (80% of the overall catch). Legal size striped bass ( $\geq 28$  inches) comprised about 25% of the measured catch. The percent of legal size striped bass released was estimated at 62%. The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for striped

bass was about 23.5 inches. Striped bass ranged in length from as small as 8 inches to 50 inches. Targeted CPUE was 1.3 and 0.1 fish per angler trip for total and creeled catches.

### **Summer flounder**

A total of 528 fishing trips were directed toward catching 1,627 summer flounder. Only 4% of the trips targeting summer flounder were unsuccessful. The overall catch was 1,709 fish. Volunteers measured 1,461 fish or about 85% of the overall catch. Approximately 89% of the overall catch was released. About 85% of the measured catch was comprised of fish less than the legal length limit of 19.5 inches. VAS anglers released 18% of summer flounder measuring 19.5 inches and greater. The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for summer flounder was about 16.5 inches. Length measurements ranged from 7 to 30 inches. Summer flounder targeted CPUE was 3.1 and 0.33 fish per angler trip for total and creeled catches.

### **Winter flounder**

Volunteers made 87 trips that targeted winter flounder. These targeted trips produced just 68 fish. The overall catch including non-targeted trips was 108 winter flounder. Of the total trips targeting winter flounder, 22% of the trips were unsuccessful. Of the overall catch, 97 fish (90%) of winter flounder were measured. Anglers released about 26% of the overall catch and only 6% of the measured catch were sub-legal in size (<12 inches). Anglers released 12% of legal sized fish ( $\geq 12$  inches). The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for winter flounder was about 13.5 inches. Length measurements ranged from 10 to 17 inches. Winter flounder targeted CPUE was 1.3 and 1.2 fish per angler trip for total and creeled catches.

### **Scup**

Volunteers made 200 targeted trips for scup producing a total of 2,121 fish. Of the total trips targeting scup, only 1% of the trips were unsuccessful. The overall total catch was 2,523 fish. Volunteers measured about 66% (1,663 fish) of the overall total catch. Of the overall total catch, 78% were released. Sub-legal fish (<10.5 inches) comprised 54% of the measured catch. The proportion of legal sized fish ( $\geq 10.5$  inches) released by anglers was approximately 53%. The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for scup was about 10 inches. Length measurements ranged from as little as 5 inches to 16 inches. Scup targeted CPUE was 10.6 and 2.5 fish per angler trip for total and creeled catches.

### **Tautog**

VAS anglers made 140 trips that targeted tautog and caught a total of 527 fish. Of the total trips targeting tautog, 9% of the trips were unsuccessful. The overall total catch was 553 fish. Volunteers measured 412 tautog or about 75% of the overall total catch. About 33.5% of the measured catch was less than the legal size of 14 inches. Of the legal size measured catch, approximately 44% were released. The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for tautog was about 15 inches. Length measurements ranged from 7 to 26 inches. Tautog targeted CPUE was 3.8 and 1.2 fish per angler trip for total and creeled catches.

## **Weakfish**

Only 7 targeted trips were directed toward weakfish, however, none were reported caught.

## **Black sea bass**

VAS angler took 53 trips targeting black sea bass catching 293 fish. However, the overall catch was 676 black sea bass. Of the overall total catch, 93% were released. Volunteers measured 513 fish or 76% of the overall total catch. Of the measured catch, 88.5% caught were below the 12.5 inch legal length limit. The 50<sup>th</sup> percentile length measurement for black sea bass was about 8 inches and the percent of legal size fish released was 34%. Black sea bass targeted CPUE was 5.5 and 0.4 fish per angler trip for total and cleeled catches.

## **CONCLUSIONS**

VAS anglers provide valuable recreational fisheries data at a relatively low cost. In addition, collecting length data on released fish is often difficult or unattainable through conventional intercept surveys. The VAS program provides this information which is essential in assessing the recreational fishery. VAS data is also used in monitoring and assessing the recreational striped bass fishery in Connecticut as required through the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission. Furthermore, VAS data is now being used in bluefish, summer flounder, winter flounder and weakfish stock assessments and will most likely be involved in other species as well. Any anglers interested in participating in the program can contact Rod MacLeod at 860-434-6043, or e-mail address: [rod.macleod@ct.gov](mailto:rod.macleod@ct.gov) or writing to State of Connecticut, DEP, Marine Fisheries Office, P.O. Box 719, Old Lyme CT 06371.

## **MODIFICATIONS**

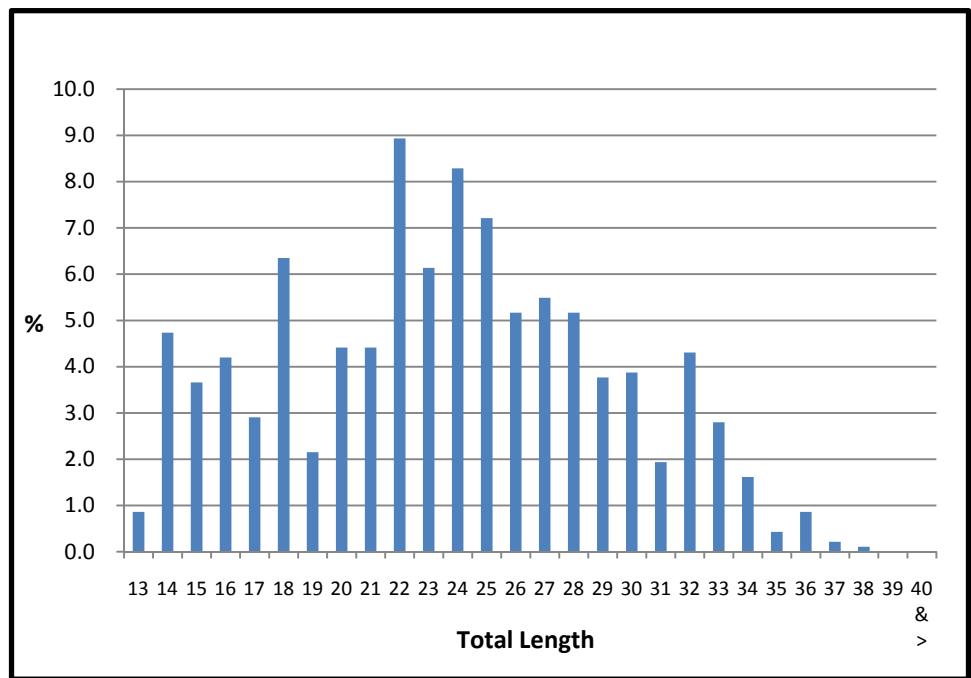
None.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

I am very grateful to all anglers who have participated in the survey. Without their cooperation and assistance, the VAS program would not be possible.

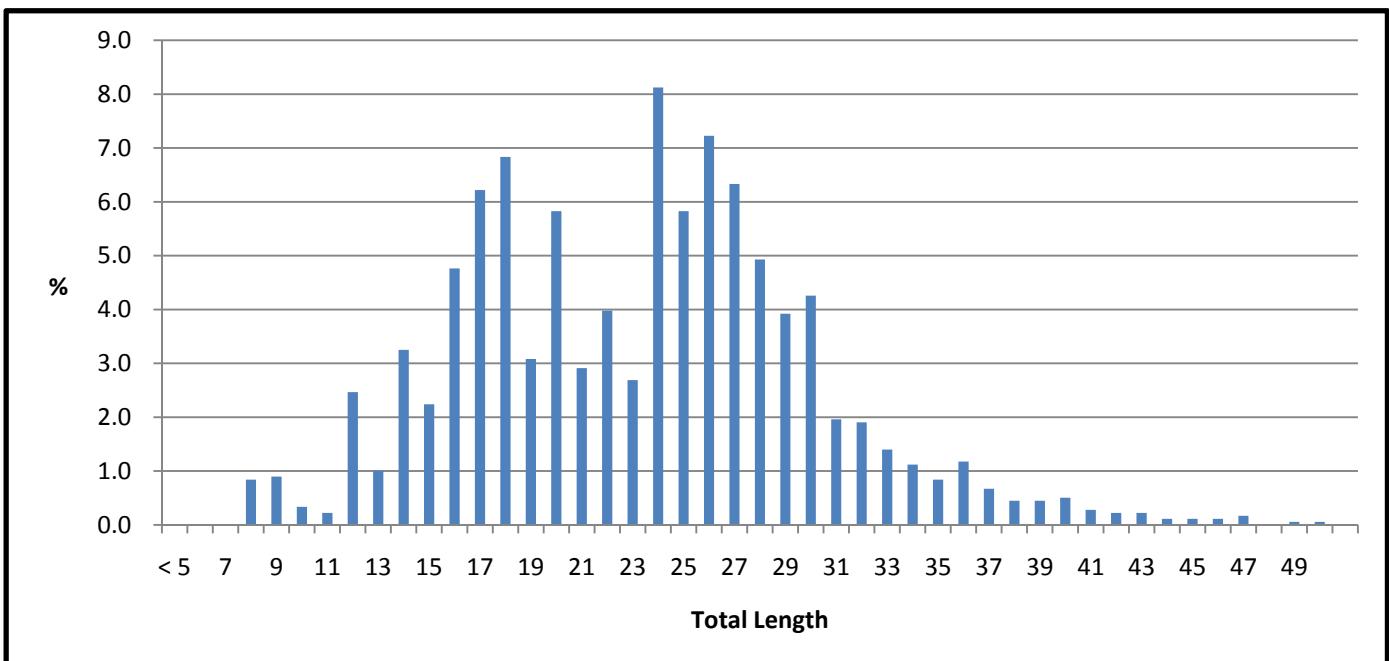
**Table 1.1A: Bluefish (12> inches) Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data		
	Bluefish (12>inches)		
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum
13	8	0.9	0.9
14	44	4.7	5.6
15	34	3.7	9.3
16	39	4.2	13.5
17	27	2.9	16.4
18	59	6.4	22.8
19	20	2.2	24.9
20	41	4.4	29.3
21	41	4.4	33.7
22	83	8.9	42.7
23	57	6.1	48.8
24	77	8.3	57.1
25	67	7.2	64.3
26	48	5.2	69.5
27	51	5.5	75.0
28	48	5.2	80.1
29	35	3.8	83.9
30	36	3.9	87.8
31	18	1.9	89.7
32	40	4.3	94.0
33	26	2.8	96.8
34	15	1.6	98.4
35	4	0.4	98.9
36	8	0.9	99.7
37	2	0.2	99.9
38	1	0.1	100.0
39	0	0.0	100.0
40 & >	0	0.0	100.0
Total	929		



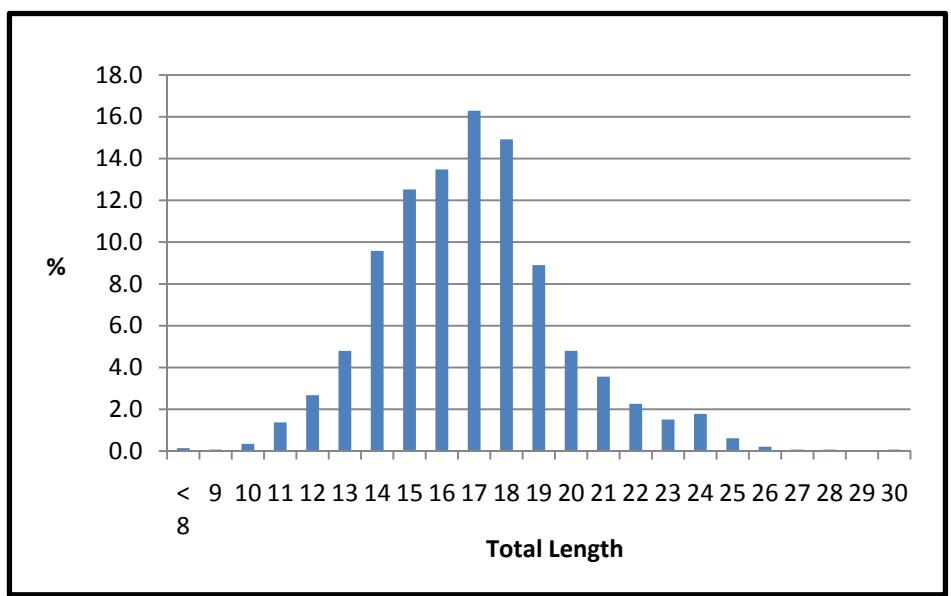
**Table 1.2A: Striped Bass Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data Striped Bass			Total Length (inches)			
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum		Freq	%Freq	%Cum
< or = 5	0	0.0	0.0	29	70	3.9	83.9
6	0	0.0	0.0	30	76	4.3	88.2
7	0	0.0	0.0	31	35	2.0	90.1
8	15	0.8	0.8	32	34	1.9	92.0
9	16	0.9	1.7	33	25	1.4	93.4
10	6	0.3	2.1	34	20	1.1	94.6
11	4	0.2	2.3	35	15	0.8	95.4
12	44	2.5	4.8	36	21	1.2	96.6
13	18	1.0	5.8	37	12	0.7	97.3
14	58	3.2	9.0	38	8	0.4	97.7
15	40	2.2	11.3	39	8	0.4	98.2
16	85	4.8	16.0	40	9	0.5	98.7
17	111	6.2	22.2	41	5	0.3	98.9
18	122	6.8	29.1	42	4	0.2	99.2
19	55	3.1	32.2	43	4	0.2	99.4
20	104	5.8	38.0	44	2	0.1	99.5
21	52	2.9	40.9	45	2	0.1	99.6
22	71	4.0	44.9	46	2	0.1	99.7
23	48	2.7	47.6	47	3	0.2	99.9
24	145	8.1	55.7	48	0	0.0	99.9
25	104	5.8	61.5	49	1	0.1	99.9
26	129	7.2	68.7	50	1	0.1	100.0
27	113	6.3	75.1	Total	1,785		
28	88	4.9	80.0				



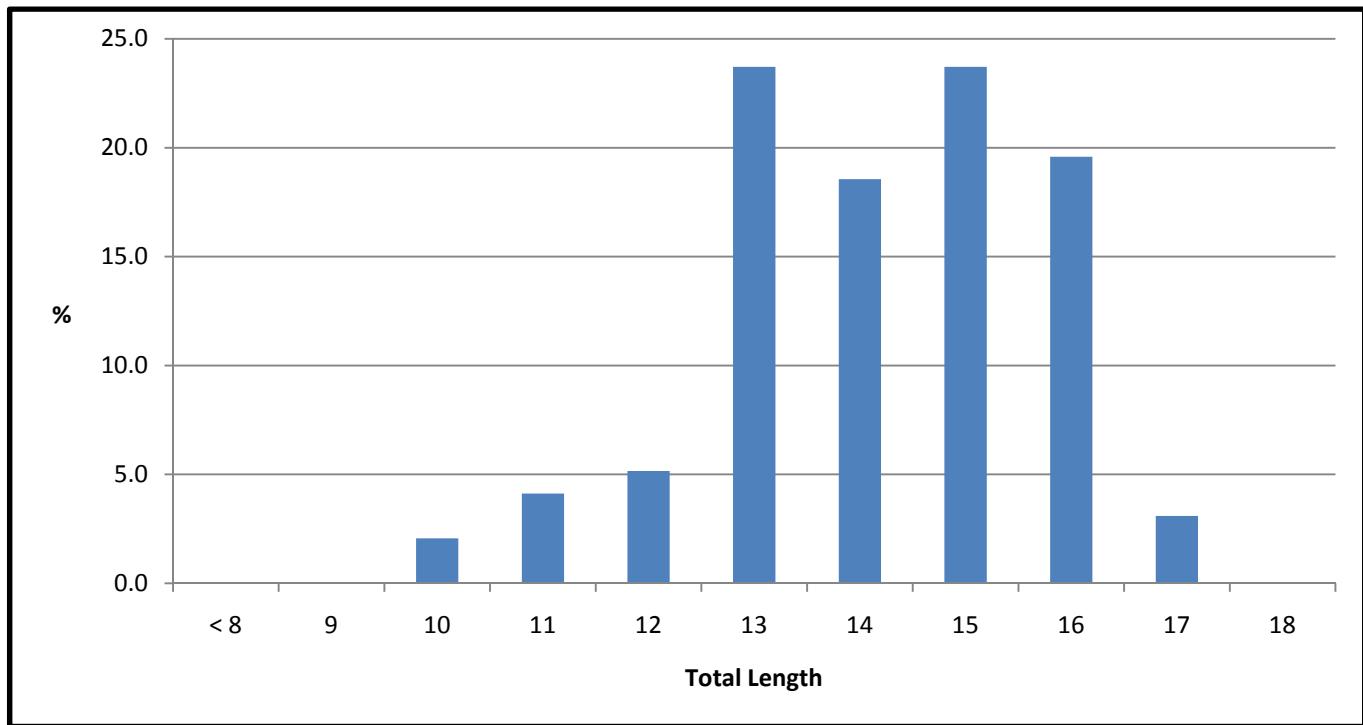
**Table 1.3A: Summer Flounder Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data		
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum
< 8	2	0.1	0.1
9	1	0.1	0.2
10	5	0.3	0.5
11	20	1.4	1.9
12	39	2.7	4.5
13	70	4.8	9.3
14	140	9.6	18.9
15	183	12.5	31.4
16	197	13.5	44.9
17	238	16.3	61.2
18	218	14.9	76.1
19	130	8.9	85.0
20	70	4.8	89.8
21	52	3.6	93.4
22	33	2.3	95.7
23	22	1.5	97.2
24	26	1.8	98.9
25	9	0.6	99.6
26	3	0.2	99.8
27	1	0.1	99.8
28	1	0.1	99.9
29	0	0.0	99.9
30	1	0.1	100.0
Total	1,461		



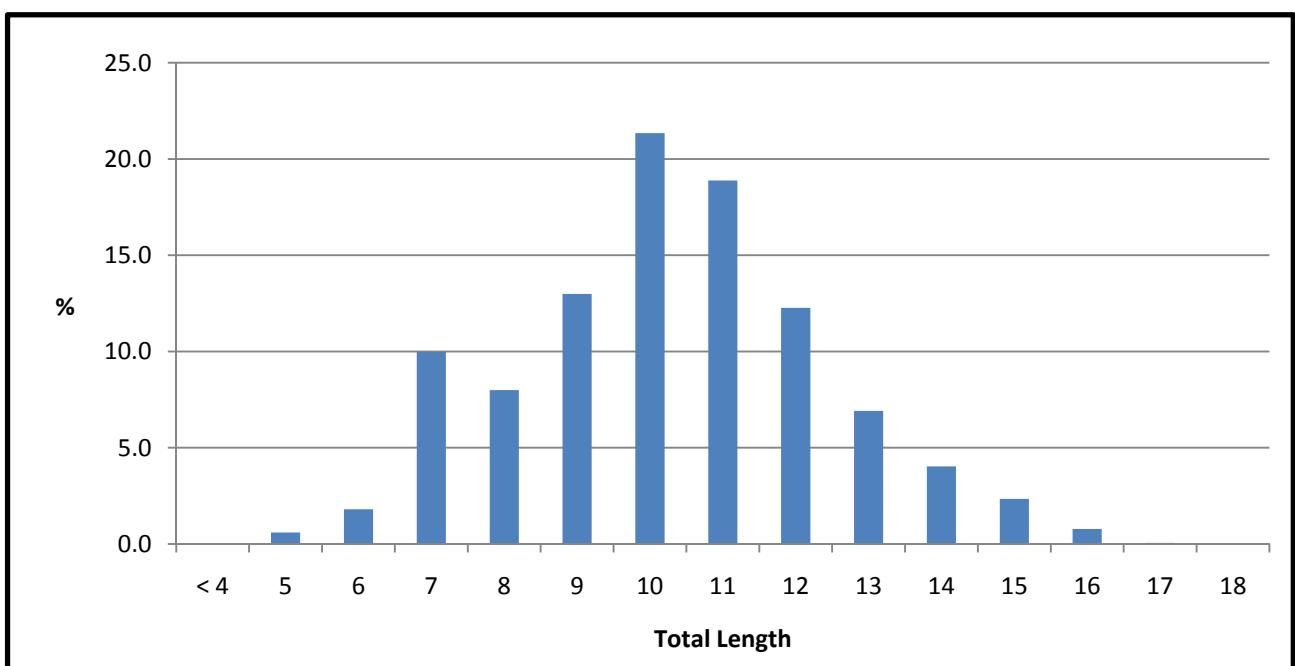
**Table 1.4A: Winter Flounder Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data		
	Winter Flounder		
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum
< 8	0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0.0	0.0
10	2	2.1	2.1
11	4	4.1	6.2
12	5	5.2	11.3
13	23	23.7	35.1
14	18	18.6	53.6
15	23	23.7	77.3
16	19	19.6	96.9
17	3	3.1	100.0
18	0	0.0	100.0
Total	97		



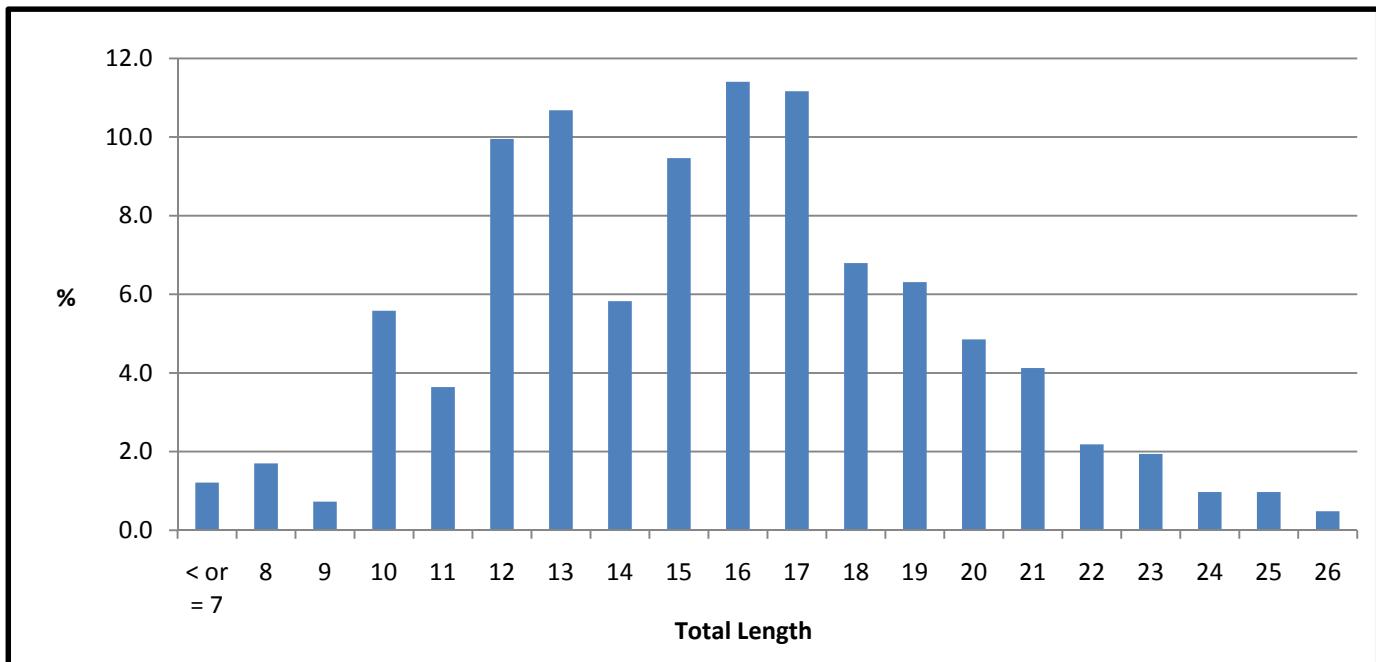
**Table 1.5A: Scup Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data		
	Scup		
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum
< 4	0	0.0	0.0
5	10	0.6	0.6
6	30	1.8	2.4
7	166	10.0	12.4
8	133	8.0	20.4
9	216	13.0	33.4
10	355	21.3	54.7
11	314	18.9	73.6
12	204	12.3	85.9
13	115	6.9	92.8
14	67	4.0	96.8
15	39	2.3	99.2
16	13	0.8	99.9
17	1	0.1	100.0
18	0	0.0	100.0
Total	1,663		



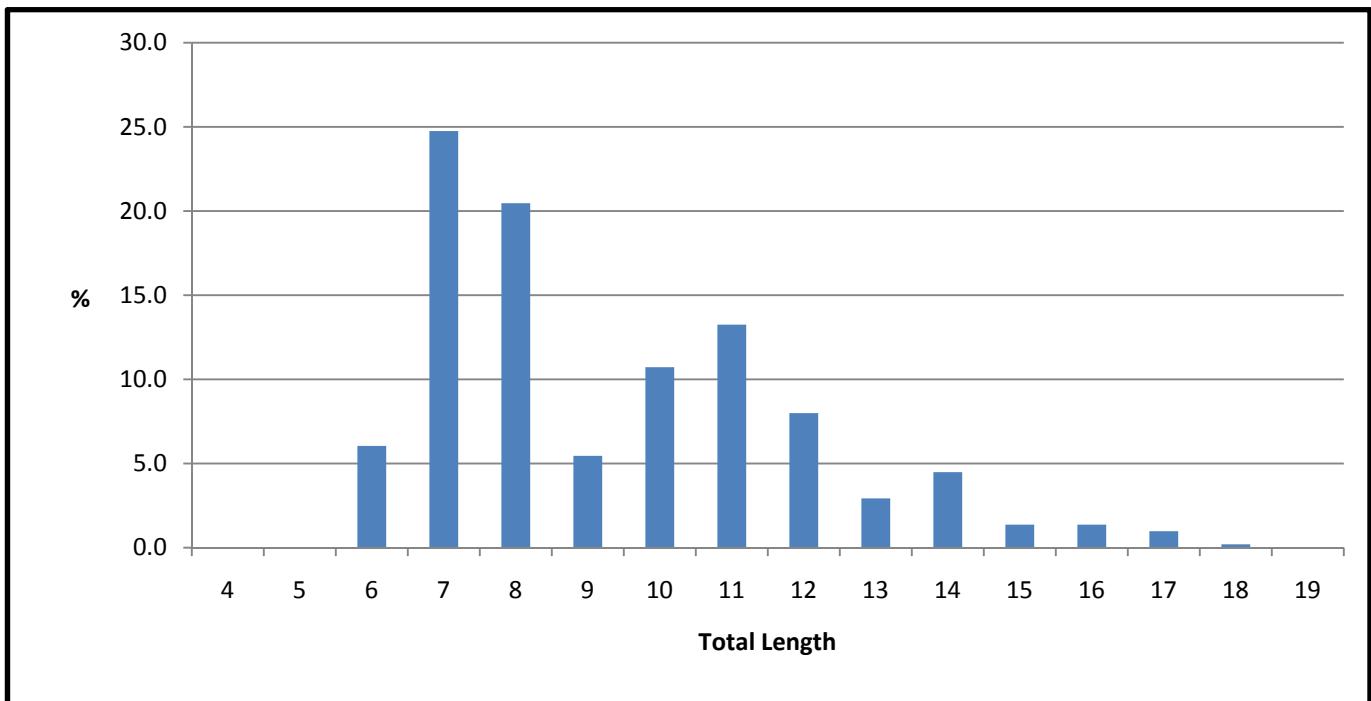
**Table 1.6A: Tautog Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data		
	Tautog		
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum
< or = 7	5	1.2	1.2
8	7	1.7	2.9
9	3	0.7	3.6
10	23	5.6	9.2
11	15	3.6	12.9
12	41	10.0	22.8
13	44	10.7	33.5
14	24	5.8	39.3
15	39	9.5	48.8
16	47	11.4	60.2
17	46	11.2	71.3
18	28	6.8	78.1
19	26	6.3	84.5
20	20	4.9	89.3
21	17	4.1	93.4
22	9	2.2	95.6
23	8	1.9	97.6
24	4	1.0	98.5
25	4	1.0	99.5
26	2	0.5	100.0
Total	412		



**Table 1.7A: Black Sea Bass Length Frequency Distribution, 2009**

Total Length (inches)	2009 Measurement Data		
	Freq	%Freq	%Cum
4	0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0.0	0.0
6	31	6.0	6.0
7	127	24.8	30.8
8	105	20.5	51.3
9	28	5.5	56.7
10	55	10.7	67.4
11	68	13.3	80.7
12	41	8.0	88.7
13	15	2.9	91.6
14	23	4.5	96.1
15	7	1.4	97.5
16	7	1.4	98.8
17	5	1.0	99.8
18	1	0.2	100.0
19	0	0.0	100.0
20	0	0.0	100.0
Total	513		



**Table 1.8A: Catch Trip Frequency Distribution  
of Creeled Fish for Selected Species, 2009**

<b>Creeled (Harvested)</b>		
<b>Bluemfish (12 in. &gt;)</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	201	64.8%
1	71	22.9%
2	16	5.2%
3	10	3.2%
4	6	1.9%
5	0	0.0%
6	4	1.3%
7	2	0.6%
Total	310	100%

<b>Striped Bass</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	324	81.0%
1	56	14.0%
2	19	4.8%
3	0	0.0%
4	1	0.3%
Total	400	100%

<b>Summer Flounder</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	142	63.4%
1	62	27.7%
2	16	7.1%
3	4	1.8%
Total	224	100%

<b>Winter Flounder</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	12	37.5%
1	7	21.9%
2	4	12.5%
3	3	9.4%
4	2	6.3%
5	1	3.1%
6	1	3.1%
7	1	3.1%
10	1	3.1%
Total	32	100%

<b>Scup</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	99	57.2%
1	15	8.7%
2	17	9.8%
3	11	6.4%
4	10	5.8%
5	7	4.0%
6	6	3.5%
7	2	1.2%
8	2	1.2%
9	2	1.2%
10	1	0.6%
20	1	0.6%
Total	173	100%

<b>Tautog</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	17	29.8%
1	14	24.6%
2	12	21.1%
3	4	7.0%
4	10	17.5%
Total	57	100%

<b>Black Sea Bass</b>		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	84	77.1%
1	20	18.3%
2	3	2.8%
3	2	1.8%
Total	109	100%

**Table 1.9A: Catch Trip Frequency Distribution  
of Released Fish for Selected Species, 2009**

Bluemfish (12 in. >)			Striped Bass			Summer Flounder			Winter Flounder		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.	# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.	# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.	# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	85	26.4%	0	55	12.8%	0	22	9.2%	0	6	24.0%
1	122	37.9%	1	150	35.0%	1	74	30.8%	1	15	60.0%
2	39	12.1%	2	77	17.9%	2	36	15.0%	2	1	4.0%
3	24	7.5%	3	42	9.8%	3	27	11.3%	4	1	4.0%
4	17	5.3%	4	29	6.8%	4	16	6.7%	Total	25	100%
5	5	1.6%	5	20	4.7%	5	15	6.3%			
6	5	1.6%	6	11	2.6%	6	15	6.3%			
7	6	1.9%	7	10	2.3%	7	7	2.9%			
8	4	1.2%	8	5	1.2%	8	9	3.8%			
9	2	0.6%	9	2	0.5%	9	7	2.9%			
10	1	0.3%	10	2	0.5%	10	4	1.7%			
11	4	1.2%	11	2	0.5%	11	1	0.4%			
12	2	0.6%	12	4	0.9%	12	1	0.4%			
13	1	0.3%	13	4	0.9%	13	2	0.8%			
14	0	0.0%	14	0	0.0%	14	1	0.4%			
15	0	0.0%	15	3	0.7%	15	1	0.4%			
16	1	0.3%	16	0	0.0%	16	0	0.0%			
17	0	0.0%	17	1	0.2%	17	0	0.0%			
18	2	0.6%	18	1	0.2%	18	0	0.0%			
19	0	0.0%	19	2	0.5%	19	1	0.4%			
20	1	0.3%	20	0	0.0%	20	1	0.4%			
21	1	0.3%	21	0	0.0%	Total	240	100%			
Total	322	100%	23	0	0.0%						
			24	2	0.5%						
			25	0	0.0%						
			26	2	0.5%						
			27	1	0.2%						
			28	0	0.0%						
			29	0	0.0%						
			30	1	0.2%						
			31	0	0.0%						
			32	0	0.0%						
			33	0	0.0%						
			34	1	0.2%						
			35	1	0.2%						
			38	1	0.2%						
			Total	429	100%						

**Table 1.9A: (Con't.): Catch Trip Frequency Distribution  
of Released Fish for Selected Species, 2009**

Scup			Tautog			Black Sea Bass		
# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.	# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.	# of Fish	# of Trips	% Distr.
0	26	14.5%	0	4	7.0%	0	17	14.7%
1	35	19.6%	1	16	28.1%	1	46	39.7%
2	20	11.2%	2	10	17.5%	2	14	12.1%
3	21	11.7%	3	4	7.0%	3	6	5.2%
4	15	8.4%	4	3	5.3%	4	8	6.9%
5	11	6.1%	5	5	8.8%	5	3	2.6%
6	8	4.5%	6	3	5.3%	6	2	1.7%
7	6	3.4%	7	3	5.3%	7	4	3.4%
8	7	3.9%	8	1	1.8%	8	2	1.7%
9	0	0.0%	9	3	5.3%	9	1	0.9%
10	7	3.9%	10	0	0.0%	10	2	1.7%
11	1	0.6%	11	1	1.8%	11	1	0.9%
12	2	1.1%	12	0	0.0%	13	1	0.9%
13	3	1.7%	13	1	1.8%	14	1	0.9%
14	1	0.6%	14	1	1.8%	19	1	0.9%
16	2	1.1%	15	1	1.8%	22	1	0.9%
18	0	0.0%	28	1	1.8%	23	1	0.9%
19	1	0.6%	Total	57	100%	26	1	0.9%
20	1	0.6%				28	1	0.9%
21	1	0.6%				32	1	0.9%
25	1	0.6%				34	1	0.9%
31	1	0.6%				36	1	0.9%
41	1	0.6%				Total	116	100%
51	1	0.6%						
52	1	0.6%						
60	1	0.6%						
63	1	0.6%						
64	1	0.6%						
70	1	0.6%						
81	1	0.6%						
95	1	0.6%						
Total	179	100%						

## **APPENDIX 1.1A: Connecticut Volunteer Angler Logbook**

**Volunteer Angler Survey Logbook Instructions:** Listed below are instructions for filling out the logbook. Upon logbook completion, tape the prepaid postage logbook shut and drop it off in the mail. All information is kept confidential. Once the information is entered in our computer system and error checked, the logbooks will be returned for your own records. If you any questions or comments regarding the survey, please contact **Rod MacLeod** at **(860) 434-6043** or at **E-Mail** address **rod.macleod@po.state.ct.us**.

- (1) Please enter the month and day fishing trip took place.  
(2) Fishing start time in military time (Example: 11am = 1100, 1pm = 1300 hrs, 2pm = 1400, etc.).  
(3) Actual fishing time or lines wet to the nearest ½ hour. Do not include travel time.  
(4) Number of anglers in fishing party.  
(5) Areas fished most in descending order as described on the chart located on the inside cover of logbook. Also, if most of the fishing took place in a river please place a check mark in the box provided.  
(6) Check mark your mode of fishing (boat or shore).  
(7) Enter species code for 1st (primary) targeted species and 2nd (secondary) targeted species provided in the species code list below.  
(8) Number of anglers that caught fish.  
(9) Place a check mark if no fish were caught for the entire fishing party.

**Catch Information:** Catch information should include the total number of fish caught by the entire party. Enter the number of fish kept and released in the designated boxes. If you caught fish other than those in the pre-coded boxes, please refer to the species code list below and enter the code in the designated blank boxes. If you caught a fish not listed in the species code list, please write down the common name(s) in the blank box(es) provided.

**Length Measurement Information:** Please try to provide length measurement data on popular species caught including kept and released fish (exclude skates, cunners, etc). Fish must be measured to the **nearest ½ inch** from the tip of the snout to the end of the tail (total length). In case of large catches, try to measure your catch on a random basis. Measuring just large fish will not accurately reflect the actual size or age distribution of the population. When handling and measuring sub-legal sized fish, anglers should use their best judgement and experience to insure that those fish are returned to the water unharmed.

### **Species Code List:**

01 Albacore	12 Cusk-eel	23 White Marlin	34 Smelt	45 Snapper Bluefish (≤12in.)
02 Alewife	13 Dogfish (all species)	24 Atlantic Menhaden	35 Spot	46 Yellowfin Tuna
03 Atlantic Salmon	14 Dolphin (Mahi-Mahi)	25 Pollock	36 Striped Bass	47 Bigeye Tuna
04 Blackfish (Tautog)	15 American Eel	26 Scup (Porgy)	37 Swordfish	48 Blue Marlin
05 Blowfish (Puffer)	16 Summer Flounder (Fluke)	27 Atlantic Sailfish	38 Oyster Toadfish	49 Blueback Herring
06 Bluefish (Adults > 12in.)	17 Goosefish (Monkfish)	28 Windowpane Flounder	39 Atlantic Tomcod	50 Hickory Shad
07 Atlantic Bonito	18 Haddock	29 Black Sea Bass	40 Bluefin Tuna	51 Little Tunny (False Albacore)
08 Brown Trout (Sea-Run)	19 Atlantic Herring	30 Searobins (all species)	41 Weakfish	52 Skipjack Tuna
09 Butterfish	20 Spanish Mackerel	31 American Shad	42 Whiting (Silver Hake)	53 Atlantic Wolffish
10 Atlantic Cod	21 Hakes (Red, Spotted)	32 Sharks(oceanic)	43 White Perch	54 Northern Kingfish
11 Cunner	22 Atlantic Mackerel	33 Skates	44 Winter Flounder	55 Atlantic Croaker

## Daily Fishing Trip Log

(1) Month	Day	(2) Military Time	(3) Hours Fished	(4) Number of Anglers in Party	(5) Areas Fished (See Map)	X Here if Fished in River
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="radio"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
(6) Mode of Fishing		(7) Target Species (See Code List)			(8) Number of Anglers that Caught Fish	
Boat		Shore	<input type="text"/>	1st	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
			2nd	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

## Catch Information

## **Length Measurement Information**





## **JOB 2: MARINE FINFISH SURVEY**

**Part 1: Long Island Sound Trawl Survey**

**Part 2: Estuarine Seine Survey**

## PART 1: LONG ISLAND SOUND TRAWL SURVEY

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## **JOB 2 PART 1: LONG ISLAND SOUND TRAWL SURVEY (LISTS)**

### **CRUISE RESULTS FROM THE 2009 SPRING & FALL SURVEYS**

#### **STUDY PERIOD AND AREA**

The Connecticut DEP Marine Fisheries Division completed the twenty-sixth year of the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey in 2009. The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey encompasses an area from New London to Greenwich, Connecticut and includes waters from 5 to 46 meters in depth in both Connecticut and New York state waters. Long Island Sound is surveyed in the spring, from April through June, and during the fall, from September through October. This report includes results from the 2009 spring and fall sampling periods and provides time series information since the commencement of the survey in 1984.

#### **GOAL**

To collect, manage, synthesize and interpret fishery independent data on the living resources of Long Island Sound for fishery management and information needs of Connecticut biologists, fishery managers, lawmakers and the public.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- 1) *Provide an annual index of counts and biomass per standard tow for 40 common species.*
- 2) *Provide age specific indices of abundance for scup, summer flounder, tautog and winter flounder.*
- 3) *Provide a recruitment index for bluefish (age 0) and weakfish (age 0).*
- 4) *Provide length frequency distributions of bluefish, scup, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, weakfish, winter flounder, and other ecologically important species suitable for conversion to age using modal analysis, age-length keys or other techniques.*
- 5) *Provide annual total counts and biomass for all finfish species taken.*
- 6) *Provide annual total biomass for all invertebrate species taken.*
- 7) *Provide a species list for Long Island Sound based on LIS Trawl Survey sampling, noting the presence of additional species from other sampling conducted by the Marine Fisheries Division.*

## **INTRODUCTION**

The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (LISTS) was initiated in 1984 to provide fishery independent monitoring of important recreational species in Long Island Sound. A stratified-random design based on bottom type and depth interval was chosen and forty sites were sampled monthly from April through November to establish seasonal patterns of abundance and distribution. Seven finfish species were initially of primary interest: bluefish, scup, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, weakfish, and winter flounder. Length data for these species were collected from every tow; scup, tautog, and winter flounder were sampled for aging. Lobster were also enumerated and measured from every tow. All fish species were identified and counted.

Since 1984, several changes have been incorporated into the Survey. In 1991, the sampling schedule was changed to a spring/fall format, although sampling is still conducted on a monthly basis (April - June, September, and October). Beginning in 1992, species were weighed in aggregate with an onboard scale to provide indices of biomass. Furthermore, more species have been sampled for lengths, such as windowpane and fourspot flounders, and important forage species such as butterfish, long-finned squid, and several herring species. By 2003, the list of species measured expanded to 20 finfish species and two invertebrate species (lobster and long-finned squid). In addition, rarely occurring species (totaling less than 30 fish/year each) are now measured and age structures are collected from weakfish and large summer flounder (>59 cm). All of these changes serve to improve the quality and quantity of information made available to fishery managers for local and regional assessment of stock condition, and to provide a more complete annual inventory of LIS (Long Island Sound) fishery resources.

## **METHODS**

### **Sampling Design**

LISTS is conducted from longitude 72° 03' (New London, Connecticut) to longitude 73° 39' (Greenwich, Connecticut). The sampling area includes Connecticut and New York waters from 5 to 46 m in depth and is conducted over mud, sand and transitional (mud/sand) sediment types. Sampling is divided into spring (April-June) and fall (Sept-Oct) periods, with 40 sites sampled monthly for a total of 200 sites annually. The sampling gear employed is a 14 m otter trawl with a 51 mm codend (Table 2.1). To reduce the bias associated with day-night changes in catchability of some species, sampling is conducted during daylight hours only (Sissenwine and Bowman 1978).

LISTS employs a stratified-random sampling design. The sampling area is divided into 1.85 x 3.7 km (1 x 2 nautical miles) sites (Figure 2.1), with each site assigned to one of 12 strata defined by depth interval (0 - 9.0 m, 9.1 - 18.2 m, 18.3 - 27.3 m or, 27.4+ m) and bottom type (mud, sand, or transitional as defined by Reid et al. 1979). For each monthly sampling cruise, sites are selected randomly from within each stratum. The number of sites sampled in each stratum was determined by dividing the total stratum area by 68 km<sup>2</sup> (20 square nautical miles), with a minimum of two sites sampled per stratum (Table 2.2). Discrete stratum areas smaller than a sample site are not sampled.

## **Sampling Procedures**

Prior to each tow, temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and salinity (ppt) are measured at 1 m below the surface and 0.5 m above the bottom using a YSI model 30 S-C-T meter. Water is collected at depth with a five-liter niskin bottle, and temperature and salinity are measured within the bottle immediately upon retrieval.

The survey's otter trawl is towed from the 15.2 m aluminum R/V John Dempsey for 30 minutes at approximately 3.5 knots, depending on the tide. At completion of the tow, the catch is placed onto a sorting table and sorted by species. Finfish, lobsters and squid are counted and weighed in aggregate (to the nearest 0.1 kg) by species with a precision marine-grade scale (30 kg, +/- 10 gm capacity). Catches weighing less than 0.1 kg are recorded as 0.1 kg. During the initial two years of the survey (1984 & 1985), lobsters were the only invertebrates recorded. Squid abundance has been recorded since 1986. Since 1992, additional invertebrate species have been weighed in aggregate, and some have been counted. The complete time series of species counted and weighed in the survey is documented in Appendix 2.4.

For selected finfish species, lengths are recorded to the centimeter as either total length or fork length (e.g. measurements from 100 mm to 109 mm are recorded as 10 cm) and entered in the database as 105 mm (Table 2.3). Lobsters are measured to 0.1 mm carapace length. Squid are measured using the mantle length (cm) and horseshoe crab measurements are taken using prosomal width (cm).

The number of individuals measured from each tow varies by species, and also depends on the size of the catch and range of lengths (Table 2.3). If a species is subsampled, the length frequency of the catch is determined by multiplying the proportion of measured individuals in each centimeter interval by the total number of individuals caught. Some species are sorted and subsampled by length group so that all large individuals are measured and a subsample of small (often young-of-year) specimens are measured. All individuals not measured in a length group are counted. The length frequency of each group is estimated as described above, i.e. the proportion of individuals in each centimeter interval of the subsample is expanded to determine the total number of individuals caught in the length group. The estimated length frequencies of each size group are then appended to complete the length frequency for that species. This procedure is often used with catches of bluefish, scup, and weakfish, which are usually dominated by young-of-year or discrete age/length classes.

Scup, summer flounder, tautog, weakfish and winter flounder are sampled for age determination (Table 2.3). Subsamples of scup, stratified by length group, are measured to the nearest mm (fork length) and scales from each individual are taken for ageing. Scup scales are removed posterior to the pectoral fin and ventral to the lateral line. The scales are pressed onto plastic laminate with an Ann Arbor roller press to obtain an impression of the scale, which is then viewed with a microfiche reader at 21x. Scales are also taken from all summer flounder greater than 59 cm. At least 15 scales are removed from the caudal peduncal area. These scales are pressed and aged to supplement the National Marine Fisheries Service age key and are also included in the formulation of LISTS summer flounder catch-at-age matrix (see below). Most tautog taken in LISTS

are aged due to the low numbers caught in recent years (under 250 fish). Tautog are iced and taken to the lab, where their total length (mm), sex, and total weight (gm) are recorded and their age is determined from opercular bones (Cooper 1967). Subsamples of winter flounder, stratified by length group and area (as listed in bottom of Table 2.3), are iced and taken to the lab where they are measured to the millimeter (total length), weighed (gm) and sexed. Their maturity stage is determined (NMFS 1989), and they are aged with whole and sectioned otoliths (Simpson et al. 1988). Weakfish scales are obtained and processed as described above for scup, and otoliths are sectioned and read using procedures described in Simpson et al. 1988.

In reports prior to 2001, three species were not included in annual and seasonal totals: American sand lance, bay anchovy, and striped anchovy. These species, with the possible exception of striped anchovy, can be very abundant in Long Island Sound, but are not retained well in the otter trawl. Additionally, many of these fish are young-of-year and often drop out of the net as it is retrieved and wound on the net reel. For this reason they were not included in the list of species to be counted when LISTS was started in 1984. However, to document the occurrence of these species in LISTS catches, American sand lance was added in 1994, striped anchovy was added in 1996, and bay anchovy was added in 1998. Since 2001, adults of these three species are added to the annual and seasonal totals and the young-of-year are listed if present in the year's catch but are not quantified (Table 2.15, Appendix 2.4). Young-of-year for these three species are included in the database but are cataloged with a separate species identifier and quantities are considered estimates (Appendix 2.2).

## Data Analysis

### *Indices of Abundance: Annual Mean Count and Weight per Tow*

To evaluate the relative abundance of common species, an annual spring (April - June) and fall (September-October) geometric mean number per tow and weight per tow (biomass, kg) is calculated for the common finfish and invertebrate species. To calculate the geometric mean, the numbers and weight per tow are logged ( $\log_e$ ) to normalize the highly skewed catch frequencies typical of trawl surveys:

$$\text{Transformed variable} = \ln(\text{variable}+1).$$

Means are computed on the log scale and then retransformed to the geometric mean:

$$\text{geometric mean} = \exp(\text{mean})-1.$$

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated from 1984 - 2009 for 38 finfish species, lobster, and long-finned squid (1986 - 2009). The geometric mean weight per tow was calculated using weight data collected since 1992 for the same species, plus an additional 13 invertebrates.

For the seven finfish species that were measured on every tow (bluefish, scup, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, weakfish, and winter flounder) biomass indices were calculated for the years 1984 - 1991 by using length/weight equations to convert length frequencies to weight per tow. Bluefish, scup, weakfish and winter flounder lengths were converted using equations from Wilk et al. 1978; striped bass conversions

were accomplished using an equation from Young et al. 1994; summer flounder and tautog conversions were accomplished using equations developed from LISTS data from 1984 -1987 and 1984 -1996 respectively.

### ***Indices of Abundance: Indices-at-Age and Age Group***

Annual age specific indices (indices-at-age matrices) were calculated for scup, striped bass, summer flounder, winter flounder and tautog. The age data used to calculate the indices came from three sources: striped bass ages were derived using the von Bertalanffy (1938) equation; summer flounder age-length keys were obtained from the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) Northeast Fisheries Science Center spring and fall trawl surveys combined with LISTS ages (>59 cm); scup, winter flounder and tautog age-length keys (in 1 cm intervals) were obtained directly from LISTS. Since fish growth can fluctuate annually as a function of population size or other environmental factors, a year and season specific age-length key was used wherever possible. Once lengths have been converted to age, the proportion at age is multiplied by the abundance index of the appropriate season to produce an index of abundance at age.

Recruitment (young-of-year) and age 1+ (all fish age one and older) indices were calculated for bluefish and weakfish. Observed modes in the length frequencies were used to separate the two groups.

The specific methods used to calculate indices-at-age for each species were as follows:

- ♦ **Bluefish.** Since bluefish are not aged, modes observed in the fall length frequencies were used to separate bluefish into age 0 and age 1+ groups, and a geometric mean catch per tow was calculated for each group (Table 2.23). Comparison of the mean length-at-ages reported for young-of-year and age 1 bluefish in the New York Bight (Chiarella and Conover 1990) and Long Island Sound (Richards 1976) with LISTS length frequencies suggests that bluefish can easily be identified as either age 0 (snapper bluefish) or adults (age 1+). Richards (1976) and Chiarella and Conover (1990) determined that most bluefish less than 30 cm are age 0. A discontinuity in the LISTS fall length frequencies occurs most years between 26 cm and 39 cm (Table 2.42). Therefore 30 cm was determined to be a suitable length for partitioning age 0 and age one fish.

Although North Carolina state biologists have aged bluefish, their age keys were not used to age Long Island Sound bluefish because North Carolina mean lengths-at-age are not consistent with modes observed in Long Island Sound bluefish length frequencies. This difference suggests that growth may vary by region, or that early and late spawned bluefish may be differentially distributed along the coast (Kendall and Walford 1979).

- ♦ **Scup.** An index-at-age matrix was developed for 1984-2009 using spring (May-June only) and fall (September-October) LISTS data (Table 2.24). April data was omitted since very few scup are taken at this time. A total of 9,939 scup aged between 1984 and 2009 were used to make year and season specific age-length keys (1 cm intervals). In the relatively few instances when the season/year specific key failed at

a given 1 cm length interval, a three-year pooled key was used to determine the age. Three-year pooled keys were calculated using the years preceding and following the “run” year. For the terminal year, only two years were used for the pooled key. The final index-at-age was computed for both spring and fall indices-at-age. Since very few scup older than age 9 are taken (less than 4% in any given year), an age 10+ group is calculated by summing indices for ages 10 and up. To represent the full adult portion of the population an age 2+ index is calculated by summing the indices for ages 2 through 10+.

- ◆ **Striped bass.** To approximate the ages of striped bass taken in the spring survey (Table 2.25), the average of the Chesapeake Bay and Hudson River striped bass von Bertalanffy parameters ( $L_{\max} = 49.9$  in,  $K = 0.13$ ,  $t_0 = 0.16$ , Vic Crecco, pers. comm.) were used in the rearranged von Bertalanffy equation:

$$t = (1/K) * (-\log_e ((L_{\max} - L_t) / L_{\max})) + t_0$$

Since this equation estimates age  $t$  as a fraction of a year, the estimates were rounded to the nearest year (e.g. age 3 = ages 2.5 to 3.4). A spring catch-at-age matrix was developed for 1984 through 2009 by apportioning the spring index by the percentage of fish at each age (Table 2.26).

- ◆ **Summer flounder.** The year and season specific age-length keys (1 cm intervals) used to age LISTS catches were provided by NMFS from their spring and fall trawl surveys. These keys were supplemented with fish caught and aged by LISTS (60 cm and over). In 2009, 33 summer flounder, 60 cm TL or greater, were aged; 22 in the spring and 11 in the fall. Since 2001, whenever the season/year specific key failed at a given 1 cm length interval a pooled year key using only adjacent years was used (Gottschall and Pacileo 2002). Since it is thought that growth rates for summer flounder have changed over time, a pooled key using only adjacent years would more accurately represent fish that could not be aged by the season/year specific key. Using this methodology, the catch-at-age matrix (Table 2.27) will remain unchanged for all but the terminal year, which will be updated as the following years’ data becomes available.
- ◆ **Tautog.** An index-at-age matrix was developed for 1984-2006 using all survey months (Gottschall and Pacileo 2007). Ageing for 2006-2009 has been completed by a first reader, however, final checks on samples that were cataloged with low confidence of age have not been performed. A second independent read is necessary on these samples and will be performed in 2010, thus the results and a current index-at-age will not be presented in this report. During the spring 2009 survey 146 tautog were collected and aged. Only twelve tautog were collected and aged in the fall.
- ◆ **Weakfish.** Age 0 and age 1+ indices were calculated for both spring and fall surveys, 1984 – 2009 (Table 2.28). Since few weakfish are taken in April, the spring geometric mean was calculated using only May and June. All weakfish taken in spring are assumed to be age 1+. Similar to bluefish, the fall age 0 and 1+ index was calculated by using length frequencies to separate the catch. Since a break in the fall

length frequencies generally occurs between 24 and 32 cm each year (Table 2.57), weakfish less than 30 cm are considered to be age 0 while those greater than or equal to 30 cm are ages 1+.

- ♦ **Winter flounder.** An index-at-age matrix was developed for 1984-2009 using April and May LISTS data (Table 2.29). June data was not used since length frequency data suggest that many adult winter flounder have left the Sound by this time (an exception was made for 1984, the first year of LISTS, because very few samples were taken in the spring months). A total of 19,543 winter flounder aged between 1984 and 2009 were used to make year and region (east of Stratford Shoal, west of Stratford Shoal) specific age-length keys in 1 cm intervals. Similar to scup and summer flounder, three year pooled keys using only the adjacent years (two years for the terminal year runs) were used to assign ages if year specific keys were not available.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### Overview of LISTS 2009 Spring and Fall Surveys

The spring survey commenced on April 9<sup>th</sup> 2009 in eastern Long Island Sound aboard the R/V John Dempsey and continued for another eight days in April (total of 9 sampling days) to complete the forty tows for the April cruise. May sampling started in the eastern Sound on May 6<sup>th</sup> and continued until the June 1st. The June cruise commenced on the 11<sup>th</sup> and continued until sampling was completed on June 30<sup>th</sup>. Similar to April, both the May and June cruise took a total of nine sampling days each month to complete. A total of 120 LISTS tows were completed during the spring 2009 survey (Table 2.4). Fall sampling began with the September cruise, from the 14<sup>th</sup> to the 29<sup>th</sup> (ten days underway). Fall sampling resumed on the 14<sup>th</sup> of October and continued for 10 days of sampling which finished up on the 30th of October. A total of eighty tows were completed for the fall of 2009.

Maps showing the sites selected versus the sites sampled during each month of sampling are provided in Figure 2.2 (April), Figure 2.3 (May), Figure 2.4 (June), Figure 2.5 (September) and Figure 2.6 (October). Within each figure the red bordered sites are the sites selected for the month and the solid blue dots are the actual sites sampled. If a site had to be relocated during sampling, an explanation of why it had to be moved is listed under the figure. During the spring cruise, none of the sites were relocated. During the fall cruise, one site in September and four sites in October were moved. Additional site/station information is provided in Table 2.5 (April), Table 2.6 (May), Table 2.7 (June), Table 2.8 (September) and Table 2.9 (October) including date of sample, time, tow duration, latitude/longitude, and surface and bottom temperature and salinity.

Sometimes, a full 30-minute tow cannot be completed. Typical reasons for short tows include lack of room because of observed pot gear set in the immediate area, a drop in speed due to entanglement with some object on the bottom (frequently derelict pot gear), or a complete stop in forward motion (submerged wreck or rock pile). Survey crew will often attempt to finish an interrupted tow by clearing the net (if needed) and resetting beyond the obstruction or observed gear. If this is not possible, a site may have

to be moved to another site nearby with the same stratum (bottom type and depth). If the site was moved, the data from the initial site will not be used. Typically, a minimum of 15-20 minutes is required for a LISTS tow to be recorded. However, there are rare occasions when a tow with less than 15 minutes will be accepted, usually because there is no alternate site in the designated strata in the vicinity. Short tow information is summarized in Tables 2.10 (spring) and 2.11 (fall).

### **Cooperative Sample and Data Collection**

Throughout the time series, LISTS staff have been participating in cooperative efforts for sample collections, data requests, and special projects using survey personnel, equipment, and other resources. Most of these cooperative efforts are with state researchers or agencies, the National Marine Fisheries Service, Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, New England and Mid-Atlantic Councils, and researchers or graduate students associated with state or local universities. Table 2.12 illustrates many of the organizations that requested data in 2009 while Table 2.13 shows sample request received and fulfilled (each by month). In recent years many requests for samples have come from high schools, aquariums, or other educational organizations needing finfish and invertebrates for teaching purposes. Additionally, our own staff often have sample or data requests for media or other public outreach events (see job six of this report).

### **Number of Species Identified**

Sixty-three finfish species were observed in the 2009 Long Island Sound Trawl Survey, including one new species, the northern stargazer (*Astroscopus guttatus*) (Table 2.14). From 1984 to 2009, ninety-nine (99) finfish species have been identified on the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (Appendix 2.1), averaging 58 species per year with a range of 49 to 70 species (Fig 2.7). In addition, a total of forty types of invertebrates were collected in 2009 (Table 2.15). Most invertebrates are identified to species. However, in some cases, invertebrates were identified to genus or higher taxon.



northern stargazer (*Astroscopus guttatus*) caught in the October Survey.

### **Total Catch**

Appendix 2.4 presents a time series (1984-2009) of the finfish species collected each year and their respective rank by numbers. Annual total biomass of invertebrates is also included in this appendix (1992-2009), and are ranked by weight (kg).

A total of 201,476 finfish weighing 18,750 kg were sampled in 2009 (Table 2.16). In eighteen out of the last twenty-six years butterfish has been the highest-ranking finfish (numbers) in LISTS. In 2009, over one hundred thousand (108,087) butterfish accounted for 53.6% of the catch by number and 17.0% of the biomass. Scup was the second most abundant by number (46,991) and the most abundant by weight, accounting for 33.8% of the biomass in 2009. Scup ranked first by (by number and weight) in 2007 and 2008 (Appendix 2.4). Typically, scup and butterfish account for 60% of the Trawl Survey

annual catch (32%-86%, 1984-2009, Appendix 2.4). Bay anchovy were abundant in springtime catches and ranked third (11,128 fish) overall in 2009 followed by Atlantic herring (6,330 fish), winter flounder (4,068 fish) and bluefish (3,657 fish). Catches of weakfish (2,604 fish) were low again this year, due to lack of young-of-year weakfish in the fall catches for the second year in a row. The top five species by number accounted for 87.5% of the total annual catch and 55.1% of the total biomass in 2009. Three species (scup, butterfish, and winter flounder) have been among the five most abundant species caught (by number) each year in the 26-year LISTS time series.

Scup once again topped the spring catches with 27,620 fish (4,549.3 kg) accounting for 39.6% of the total by number and 43.4% of the spring biomass (Table 2.17). The scup index of abundance for spring 2009 (21.92 scup per tow) was the fourth highest in the time series. Three prominent length groups for scup were seen this past spring with modes peaking at 10-12 cm, 16-18 cm, and 21-24 cm (Table 2.49); very similar to the pattern in 2008. Butterfish, once again was ranked second this spring with 10,211 fish (472.7 kg). Butterfish have either ranked second or third in spring catches in nine out of the last ten years. Winter flounder remained in fifth position this season with 3,717 fish (490.6 kg). Windowpane flounder were most abundant during spring sampling for the first three years of the survey, however, winter flounder ranked first for the next thirteen years straight until scup became more abundant in the catches in 2000. Flounder then fell to second position each year until 2005 when it surpassed scup once again. In 2006 and 2007 winter flounder fell to third and light catches over the last two years, resulted in a drop to fifth.

Another noteworthy item about the springtime catches is the increasing frequency of juvenile cod in recent years (Appendix 2.2). This cold temperate species rarely occurred in trawl survey catches prior to 2003; only five individuals were observed between 1984 and 2002. Since 2003, there have been four years where cod have been observed in 5-11% of the tows.

Catches in the fall survey have consistently been dominated by four species: butterfish, scup, weakfish, and bluefish (Table 2.17). In 2009 these four species comprised 93.7% of the total catch of finfish and 68.6% of the total fall biomass. Scup abundance fell again this past fall with 19,371 fish (1,782.8 kg) taken or 14.7% of the fall total count while butterfish abundance increased to a high 74.3% of the catch from 97,876 fish (2,714.2 kg). In twenty-three out of the last twenty-six years butterfish have ranked first. Bluefish and weakfish and comprised 2.7% and 2.0 % of the fall catch with 3,604 fish and 2,595 fish respectively. Smooth dogfish again ranked high in biomass (3rd) with 1,005.9 kg from 224 individuals. Moonfish, bay anchovy and windowpane flounder were the fifth, sixth, and seventh most abundant species by count during the fall period this year.

A total of 2,148.2 kg of invertebrates were taken in 2009 (Table 2.16). Long-finned squid (648.4 kg), horseshoe crab (645.8 kg), and American lobster (244.0 kg) were the top three species in biomass. These three species accounted for 71.5% of the biomass. Eight hundred fifty-three (853) lobsters were recorded in the 200 survey tows in 2009 along with 24,130 long-finned squid and 340 horseshoe crabs. Spider crab

(144.1 kg) and lion's mane jellyfish (89.3 kg) were the fourth and fifth most dominant invertebrate species by weight.

The total biomass of invertebrate catch taken in the spring of 2009 was 894 kg (Table 2.18). Long-finned squid had the highest biomass of 233.0 kg comprising 26.1% of the total spring weight followed by horseshoe crab with 203.8 kg (22.8%) and American lobster with 136.6 kg (15.3%). After a slight increase in 2007 and 2008, the 2009 spring lobster abundance index decreased to a new record low of 1.40 lobsters/tow (Table 2.19). Springtime catches of long-finned squid rebounded from below average indices of 2.14 per tow and 3.45 per tow in 2007 and 2008, to above average (6.57 per tow) in 2009 – yet still remained well below the record catches of 2004 and 2006 (Table 2.19).

Catches of squid during the fall have been near or above average for the last three years, reminiscent of the catches from the early and mid-1990's with 179.39 squid/tow recorded in 2007, 114.99 squid/tow in 2008 (Table 2.20) and 187.15 squid/tow in 2009. Squid (20,497) totaled 415.4 kg in the eighty fall tows (Table 2.18) and accounted for 33.1% of the fall biomass, ranking number two by weight behind horseshoe crab (442.0 kg or 35.2% of the invertebrate biomass from 235 individuals). American lobster abundance, dropping to a time-series low during the fall of 2007, rose slightly to 2.07 lobsters/tow in 2008 and 1.82 lobster/tow this year (Table 2.20) with 384 individuals (107.4 kg) being recorded (Tables 2.18).

### Length Frequencies

Length frequency tables are provided primarily to give the reader an understanding of the size range of various species taken in LISTS. Lengths are converted to age frequencies for analysis of principal species such as scup, bluefish, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, winter flounder, and weakfish. Changes such as an expansion in the size (age) range for some important recreational species are apparent in recent years including more large scup (Table 2.49-2.50), striped bass (Table 2.51-2.52), and summer flounder (Table 2.53-2.54).

Length frequencies were prepared for 21 species:

alewife	spring and fall	1989 - 2009	Table 2.30;
American shad	spring and fall	1989 - 2009	Table 2.31;
American lobster	spring and fall (M&F)	1984 - 2009	Table 2.32-Table 2.35;
Atlantic herring	spring and fall	1989 - 2009	Table 2.36;
Atlantic menhaden	fall	1996 - 2009	Table 2.37;
black sea bass	spring and fall	1987 – 2009	Table 2.38, Table 2.39
blueback herring	spring and fall	1989 - 2009	Table 2.40;
bluefish	spring and fall	1984 - 2009	Table 2.41, Table 2.42;
butterfish	spring and fall	1986 - 1990, 1992 - 2009	Table 2.43;
fourspot flounder	spring and fall	1989 - 1990, 1996 - 2009	Table 2.44;
hickory shad	spring and fall	1991 - 2009	Table 2.45;
horseshoe crab	spring and fall (M&F)	1998 - 2009	Table 2.46, Table 2.47
long-finned squid	spring and fall	1986 - 1990, 1992 - 2009	Table 2.48;

scup	spring and fall	1984 - 2009	Table 2.49, Table 2.50;
striped bass	spring and fall	1984 - 2009	Table 2.51, Table 2.52;
summer flounder	spring and fall	1984 - 2009	Table 2.53, Table 2.54;
tautog	spring	1984 - 2009	Table 2.55;
weakfish	spring and fall	1984 - 2009	Table 2.56, Table 2.57;
windowpane flounder	spring and fall	1989, 1990, 1994 - 2009	Table 2.58;
winter flounder	April-May and fall	1984 - 2009	Table 2.59, Table 2.60;
winter skate	spring and fall	1995 - 2009	Table 2.61.

For the years where length data are available, length frequencies were prepared for the seasons or months for which the preferred indices of abundance and catch-at-age matrices are calculated; for some species length frequencies are provided for both seasons.

### Seasonal Indices of Abundance

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated from 1984-2009 for 38 finfish species plus lobster and long-finned squid (squid since 1986). All spring (April-June) and fall (September-October) data are used to compute the abundance indices presented in Tables 2.19 (spring) and 2.20 (fall), with the preferred seasonal index (for counts) denoted by an asterisk. Geometric mean biomass-per-tow indices have been calculated for 38 finfish and 15 invertebrate species (or species groups) since 1992, for both spring and fall (Table 2.21 and 2.22, respectively). Age specific indices of abundance were calculated for selected important recreational species, including scup, striped bass, summer flounder, and winter flounder (see below). For two other species, bluefish and weakfish recruitment indices were calculated using modal analysis of the length frequencies. For each of the thirty-eight finfish species, plots including catch per tow in numbers and biomass in kilograms are illustrated in Figures 2.8 through 2.13. These figures also include plots of each of the age specific indices and recruitment indices mentioned above. Figure 2.14 provides plots of abundance (biomass) indices for crabs (lady, rock, spider; 1992-2009), American lobster (1984-2009), horseshoe crab (1992-2009), and long-finned squid (1986-2009).

Three species attained record high abundance in Long Island Sound during 2009. Spiny dogfish catches for both spring and fall of 2009 were well above average and springtime catches resulted in record abundance for the time series (0.43 fish per tow or more than 7 times average). Spiny dogfish abundance has increased to above average levels since 2006 after a period of relatively steady low levels since the early 1990's. Two other species, moonfish and Atlantic Sturgeon also attained record high abundance this past year. The preferred seasonal index is the fall for both of these species. Moonfish abundance has been increasing since 2004 and for the last two years has been at its high with 5.08 and 10.03 fish per tow. Atlantic Sturgeon relative abundance has been erratic since the late eighties but at high or average levels. Fall abundance is currently similar to the two peak years in 2003 and 2006 at 0.10 fish per tow. There were three other species with notably high abundance in 2009 and were at near records for their respective time series. The 2009 black sea bass catch has increased from the recent low in 2006 (0.05 fish/tow) to 0.32 fish per tow; more than twice the average for the series. The spring black sea bass index is currently ranked second highest in twenty six years. Good catches of butterfish were also observed in the fall of 2009 also resulting in

the second highest in the time series at 409.75 fish/tow. Butterfish were available early in 2009 and good spring catches were also seen. Springtime indices similarly rank second with 9.44 fish/tow. The third species, rough scad, wasn't seen in 2008 but commonly caught during the fall cruise of 2009. Rough scad indices were also second highest in the series at 0.38 fish/tow and xx times the average. LISTS scad indices haven't been at these levels since 1987 and 1988. No other species had notably high abundance in 2009 and only summer flounder and northern kingfish abundance placed in their top five rank for the series. Summer flounder increased again for the third year in a row to 3.12 fish/tow, or 1.7 times the mean. Summer flounder abundance peaked in 2002 and fell to average levels (1.91 fish/tow) from 2004 through 2007. Overall abundance for scup (which is typically driven by young of year abundance) dropped from 475.3 fish/tow in 2007 to 303.3 fish/tow in 2008, and 139.4 fish/tow in 2009 and although age 2+ scup fell from 37.3 fish/tow in 2007 to 24.5 fish/tow in 2008 it increased this past season to 31.5 fish/tow and now remains in the top five for the time-series (Table 2.24). The spring index for scup typically isn't preferred for Long Island Sound, nonetheless good catches of age 2+ fish in 2008 (75.2 fish/ tow) and 2009 (72.8 fish/tow) resulted in the second and third highest abundance behind the unusual availability observed in 2002 (208.8 fish/tow). Several additional species have higher abundance during the non-preferred season (see Tables 2.19-2.20 for designation). Five of these species are: bluefish in the spring survey (0.24 fish/tow or 4rd highest); butterfish, as mentioned above, also in the spring survey (9.44 fish/tow, 2nd); spring smooth dogfish (1.05 fish/tow, 3rd); and spring clearnose skate (0.08 fish/tow, 3rd); and fall fourspot flounder abundance (1.82 fish/tow, 3rd). Three of these species (butterfish, smooth dogfish, and clearnose skate) were in the top ten percent rank for their respective time series

A couple species were at record low abundance or were in the lower tenth percentile for their respective time series in both the spring and fall surveys. This includes six spring species (i.e. where the spring survey provides better estimates of overall abundance): cunner (0.05 fish/tow) and little skate (1.03 fish/tow) were at record lows in 2009; fourspot flounder (1.71 fish/tow), fourbeard rockling (0.18 fish/tow), longhorn sculpin (0.01 fish/tow), and tautog (0.40 fish/tow) were in the lower 10<sup>th</sup> percentile. Winter flounder (18.98 fish/tow), windowpane flounder (7.08 fish/tow), and red hake (1.48 fish/tow) were also low in the spring of 2009 but recorded just above the tenth percentile. American lobster spring abundance (spring and fall are both good estimates) continued declining to its lowest level in the time series with 1.40 lobsters/tow. LISTS fall sampling produced the third lowest American lobster abundance index in twenty-six years with 1.82 lobsters per tow. Three other fall species similarly recorded low abundance in 2009, including bluefish (18.11 fish/tow, ranked 21<sup>st</sup>) because of the lack of young of year in the samples, hogchoker (0.09 fish/tow, ranked 22<sup>nd</sup>) and Atlantic menhaden (0.28 fish/tow, ranked 21<sup>st</sup>).

Using the preferred spring index, a total of nine "spring species" had increasing abundance in 2009 while eleven species had decreasing abundance from the prior year (Table 2.19-2.20). During the fall, twelve "fall species" had increasing abundance and eight had decreasing abundance from the prior year. One species in the spring and one species in the fall remained the same from 2008 to 2009.

## **Indices of Abundance: Important Recreational Species**

Spring and fall abundance indices are presented in Tables 2.19-2.20. Indices of abundance at age were also calculated for six important recreational species: bluefish (Table 2.23), scup (Table 2.24), striped bass (Table 2.25 age frequency, Table 2.26 indices at age), summer flounder (Table 2.27), weakfish (Table 2.28) and winter flounder (Table 2.29). Bluefish and striped bass indices-at-age are based on the fall and spring surveys, respectively, whereas winter flounder indices-at-age are based on only the April and May cruises of the spring survey. In 2009, LISTS collected and aged 773 winter flounder for use in the development of age keys and the final catch-at-age matrix. Both scup and weakfish indices-at-age are calculated and presented separately for each season. Six hundred and sixty-seven (667) scup were collected and aged in 2009 for use in the keys and calculations of the age matrix. Weakfish and bluefish use modal distributions for calculating their respective recruitment index although a small number of weakfish are taken each year for ageing purposes (see methods).

Adult bluefish abundance in the fall has been average for the past five years after decreasing from near record high abundance in 2004 (Figure 2.4). However, snapper abundance has been low for the past two years. Striped bass abundance has been above average for the past 15 years (Figure 2.13). Adult scup abundance remains high relative to 1984-1998 levels; the 2009 fall index of age 2+ fish was the fifth highest in the time-series (Figure 2.11) while the 2009 spring index was the third highest. Summer flounder (fluke) abundance increased this past year, approaching the 2003 index. Recently, fluke abundance had declined from the high levels recorded between 2001 and 2003 to average levels similar to levels seen from 1996 to 2000 (Figure 2.9). The spring survey index for tautog has remained low and below the time-series average for the past 17 years except for a short-lived increase in abundance in 2002 (Figure 2.13). The past eleven years of winter flounder springtime abundance indices have been the lowest on record, with 2006 being the lowest index for the time-series and 2007-2009 indices being approximately one-third the time series average (Figure 2.9). Although the numbers of young-of-year weakfish have been low the past two years, abundance of 1+ weakfish was above average in 2009 (Figure 2.13).

## **MODIFICATIONS**

None.

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**TABLES 2.1 - 2.29  
LISTS**

**Table 2.1.** Specifications for the Wilcox 14 m high-rise trawl net and associated gear.

Component	Description
<b>Headrope</b>	9.1 m long, 13 mm combination wire rope
<b>Footrope</b>	14.0 m long, 13 mm combination wire rope
<b>Sweep</b>	Combination type, 9.5 mm chain in belly, 7.9 mm chain in wing
<b>Floats</b>	7 floats, plastic, 203 mm diameter
<b>Wings</b>	102 mm mesh, #21 twisted nylon
<b>Belly</b>	102 mm mesh, #21 twisted nylon
<b>Tail Piece</b>	76 mm mesh, #21 twisted nylon
<b>Codend</b>	51 mm mesh, #54 braided nylon
<b>Ground Wires</b>	18.2 m long, 6x7 wire, 9.5 mm diameter
<b>Bridle Wires:</b>	top legs 27.4 m long, 6x7 wire, 6.4 mm diameter
<b>Bottom Legs</b>	27.4 m long, 6x7 wire, 11.1 mm, rubber disc type, 40 mm diameter
<b>Doors</b>	Steel "V" type, 1.2 m long x 0.8 m high, 91 kg
<b>Tow Warp</b>	6x7 wire, 9.5 mm diameter

**Table 2.2.** The number of sites scheduled for sampling each month within the 12 depth-bottom type strata.

Bottom type	Depth Interval (m)				<b>Totals</b>
	<b>0 - 9.0</b>	<b>9.1 - 18.2</b>	<b>18.3 - 27.3</b>	<b>27.4+</b>	
<b>Mud</b>	2	3	5	5	15
<b>Sand</b>	2	2	2	2	8
<b>Transitional</b>	3	5	5	4	17
<b>Totals</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>40</b>

**Table 2.3. Length and age data collected in 2009.**

In addition to the species listed below, other rarely occurring species (totaling less than 30 fish/year each) were measured. During 2009, twenty-one other species were measured during LISTS sampling as either rarely occurring species or for other research related projects

Species measured	Measurement	# tows/day	# fish measured
Alewife	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
American lobster	CL (0.1 mm)	All	min of 50 / tow
American shad	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
Atlantic herring	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY and min of 30 adults / tow
Atlantic menhaden	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
Atlantic sturgeon	FL (cm)	All	All
blueback herring	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
bluefish	FL (cm)	All	min of 30 YOY / tow, all adults
black sea bass	TL (cm)	All	All
butterfish	FL cm)	1 <sup>st</sup> -3 <sup>rd</sup>	min of 15 YOY and 15 adults / tow
cunner	TL (cm)	All	All
dogfish, smooth	FL (cm)	All	All
dogfish, spiny	FL (cm)	All	All
fourspot flounder	TL (cm)	3 <sup>rd</sup> on	min of 30/tow
hickory shad	FL (cm)	All	All
horseshoe crab	PW (cm)	All	All
northern searobin	FL (cm)	3 <sup>rd</sup> on	min of 30/tow
moonfish	FL (cm)	Occasional	min of 10/tow
smallmouth flounder	TL (cm)	Occasional	min of 10/tow
striped bass	FL (cm)	All	All
striped searobin	FL (cm)	3 <sup>rd</sup> on	min of 30/tow
scup	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY and 30 / mode for age 1+
long-finned squid	ML (cm)	1 <sup>st</sup> -3 <sup>rd</sup>	min of 30 / tow
summer flounder	FL (cm)	All	All
tautog	TL (cm)	All	All
weakfish	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY / tow, all adults
windowpane flounder	TL (cm)	1 <sup>st</sup> -3 <sup>rd</sup>	min of 50 / tow
winter flounder	TL (cm)	All	min of 100 / tow
winter skate	TL (cm)	All	All

Species aged	Structure	Subsample
scup	scales	Collected every month. For each month scales are taken from the following: 3 fish/cm <20 cm; 5/cm from 20-29 cm; and all fish > 30 cm.
summer flounder	scales	all fish > = 60 cm
tautog	opercular bones	Collected from a minimum of 200 fish/year.
weakfish	scales / otoliths	Collected each season. For each season, 1 scale and one otolith sample / cm up to 19 cm and all scales and otoliths >= 20 cm.
winter flounder	otoliths	Collected during April and May from two areas in the Sound: eastern-central and western. For each month and area, subsamples are taken as follows: in the eastern-central area 7 fish / cm < 30 cm, 14 / cm from 30-36 cm, all fish > 36 cm. In the western area 5 fish / cm < 30 cm, 10/cm from 30-36 cm, all fish > than 36 cm.

Notes: min = minimum; YOY = young-of-year; FL = fork length; TL = total length; CL = carapace length; ML = mantle length; PW = prosomal width.

**Table 2.4. Number of Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (LISTS) samples taken by year and cruise.**

In 1984, thirty-five sites per monthly cruise from April through November were scheduled for sampling. Starting in 1985, forty sites per cruise were scheduled. In 1991, the Trawl Survey was modified to a spring (April - June) and fall (September - October) format--July, August and November sampling was suspended. In 1993 and 1994, an additional cruise of 40 sites was added to the fall period. The additional fall cruise was suspended in 1995. One hundred twenty tows were conducted in 2006 due to delays in rebuilding the main engine on the R/V John Dempsey (spring) and mechanical failure/overhaul of the hydraulic power take-off (fall). Delays in overhauling the transmission in the fall of 2008 resulted in missing September sampling.

Cruise	Year																								
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
April	-	-	35	40	40	40	40	40	-	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	40	40	40
May	13	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
June	19	5	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	39	40	40	40	40	40
July	35	40	40	40	40	40	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
August	34	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
September	35	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	40
Sept/Oct	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
October	35	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	40	40	-	40	40	40
November	29	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-
Total	200	246	316	320	320	320	297	200	160	240	240	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	199	200	120	200	160	200

**Table 2.5. Station information for LISTS April 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are listed in the last four columns for each tow.

Sample	Date	Site	Btm Type	Depth Int	Time	Duration	Ave Speed (knots)	Lat	Lon	S_Temp	S_Sal	B_Temp	B_Sal
SP2009001	4/9/2009	1740	T	2	8:36:00	30	3.3	41.2872	-72.0703	9.3	27.1	8.8	28.5
SP2009002	4/9/2009	1133	S	4	10:49:00	30	2.3	41.1998	-72.3490	8.6	28.8	8.1	30.0
SP2009003	4/9/2009	0931	S	4	12:04:00	30	2.5	41.1615	-72.4448	9.3	28.9	8.3	30.0
SP2009004	4/9/2009	1332	S	1	13:25:00	30	4.0	41.2272	-72.4512	9.0	29.6	8.7	29.6
SP2009005	4/13/2009	1432	S	2	7:48:00	30	2.6	41.2352	-72.4020	10.2	27.7	10.1	28.0
SP2009006	4/13/2009	1428	T	1	9:34:00	30	3.3	41.2487	-72.5790	11.3	26.8	10.2	27.6
SP2009007	4/13/2009	1425	M	1	11:09:00	30	3.3	41.2383	-72.7308	11.8	26.5	11.5	26.6
SP2009008	4/13/2009	1025	T	3	12:44:00	30	2.6	41.1643	-72.7675	11.1	26.7	9.9	27.3
SP2009009	4/13/2009	1027	T	4	13:59:00	30	3.0	41.1682	-72.7100	10.0	28.5	9.9	28.8
SP2009010	4/13/2009	0429	T	3	15:59:00	24	3.6	41.0725	-72.5908	11.4	27.1	10.1	28.5
SP2009011	4/14/2009	1534	T	1	7:18:00	30	3.2	41.2593	-72.3520	11.8	27.1	10.5	27.8
SP2009012	4/14/2009	0430	T	3	9:28:00	30	3.6	41.0872	-72.4907	12.0	27.1	10.1	27.7
SP2009013	4/14/2009	0528	S	3	10:47:00	30	3.3	41.0970	-72.5462	12.3	27.0	10.4	27.6
SP2009014	4/14/2009	5824	S	1	12:43:00	30	3.7	40.9803	-72.7345	10.9	27.9	9.9	29.1
SP2009015	4/14/2009	0325	T	3	14:06:00	30	2.9	41.0550	-72.7557	11.3	27.1	10.3	28.5
SP2009016	4/17/2009	0929	S	3	8:15:00	30	2.2	41.1638	-72.5275	12.2	27.1	10.3	28.4
SP2009017	4/17/2009	0725	T	4	9:51:00	30	2.9	41.1298	-72.6970	12.9	27.1	10.5	27.9
SP2009018	4/17/2009	0123	M	4	11:38:00	30	3.2	41.0215	-72.8405	13.1	27.1	10.4	28.1
SP2009019	4/17/2009	0624	T	4	13:00:00	30	3.1	41.1083	-72.7987	11.7	27.3	11.6	27.5
SP2009020	4/21/2009	0621	M	3	10:03:00	30	3.3	41.1435	-72.9258	11.9	27.6	10.5	28.1
SP2009021	4/21/2009	0521	M	4	11:07:00	30	3.3	41.0868	-72.9183	12.5	26.6	10.1	27.7
SP2009022	4/21/2009	0120	M	4	12:29:00	30	2.7	41.0293	-72.9070	13.9	25.6	10.2	27.6
SP2009023	4/21/2009	0219	M	4	13:47:00	30	2.9	41.0505	-72.9543	13.4	26.4	11.2	26.6
SP2009024	4/22/2009	0818	T	2	7:58:00	30	3.7	41.1522	-72.9975	12.9	26.2	11.8	26.5
SP2009025	4/22/2009	0015	T	4	9:47:00	25	2.9	41.0088	-73.1260	13.2	26.4	11.6	26.6
SP2009026	4/22/2009	5513	S	2	12:12:00	30	3.5	40.9258	-73.2507	13.3	26.4	9.8	26.9
SP2009027	4/22/2009	5612	T	2	13:41:00	30	3.1	40.9440	-73.2692	12.5	26.5	10.1	26.9
SP2009028	4/22/2009	5812	M	3	14:54:00	30	3.4	40.9760	-73.2997	12.7	26.0	12.2	26.4
SP2009029	4/24/2009	0715	T	1	8:05:00	30	4.0	41.1268	-73.1297	12.3	26.5	11.8	26.6
SP2009030	4/24/2009	0411	T	2	10:20:00	26	3.1	41.0767	-73.2718	13.4	26.4	10.2	26.8
SP2009031	4/24/2009	0110	T	3	11:40:00	30	3.1	41.0232	-73.3655	13.3	26.4	10.6	26.7
SP2009032	4/24/2009	0112	M	4	12:45:00	30	3.3	41.0337	-73.2987	12.6	26.6	12.3	26.6
SP2009033	4/24/2009	0214	M	3	13:56:00	18	3.5	41.0392	-73.2212	12.5	26.5	12.4	26.6
SP2009034	4/27/2009	1119	M	2	9:05:00	30	2.8	41.1885	-73.0048	13.0	26.0	12.7	26.4
SP2009035	4/27/2009	1320	M	1	10:13:00	30	3.4	41.2362	-72.9577	13.2	26.5	12.7	26.7
SP2009036	4/27/2009	0920	T	2	11:33:00	30	2.7	41.1605	-72.9318	13.7	26.8	11.6	27.5
SP2009037	4/27/2009	0722	M	3	12:48:00	30	3.4	41.1320	-72.8390	13.1	26.8	12.9	26.8
SP2009038	4/27/2009	0619	M	3	13:59:00	30	3.1	41.1143	-72.9655	14.1	26.8	14.2	26.8
SP2009039	4/28/2009	1121	M	2	8:20:00	30	3.2	41.1810	-72.9385	13.2	27.0	11.8	27.2
SP2009040	4/28/2009	1123	M	2	9:31:00	30	2.9	41.1812	-72.8445	14.5	26.8	13.8	27.0

**Table 2.6. Station information for LISTS May 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are listed in the last four columns for each tow.

Sample	Date	Site	Btm Type	Depth Int	Time	Duration	Ave Speed (knots)	Lat	Lon	S_Temp	S_Sal	B_Temp	B_Sal
SP2009041	5/6/2009	1533	S	1	9:08:00	30	3.2	41.2567	-72.3770	9.3	27.1	8.8	28.5
SP2009042	5/6/2009	1436	T	4	10:24:00	30	3.5	41.2350	-72.2798	8.6	28.8	8.1	30.0
SP2009043	5/6/2009	1740	T	2	12:01:00	30	3.3	41.2943	-72.0755	9.3	28.9	8.3	30.0
SP2009044	5/6/2009	1738	T	2	13:56:00	30	2.8	41.2850	-72.1468	9.0	29.6	8.7	29.6
SP2009045	5/18/2009	1427	T	1	8:21:00	30	3.0	41.2502	-72.5903	10.2	27.7	10.1	28.0
SP2009046	5/18/2009	1025	T	3	10:08:00	30	3.6	41.1652	-72.7628	11.3	26.8	10.2	27.6
SP2009047	5/18/2009	5825	S	1	12:25:00	30	3.4	40.9792	-72.7365	11.8	26.5	11.5	26.6
SP2009048	5/18/2009	0325	T	3	13:58:00	30	2.9	41.0567	-72.7538	11.1	26.7	9.9	27.3
SP2009049	5/19/2009	1433	S	2	7:06:00	30	2.7	41.2485	-72.3503	10.0	28.5	9.9	28.8
SP2009050	5/19/2009	0629	S	4	8:59:00	30	2.3	41.1133	-72.5022	11.4	27.1	10.1	28.5
SP2009051	5/19/2009	0427	T	3	10:54:00	30	2.6	41.0893	-72.6000	11.8	27.1	10.5	27.8
SP2009052	5/19/2009	0824	T	4	12:45:00	30	3.2	41.1288	-72.8010	12.0	27.1	10.1	27.7
SP2009053	5/19/2009	1024	T	3	14:19:00	30	3.0	41.1715	-72.7807	12.3	27.0	10.4	27.6
SP2009054	5/20/2009	0831	S	4	8:13:00	30	2.7	41.1355	-72.4458	10.9	27.9	9.9	29.1
SP2009055	5/20/2009	0628	S	3	9:41:00	30	2.3	41.1148	-72.5685	11.3	27.1	10.3	28.5
SP2009056	5/20/2009	0528	S	3	10:52:00	30	2.1	41.0980	-72.5473	12.2	27.1	10.3	28.4
SP2009057	5/20/2009	0526	T	3	12:08:00	30	2.9	41.1010	-72.6348	12.9	27.1	10.5	27.9
SP2009058	5/20/2009	0927	T	4	13:28:00	30	3.2	41.1555	-72.6710	13.1	27.1	10.4	28.1
SP2009059	5/21/2009	1425	M	1	9:16:00	30	3.1	41.2372	-72.7255	11.7	27.3	11.6	27.5
SP2009060	5/21/2009	1225	T	2	10:40:00	30	2.6	41.2062	-72.7092	11.9	27.6	10.5	28.1
SP2009061	5/21/2009	0022	M	4	12:54:00	18	2.7	41.0132	-72.8345	12.5	26.6	10.1	27.7
SP2009062	5/21/2009	0120	M	4	14:03:00	30	2.9	41.0285	-72.9042	13.9	25.6	10.2	27.6
SP2009063	5/27/2009	5813	M	3	9:23:00	30	3.6	40.9772	-73.2115	13.4	26.4	11.2	26.6
SP2009064	5/27/2009	5513	S	2	10:59:00	30	3.3	40.9252	-73.2467	12.9	26.2	11.8	26.5
SP2009065	5/27/2009	5812	M	3	12:26:00	30	2.4	40.9743	-73.3038	13.2	26.4	11.6	26.6
SP2009066	5/27/2009	0114	M	4	13:50:00	30	2.7	41.0088	-73.2230	13.3	26.4	9.8	26.9
SP2009067	5/27/2009	0015	T	4	15:08:00	16	2.8	40.9995	-73.1773	12.5	26.5	10.1	26.9
SP2009068	5/28/2009	0512	M	2	9:02:00	25	2.8	41.0993	-73.2515	12.7	26.0	12.2	26.4
SP2009069	5/28/2009	0312	M	3	11:06:00	30	3.8	41.0642	-73.2350	12.3	26.5	11.8	26.6
SP2009070	5/28/2009	0112	M	4	12:59:00	14	3.4	41.0255	-73.2388	13.4	26.4	10.2	26.8
SP2009071	5/28/2009	0012	M	4	14:42:00	30	2.8	41.0080	-73.2790	13.3	26.4	10.6	26.7
SP2009072	5/29/2009	0414	M	3	8:41:00	30	3.0	41.0743	-73.1840	12.6	26.6	12.3	26.6
SP2009073	5/29/2009	0515	M	2	10:59:00	26	2.9	41.0842	-73.1808	12.5	26.5	12.4	26.6
SP2009074	5/29/2009	0715	T	1	11:59:00	30	2.7	41.1173	-73.1803	13.0	26.0	12.7	26.4
SP2009075	5/29/2009	0617	T	2	13:25:00	30	2.6	41.1000	-73.1063	13.2	26.5	12.7	26.7
SP2009076	5/29/2009	0721	M	3	15:02:00	26	2.9	41.1242	-72.9302	13.7	26.8	11.6	27.5
SP2009077	6/1/2009	0918	T	2	7:58:00	30	3.6	41.1572	-73.0600	13.1	26.8	12.9	26.8
SP2009078	6/1/2009	1319	M	1	9:13:00	30	3.1	41.2312	-72.9687	14.1	26.8	14.2	26.8
SP2009079	6/1/2009	0921	M	2	10:27:00	30	3.8	41.1613	-72.9305	13.2	27.0	11.8	27.2
SP2009080	6/1/2009	1423	T	1	11:33:00	20	3.6	41.2280	-72.8600	14.5	26.8	13.8	27.0

**Table 2.7. Station information for LISTS June 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are listed in the last four columns for each tow.

Sample	Date	Site	Btm	Depth	Time	Duration	Ave Speed (knots)	Lat	Lon	S_Temp	S_Sal	B_Temp	B_Sal
			Type	Int									
SP2009081	6/11/2009	1228	T	3	8:23:00	30	3.1	41.2155	-72.5515	15.5	27.1	13.7	28.2
SP2009082	6/11/2009	1225	T	2	10:15:00	30	2.6	41.1955	-72.7783	15.1	26.8	14.0	27.7
SP2009083	6/11/2009	1425	M	1	11:29:00	30	3.3	41.2393	-72.7258	15.3	27.2	15.3	27.3
SP2009084	6/11/2009	1427	T	1	13:27:00	30	3.1	41.2370	-72.6608	14.7	27.7	14.6	27.7
SP2009085	6/15/2009	1437	T	4	8:01:00	30	2.3	41.2440	-72.2128	14.3	28.4	13.3	30.3
SP2009086	6/15/2009	1336	T	4	9:06:00	30	2.5	41.2207	-72.2468	14.8	27.2	13.2	30.2
SP2009087	6/15/2009	0530	S	3	11:23:00	30	3.5	41.0953	-72.5087	15.6	26.7	13.9	28.6
SP2009088	6/15/2009	1433	S	2	14:30:00	30	2.3	41.2392	-72.4023	14.4	27.7	14.1	28.4
SP2009089	6/16/2009	0731	S	4	8:07:00	30	2.5	41.1320	-72.4702	15.2	27.3	13.6	29.1
SP2009090	6/16/2009	0028	T	2	10:08:00	30	3.0	41.0178	-72.5843	14.9	26.9	13.3	27.0
SP2009091	6/16/2009	5925	T	1	11:39:00	30	2.9	40.9795	-72.7372	14.8	26.7	14.2	26.8
SP2009092	6/16/2009	0128	T	2	12:53:00	30	2.6	41.0207	-72.6332	15.1	26.8	12.6	27.3
SP2009093	6/16/2009	0629	S	4	14:15:00	30	2.4	41.1033	-72.5538	16.5	26.6	14.0	28.5
SP2009094	6/17/2009	0330	S	1	8:22:00	30	2.7	41.0633	-72.4965	15.6	26.8	14.1	27.8
SP2009095	6/17/2009	0125	T	4	10:00:00	30	3.0	41.0188	-72.6978	15.8	26.8	12.8	27.7
SP2009096	6/17/2009	5823	S	1	11:27:00	30	3.3	40.9813	-72.8248	15.4	26.6	15.1	26.6
SP2009097	6/17/2009	0325	T	3	12:51:00	30	3.0	41.0570	-72.7555	16.9	26.5	12.8	27.7
SP2009098	6/17/2009	0828	S	3	14:22:00	13	2.6	41.1400	-72.6100	17.9	26.7	14.1	28.1
SP2009099	6/18/2009	0523	M	4	10:10:00	30	2.5	41.0895	-72.7935	16.4	26.5	13.4	27.8
SP2009100	6/18/2009	0220	M	4	11:52:00	30	2.8	41.0480	-72.9072	16.7	26.6	12.8	27.8
SP2009101	6/18/2009	5920	M	2	13:09:00	30	3.0	40.9942	-72.8997	15.0	26.6	12.7	27.6
SP2009102	6/18/2009	0119	M	4	14:28:00	24	3.0	41.0300	-72.9628	16.1	26.5	13.0	27.8
SP2009103	6/23/2009	1020	T	2	8:08:00	30	3.1	41.1857	-72.9178	16.9	26.1	15.0	27.3
SP2009104	6/23/2009	0721	M	3	9:42:00	30	3.1	41.1332	-72.8817	17.2	26.6	14.1	27.8
SP2009105	6/23/2009	0418	M	4	11:15:00	27	3.0	41.0780	-72.9853	17.5	26.7	13.4	27.7
SP2009106	6/23/2009	0417	T	3	12:53:00	21	2.3	41.0738	-73.0778	17.5	27.0	13.5	27.5
SP2009107	6/23/2009	0618	M	3	14:01:00	30	3.0	41.1008	-73.0510	17.3	27.0	13.6	27.5
SP2009108	6/24/2009	0210	T	2	9:04:00	23	3.1	41.0490	-73.3180	17.4	24.7	14.1	26.7
SP2009109	6/24/2009	0110	T	3	10:48:00	25	2.0	41.0215	-73.3683	18.3	24.3	13.4	26.9
SP2009110	6/24/2009	5912	M	3	11:54:00	30	2.1	40.9875	-73.2997	17.9	25.1	15.0	26.3
SP2009111	6/24/2009	5513	S	2	13:07:00	30	3.0	40.9257	-73.2483	17.4	25.7	16.9	25.8
SP2009112	6/24/2009	0215	M	4	14:38:00	24	2.9	41.0310	-73.1772	17.6	25.0	13.8	27.4
SP2009113	6/25/2009	0413	M	3	8:37:00	30	3.0	41.0722	-73.2128	17.8	24.6	14.5	26.8
SP2009114	6/25/2009	0214	M	3	9:54:00	30	2.1	41.0397	-73.2137	17.7	25.6	14.3	27.2
SP2009115	6/25/2009	0015	T	4	11:11:00	22	2.0	40.9978	-73.1790	18.4	25.1	13.7	27.3
SP2009116	6/30/2009	1219	M	2	8:09:00	30	3.0	41.2153	-72.9552	18.8	27.0	17.5	27.2
SP2009117	6/30/2009	1022	M	2	9:53:00	30	3.0	41.1827	-72.8290	19.9	26.6	15.6	27.3
SP2009118	6/30/2009	1024	T	3	11:29:00	30	3.0	41.1813	-72.7395	19.3	26.4	15.9	27.2
SP2009119	6/30/2009	1220	T	1	13:03:00	30	3.1	41.2168	-72.9150	19.3	26.8	18.2	27.0
SP2009120	6/30/2009	1320	M	1	15:08:00	30	3.0	41.2342	-72.9540	19.5	26.5	19.1	26.7

**Table 2.8. Station information for LISTS September 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are listed in the last four columns for each tow.

Sample	Date	Site	Btm	Depth	Time	Duration	Ave Speed (knots)	Lat	Lon	S_Temp	S_Sal	B_Temp	B_Sal
			Type	Int									
FA2009001	9/15/2009	0931	S	4	8:26:00	30	2.8	41.1600	-72.4440	20.4	29.2	20.3	29.5
FA2009002	9/15/2009	0629	S	4	9:44:00	30	2.2	41.1128	-72.5025	20.7	28.8	20.7	28.8
FA2009003	9/15/2009	0528	S	3	10:57:00	30	1.7	41.0980	-72.5477	20.9	28.7	20.8	28.8
FA2009004	9/15/2009	0427	T	3	12:15:00	30	2.2	41.0882	-72.6012	21.7	28.1	21.1	28.5
FA2009005	9/15/2009	0926	T	4	14:03:00	30	3.4	41.1500	-72.6905	21.8	28.0	21.2	28.3
FA2009006	9/15/2009	1228	T	3	15:18:00	30	2.8	41.1988	-72.6078	21.6	27.9	21.3	28.3
FA2009007	9/16/2009	1533	S	1	8:47:00	30	3.5	41.2577	-72.3775	20.2	29.0	20.2	30.0
FA2009008	9/16/2009	1737	T	1	10:15:00	30	3.4	41.2870	-72.1965	20.2	30.4	20.2	30.4
FA2009009	9/16/2009	1840	T	1	11:41:00	30	3.2	41.3230	-72.0837	20.6	28.5	20.1	30.6
FA2009010	9/18/2009	1333	S	1	7:30:00	30	2.0	41.2307	-72.4037	19.8	29.1	19.8	29.1
FA2009011	9/21/2009	1336	T	4	7:37:00	30	3.2	41.2223	-72.2448	19.9	29.5	19.6	30.2
FA2009012	9/21/2009	1436	T	4	8:56:00	30	3.9	41.2473	-72.2362	19.5	29.4	19.7	30.3
FA2009013	9/21/2009	0228	T	2	11:10:00	30	4.3	41.0437	-72.5608	20.6	28.0	20.5	27.9
FA2009014	9/21/2009	0129	S	2	12:19:00	30	3.7	41.0282	-72.5658	20.6	27.9	20.5	28.0
FA2009015	9/21/2009	0229	T	2	13:16:00	30	3.0	41.0357	-72.6113	20.6	28.2	20.6	28.3
FA2009016	9/21/2009	0728	S	3	14:33:00	30	3.1	41.1182	-72.6030	20.9	28.6	20.5	28.6
FA2009017	9/22/2009	0827	T	3	9:01:00	30	3.5	41.1415	-72.6198	20.6	27.8	20.6	28.3
FA2009018	9/22/2009	0426	T	3	10:17:00	30	3.7	41.0777	-72.6412	20.6	27.6	20.6	27.9
FA2009019	9/22/2009	0326	T	3	11:45:00	30	3.7	41.0675	-72.6748	20.8	27.6	20.6	27.9
FA2009020	9/22/2009	0023	M	4	13:12:00	30	3.3	41.0382	-72.7953	21.1	27.9	20.6	28.1
FA2009021	9/22/2009	0322	M	4	14:25:00	30	3.2	41.0507	-72.8793	21.1	27.7	20.7	28.0
FA2009022	9/22/2009	0724	T	4	15:52:00	30	3.6	41.1115	-72.7885	21.1	27.6	20.6	28.2
FA2009023	9/23/2009	0422	M	4	9:42:00	30	3.4	41.0805	-72.8428	20.8	27.5	20.7	27.9
FA2009024	9/23/2009	0122	M	4	11:01:00	30	3.3	41.0250	-72.8235	21.0	27.5	20.7	28.1
FA2009025	9/23/2009	0021	M	3	12:28:00	30	2.9	41.0007	-72.9237	21.0	27.1	20.7	27.7
FA2009026	9/23/2009	5920	M	2	13:56:00	30	3.3	40.9843	-72.9505	21.1	27.2	20.7	27.1
FA2009027	9/23/2009	5918	M	3	15:01:00	30	3.1	41.0010	-72.9708	21.0	27.1	20.7	27.8
FA2009028	9/24/2009	0617	T	2	8:16:00	30	2.8	41.1142	-73.0413	20.5	26.5	20.6	27.6
FA2009029	9/24/2009	5614	T	2	10:11:00	30	3.3	40.9428	-73.1730	20.9	26.7	20.6	26.9
FA2009030	9/24/2009	5613	T	2	11:22:00	30	3.5	40.9478	-73.1890	21.2	26.8	20.8	26.9
FA2009031	9/24/2009	5709	S	2	13:00:00	30	2.9	40.9502	-73.4072	21.5	26.6	21.1	26.5
FA2009032	9/25/2009	0414	M	3	9:12:00	30	3.1	41.0845	-73.1298	20.3	27.0	20.4	27.4
FA2009033	9/25/2009	0011	M	4	10:41:00	30	3.1	41.0162	-73.2880	20.6	26.9	20.6	27.7
FA2009034	9/25/2009	0511	M	2	12:13:00	16	2.9	41.0887	-73.3037	20.6	26.9	20.5	27.1
FA2009035	9/25/2009	0612	M	1	13:13:00	30	2.9	41.0995	-73.3225	20.5	26.9	20.5	26.9
FA2009036	9/29/2009	1118	M	1	7:50:00	30	3.2	41.1940	-73.0045	19.6	26.8	19.6	26.8
FA2009037	9/29/2009	0618	M	3	9:47:00	30	3.8	41.0998	-73.0495	19.7	26.8	20.4	27.9
FA2009038	9/29/2009	0820	M	3	11:25:00	30	3.8	41.1362	-72.9755	19.8	27.2	20.3	27.9
FA2009039	9/29/2009	1022	M	2	12:34:00	30	3.7	41.1698	-72.8837	19.9	27.3	20.3	28.2
FA2009040	9/29/2009	1322	T	1	14:29:00	25	2.3	41.2347	-72.8132	19.5	27.0	19.7	27.2

**Table 2.9. Station information for LISTS October 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are listed in the last four columns for each tow.

Sample	Date	Site	Btm	Depth	Time	Duration	Ave Speed (knots)	Lat	Lon	S_Temp	S_Sal	B_Temp	B_Sal
			Type	Int									
FA2009041	10/14/2009	1433	S	2	7:46:00	30	3.2	41.2375	-72.3948	16.8	30.3	16.9	30.4
FA2009042	10/14/2009	1837	T	1	9:18:00	30	3.5	41.2892	-72.1978	16.3	30.7	16.4	30.9
FA2009043	10/14/2009	0931	S	4	11:58:00	30	2.0	41.1595	-72.4465	17.3	29.6	17.2	29.7
FA2009044	10/14/2009	1126	T	3	13:53:00	30	2.6	41.1980	-72.6628	17.4	28.1	17.2	28.5
FA2009045	10/14/2009	1227	T	3	15:22:00	30	2.8	41.2043	-72.6385	17.3	28.3	17.2	28.5
FA2009046	10/15/2009	1432	S	2	7:22:00	30	3.7	41.2313	-72.4042	16.6	30.3	16.5	30.3
FA2009047	10/15/2009	1328	T	2	8:43:00	30	3.5	41.2378	-72.6658	16.0	28.2	16.3	29.2
FA2009048	10/15/2009	1225	T	2	10:22:00	30	3.6	41.1957	-72.7738	17.1	28.2	16.9	28.2
FA2009049	10/15/2009	1327	T	2	11:36:00	30	3.8	41.2248	-72.6608	16.5	28.3	16.6	28.6
FA2009050	10/15/2009	1428	T	1	12:57:00	30	3.8	41.2362	-72.6310	16.4	28.3	16.6	28.5
FA2009051	10/20/2009	0125	T	4	9:54:00	30	3.3	41.0193	-72.6978	14.7	28.2	15.0	28.6
FA2009052	10/20/2009	5824	S	1	11:20:00	30	2.8	40.9797	-72.7327	14.9	28.2	14.9	28.2
FA2009053	10/20/2009	5823	S	1	12:39:00	30	3.5	40.9817	-72.8212	15.5	28.1	15.4	28.2
FA2009054	10/20/2009	5924	M	3	13:46:00	30	3.6	40.9918	-72.7853	15.5	28.2	15.1	28.2
FA2009055	10/21/2009	0530	S	3	8:41:00	30	3.5	41.0948	-72.5092	15.4	28.6	15.5	28.7
FA2009056	10/21/2009	0826	T	3	10:27:00	30	4.0	41.1462	-72.6282	15.6	28.5	15.6	28.4
FA2009057	10/21/2009	0521	M	4	12:13:00	21	3.6	41.0947	-72.8728	15.5	28.1	15.7	28.2
FA2009058	10/21/2009	0423	M	4	13:25:00	30	3.2	41.0743	-72.8255	15.9	28.2	15.7	28.4
FA2009059	10/21/2009	0728	S	3	15:09:00	30	3.3	41.1152	-72.6128	15.6	28.6	15.6	28.6
FA2009060	10/22/2009	0730	S	4	8:40:00	30	2.9	41.1350	-72.4620	15.4	28.5	15.3	29.0
FA2009061	10/22/2009	0927	T	4	10:15:00	30	3.5	41.1663	-72.6195	15.6	28.4	15.5	28.5
FA2009062	10/22/2009	0725	T	4	11:34:00	30	3.6	41.1303	-72.6988	15.6	28.3	15.5	28.7
FA2009063	10/22/2009	0524	T	4	12:53:00	30	3.6	41.0988	-72.7487	15.9	28.2	15.5	28.6
FA2009064	10/22/2009	0424	M	4	14:11:00	28	3.0	41.0753	-72.7627	16.1	28.3	15.5	28.7
FA2009065	10/22/2009	0419	M	4	15:53:00	16	2.4	41.0762	-72.9722	15.7	27.8	15.8	28.2
FA2009066	10/23/2009	1118	M	1	7:52:00	30	3.2	41.1908	-73.0120	14.4	27.4	14.5	27.4
FA2009067	10/23/2009	1322	T	1	10:36:00	30	3.8	41.2358	-72.8168	13.9	27.6	13.8	27.6
FA2009068	10/26/2009	0615	M	2	8:39:00	30	2.9	41.1038	-73.1458	14.2	26.4	15.2	27.5
FA2009069	10/26/2009	0110	T	3	10:24:00	30	3.3	41.0237	-73.3623	15.1	27.5	15.1	27.5
FA2009070	10/26/2009	5911	M	3	11:54:00	30	3.0	40.9918	-73.3287	15.3	27.6	15.2	27.5
FA2009071	10/26/2009	0213	M	3	13:18:00	19	2.8	41.0405	-73.2627	14.9	27.2	15.5	27.7
FA2009072	10/27/2009	0617	T	2	8:13:00	30	3.1	41.1137	-73.0415	15.0	27.6	15.3	28.0
FA2009073	10/27/2009	5914	M	4	9:47:00	20	2.8	41.0047	-73.1470	15.0	27.5	15.4	28.2
FA2009074	10/27/2009	0612	M	1	13:42:00	30	2.8	41.1012	-73.3185	14.3	26.9	14.4	26.9
FA2009075	10/29/2009	0417	T	3	10:44:00	30	3.0	41.0847	-73.0230	14.7	27.8	14.7	27.9
FA2009076	10/29/2009	0212	M	3	12:23:00	23	2.8	41.0448	-73.2345	15.0	27.6	14.9	27.6
FA2009077	10/29/2009	0314	M	3	13:47:00	18	2.6	41.0632	-73.1943	14.9	27.6	15.0	27.6
FA2009078	10/30/2009	1020	T	2	8:23:00	30	3.1	41.1698	-72.9688	14.5	27.7	14.5	27.7
FA2009079	10/30/2009	0921	M	2	9:51:00	28	3.3	41.1687	-72.9350	14.3	27.8	14.5	27.8
FA2009080	10/30/2009	1022	M	2	11:39:00	30	3.7	41.1715	-72.8777	14.3	28.0	14.3	28.0

**Table 2.10. Samples with non-standard tow durations and reasons for incomplete tows, spring 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows begin with SP(spring) or FA (fall).

Sample	Date	Site	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time	Duration	Reason	Comments
<b>April</b>								
SP2009010	4/13/2009	0429	T	3	15:59	24	hang	heavy hang; net cleared ok
SP2009025	4/22/2009	0015	T	4	9:47	25	pots	Part I=string of old gear in mouth (2008 tags). Part II=more pots. Part III= 1 pot in mouth of net had to cut that out to release string (old gear 2006 tags).
SP2009030	4/24/2009	0411	T	2	10:20	26	pots	string of very old pots (no up & down lines)
SP2009033	4/24/2009	0214	M	3	13:56	18	pots	string of pot gear heavy down in mud, old gear (2006 tags), had to cut; damage to net
<b>May</b>								
SP2009067	5/27/2009	0015	T	4	15:08	16	pots	couple strings of old pots & 3 in mouth (2006 tags); damage to net
SP2009068	5/28/2009	0512	M	2	9:02	25	pots	Part I=old gear (2007 tags). Part II=more pots (old - no tags).
SP2009070	5/28/2009	0112	M	4	12:59	14	pots	eight pots in net (2008 tags)
SP2009073	5/29/2009	0515	M	2	10:59	26	pots	string of pots & 1 in net (2007 tag)
SP2009076	5/29/2009	0721	M	3	15:02	26	hang	hard hang; damage to net
SP2009080	6/1/2009	1423	T	1	11:33	20		speed dropped but no pots or gear on/in net
<b>June</b>								
SP2009098	6/17/2009	0828	S	3	14:22	13		speed dropped but no pot gear on/in net: sand waves?
SP2009102	6/18/2009	0119	M	4	14:28	24	weather	rough weather: called tow early and no boost
SP2009105	6/23/2009	0418	M	4	11:15	27	pots	Part I=pots on port door. Part II=old pot (no tags) with pot warp hanging (snapped off?)
SP2009106	6/23/2009	0417	T	3	12:53	21	pots	nothing on doors, old pot in net (2001 tag)
SP2009108	6/24/2009	0210	T	2	9:04	23	pots	picked up very old string (no tags)
SP2009109	6/24/2009	0110	T	3	10:48	25		speed dropped but no pot gear on/in net
SP2009112	6/24/2009	0215	M	4	14:38	24	pots	string of pots on starboard door, had to cut; damage to net
SP2009115	6/25/2009	0015	T	4	11:11	22	pots	Part I=snagged very old shriveled pot buoy on door (string of pots snapped off?). Part II=snagged old gear, six singles.

**Table 2.11. Samples with non-standard tow durations and reasons for incomplete tows, fall 2009.**

Standard LISTS tows begin with SP(spring) or FA(fall).

Sample	Date	Site	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time	Duration	Reason	Comments
<b>September</b>								
FA2009034	9/25/2009	0511	M	2	12:13	16	pots	string of pot gear on starboard wing & in mouth: old gear (2006 & 2007 tags)
<b>October</b>								
FA2009057	10/21/2009	0521	M	4	12:13	21	pots	pot gear on port door, flipped off without cutting, no buoy
FA2009064	10/22/2009	0424	M	4	14:11	28		speed dropped at boost
FA2009065	10/22/2009	0419	M	4	15:53	16	pots	Part I=string of active pot gear (2009 tags) through starboard wing. Part II=string of active pot gear through starboard wing again (2009 tags).
FA2009071	10/26/2009	0213	M	3	13:18	19	pots	Part I=string of pot gear (2009 tags) in mouth of net; no up & down lines. Part II=string on starboard door.
FA2009073	10/27/2009	5914	M	4	9:47	20	pots	pot warp & buoy with marine growth on starboard door; caught 1 string in mouth (2005 tags) & one single pot (2006 tag - vent gone)
FA2009076	10/29/2009	0212	M	3	12:23	23		speed dropped but no pot gear on/in net
FA2009077	10/29/2009	0314	M	3	13:47	18	pots	2 pots in net (2007 tags), string on outside: damage to net
FA2009079	10/30/2009	0921	M	2	9:51	28	pots	old dilapidated pot (2004 tag) and string in mouth of net

**Table 2.12. Data requests by month, 2009.**

MONTH	REQUEST	ORGANIZATION OR PURPOSE
January	summer & winter flounder counts & biomass per tow for time series	University of New Haven
	winter flounder indices-at-age	Dominion Annual Report
	menhaden average weight	CT DEP staff
February	summary of LISTS v-notch activity	CT DEP staff
	Atlantic mackerel indices	CT DEP staff
March	LISTS catch data (2000-2008)	University of New Haven
April		
May	summer flounder indices and catch-at-age	NMFS
	winter flounder catch-at-age	NMFS
	scup indices and catch-at-age	NMFS
June		
July	LISTS reports (1995 & 2008)	University of Connecticut
	striped bass indices for timeseries	CT DEP staff
August	LISTS count and weight indices for timeseries	Environmental Consultant
	butterfish indices and length frequency for timeseries	NOAA National Marine Fisheries Service
September		
October	maps of LISTS study area, sites & strata	CT DEP staff
November		
December	LISTS lobster indices for SP & FA 2009	Council on Environmental Quality
	LISTS SP & FA indices for timeseries	CT DEP staff

**Table 2.13. Sample requests by month, 2009.**

MONTH	REQUEST	ORGANIZATION OR PURPOSE
April	winter flounder gonadal tissue samples & age data	NOAA National Marine Fisheries Service
	<i>Loligo paeleii</i> (longfin squid) for dissection class	Illing Middle School
	squid & various finfish specimens for dissection class	Putnam High School
May	winter flounder gonadal tissue samples & age data	NOAA National Marine Fisheries Service
June		
September		
October	small winter flounder, hermit crabs & whelks	Mystic Aquarium
	tissue samples for genetics study related to climate change	Dalhousie University

**Table 2.14. List of finfish species observed in 2009.**

Sixty-three species were observed in 2009. (Bold type indicates new species). Since 1984, ninety-nine species of finfish have been identified in LISTS (see Appendix I for the full list of species).

Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
anchovy, bay	Anchoa mitchilli	menhaden, Atlantic	Brevoortia tyrannus
anchovy, striped	Anchoa hepsetus	moonfish	Selene setapinnis
black sea bass	Centropristes striata	ocean pout	Macrozoarces americanus
blue runner	Caranx cryos	perch, white	Morone americana
bluefish	Pomatomus saltatrix	pipefish, northern	Syngnathus fuscus
butterfish	Peprilus triacanthus	pollock	Pollachius virens
cod, Atlantic	Gadus morhua	puffer, northern	Sphoeroides maculatus
cunner	Tautogolabrus adspersus	rockling, fourbeard	Enchelyopus cimbricus
cusk-eel, striped	Ophidion marginatum	sand lance, American	Ammodytes americanus
dogfish, smooth	Mustelus canis	scad, rough	Trachurus lathami
dogfish, spiny	Squalus acanthias	scad, round	Decapterus punctatus
filefish, planehead	Monacanthus hispidus	sculpin, longhorn	Myoxocephalus octodecemspinis
flounder, fourspot	Paralichthys oblongus	scup	Stenotomus chrysops
flounder, smallmouth	Etropus microstomus	sea raven	Hemitripterus americanus
flounder, summer	Paralichthys dentatus	searobin, northern	Prionotus carolinus
flounder, windowpane	Scophthalmus aquosus	searobin, striped	Prionotus evolans
flounder, winter	Pseudopleuronectes americanus	sennet, northern	Sphyraena borealis
flounder, yellowtail	Pleuronectes ferrugineus	shad, American	Alosa sapidissima
glasses eye snapper	Priacanthus cruentatus	shad, hickory	Alosa mediocris
gunnel, rock	Pholis gunnellus	silverside, Atlantic	Menidia menidia
hake, red	Urophycis chuss	skate, clearnose	Raja eglanteria
hake, silver	Merluccius bilinearis	skate, little	Leucoraja erinacea
hake, spotted	Urophycis regia	skate, winter	Leucoraja ocellata
herring, Atlantic	Clupea harengus	spot	Leiostomus xanthurus
herring, alewife	Alosa pseudoharengus	<b>stargazer, northern</b>	<b>Astroscopus guttatus</b>
herring, blueback	Alosa aestivalis	striped bass	Morone saxatilis
hogchoker	Trinectes maculatus	sturgeon, Atlantic	Acipenser oxyrinchus
jack, crevalle	Caranx hippos	tautog	Tautoga onitis
jack, yellow	Caranx bartholomaei	toadfish, oyster	Opsanus tau
kingfish, northern	Menticirrhus saxatilis	tomcod, Atlantic	Microgadus tomcod
lizardfish, inshore	Synodus foetens	weakfish	Cynoscion regalis
mackerel, Atlantic	Scomber scombrus		

Names taken from: Common and Scientific Names of Fishes from the United States, Canada and Mexico, American Fisheries Society, Sixth ed., 2004.

**Table 2.15. List of invertebrate species observed in 2009.**

In 2009, forty invertebrate species were identified. In most cases, invertebrates are identified to species; however, species that are very similar are identified to genus, and in difficult cases, to a higher taxon.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Tubularia hydroids	Tubularia, spp.	northern moon snail	Lunatia heros
anemones	anemomes spp.	oyster, common	Crassostrea virginica
arks	Noetia-Anadara spp.	sea cucumber	Class Holothuroidea
bryozoan, bushy	Phylum Bryozoa	sea grape	Molgula spp.
bryozoan, rubbery	Alcyonium verrilli	sea urchin, purple	Arbacia punctulata
clam, hard clams	Artica-Merchinaria-Pitar sp.	shrimp, coastal mud	Upogebia affinis
clam, surf	Spisula solidissima	shrimp, ghost	Gilvossius setimanus
coral, star	Astrangia poculata	shrimp, mantis	Squilla empusa
crab, mud	Family Xanthidae	shrimp, northern red	Pandalus montagui
crab, blue	Callinectes sapidus	shrimp, sand	Crangon septemspinosa
crab, flat claw hermit	Pagurus pollicaris	slipper shell, common	Crepidula fornicata
crab, horseshoe	Limulus polyphemus	sponge spp.	sponge spp.
crab, lady	Ovalipes ocellatus	sponge, boring	Cliona celata
crab, rock	Cancer irroratus	sponge, deadman's fingers	Haliclona spp.
crab, spider	Libinia emarginata	sponge, red bearded	Microciona prolifera
cyclocardia	Cyclocardia borealis	squid, long-finned	Loligo pealeii
hydroid spp.	hydroid spp.	starfish spp.	Asteriid spp.
jellyfish, lion's mane	Cyanea capillata	tunicates, misc	misc. class ascidiacea
lobster, American	Homarus americanus	whelk, channeled	Busycon canaliculatus
mussel, blue	Mytilus edulis	whelk, knobbed	Busycon carica

Names taken from: A Field Guide to the Atlantic Seashore, Peterson Field Guide Series, 1978 (Gosner, 1978).

**Table 2.16. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2009.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	108,087	53.6	3,186.9	17.0	striped cusk-eel	1	0	0.1	0
scup	46,991	23.3	6,332.1	33.8	spot	1	0	0.2	0
bay anchovy	11,128	5.5	35.3	0.2	northern stargazer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	6,330	3.1	239.2	1.3	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,068	2.0	524.0	2.8	white perch	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	3,657	1.8	1,157.4	6.2	yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	2,604	1.3	108.7	0.6	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.2	0
moonfish	2,575	1.3	19.5	0.1		<b>Total</b>	<b>201,476</b>	<b>18,750</b>	
windowpane flounder	2,496	1.2	342.8	1.8					
northern searobin	2,012	1.0	194.3	1.0					
striped searobin	1,507	0.7	471.8	2.5					
American sand lance	1,227	0.6	2.0	0					
alewife	1,175	0.6	96.0	0.5					
fourspot flounder	1,036	0.5	169.8	0.9					
silver hake	947	0.5	50.0	0.3	long-finned squid	24,130	91.4	648.4	30.2
red hake	897	0.4	59.5	0.3	horseshoe crab	340	1.3	645.8	30.0
summer flounder	881	0.4	694.4	3.7	American lobster	853	3.2	244.0	11.3
little skate	709	0.4	390.0	2.1	spider crab	.	.	144.1	6.7
smooth dogfish	588	0.3	2,213.3	11.8	lion's mane jellyfish	641	2.4	89.3	4.2
striped bass	466	0.2	897.4	4.8	lady crab	.	.	63.6	3.0
American shad	422	0.2	28.9	0.2	rock crab	.	.	42.4	2.0
spotted hake	327	0.2	32.1	0.2	common slipper shell	.	.	37.0	1.7
blueback herring	291	0.1	14.6	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	33.8	1.6
tautog	163	0.1	285.4	1.5	bushy bryozoan	.	.	33.3	1.5
spiny dogfish	148	0.1	545.7	2.9	starfish spp.	.	.	26.6	1.2
black sea bass	121	0.1	59.5	0.3	channeled whelk	127	0.5	26.0	1.2
smallmouth flounder	96	0	4.7	0	hydroid spp.	.	.	25.7	1.2
clearnose skate	69	0	148.5	0.8	knobbed whelk	39	0.1	11.6	0.5
Atlantic menhaden	69	0	18.0	0.1	mantis shrimp	215	0.8	10.7	0.5
rough scad	59	0	2.8	0	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	9.0	0.4
fourbeard rockling	47	0	3.9	0	northern moon snail	.	.	7.2	0.3
winter skate	44	0	108.5	0.6	anemones	.	.	5.6	0.3
hogchoker	39	0	4.5	0	mixed sponge species	.	.	5.4	0.3
blue runner	34	0	2.3	0	sea grape	.	.	5.0	0.2
ocean pout	22	0	4.8	0	boring sponge	.	.	4.2	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	286.6	1.5	blue crab	19	0.1	4.1	0.2
cunner	18	0	1.8	0	sand shrimp	.	.	3.8	0.2
pollock	18	0	0.8	0	deadman's fingers sponge	.	.	3.5	0.2
Atlantic cod	15	0	1.0	0	blue mussel	8	0	3.5	0.2
hickory shad	13	0	3.6	0	mud crabs	.	.	3.1	0.1
northern kingfish	7	0	0.4	0	common oyster	1	0	3.1	0.1
glasses eye snapper	6	0	0.6	0	arks	2	0	2.5	0.1
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	0.4	0	surf clam	18	0.1	1.7	0.1
northern sennet	5	0	0.4	0	hard clams	4	0	1.1	0.1
northern puffer	5	0	0.4	0	red bearded sponge	.	.	0.8	0
sea raven	5	0	1.7	0	purple sea urchin	4	0	0.8	0
striped anchovy	5	0	0.4	0	rubbery bryozoan	.	.	0.6	0
Atlantic silverside	3	0	0.3	0	star coral	.	.	0.2	0
oyster toadfish	3	0	0.8	0	ghost shrimp	2	0	0.2	0
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0	coastal mud shrimp	2	0	0.1	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	1	0	0.1	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0	sea cucumber	1	0	0.1	0
crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0	tunicates, misc	1	0	0.1	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0		<b>Total</b>	<b>26,409</b>	<b>2,148.2</b>	
round scad	1	0	0.1	0					

Note: nc= not counted

**Table 2.17. Total counts and weight (kg) of finfish taken in the spring and fall sampling periods, 2009.**

*Species are listed in order of total count. Young-of-year bay anchovy, striped anchovy, and American sand lance are not included. Number of tows (sample sizes): Spring = 120, Fall = 80.*

species	Spring				Fall				
	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	27,620	39.6	4,549.3	43.4	butterfish	97,876	74.3	2,714.2	32.8
butterfish	10,211	14.6	472.7	4.5	scup	19,371	14.7	1,782.8	21.6
bay anchovy	10,003	14.3	29.2	0.3	bluefish	3,604	2.7	1,078.5	13.0
Atlantic herring	6,321	9.1	238.7	2.3	weakfish	2,595	2.0	95.5	1.2
winter flounder	3,717	5.3	490.6	4.7	moonfish	2,575	2.0	19.5	0.2
northern searobin	1,766	2.5	185.4	1.8	bay anchovy	1,125	0.9	6.1	0.1
windowpane flounder	1,712	2.5	270.3	2.6	windowpane flounder	784	0.6	72.5	0.9
American sand lance	1,226	1.8	1.9	0	striped searobin	710	0.5	81.7	1.0
alewife	1,137	1.6	94.2	0.9	winter flounder	351	0.3	33.4	0.4
silver hake	918	1.3	48.7	0.5	little skate	347	0.3	182.8	2.2
striped searobin	797	1.1	390.1	3.7	summer flounder	345	0.3	292.5	3.5
red hake	748	1.1	47.3	0.5	fourspot flounder	329	0.3	21.2	0.3
fourspot flounder	707	1.0	148.6	1.4	northern searobin	246	0.2	8.9	0.1
summer flounder	536	0.8	401.9	3.8	American shad	244	0.2	19.3	0.2
striped bass	383	0.5	581.9	5.6	smooth dogfish	224	0.2	1,005.9	12.2
smooth dogfish	364	0.5	1,207.4	11.5	spotted hake	166	0.1	22.5	0.3
little skate	362	0.5	207.2	2.0	red hake	149	0.1	12.2	0.1
blueback herring	273	0.4	13.6	0.1	striped bass	83	0.1	315.5	3.8
American shad	178	0.3	9.6	0.1	smallmouth flounder	74	0.1	3.1	0
spotted hake	161	0.2	9.6	0.1	rough scad	56	0	2.5	0
tautog	151	0.2	271.0	2.6	Atlantic menhaden	51	0	11.1	0.1
spiny dogfish	138	0.2	511.2	4.9	clearnose skate	48	0	108.6	1.3
black sea bass	84	0.1	51.8	0.5	alewife	38	0	1.8	0
bluefish	53	0.1	78.9	0.8	black sea bass	37	0	7.7	0.1
fourbeard rockling	42	0.1	3.4	0	blue runner	34	0	2.3	0
winter skate	32	0	73.9	0.7	silver hake	29	0	1.3	0
hogchoker	26	0	2.6	0	blueback herring	18	0	1.0	0
ocean pout	22	0	4.8	0	Atlantic sturgeon	17	0	273.0	3.3
smallmouth flounder	22	0	1.6	0	hogchoker	13	0	1.9	0
clearnose skate	21	0	39.9	0.4	tautog	12	0	14.4	0.2
Atlantic menhaden	18	0	6.9	0.1	winter skate	12	0	34.6	0.4
pollock	18	0	0.8	0	spiny dogfish	11	0	34.5	0.4
Atlantic cod	15	0	1.0	0	Atlantic herring	9	0	0.5	0
cunner	12	0	0.9	0	hickory shad	7	0	2.0	0
weakfish	10	0	13.2	0.1	northern kingfish	7	0	0.4	0
hickory shad	6	0	1.6	0	cunner	6	0	0.9	0
sea raven	5	0	1.7	0	glassesy snapper	6	0	0.6	0
Atlantic mackerel	4	0	0.3	0	northern sennet	5	0	0.4	0
Atlantic silverside	3	0	0.3	0	northern puffer	5	0	0.4	0
rough scad	3	0	0.3	0	fourbeard rockling	5	0	0.5	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0	striped anchovy	5	0	0.4	0
Atlantic sturgeon	1	0	13.6	0.1	inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0
northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0	oyster toadfish	2	0	0.2	0
rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0	crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0
striped cusk-eel	1	0	0.1	0	planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0
oyster toadfish	1	0	0.6	0	Atlantic mackerel	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.1	0	northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0
white perch	1	0	0.1	0	round scad	1	0	0.1	0
yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.2	0	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>69,835</b>		<b>10,480</b>		American sand lance	1	0	0.1	0
					spot	1	0	0.2	0
					northern stargazer	1	0	0.1	0
					yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
					<b>Total</b>	<b>131,643</b>		<b>8,270</b>	

**Table 2.18. Total catch of invertebrates taken in the spring and fall sampling periods, 2009.**

Species are ranked by total weight (kg). Number of tows (sample sizes): Spring = 120, Fall = 80.

Spring					Fall				
species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
long-finned squid	3,633	80.4	233.0	26.1	horseshoe crab	235	1.1	442.0	35.2
horseshoe crab	105	2.3	203.8	22.8	long-finned squid	20,497	93.6	415.4	33.1
American lobster	469	10.4	136.6	15.3	American lobster	384	1.8	107.4	8.6
spider crab	.	.	115.2	12.9	lion's mane jellyfish	506	2.3	84.9	6.8
bushy bryozoan	.	.	32.9	3.7	lady crab	.	.	62.2	5.0
rock crab	.	.	31.0	3.5	spider crab	.	.	28.9	2.3
hydroid spp.	.	.	22.2	2.5	common slipper shell	.	.	21.6	1.7
starfish spp.	.	.	21.2	2.4	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	15	1.2
flat claw hermit crab	.	.	18.8	2.1	channeled whelk	69	0.3	14.1	1.1
common slipper shell	.	.	15.4	1.7	rock crab	.	.	11.4	0.9
channeled whelk	59	1.3	11.9	1.3	knobbed whelk	32	0.1	9.6	0.8
Tubularia, spp.	.	.	8.8	1.0	mantis shrimp	123	0.6	5.5	0.4
northern moon snail	.	.	6.3	0.7	starfish spp.	.	.	5.4	0.4
mantis shrimp	93	2.1	5.2	0.6	mixed sponge species	.	.	5.4	0.4
anemones	.	.	4.6	0.5	boring sponge	.	.	4.2	0.3
lion's mane jellyfish	135	3	4.4	0.5	blue crab	17	0.1	3.6	0.3
sea grape	.	.	4.2	0.5	hydroid spp.	.	.	3.5	0.3
sand shrimp	.	.	3.6	0.4	blue mussel	8	0	3.4	0.3
deadman's fingers	.	.	.	.	mud crabs	.	.	1.6	0.1
sponge	.	.	2.5	0.3	common oyster	1	0	1.2	0.1
knobbed whelk	7	0.2	2.0	0.2	arks	.	.	1.1	0.1
common oyster	.	.	1.9	0.2	surf clam	10	0	1.1	0.1
mud crabs	.	.	1.5	0.2	anemones	.	.	1	0.1
arks	2	0	1.4	0.2	deadman's fingers sponge	.	.	1	0.1
lady crab	.	.	1.4	0.2	northern moon snail	.	.	0.9	0.1
red bearded sponge	.	.	0.7	0.1	sea grape	.	.	0.8	0.1
hard clams	1	0	0.7	0.1	bushy bryozoan	.	.	0.4	0
rubbery bryozoan	.	.	0.6	0.1	hard clams	3	0	0.4	0
surf clam	8	0.2	0.6	0.1	purple sea urchin	3	0	0.3	0
blue crab	2	0	0.5	0.1	star coral	.	.	0.2	0
purple sea urchin	1	0	0.5	0.1	sand shrimp	.	.	0.2	0
ghost shrimp	2	0	0.2	0	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	0.2	0
blue mussel	.	.	0.1	0	red bearded sponge	.	.	0.1	0
northern cyclocardia	1	0	0.1	0	coastal mud shrimp	2	0	0.1	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,518</b>		<b>894</b>		northern red shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
Note: nc= not counted									
					sea cucumber	1	0	0.1	0
					tunicates, misc	1	0	0.1	0
					<b>Total</b>	<b>21,893</b>		<b>1,254.4</b>	

**Table 2.19. Spring indices of abundance for selected species, 1984-2009.**

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 2 invertebrates using April-June data. An asterisk next to the species name and time series mean, indicates that the spring index is a better estimate than the fall index (Simpson et al. 1991). Two asterisks indicate that both the spring and the fall indices provide good estimates.

Species	Spring																					84-08						
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009		
alewife *	0.43	0.10	0.66	1.00	0.47	0.72	0.54	0.39	0.39	0.84	1.83	0.96	2.18	1.44	1.11	1.89	1.53	0.75	0.95	1.14	1.86	1.30	0.78	1.62	1.32	1.04	1.05	
black sea bass *	0.16	0.27	0.12	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.12	0.07	0.11	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.22	0.25	0.67	0.21	0.22	0.07	0.05	0.26	0.22	0.32	0.15	
bluefish	0.00	0.02	0.19	0.07	0.11	0.07	0.09	0.52	0.31	0.05	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.18	0.12	0.24	0.08	0.07	0.30	0.16	0.11	0.11	0.22	0.16	0.08	0.24		
butterfish	8.92	0.62	2.38	0.25	0.46	0.80	1.60	2.17	2.60	0.48	1.71	1.06	3.22	6.16	6.51	1.90	3.35	2.94	7.09	3.17	2.10	2.27	18.67	3.48	4.64	9.44		
cunner *	1.28	0.29	0.28	0.22	0.16	0.29	0.55	0.25	0.11	0.20	0.07	0.16	0.07	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.20	0.25	0.11	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.22	
dogfish, smooth	0.39	0.46	0.45	0.21	0.49	0.48	0.34	0.46	0.56	0.26	0.60	0.33	0.44	0.24	0.47	0.54	0.53	0.55	1.19	0.63	0.53	0.44	1.33	0.64	0.87	1.05		
dogfish, spiny *	0.00	0.15	0.14	0.07	0.12	0.18	0.19	0.06	0.04	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.43	0.06		
flounder, fourspot *	18.18	10.55	3.15	2.38	4.62	4.14	6.53	8.46	9.33	2.37	2.59	5.00	4.82	7.54	4.34	3.53	4.57	3.83	4.82	2.78	2.56	1.14	1.86	3.37	2.94	1.71	5.02	
flounder, summer	0.63	0.44	0.95	1.06	0.50	0.10	0.35	0.64	0.55	0.51	0.86	0.28	0.96	1.00	1.30	1.44	1.79	1.75	3.19	3.42	1.84	0.80	0.61	2.51	1.61	1.93		
flounder, windowpane *	172.27	119.82	67.82	40.33	66.02	101.71	39.74	30.87	13.17	24.71	23.54	10.69	37.47	30.43	24.27	14.19	8.11	9.04	5.44	4.90	5.96	2.29	2.98	15.65	10.11	7.08	35.26	
flounder, winter *	111.96	66.81	61.50	67.92	100.96	135.23	170.12	118.95	54.31	53.34	74.35	48.11	93.05	57.41	59.36	32.80	33.67	46.40	25.49	21.22	16.45	17.47	7.50	20.58	22.34	18.98	60.69	
hake, red *	15.04	3.02	4.67	3.84	3.64	13.12	4.75	4.35	4.83	6.00	0.89	4.12	1.49	1.41	6.28	7.21	4.01	2.64	5.11	1.18	1.37	1.06	1.30	3.85	3.37	1.48	4.34	
hake, silver *	7.53	1.83	1.19	2.48	2.25	4.86	5.53	3.87	2.67	1.56	1.73	4.88	1.15	4.32	4.64	12.57	2.28	7.64	5.92	0.76	2.63	0.57	4.75	0.98	19.08	2.30	4.31	
hake, spotted	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.22	0.01	0.02	0.22	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.21	0.31	0.25	0.26	1.11	2.68	1.52	2.05	1.18	0.65	0.37	1.47	1.04	3.15	0.65		
herring, Atlantic *	0.00	0.58	1.12	2.77	2.16	2.27	5.73	4.91	2.73	7.24	2.95	4.23	1.70	2.53	1.06	0.99	1.21	0.85	0.41	0.49	0.53	1.33	0.31	1.66	0.77	1.82	2.02	
herring, blueback	5.42	0.30	0.34	0.14	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.20	0.08	0.55	0.29	0.28	0.25	0.15	0.02	0.37	0.19	0.15	0.27	0.46	0.33	0.13	0.29	0.21	0.43		
hogchoker	0.63	0.45	0.14	0.15	0.18	0.21	0.17	0.14	0.24	0.08	0.11	0.03	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.10	0.15	0.15	0.19	0.11	0.08	0.17	0.13	0.11		
kingfish, northern	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
lobster, American**	7.09	3.1	2.76	3.3	2.24	3.76	5.33	7.74	7.88	6.72	4.1	8.36	6.77	7.67	18.52	12.49	11.01	7.56	6.31	3.89	2.50	2.43	1.94	3.22	2.72	1.40	5.98	
menhaden, Atlantic	0.09	0.11	0.18	0.39	0.17	0.14	0.10	0.03	0.14	0.07	0.05	0.11	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.13	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.13	0.05	0.07		
moonfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ocean pout *	0.21	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.23	0.10	0.09	0.11	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.09		
rockling, fourbeard*	2.87	0.37	0.43	0.56	0.61	0.88	0.82	0.58	0.80	0.59	0.27	0.58	0.33	0.60	0.47	0.66	0.55	0.57	0.37	0.36	0.48	0.35	0.09	0.35	0.26	0.18	0.59	
scad, rough	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02		
sculpin, longhorn *	0.20	0.33	0.18	0.15	0.15	0.24	0.65	0.39	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.11	
scup	2.80	5.65	3.40	1.17	1.11	2.77	2.25	3.09	1.75	1.32	1.88	5.24	3.25	3.23	4.25	2.22	28.46	7.20	50.42	4.84	8.12	3.48	59.05	10.00	19.87	21.92		
sea raven*	0.36	0.37	0.29	0.37	0.17	0.11	0.19	0.09	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.02	0.10	
searobin, northern *	6.48	14.38	0.82	0.71	1.13	0.85	0.62	1.36	1.18	1.26	1.21	1.07	1.26	1.73	0.72	1.03	2.66	1.55	2.67	1.16	0.80	0.32	1.19	0.82	1.32	1.73	1.93	
searobin, striped	1.30	1.78	1.33	0.60	0.57	0.66	0.71	1.55	1.52	0.46	0.93	1.28	0.82	0.71	1.48	1.82	3.69	2.36	3.83	1.85	1.40	0.31	0.89	0.95	1.07	2.14		
shad, American	0.10	1.36	0.57	0.92	0.44	0.90	0.34	0.54	0.75	0.29	0.68	0.49	0.48	1.08	0.86	0.80	0.38	0.08	0.61	0.20	0.34	0.28	0.25	0.44	0.57	0.57	0.57	
shad, hickory	0.52	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.09	0.04	0.15	0.09	0.10	0.25	0.27	0.12	0.02	0.03			
skate, clearnose	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.08		
skate, little *	5.71	7.22	7.19	5.34	15.51	21.24	11.50	25.19	12.41	12.03	16.96	6.58	18.78	11.23	11.65	7.56	6.21	8.03	7.63	7.03	6.54	1.65	1.40	2.82	1.56	1.03	9.56	
skate, winter*	0.00	0.12	0.15	0.07	0.37	0.34	0.22	0.23	0.18	0.23	0.14	0.12	0.24	0.16	0.24	0.17	0.16	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.21	0.09	0.13	0.15	0.12	0.15	0.17	
spot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
squid, long-finned**	nc	nc	3.24	2.56	9.37	4.98	7.87	7.18	6.44	4.23	3.82	6.21	3.24	5.14	3.33	3.49	2.70	2.73	3.22	2.50	9.43	4.76	11.55	2.14	3.45	6.57	4.94	
striped bass *	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.16	0.15	0.22	0.27	0.30	0.59	0.63	0.85	0.97	1.10	0.84	0.61	1.30	0.87	0.56	1.17	0.61	1.02	0.57	0.60	0.52	
sturgeon, Atlantic	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01		
tautog *	2.75	1.47	1.50	0.71	0.65	1.09	1.00	0.92	0.82	0.42	0.44	0.15	0.49	0.40	0.42	0.40	0.57	0.70	0.91	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.64	0.48	0.50	0.40	0.76	
weakfish	0.02	0.00	0.07	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.18	0.12	0.06	0.03	0.11	0.12	0.27	0.24	0.28	0.11	0.17	0.12	0.02	0.10	0.17	0.14</td					

**Table 2.20. Fall indices of abundance for selected species, 1984-2009.**

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 2 invertebrates using September-October data. An asterisk next to the species name and a time series mean, indicates that the fall index provides a better estimate than the spring index (Simpson et al. 1991). Two asterisks indicate that both the spring and the fall indices provide good estimates.

Species	Fall																					84-08					
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Mean
alewife	0.42	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.19	0.16	0.11	0.07	0.19	0.40	0.66	0.16	0.24	1.23	0.11	0.42	0.25	0.55	0.22	0.58	0.26	0.43	0.05	0.95	0.42	0.18	
black sea bass	0.03	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.06	0.14	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.07	0.23	0.18	0.43	1.01	0.15	0.35	0.17	0.24	0.36	0.93	0.26	
bluefish *	23.41	19.01	13.66	14.32	15.49	26.25	23.88	33.43	25.22	18.92	32.06	24.46	20.80	37.90	31.41	45.31	20.57	24.24	18.75	28.53	29.13	18.89	15.66	30.66	14.28	18.11	24.25
butterfish *	51.93	89.72	63.41	60.09	146.67	174.87	154.65	170.59	301.72	87.73	93.05	320.06	173.74	186.62	355.49	477.91	125.97	142.89	165.07	112.86	175.37	197.24	140.23	154.53	181.71	409.75	172.16
cunner	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.05
dogfish, smooth *	2.47	1.92	1.43	0.81	0.91	0.41	0.55	0.46	0.78	0.95	0.49	0.46	0.80	0.59	0.72	0.93	1.88	1.69	3.58	3.10	1.44	1.41	0.94	2.27	0.63	1.13	1.26
dogfish, spiny	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.10	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.16	0.05	0.00	0.18	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.08	
flounder, fourspot	1.18	1.03	0.50	0.37	1.73	0.80	1.47	0.74	1.44	1.55	1.33	0.44	2.05	3.29	1.63	1.19	1.15	1.17	1.09	0.96	1.14	1.11	0.65	0.73	1.30	1.82	
flounder, summer *	0.99	1.19	1.73	1.40	1.42	0.14	0.87	1.26	1.02	1.11	0.55	0.54	2.19	2.50	1.72	2.68	1.91	4.42	6.12	3.39	1.95	2.41	1.35	1.89	3.09	3.12	1.91
flounder, windowpane	22.11	11.56	7.32	6.85	12.10	8.68	7.19	4.71	6.79	9.48	3.89	2.43	28.13	13.36	4.64	2.53	2.81	1.81	1.86	3.39	2.27	6.14	1.54	3.65	7.95	5.59	
flounder, winter	7.31	2.75	3.86	5.42	10.07	11.03	15.42	6.10	6.41	9.32	6.13	3.77	12.29	7.75	6.69	8.66	7.08	3.07	1.74	1.25	2.19	2.15	0.94	0.82	2.26	1.55	
hake, red	0.74	0.33	1.00	0.37	0.75	1.14	0.44	0.33	0.39	1.81	0.59	0.20	1.62	0.89	0.53	0.29	1.20	0.41	0.15	0.73	0.76	0.45	0.33	0.54	0.41	0.90	
hake, silver	0.55	0.23	1.65	0.01	0.30	0.60	0.96	0.32	0.48	0.20	3.34	0.22	0.06	0.80	0.07	0.16	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.18	0.18	0.09	0.64	0.04	0.28	0.18	
hake, spotted *	0.28	0.17	0.21	0.14	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.03	0.39	1.48	0.50	0.16	1.68	0.12	0.41	0.61	1.18	0.35	0.86	1.95	0.14	0.32	0.56	0.39	0.69	1.11	0.52
herring, Atlantic	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.40	0.08	0.04	0.03	1.47	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.19	0.06	0.25	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.06	
herring, blueback *	0.38	0.16	0.07	0.13	0.53	0.34	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.11	0.93	0.27	0.05	0.75	0.16	0.06	0.06	0.20	0.06	0.10	0.09	0.06	0.15	0.24	0.05	0.09	0.21
hogchoker *	0.90	0.56	0.21	0.17	0.30	0.17	0.22	0.38	0.15	0.18	0.05	0.07	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.19	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.26	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.20	0.12	0.09	0.21
kingfish, northern *	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.19	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.03	
lobster, American **	7.41	3.33	4.75	5.95	3.54	3.75	7.29	9.90	9.52	11.50	10.13	8.05	10.07	19.60	10.47	11.18	6.83	4.28	2.68	3.03	3.68	2.10	1.48	1.21	2.07	1.82	6.55
menhaden, Atlantic *	0.23	0.15	0.79	0.14	0.13	0.45	0.66	0.59	2.00	0.40	1.02	0.56	0.43	0.57	0.73	1.08	0.97	0.32	0.76	0.95	1.63	0.94	0.23	0.80	0.47	0.28	0.68
moonfish *	0.05	0.33	0.11	0.04	0.41	0.10	0.04	0.17	0.22	0.04	0.34	0.25	1.99	0.91	2.08	1.15	2.11	0.82	1.36	0.69	0.74	1.55	1.51	1.66	5.08	10.03	0.95
ocean pout	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
rockling, fourbeard	0.08	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.21	0.15	0.07	0.04	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.01	0.11	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.12	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.04	
scad, rough *	0.13	0.08	0.03	0.27	0.42	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.00	0.21	0.03	0.00	0.18	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.14	0.09	0.19	0.15	0.08	0.00	0.38	0.09
sculpin, longhorn	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
scup *	10.72	30.97	25.76	18.54	39.70	65.09	69.48	311.57	83.73	77.06	92.52	59.14	61.46	41.28	103.27	537.68	521.10	177.64	348.70	152.23	291.46	424.06	116.75	475.29	303.26	139.38	177.54
sea raven	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
searobin, northern	0.20	0.22	0.31	0.03	0.38	0.18	0.43	0.43	0.15	0.25	0.80	0.12	0.27	0.14	0.93	0.62	0.47	1.15	1.25	0.51	1.03	0.68	0.21	1.05	1.11	0.88	
searobin, striped *	2.75	3.44	1.64	0.90	3.44	3.83	2.39	1.97	2.75	4.44	2.00	0.74	4.03	2.62	3.68	4.48	5.68	3.34	4.85	6.44	4.67	3.26	0.81	2.25	3.66	3.54	3.20
shad, American *	3.13	0.19	0.27	0.29	2.66	3.10	0.65	0.72	0.54	1.11	1.84	1.90	0.27	0.91	1.22	1.73	0.55	0.41	0.76	0.75	0.95	0.54	0.12	0.38	0.41	0.46	1.02
shad, hickory *	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.04	0.09	0.10	0.05	0.12	0.09	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.25	0.24	0.08	0.03	0.06	0.07	
skate, clearnose *	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.34	0.18	0.33	0.10	0.48	0.23	0.44	0.38	0.24	0.12	
skate, little	4.41	3.62	4.01	2.72	8.13	4.31	7.50	5.24	5.52	10.00	6.41	3.37	11.55	6.90	7.73	5.23	5.25	5.07	5.39	2.99	3.12	3.90	1.03	1.09	1.28	0.99	
skate, winter	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.17	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.07	0.10	0.00	0.06	0.21	0.10	0.00	0.06	
spot *	0.00	0.18	0.20	0.02	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.38	0.18	0.03	0.99	0.08	0.00	0.28	0.63	0.08	0.35	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.19	0.00	2.67	0.01	0.26
squid, long-finned **	nc	nc	27.40	28.60	159.16	85.60	69.12	62.97	172.95	272.11	127.96	155.28	180.99	68.57	202.29	132.50	109.87	60.18	35.48	269.32	94.47	81.12	70.58	179.39	114.99	187.15	120.04
striped bass	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.40	0.18	0.23	0.27	0.23	0.37	0.12	0.77	0.25	0.47	0.38	0.44	0.30		
sturgeon, Atlantic *	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.08	0.05	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.10	0.05	0.06	0.10	0.04	
tautog	0.72	0.32	0.22	0.50	0.25	0.17	0.16	0.23	0.20	0.15	0.14	0.11	0.07	0.11	0.23	0.36	0.23	0.20	0.26	0.37	0.16	0.19	0.20	0.13	0.23	0.08	
weakfish *	1.55	6.35	13.57	0.73	3.54	8.69	5.71	12.11	3.22	4.18	11.21	5.64	15.49	12.93	5.28	31.36	63.42	40.51	41.45	49.46	59.07	26.00	1.50	63.96	9.11	6.65	19.84

**Table 2.21. Finfish and invertebrate biomass indices for the spring sampling period, 1992-2009.**

The geometric mean weight (kg) per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 15 invertebrate species for the spring (April-June) sampling period.

	Spring																		
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
alewife	0.06	0.17	0.32	0.15	0.50	0.25	0.20	0.37	0.34	0.15	0.25	0.19	0.25	0.22	0.21	0.31	0.22	0.24	
black sea bass	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.17	0.40	0.17	0.15	0.07	0.04	0.14	0.10	0.21	
bluefish	0.45	0.08	0.13	0.04	0.10	0.23	0.17	0.35	0.09	0.08	0.36	0.20	0.12	0.14	0.23	0.21	0.11	0.30	
butterfish	0.43	0.10	0.31	0.19	0.73	1.27	1.06	0.52	0.69	0.79	1.48	0.64	0.41	0.55	2.30	0.66	1.06	1.37	
cunner	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	
dogfish, smooth	1.04	0.44	1.14	0.63	0.83	0.42	0.90	1.05	0.85	0.82	2.31	1.10	0.87	0.77	2.83	1.14	1.88	2.07	
dogfish, spiny	0.10	0.02	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.21	0.25	0.15	0.84	
flounder, fourspot	2.19	0.75	0.75	1.48	1.37	2.08	1.28	0.96	1.31	1.28	1.35	1.01	1.03	0.44	0.60	1.05	0.93	0.64	
flounder, summer	0.35	0.27	0.48	0.16	0.53	0.60	1.15	1.09	1.35	1.21	2.38	2.45	1.69	0.67	0.61	1.72	1.44	1.40	
flounder, windowpane	1.96	2.53	2.96	1.60	4.76	4.16	3.21	2.38	1.69	1.97	1.31	1.21	1.32	0.54	0.63	2.51	2.04	1.29	
flounder, winter	8.72	7.54	9.44	6.51	14.61	10.63	9.65	6.67	7.46	9.77	6.31	6.64	3.87	2.94	1.65	4.99	3.84	2.94	
hake, red	0.78	0.85	0.14	0.66	0.21	0.33	0.94	1.05	0.59	0.45	0.96	0.13	0.20	0.22	0.25	0.67	0.61	0.23	
hake, silver	0.20	0.14	0.40	0.36	0.12	0.39	0.48	0.56	0.19	0.54	0.52	0.06	0.16	0.05	0.33	0.10	1.02	0.27	
hake, spotted	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.13	0.27	0.17	0.20	0.13	0.18	0.05	0.14	0.11	0.31	0.07	
herring, Atlantic	1.06	2.03	1.09	1.77	0.55	0.88	0.25	0.22	0.42	0.26	0.14	0.19	0.12	0.32	0.09	0.55	0.19	0.37	
herring, blueback	0.05	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.06	
hogchoker	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.03	0.02	
kingfish, northern	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
menhaden, Atlantic	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.04	
moonfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ocean pout	0.07	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	
rockling, fourbeard	0.13	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.08	0.13	0.09	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.05	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.03	
scad, rough	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
sculpin, longhorn	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	
scup	0.48	0.49	0.58	0.65	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.56	4.56	2.85	13.16	2.28	3.93	1.65	10.41	3.35	5.88	6.40	
sea raven	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	
searobin, northern	0.26	0.35	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.33	0.17	0.22	0.70	0.51	0.51	0.40	0.29	0.08	0.35	0.26	0.23	0.44	
searobin, striped	0.86	0.30	0.51	0.77	0.46	0.40	0.87	1.14	1.99	1.40	2.21	1.21	0.97	0.22	0.49	0.56	0.65	1.34	
shad, American	0.29	0.09	0.21	0.10	0.11	0.23	0.13	0.20	0.05	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.07	
shad, hickory	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.11	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.01	
skate, clearnose	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.13	0.07	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.12	0.08	0.11	
skate, little	5.89	5.99	8.87	3.38	9.35	6.00	6.27	4.25	3.43	4.47	4.56	4.35	4.01	1.05	0.91	1.82	0.97	0.71	
skate, winter	0.37	0.52	0.28	0.21	0.46	0.29	0.46	0.27	0.25	0.21	0.25	0.24	0.28	0.12	0.22	0.23	0.19	0.23	
spot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
striped bass	0.31	0.43	0.45	0.49	0.77	1.13	1.15	1.86	1.13	0.93	2.10	1.38	0.87	1.52	1.27	1.37	0.86	0.93	
sturgeon, Atlantic	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.05	0.03	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.15	0.06	0.02	0.02	
tautog	1.00	0.51	0.51	0.19	0.63	0.42	0.49	0.51	0.59	0.78	1.09	0.61	0.62	0.65	0.84	0.61	0.60	0.51	
weakfish	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.06	0.15	0.20	0.31	0.12	0.11	0.12	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.12	0.08	0.02	0.04	
<b>Invertebrates</b>																			
crab, blue	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.00	
crab, flat claw hermit	0.15	0.08	0.18	0.02	0.09	0.04	0.10	0.10	0.07	0.12	0.14	0.32	0.17	0.05	0.04	0.11	0.09	0.12	
crab, horseshoe	0.35	0.45	0.60	0.13	0.61	0.33	0.55	0.80	0.74	0.94	0.76	1.33	0.96	0.39	0.25	0.86	0.62	0.65	
crab, lady	0.25	0.23	0.16	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.39	0.16	0.13	0.04	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	
crab, rock	1.17	0.61	0.64	0.14	0.45	0.32	1.04	0.55	0.25	0.35	0.31	0.36	0.14	0.05	0.16	0.16	0.20	0.18	
crab, spider	0.98	1.08	1.22	0.32	0.96	0.52	0.69	0.39	0.35	1.02	1.30	1.85	1.42	0.36	0.27	0.55	0.57	0.46	
jellyfish, lion's mane	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.15	0.10	0.08	0.19	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.23	0.14	0.38	0.11	0.00	0.10	0.03	
lobster, American	2.80	2.32	1.53	3.24	2.72	3.02	6.56	4.95	3.90	3.04	2.55	1.48	1.03	1.00	0.84	1.24	1.18	0.62	
mussel, blue	0.31	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.17	0.08	0.11	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.00	
northern moon shell	0.05	0.04	0.12	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.04	
oyster, common	0.04	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	
shrimp, mantis	0.06	0.13	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.18	0.08	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.04	
squid, long-finned	1.01	0.91	0.67	0.89	0.55	0.99	0.41	0.62	0.51	0.41	0.42	0.42	1.69	1.08	1.41	0.33	0.40	0.92	
starfish sp.	0.22	0.13	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.28	0.24	0.29	0.12	0.06	0.03	0.09	0.13	0.11	
whelks	0.16	0.04	0.07	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.09	0.13	0.12	0.31	0.15	0.05	0.12	0.11	0.08	0.04	

**Table 2.22. Finfish and invertebrate biomass indices for the fall sampling period, 1992-2009.**

The geometric mean weight (kg) per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 15 invertebrate species for the fall (Sept-Oct) sampling period.

	Fall																		
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
alewife	0.03	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.04	0.22	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.09	0.03	0.09	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.14	0.04	0.02	
black sea bass	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.23	0.31	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.14	0.23	0.07	
bluefish	16.39	9.91	9.45	8.09	7.62	6.53	5.06	8.51	8.34	6.11	7.87	8.99	16.39	8.75	3.92	9.74	9.19	6.40	
butterfish	6.31	4.12	3.40	10.26	9.30	6.97	13.27	15.43	4.45	7.80	6.56	3.47	6.24	7.85	7.73	5.82	8.97	14.39	
cunner	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	
dogfish, smooth	1.20	1.75	0.76	0.85	1.16	1.09	1.32	1.27	2.85	3.02	6.09	6.18	2.95	2.70	2.46	6.23	1.25	2.80	
dogfish, spiny	0.03	0.08	0.18	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.06	0.24	0.07	0.00	0.27	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.18	
flounder, fourspot	0.14	0.16	0.14	0.08	0.48	0.24	0.19	0.14	0.35	0.17	0.25	0.30	0.29	0.19	0.06	0.19	0.16	0.21	
flounder, summer	0.87	0.85	0.47	0.43	1.61	1.84	1.77	2.27	1.77	3.19	4.41	3.27	1.74	1.93	1.36	1.65	1.97	2.41	
flounder, windowpane	0.51	0.73	0.42	0.32	2.11	1.30	0.61	0.38	0.45	0.30	0.38	0.43	0.26	0.57	0.29	0.42	0.98	0.64	
flounder, winter	0.84	0.99	0.78	0.45	1.56	1.04	0.87	1.37	1.28	0.62	0.55	0.34	0.32	0.41	0.16	0.22	0.49	0.26	
hake, red	0.11	0.34	0.19	0.04	0.48	0.18	0.10	0.06	0.32	0.07	0.02	0.19	0.14	0.10	0.06	0.12	0.09	0.13	
hake, silver	0.04	0.02	0.28	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.03	0.02	
hake, spotted	0.09	0.30	0.15	0.04	0.37	0.03	0.08	0.17	0.34	0.09	0.19	0.41	0.03	0.08	0.17	0.10	0.16	0.23	
herring, Atlantic	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	
herring, blueback	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.03	0.01	0.09	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	
hogchoker	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.02	
kingfish, northern	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	
menhaden, Atlantic	0.36	0.22	0.36	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.09	0.39	0.22	0.05	0.35	0.25	0.49	0.43	0.06	0.29	0.12	0.10	
moonfish	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.12	0.05	0.13	0.09	0.13	0.04	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.27	0.21	
ocean pout	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
rockling, fourbeard	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	
scad, rough	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	
sculpin, longhorn	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
scup	4.96	3.72	3.33	4.63	3.68	2.49	4.50	22.72	30.76	11.28	23.69	28.95	16.31	13.79	10.49	24.42	16.53	13.73	
sea raven	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
searobin, northern	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.18	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.08	
searobin, striped	0.82	0.54	0.32	0.34	0.81	0.60	1.04	1.37	1.59	1.27	2.12	2.43	0.96	0.82	0.38	0.37	0.94	0.61	
shad, American	0.14	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.06	0.16	0.26	0.42	0.14	0.07	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.10	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.11	
shad, hickory	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.14	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.02	
skate, clearnose	0.06	0.05	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.53	0.30	0.46	0.17	0.71	0.30	0.69	0.64	0.40	
skate, little	2.47	4.61	3.47	1.78	5.66	3.81	4.06	2.85	2.92	2.88	3.00	1.96	2.02	2.32	0.67	0.65	0.82	0.64	
skate, winter	0.11	0.15	0.21	0.09	0.25	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.01	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.11	0.16	0.00	0.12	0.31	0.18	
spot	0.00	0.07	0.03	0.00	0.14	0.01	0.00	0.06	0.13	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.34	0.00	
striped bass	0.09	0.16	0.11	0.15	0.21	0.68	0.38	0.39	0.51	0.48	0.70	0.26	1.25	0.48	0.88	0.64	0.79	0.61	
sturgeon, Atlantic	0.21	0.19	0.13	0.10	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.21	0.08	0.23	0.18	0.27	0.09	0.12	0.23	0.13	0.21	0.29	
tautog	0.22	0.22	0.15	0.09	0.07	0.14	0.27	0.31	0.30	0.20	0.27	0.43	0.21	0.23	0.23	0.16	0.20	0.07	
weakfish	0.47	0.56	1.26	1.27	1.88	1.70	0.94	3.39	3.17	2.41	2.86	1.72	2.85	2.52	0.42	3.51	1.17	0.66	
<b>Invertebrates</b>																			
crab, blue	0.15	0.17	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.11	0.10	0.17	0.11	0.05	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.02	0.04	
crab, flat claw hermit	0.17	0.40	0.15	0.11	0.26	0.16	0.35	0.16	0.17	0.33	0.30	0.13	0.18	0.16	0.05	0.12	0.24	0.16	
crab, horseshoe	1.01	1.16	0.55	0.32	1.27	1.32	0.93	1.09	1.31	1.39	1.76	1.67	1.93	0.93	1.00	1.40	1.92	1.21	
crab, lady	1.52	1.58	1.52	1.56	3.54	1.84	0.82	0.48	0.60	0.17	0.14	0.10	0.08	0.14	0.07	0.07	0.25	0.18	
crab, rock	0.58	0.55	0.18	0.09	0.45	0.32	0.37	0.22	0.19	0.13	0.12	0.04	0.08	0.02	0.10	0.04	0.28	0.09	
crab, spider	0.53	1.89	0.46	0.25	0.71	0.42	0.25	0.24	0.21	0.30	0.27	0.47	0.32	0.13	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.29	
jellyfish, lion's mane	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.17	0.18	0.50	0.17	0.03	0.22	0.17	0.10	0.01	0.13	0.12	0.46	0.45	0.02	0.58	
lobster, American	3.17	4.11	3.58	3.03	3.48	7.22	4.24	4.16	2.65	1.91	1.10	1.28	1.46	0.84	0.61	0.51	0.80	0.77	
mussel, blue	0.07	0.06	0.12	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.12	0.11	0.02	0.10	0.10	0.02	0.07	0.04	0.03	
northern moon shell	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.01	
oyster, common	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	
shrimp, mantis	0.05	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.13	0.06	0.02	0.09	0.18	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.06	
squid, long-finned	5.00	7.92	4.71	4.68	5.53	2.20	6.40	6.06	4.05	2.39	1.81	5.88	3.38	3.47	2.15	6.51	4.29	4.25	
starfish sp.	0.11	0.08	0.07	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.12	0.22	0.09	0.01	0.10	0.11	0.02	0.05	0.09	0.06	
whelks	0.28	0.28	0.06	0.08	0.22	0.10	0.27	0.23	0.38	0.52	0.38	0.24	0.24	0.20	0.08	0.20	0.30	0.20	

**Table 2.23. Bluefish indices of abundance, 1984-2009.**  
*Using September and October length data, the geometric mean catch per tow was calculated for two age groups of bluefish: age-0 and all fish age 1 and older. Age-0 was defined as bluefish less than 30 cm fork length.*

Year	Fall			
	age 0 count / tow	age 0 kg / tow	ages 1+ count / tow	ages 1+ kg / tow
<b>1984</b>	20.34	2.51	1.61	2.03
<b>1985</b>	11.27	1.64	4.16	6.25
<b>1986</b>	8.05	1.13	3.77	5.96
<b>1987</b>	9.01	0.88	3.11	4.85
<b>1988</b>	10.73	1.59	2.20	4.43
<b>1989</b>	21.07	3.17	1.92	3.80
<b>1990</b>	12.82	2.09	6.14	8.92
<b>1991</b>	22.57	2.75	5.59	8.49
<b>1992</b>	9.23	1.27	8.44	14.88
<b>1993</b>	11.61	1.96	3.34	7.11
<b>1994</b>	24.85	2.54	3.07	6.09
<b>1995</b>	16.85	2.48	4.07	5.32
<b>1996</b>	13.85	2.27	2.34	4.09
<b>1997</b>	31.26	2.56	2.35	3.68
<b>1998</b>	25.89	2.08	1.65	2.70
<b>1999</b>	39.19	5.43	0.86	1.61
<b>2000</b>	14.67	2.97	2.18	3.75
<b>2001</b>	19.04	2.11	2.62	3.87
<b>2002</b>	12.35	2.25	3.63	4.81
<b>2003</b>	16.85	3.16	2.16	3.31
<b>2004</b>	13.30	2.39	10.38	13.96
<b>2005</b>	12.10	2.39	2.65	5.04
<b>2006</b>	12.43	1.49	2.14	2.74
<b>2007</b>	23.98	4.14	2.44	4.22
<b>2008</b>	6.14	0.82	4.52	8.18
<b>2009</b>	11.65	1.16	3.18	5.09
<b>84-08</b>				
<b>mean</b>	<b>16.78</b>	<b>2.32</b>	<b>3.49</b>	<b>5.60</b>

**Table 2.24. Scup indices-at-age, 1984-2009.**

Spring (May and June) and fall (September and October) catch and age data were used to determine the geometric mean indices-at-age<sup>1</sup>. The spring and fall age keys were used to expand length frequencies to age frequencies and then the spring and fall overall indices were proportioned by the percentage of fish in each age. The 0-10+ index represents the overall index (sum of ages 0-10+), and the adult 2+ index is provided as the sum of ages 2-10+ index. All fish older than age 9 were included in the age 10+ index<sup>2</sup>.

Spring (May-June)													
Year	0-10+	2+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10+
1984	2.797	2.308	0	0.489	1.311	0.577	0.307	0.074	0.004	0.002	0	0	0.034
1985	5.648	2.707	0	2.941	2.002	0.327	0.244	0.047	0.025	0.050	0	0.004	0.008
1986	7.230	2.785	0	4.444	1.651	0.988	0.137	0.003	0.003	0.003	0	0	0.003
1987	2.186	1.758	0	0.428	1.646	0.071	0.034	0.007	0	0	0	0	0
1988	2.061	0.893	0	1.168	0.309	0.502	0.054	0.026	0	0	0	0	0.003
1989	6.249	0.615	0	5.634	0.563	0.034	0.016	0.000	0.001	0.001	0	0	0
1990	4.867	2.345	0	2.521	2.098	0.206	0.037	0.005	0	0	0	0	0
1991	7.046	2.795	0	4.251	1.436	1.258	0.086	0.012	0.002	0	0	0	0
1992	1.749	1.360	0	0.389	1.212	0.093	0.052	0.002	0	0.002	0	0	0
1993	2.530	2.492	0	0.038	2.286	0.189	0.006	0.006	0.002	0.002	0	0	0
1994	3.892	3.093	0	0.799	2.038	0.931	0.100	0.015	0.003	0.007	0	0	0
1995	13.587	0.645	0	12.943	0.387	0.199	0.052	0.003	0.003	0	0	0	0
1996	7.766	2.562	0	5.204	2.477	0.074	0.004	0.006	0.002	0	0	0	0
1997	7.558	4.394	0	3.164	2.610	1.679	0.063	0.009	0.023	0.005	0.005	0	0
1998	10.826	0.761	0	10.065	0.578	0.115	0.063	0.005	0	0	0	0	0
1999	4.732	2.021	0	2.711	1.755	0.162	0.074	0.030	0	0	0	0	0
2000	146.224	21.711	0	124.513	17.184	4.237	0.195	0.064	0.030	0	0	0	0
2001	22.486	20.837	0	1.649	18.988	1.575	0.252	0.018	0.003	0.001	0	0	0
2002	257.914	208.764	0	49.150	66.611	123.248	17.437	1.294	0.099	0.035	0.040	0	0
2003	13.116	12.980	0	0.136	4.047	3.284	4.964	0.608	0.069	0.005	0.005	0	0
2004	26.915	26.902	0	0.014	3.965	8.956	4.904	8.207	0.764	0.079	0.018	0.009	0
2005	8.483	7.325	0	1.157	1.278	1.055	1.511	1.269	1.944	0.223	0.045	0	0
2006	59.052	40.570	0	18.482	23.719	5.629	2.072	2.557	3.160	2.897	0.529	0.007	0
2007	32.809	25.295	0	7.514	15.865	5.845	1.489	0.548	0.536	0.541	0.385	0.073	0.007
2008	92.117	75.160	0	16.957	40.620	27.815	4.936	0.911	0.158	0.303	0.236	0.148	0.016
2009	104.454	72.840	0	31.614	28.228	28.413	12.491	2.498	0.613	0.215	0.134	0.250	0.000
84-08													
Mean	29.994	18.923	0.000	11.070	8.665	7.562	1.564	0.629	0.273	0.166	0.051	0.010	0.003
Fall (Sept-Oct)													
Year	0-10+	2+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10+
1984	10.721	1.692	7.986	1.043	0.783	0.519	0.280	0.092	0.018	0	0	0	0
1985	30.972	1.277	24.914	4.781	0.425	0.587	0.190	0.044	0.030	0.002	0	0	0
1986	25.761	2.519	12.863	10.379	2.277	0.219	0.013	0.005	0.005	0	0	0	0
1987	18.544	2.063	12.468	4.013	1.405	0.579	0.058	0.009	0.009	0.004	0	0	0
1988	39.699	2.092	31.687	5.920	1.818	0.242	0.032	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	65.087	1.596	40.920	22.571	1.501	0.083	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	69.477	7.396	54.350	7.731	6.946	0.398	0.034	0.005	0.008	0	0	0.005	0
1991	311.570	2.953	291.568	17.050	1.759	1.040	0.147	0.008	0	0	0	0	0
1992	83.731	6.244	50.971	26.516	5.540	0.398	0.287	0.013	0.007	0	0	0	0
1993	77.057	1.165	74.061	1.831	1.019	0.121	0.012	0.010	0	0	0.003	0	0
1994	92.523	0.657	90.778	1.088	0.457	0.185	0.012	0.003	0	0	0	0	0
1995	59.136	0.150	32.465	26.521	0.144	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	61.459	1.400	51.497	8.562	1.365	0.029	0	0.005	0	0	0	0	0
1997	41.276	0.809	31.791	8.677	0.630	0.172	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	103.272	0.628	90.404	12.240	0.537	0.069	0.022	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	537.683	8.574	498.180	30.930	8.349	0.195	0.019	0.011	0	0	0	0	0
2000	521.103	9.265	250.391	261.446	8.323	0.794	0.140	0.008	0	0	0	0	0
2001	177.641	20.239	140.506	16.897	18.421	1.607	0.186	0.025	0	0	0	0	0
2002	348.703	41.179	259.902	47.623	23.321	16.812	0.665	0.325	0.048	0	0.007	0	0
2003	152.227	83.963	52.910	15.354	32.065	22.394	26.440	2.493	0.539	0.016	0.016	0	0
2004	291.458	36.277	251.052	4.129	8.338	15.082	5.978	6.245	0.534	0.072	0.008	0.021	0
2005	424.063	18.183	373.318	32.562	8.144	2.437	4.015	1.505	1.689	0.332	0.060	0	0
2006	116.755	13.575	52.164	51.016	9.525	2.341	0.257	0.351	0.377	0.681	0.044	0	0
2007	475.295	37.346	319.893	118.056	29.335	5.929	0.896	0.226	0.302	0.313	0.124	0.033	0
2008	303.256	24.478	243.679	35.099	11.921	7.044	3.556	1.055	0.502	0.137	0.124	0.140	0
2009	139.380	31.506	67.486	40.388	20.786	6.934	2.615	0.735	0.214	0.131	0.068	0.022	0
84-08													
Mean	177.539	13.029	133.629	30.881	7.374	3.171	1.730	0.497	0.163	0.062	0.023	0.008	0.000

(1) In 1984, 1985, 2003, 2004, and 2006 less than the number of scheduled tows were conducted in some months: in 1984, thirteen tows were conducted in May and nineteen in June; in 1985, five tows were conducted in June; in 2003, the 40 scheduled October tows were conducted in November and thus dropped; in 2004, thirty-nine tows were conducted in June; in 2006, twenty tows were conducted in September and twenty tows were conducted in early October; in 2008, no tows were conducted in September (see Table 2.4).

(2) A total of six fish were taken age 10+, all of which were taken between 1984 and 1988. The oldest fish aged was a 14-year-old taken in 1985.

**Table 2.25. Age frequency of striped bass taken in spring, 1984-2009.**

Ages were derived from trawl survey length data using the average of Hudson River and Chesapeake Bay von Bertalanffy parameters (Vic Crecco, pers. comm.).

Age	Year																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	11	5	
2	0	0	0	2	1	5	28	11	4	3	6	98	12	36	119	41	113	47	150	30	15	220	3	46	20	84
3	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	7	8	7	10	26	97	116	122	87	20	41	76	38	38	54	25	109	15	54
4	0	0	0	2	4	1	2	3	13	16	20	8	37	40	68	42	22	15	48	23	18	59	15	44	48	130
5	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	5	5	14	18	7	14	17	28	95	22	28	45	39	21	33	22	44	41	64
6	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	0	1	8	8	6	7	14	20	46	32	36	52	41	22	28	11	28	11	34
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	7	1	1	8	9	3	17	12	13	25	23	14	16	10	9	7	10
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	3	2	4	1	4	4	2	12	5	3	9	4	3	3	1
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	7	2	1	3	1	1	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	3	3	2	0	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0	8	7	11	43	32	34	59	65	150	184	238	362	334	229	184	414	207	135	421	97	289	159	382

Note: number of fish taken but not measured = one in 1984, one in 1988, two in 1990.

**Table 2.26. Striped bass indices-at-age, 1984-2009.**

Spring length data was converted to ages using the average of Hudson River and Chesapeake Bay von Bertalanffy parameters (Vic Crecco, pers comm). Indices-at-age were then determined by apportioning the spring indices (from Table 2.10) by the percentage of fish in each age.

Year	Index	Spring										
		Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11
1984	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	0.05	0	0.0125	0	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0	0	0	0	0
1988	0.04	0	0.0057	0.0057	0.0229	0	0.0057	0	0	0	0	0
1989	0.06	0	0.0273	0.0164	0.0055	0.0055	0.0055	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0.16	0	0.1042	0.0298	0.0074	0.0037	0.0112	0	0	0	0.0037	0
1991	0.15	0	0.0516	0.0328	0.0141	0.0234	0	0.0094	0.0047	0.0094	0.0047	0
1992	0.22	0	0.0259	0.0518	0.0841	0.0324	0.0065	0	0.0129	0.0065	0	0
1993	0.27	0.0093	0.0140	0.0326	0.0745	0.0652	0.0372	0.0326	0.0047	0.0047	0	0
1994	0.30	0	0.0277	0.0462	0.0923	0.0831	0.0369	0.0046	0.0046	0.0046	0	0
1995	0.59	0	0.3855	0.1023	0.0315	0.0275	0.0236	0.0039	0.0118	0	0.0039	0
1996	0.63	0.0103	0.0411	0.3321	0.1267	0.0479	0.0240	0.0274	0.0068	0.0103	0	0.0034
1997	0.85	0	0.1286	0.4143	0.1429	0.0607	0.0500	0.0321	0.0143	0.0071	0	0
1998	0.97	0	0.3189	0.3269	0.1822	0.0750	0.0536	0.0080	0.0027	0.0027	0	0
1999	1.10	0	0.1346	0.2857	0.1379	0.3119	0.1510	0.0558	0.0131	0	0.0033	0.0033
2000	0.84	0.0037	0.4163	0.0737	0.0811	0.0811	0.1179	0.0442	0.0147	0.0037	0.0074	0
2001	0.61	0	0.1558	0.1359	0.0497	0.0928	0.1193	0.0431	0.0066	0.0066	0	0
2002	1.30	0.0063	0.4722	0.2392	0.1511	0.1416	0.1637	0.0787	0.0378	0.0094	0.0031	0
2003	0.87	0.0042	0.1267	0.1605	0.0971	0.1647	0.1732	0.0971	0.0211	0.0296	0	0
2004	0.56	0.0042	0.0627	0.1588	0.0752	0.0878	0.0919	0.0585	0.0125	0.0084	0	0.0042
2005	1.17	0	0.61	0.1497	0.1636	0.0915	0.0776	0.0444	0.025	0.0028	0	0.0028
2006	0.61	0	0.0189	0.1572	0.0943	0.1384	0.0692	0.0629	0.0252	0.0189	0.0189	0.0063
2007	1.02	0.0071	0.1629	0.386	0.1558	0.1558	0.0992	0.0319	0.0106	0.0035	0.0106	0
2008	0.57	0.0394	0.0717	0.0538	0.1721	0.1470	0.0394	0.0251	0.0108	0.0036	0.0072	0
2009	0.60	0.0078	0.1316	0.0846	0.2037	0.1003	0.0533	0.0157	0.0016	0	0	0
84-08 mean	<b>0.52</b>	<b>0.0034</b>	<b>0.1350</b>	<b>0.1277</b>	<b>0.0790</b>	<b>0.0740</b>	<b>0.0548</b>	<b>0.0264</b>	<b>0.0096</b>	<b>0.0053</b>	<b>0.0025</b>	<b>0.0008</b>

**Table 2.27. Summer flounder indices-at-age, 1984-2009.**

Year and season specific age keys obtained from the NMFS spring and fall surveys were used to convert LISTS length frequencies to ages. Starting in 2000 LISTS ageing data (60 cm and over) were added to the age key to supplement the older age groups. Indices-at-age were determined for each season by apportioning the spring and fall overall indices (from Table 2.19 and Table 2.20) by the percentage of fish in each age. The age 0-7+ index is the sum of indices ages 0-9.

Year	Spring												
	0-7+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11
1984	0.6291	0	0.3236	0.2610	0.0445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	0.4410	0	0.0166	0.3168	0.0489	0.0587	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	0.9510	0	0.7700	0.0892	0.0742	0.0126	0.0050	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	1.0572	0	0.9515	0.0793	0.0202	0.0036	0.0026	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	0.4986	0	0.2317	0.2232	0.0352	0.0085	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	0.1016	0	0.0111	0.0550	0.0191	0.0164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0.3475	0	0.3053	0.0201	0.0156	0.0065	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	0.6391	0	0.3892	0.2059	0.0205	0.0235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0.5546	0	0.3182	0.1906	0.0229	0	0.0229	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0.5074	0	0.3216	0.1504	0.0101	0.0152	0.0101	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0.8601	0	0.4959	0.3136	0.0324	0	0	0	0.0182	0	0	0	0
1995	0.2796	0	0.2023	0.0608	0.0110	0	0	0	0.0055	0	0	0	0
1996	0.9609	0	0.6216	0.2370	0.0868	0	0.0052	0	0.0103	0	0	0	0
1997	0.9991	0	0.4481	0.4461	0.0740	0.0121	0.0134	0.0054	0	0	0	0	0
1998	1.3067	0	0.0734	0.5952	0.4693	0.1167	0.0324	0.0197	0	0	0	0	0
1999	1.4401	0	0.3263	0.5563	0.3521	0.1110	0.0696	0.0248	0	0	0	0	0
2000	1.7898	0	0.3805	0.7853	0.4240	0.0538	0.1316	0.0092	0	0.0054	0	0	0
2001	1.7468	0	0.8408	0.3395	0.3653	0.1073	0.0488	0.0333	0.0067	0.0051	0	0	0
2002	3.1851	0	1.0571	1.2637	0.4646	0.2233	0.0930	0.0362	0.0236	0.0145	0.0091	0	0
2003	3.4211	0	1.6080	1.0159	0.3949	0.2316	0.0851	0.0462	0.0327	0.0025	0.0042	0	0
2004	1.8381	0	0.2592	0.8180	0.4100	0.1878	0.0338	0.0817	0.0302	0.0145	0.0029	0	0
2005	0.8038	0	0.2523	0.2641	0.1495	0.0334	0.0364	0.0393	0.0196	0.0046	0.0046	0	0
2006	0.6129	0	0.0383	0.3597	0.0676	0.0654	0.0337	0.0263	0.0168	0.0051	0	0	0
2007	2.5073	0	1.1569	0.2053	0.5595	0.3163	0.1150	0.0888	0.0428	0.0152	0.0065	0.0010	0
2008	1.6145	0	0.6008	0.2912	0.2374	0.2633	0.1165	0.0622	0.0236	0.0033	0.0054	0.0054	0.0054
2009	1.9295	0	0.7772	0.3770	0.2905	0.1804	0.1949	0.0700	0.0258	0.0101	0.0036	0	0
84-08 Mean	1.1637	0.0000	0.4800	0.3657	0.1764	0.0747	0.0342	0.0189	0.0092	0.0028	0.0013	0.0003	0.0002
Fall													
Year	0-7+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11
1984	0.9888	0	0.5648	0.3269	0.0713	0.0140	0.0042	0.0042	0.0034	0	0	0	0
1985	1.1931	0.2453	0.3605	0.4984	0.0804	0	0.0085	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	1.7157	0.1738	1.1902	0.2681	0.0817	0.0019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	1.3963	0.0749	1.0573	0.2309	0.0305	0.0027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	1.4159	0.0150	0.8739	0.4782	0.0366	0.0122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	0.1363	0	0.0227	1.051	0.0085	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0.8678	0.0321	0.6720	0.1214	0.0339	0.0042	0.0042	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	1.2557	0.0363	0.8141	0.3457	0.0432	0.0082	0.0041	0.0041	0	0	0	0	0
1992	1.0178	0.0131	0.5685	0.3578	0.0561	0.0134	0.0089	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	1.1113	0.0842	0.8371	0.1490	0.0362	0.0029	0	0.0019	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0.5517	0.1325	0.3008	0.0957	0.0138	0.0089	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0.5408	0.0424	0.3812	0.1043	0.0090	0.0039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	2.1914	0.0840	1.0394	1.0276	0.0375	0.0029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	2.4980	0.0693	0.8494	1.2261	0.3016	0.0321	0.0099	0.0084	0.0012	0	0	0	0
1998	1.7153	0	0.3251	1.0456	0.2867	0.0392	0.0187	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	2.6787	0.0482	0.8000	1.4412	0.2963	0.0823	0.0084	0.0023	0	0	0	0	0
2000	1.9134	0.1151	0.5117	0.8244	0.2971	0.1122	0.0433	0.0067	0	0.0029	0	0	0
2001	4.4181	0.0208	2.6891	1.1372	0.4342	0.1095	0.0153	0.0078	0	0.0042	0	0	0
2002	6.1211	0.4415	3.0870	1.9304	0.4769	0.1216	0.0429	0.0168	0.0040	0	0	0	0
2003	3.3879	0	1.4584	1.3192	0.4069	0.0873	0.0908	0.0164	0.0089	0	0	0	0
2004	1.9537	0.2545	0.3848	0.7551	0.4398	0.0804	0.0241	0.0150	0	0	0	0	0
2005	2.4099	0.0671	1.0930	0.7441	0.3554	0.0866	0.0316	0.0123	0.0166	0.0032	0	0	0
2006	1.3148	0.0976	0.2170	0.5915	0.2299	0.0957	0.0435	0.0214	0.0182	0	0	0	0
2007	1.8880	0.1295	0.5669	0.3869	0.4676	0.2012	0.0778	0.0408	0.0087	0.0043	0	0	0.0043
2008	3.0853	0.7816	0.4848	0.9581	0.4458	0.3256	0.0804	0.0090	0	0	0	0	0
2009	3.1169	0.4054	0.6606	0.8883	0.6241	0.3182	0.1330	0.0437	0.0244	0.0070	0.0122	0	0
84-08 Mean	1.9107	0.1184	0.8460	0.6588	0.1991	0.0580	0.0207	0.0067	0.0024	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002

**Table 2.28. Weakfish age 0 and age 1+ indices of abundance, 1984-2009.**

Using spring (May, June) and fall (September, October) length data, the geometric mean catch per tow was calculated for three groups of weakfish: fall age-0, spring - all fish age 1 and older (1+), and fall - all fish age 1 and older (1+). Weakfish less than 30 cm fork length in the fall were defined as age-0.

Year	Fall		Fall		Spring	
	age 0 count / tow	age 0 kg / tow	ages 1+ count / tow	age 1+ kg / tow	ages 1+ count / tow	ages 1+ kg / tow
<b>1984</b>	1.00	0.14	0.53	0.84	0.02	0.15
<b>1985</b>	6.19	0.74	0.24	0.46	0.00	0.10
<b>1986</b>	13.16	0.91	0.24	0.51	0.10	0.33
<b>1987</b>	0.63	0.13	0.11	0.16	0.02	0.11
<b>1988</b>	3.49	0.30	0.06	0.13	0.05	0.17
<b>1989</b>	8.69	0.94	0.02	0.10	0.04	0.16
<b>1990</b>	5.56	0.56	0.08	0.13	0.07	0.13
<b>1991</b>	11.95	1.44	0.31	0.41	0.28	0.26
<b>1992</b>	3.05	0.31	0.18	0.24	0.12	0.22
<b>1993</b>	4.08	0.46	0.12	0.18	0.10	0.15
<b>1994</b>	11.19	1.23	0.06	0.13	0.04	0.12
<b>1995</b>	5.22	0.84	0.70	0.64	0.18	0.16
<b>1996</b>	15.23	1.49	0.56	0.52	0.19	0.19
<b>1997</b>	12.38	1.03	0.89	0.81	0.42	0.34
<b>1998</b>	5.02	0.76	0.28	0.36	0.37	0.41
<b>1999</b>	30.93	3.21	0.39	0.51	0.45	0.59
<b>2000</b>	63.31	3.34	0.30	0.32	0.18	0.28
<b>2001</b>	40.09	2.20	0.52	0.54	0.27	0.26
<b>2002</b>	41.35	2.85	0.16	0.26	0.16	0.26
<b>2003</b>	49.41	1.77	0.07	0.17	0.04	0.14
<b>2004</b>	58.98	2.99	0.21	0.25	0.15	0.16
<b>2005</b>	25.86	2.50	0.12	0.18	0.27	0.23
<b>2006</b>	1.05	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.14	0.22
<b>2007</b>	63.93	3.86	0.06	0.14	0.11	0.22
<b>2008</b>	9.03	1.17	0.08	0.14	0.05	0.12
<b>2009</b>	6.48	0.57	0.30	0.22	0.08	0.16
<b>84-08</b>						
<b>mean</b>	<b>20.41</b>	<b>1.47</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.32</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>0.22</b>

**Table 2.29. Winter flounder indices-at-age, 1984-2009.**

The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey April and May catch and age data was used to calculate the geometric mean indices-at-age. An April-May age key was used to convert lengths to ages, and an overall April-May index (the ages 1-13 index in the table) was apportioned by the percentage of fish at age. The 4+ index is the sum of indices ages 4-13 and represents the abundance of winter flounder that are recruited to the fishery. The age-0 indices were obtained from the Estuarine Seine Survey (Job 2 Part 2).

April-May																
Catch-at-age: numbers																
Year	1 - 13	4+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12	Age 13
1984	111.96	27.91	-	8.21	44.01	31.83	20.96	4.23	1.23	0.67	0.74	0.04	0.01	0.03	0	0
1985	83.58	18.13	-	4.11	28.46	32.88	14.17	2.33	0.82	0.45	0.19	0.11	0.04	0.02	0	0
1986	63.65	15.43	-	6.69	26.00	15.53	12.26	2.05	0.50	0.24	0.24	0.10	0.01	0.03	0	0
1987	79.92	13.35	-	7.32	44.69	14.56	5.05	6.55	1.28	0.11	0.24	0.13	0	0	0	0
1988	137.59	12.13	15.46	14.49	71.87	39.10	8.59	1.83	1.46	0.16	0.04	0.02	0.02	0	0	0
1989	148.19	14.97	1.90	13.56	78.43	41.23	10.85	2.84	0.98	0.14	0.09	0.06	0.01	0	0	0
1990	223.09	15.29	2.85	11.31	131.52	64.97	8.97	4.09	1.96	0.19	0.05	0	0.02	0	0	0
1991	150.20	14.31	5.23	8.52	66.99	60.39	9.31	4.05	0.80	0.14	0	0	0	0.01	0	0
1992	61.39	10.49	11.90	6.80	31.32	12.78	8.97	1.10	0.36	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	63.60	9.16	5.61	19.11	19.87	15.46	4.81	3.24	0.80	0.15	0.11	0.04	0.01	0	0	0
1994	84.44	4.87	14.23	9.57	64.14	5.86	3.01	1.14	0.49	0.17	0.05	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
1995	50.12	2.31	10.10	14.35	23.69	9.77	1.36	0.63	0.20	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.00	0	0	0
1996	110.62	15.92	19.22	11.46	59.07	24.17	14.41	0.97	0.28	0.14	0.06	0.04	0.01	0	0	0
1997	71.31	13.84	7.47	12.53	25.53	19.41	9.45	3.76	0.51	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0
1998	72.91	17.06	9.24	11.22	32.40	12.23	12.67	3.15	0.99	0.14	0.02	0.07	0	0	0	0
1999	41.35	11.10	8.70	6.56	12.42	11.27	6.09	3.20	1.14	0.61	0.04	0.01	0.02	0	0	0
2000	45.41	13.26	4.33	7.11	16.66	8.40	7.70	3.42	1.53	0.31	0.26	0.01	0.01	0	0.01	0
2001	54.50	15.61	1.34	8.45	19.60	10.85	8.06	5.46	1.28	0.68	0.05	0.08	0	0	0	0
2002	43.71	7.99	3.06	6.27	19.90	9.56	4.43	1.95	1.02	0.35	0.11	0.03	0.10	0	0	0
2003	27.84	8.83	8.07	2.47	7.83	8.71	4.79	1.95	0.77	0.82	0.29	0.07	0.14	0	0	0
2004	20.46	6.81	10.96	6.32	3.88	3.45	3.88	1.92	0.64	0.21	0.11	0.03	0.01	0	0	0.01
2005	16.10	2.03	5.63	7.06	6.18	0.84	0.81	0.67	0.21	0.16	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.01	0	0
2006	5.59	0.74	0.93	1.14	2.60	1.10	0.19	0.14	0.17	0.09	0.01	0.09	0.03	0.02	0	0
2007	28.68	4.16	4.73	2.98	10.83	10.70	3.10	0.61	0.15	0.11	0.12	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01	0
2008	24.11	4.97	1.97	11.46	3.49	4.18	4.12	0.65	0.12	0.04	0.03	0.01	0	0	0.01	0
2009	22.65	2.86	0.78	7.56	11.21	1.02	1.31	1.21	0.22	0.06	0.04	0	0.01	0	0.01	0
<b>84-08</b>																
<b>Mean</b>	72.81	11.23	6.99	8.76	34.06	18.77	7.52	2.48	0.79	0.25	0.12	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
April-May																
Catch-at-age: biomass (kg)																
Year	1-13	4+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12	Age 13
1984	15.68	7.81	NA	0.31	3.06	4.50	5.18	1.51	0.49	0.30	0.28	0.03	0.01	0.01	0	0
1985	13.91	5.96	NA	0.15	2.54	5.26	3.97	0.97	0.46	0.33	0.11	0.08	0.03	0.02	0	0
1986	10.33	5.39	NA	0.24	2.16	2.55	3.68	0.88	0.32	0.21	0.16	0.09	0.01	0.03	0	0
1987	11.76	4.94	NA	0.30	4.03	2.50	1.39	2.59	0.64	0.08	0.14	0.09	0	0	0	0
1988	18.28	4.51	NA	0.54	6.06	7.17	2.64	0.93	0.74	0.12	0.03	0.02	0.03	0	0	0
1989	22.62	5.64	NA	0.43	7.99	8.56	3.62	1.32	0.47	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.01	0	0	0
1990	29.01	7.09	NA	0.33	10.37	11.21	3.79	2.19	0.89	0.14	0.04	0	0.04	0	0	0
1991	24.59	5.54	NA	0.32	6.82	11.92	3.53	1.47	0.43	0.10	0	0	0	0.01	0	0
1992	12.29	4.79	NA	0.27	3.82	3.41	3.81	0.71	0.25	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	10.26	4.43	NA	0.54	1.93	3.36	1.96	1.73	0.51	0.11	0.08	0.04	0.01	0	0	0
1994	12.20	2.95	NA	0.34	7.13	1.79	1.51	0.77	0.43	0.16	0.06	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
1995	7.72	1.39	NA	0.51	2.70	3.12	0.71	0.39	0.18	0.08	0.02	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
1996	20.41	7.36	NA	0.41	6.11	6.53	6.32	0.61	0.22	0.12	0.06	0.03	0.01	0	0	0
1997	15.53	6.96	NA	0.48	2.61	5.48	4.26	2.23	0.36	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0
1998	14.66	7.28	NA	0.36	3.59	3.43	4.88	1.64	0.60	0.09	0.02	0.05	0	0	0	0
1999	10.29	5.32	NA	0.23	1.41	3.33	2.60	1.59	0.69	0.39	0.02	0.00	0.03	0	0	0
2000	12.63	7.22	NA	0.32	2.31	2.78	3.68	2.05	0.96	0.29	0.21	0.01	0.01	0	0.01	0
2001	14.02	7.94	NA	0.27	2.33	3.48	3.39	3.05	0.87	0.51	0.05	0.07	0	0	0	0
2002	10.83	4.41	NA	0.31	3.05	3.06	2.13	1.12	0.70	0.28	0.09	0.02	0.07	0	0	0
2003	8.87	5.03	NA	0.09	0.96	2.79	2.35	1.21	0.50	0.59	0.23	0.06	0.08	0	0	0
2004	6.11	4.19	NA	0.19	0.53	1.20	2.13	1.24	0.50	0.18	0.10	0.02	0.01	0	0	0.01
2005	3.37	1.75	NA	0.28	0.96	0.38	0.57	0.61	0.22	0.17	0.09	0.06	0.02	0.01	0	0
2006	1.82	0.71	NA	0.06	0.48	0.58	0.16	0.13	0.17	0.08	0.02	0.09	0.05	0.02	0	0
2007	7.02	2.34	NA	0.12	1.18	3.38	1.55	0.37	0.14	0.10	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0
2008	5.08	3.00	NA	0.39	0.39	1.30	2.31	0.47	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.01	0	0	0.01	0
2009	3.96	1.89	NA	0.28	1.48	0.32	0.68	0.88	0.20	0.05	0.04	0	0.01	0	0.02	0
<b>84-08</b>																
<b>Mean</b>	12.77	4.96	NA	0.31	3.38	4.12	2.88	1.27	0.47	0.19	0.08	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: 1984: April = 0 tows, May = 13 tows, and 19 tows in June used to increase sample size; 1985: April = 0 tows, May = 41 tows; 1986-1991, 1993-1995, 1997-2004, and 2009: April = 40 tows, May = 40 tows; 1992 and 2006: April = 0 tows, May = 40; 1996: April = 17 tows, May = 63 tows; 2005: April = 35 tows, May = 45 tows; 2007 April = 35 tows, May = 45 tows; 2008: April = 36, and May = 44 tows.

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**TABLES 2.30 - 2.61  
LENGTH FREQUENCIES  
LISTS**

**Table 2.30. Alewife length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989–2009.**

From 1989 - 1990, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 1991, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																				
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	0
8	0	0	0	0	18	3	3	0	0	0	2	9	16	0	3	1	2	0	0	4	1
9	0	0	2	0	15	9	6	1	6	0	6	21	32	1	18	6	16	0	0	4	6
10	0	0	0	1	11	19	18	2	22	7	6	28	23	5	32	55	32	0	8	5	11
11	0	0	5	4	10	44	11	2	64	11	20	52	14	6	27	87	26	29	13	32	10
12	6	0	4	7	6	83	17	8	127	12	32	43	5	29	25	100	55	44	34	131	17
13	1	0	4	4	47	122	48	16	63	44	42	99	4	70	11	83	61	15	38	193	24
14	0	0	9	7	77	172	35	26	69	61	56	234	7	139	28	63	37	9	37	178	51
15	3	0	8	5	68	140	54	32	56	51	120	334	6	157	25	33	50	49	85	86	101
16	2	0	8	5	84	159	38	86	44	50	144	320	4	86	26	31	74	25	128	46	106
17	5	4	4	16	63	108	32	203	28	34	330	85	5	82	21	33	73	78	161	47	142
18	4	4	9	8	59	81	7	254	32	22	136	15	4	15	19	18	71	93	182	25	196
19	6	7	7	2	37	33	7	180	9	11	99	20	3	6	26	42	59	86	122	49	215
20	3	1	7	2	27	24	10	161	17	17	82	22	9	17	13	30	26	76	105	38	137
21	1	0	3	1	13	17	14	107	34	22	72	27	12	28	22	50	21	40	71	21	53
22	4	2	8	2	10	26	12	103	48	18	47	41	18	46	25	48	18	18	41	14	29
23	5	1	8	6	3	12	12	76	44	16	47	90	36	63	40	36	7	5	28	16	13
24	7	0	3	2	1	12	7	34	28	14	21	58	45	49	42	13	6	1	10	7	14
25	3	2	1	0	3	5	2	9	9	2	11	11	23	12	29	11	3	1	3	0	11
26	1	0	1	2	1	5	1	3	1	2	2	1	5	7	17	5	2	0	2	0	1
27	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
28	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0
29	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	56	21	93	74	556	1,076	334	1,304	701	395	1,275	1,515	274	820	452	749	642	569	1,068	901	1,138

length	Fall																				
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
9	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	6	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	0
10	0	0	0	0	5	1	4	1	1	0	1	4	23	0	7	1	7	0	8	2	1
11	0	0	0	0	27	30	5	5	6	1	3	5	59	0	33	6	14	0	22	1	2
12	0	0	0	1	120	82	9	25	12	9	6	9	86	4	64	7	8	0	44	0	2
13	0	0	3	0	88	84	14	21	21	7	9	17	72	0	4	12	17	0	87	5	10
14	0	0	2	4	16	36	11	30	31	0	11	10	23	3	3	16	15	0	134	14	10
15	0	0	1	8	21	31	0	9	53	0	5	8	24	3	5	28	15	2	118	4	8
16	3	0	3	10	53	14	4	1	110	1	25	2	36	17	20	30	12	4	31	0	1
17	2	0	0	12	25	33	1	2	194	4	34	0	27	8	19	12	3	0	8	3	1
18	3	0	0	9	13	24	1	1	62	3	11	1	5	0	0	1	5	0	6	0	1
19	0	0	0	2	1	11	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
21	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8	1	9	46	377	354	50	95	492	27	117	58	364	38	156	113	98	6	468	33	37

**Table 2.31. American shad length frequencies, spring and fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1989-2009.**

From 1989 - 1990, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 1991, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																				
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	8	2	17	0	6	9	5	5	2	13	6	1	6	0	0	0	1
11	0	0	1	3	7	2	16	5	24	27	20	46	1	101	12	8	11	0	5	26	12
13	4	0	10	8	4	4	11	9	59	85	31	29	2	87	11	14	10	0	20	78	36
15	49	1	82	17	6	22	22	191	177	108	65	21	2	41	0	45	25	38	54	180	66
17	29	8	49	23	10	72	68	154	319	97	52	32	4	49	3	6	4	14	44	51	40
19	5	5	4	33	6	374	40	47	62	32	20	13	0	17	0	2	0	5	8	11	15
21	1	3	10	25	6	158	6	9	2	1	35	1	0	4	4	2	6	0	3	3	3
23	0	3	31	20	5	18	2	16	5	8	50	4	0	7	7	4	7	0	4	3	4
25	0	2	10	7	1	6	0	15	1	7	14	2	3	4	0	0	3	0	7	0	0
27	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	5	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	3	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
35	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
37	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
39	1	0	0	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
41	1	0	1	5	2	3	2	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
43	0	0	1	4	2	1	0	0	1	1	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	1	0	1	7	2	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	91	24	202	163	61	675	189	452	669	378	313	157	14	337	43	83	79	60	152	353	178

length	Fall																				
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	7	1	2	6	7	0	6	1	5	0	1	1	4	5	4	0	2	4	0
11	0	1	4	5	23	26	16	1	20	14	27	0	4	1	14	6	3	0	19	4	27
13	0	0	7	21	54	208	24	7	28	13	44	0	1	0	22	4	5	0	26	3	22
15	0	0	4	2	33	245	14	2	5	4	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	13	0	36
17	0	0	22	7	10	20	2	0	12	64	13	2	5	11	15	77	3	1	2	0	3
19	32	34	93	41	53	57	84	0	67	290	130	16	47	199	121	155	23	6	5	6	42
21	129	143	22	102	466	229	335	15	99	123	251	104	34	44	80	21	46	0	8	28	88
23	30	27	0	30	394	197	83	19	12	0	179	39	3	0	6	0	14	1	8	7	25
25	0	0	0	1	24	50	3	4	0	0	17	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	3	2	7	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	192	205	159	214	1,061	1,047	568	48	251	509	674	161	96	256	262	273	98	8	83	52	243

**Table 2.32. American lobster length frequencies-spring, female, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2009.**

Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Female Length	Spring																											
	1984 (32)	1985 (46)	1986 (116)	1987 (120)	1988 (120)	1989 (120)	1990 (120)	1991 (80)	1992 (120)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (120)	1996 (120)	1997 (120)	1998 (120)	1999 (120)	2000 (120)	2001 (120)	2002 (120)	2003 (120)	2004 (119)	2005 (120)	2006 (80)	2007 (120)	2008 (120)	2009 (120)		
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	2	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	3	1	1	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	8	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	
25	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	0	0	6	9	3	9	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5	7	12	4	6	9	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	5	8	6	10	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
29	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	0	13	14	7	8	13	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	0	1	1	0	11	6	0	5	3	0	13	12	95	2	19	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
31	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	3	6	1	1	4	8	22	19	16	20	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
32	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	7	2	20	0	2	15	13	18	21	23	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	0	1	0	2	2	6	8	0	5	1	6	21	14	13	35	18	8	3	0	2	1	1	0	5	1	0	0	
34	0	3	0	1	0	5	8	15	4	0	18	7	22	64	8	37	4	8	2	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	
35	4	4	3	2	0	0	9	1	4	6	4	22	15	22	59	22	48	3	5	2	1	2	0	4	0	1	0	
36	5	3	2	11	0	0	9	8	6	14	0	8	14	21	41	26	48	3	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
37	0	4	1	2	0	0	10	9	6	7	11	27	21	42	58	29	36	2	3	4	0	2	0	3	3	0	0	
38	2	0	0	7	2	4	6	11	13	17	1	49	10	31	72	42	35	7	10	2	3	0	1	5	0	0	0	
39	1	3	0	3	5	1	0	8	12	9	4	22	16	39	73	34	53	7	3	2	3	2	0	10	3	1	0	
40	1	4	2	10	4	4	7	6	17	28	8	41	18	30	98	23	68	8	10	6	5	2	3	11	1	0	0	
41	2	3	1	18	2	3	22	9	10	23	8	18	17	71	36	58	11	8	4	2	2	2	13	1	3	0	0	
42	1	6	3	8	1	3	17	22	9	41	11	46	18	33	143	54	65	11	18	5	6	0	0	5	2	0	0	
43	1	1	22	0	11	19	16	11	13	11	53	27	44	59	50	84	9	6	8	6	4	1	7	1	2	0	0	
44	1	1	2	16	6	2	13	12	14	25	9	61	22	32	43	38	117	19	15	15	4	5	4	9	3	3	0	0
45	0	2	1	9	1	12	11	12	12	5	24	8	38	22	36	135	35	138	9	14	3	3	2	2	9	0	0	0
46	4	3	1	12	3	8	4	18	26	30	2	34	22	42	88	64	102	15	22	4	0	1	4	3	3	1	0	0
47	2	1	4	31	2	14	4	21	8	40	8	59	35	53	70	77	91	18	20	25	7	2	5	11	3	1	0	0
48	2	2	2	15	6	20	22	17	28	35	12	54	31	56	104	59	72	11	17	9	7	6	2	7	3	5	0	0
49	4	4	4	10	4	7	13	28	19	67	15	37	32	55	198	90	89	8	15	15	5	1	3	7	2	2	0	0
50	6	1	6	7	4	7	16	18	5	40	21	51	43	67	139	63	104	13	21	13	6	2	0	10	6	1	0	0
51	4	5	6	8	3	15	33	24	22	59	16	58	48	88	133	95	109	31	17	13	5	2	4	16	6	3	0	0
52	9	8	3	15	3	14	29	45	32	35	33	58	57	73	165	89	125	40	25	11	6	4	3	13	3	3	0	0
53	10	4	4	20	5	19	14	38	31	54	24	53	47	82	167	89	83	32	26	9	6	6	5	14	3	3	0	0
54	2	4	6	15	2	22	38	35	18	38	29	44	45	87	140	84	152	30	41	15	6	7	2	9	3	3	0	0
55	9	2	8	14	3	9	26	19	26	47	17	59	64	82	191	91	132	34	38	21	8	9	11	20	6	7	0	0
56	6	9	11	12	14	15	31	47	16	60	17	64	56	98	152	99	85	44	24	14	10	14	2	20	7	0	0	0
57	10	3	6	10	11	23	24	57	61	79	24	46	60	95	159	156	102	44	28	11	7	10	7	17	12	6	0	0
58	1	8	7	15	6	25	38	35	27	53	17	56	62	111	144	118	118	35	11	12	12	7	15	9	5	0	0	
59	10	18	7	14	7	29	13	51	28	52	37	70	66	97	144	147	105	45	32	12	12	11	9	15	4	3	0	0
60	6	12	11	19	9	25	34	45	43	57	30	91	76	97	114	102	97	60	48	15	16	10	3	24	6	4	4	0
61	5	14	11	8	12	15	33	49	31	56	44	62	62	92	181	160	79	46	40	21	6	20	13	28	7	3	0	0
62	12	9	5	11	4	12	57	33	34	75	46	61	67	94	118	116	75	59	46	13	11	14	9	22	10	7	0	0
63	4	9	10	27	9	27	56	41	25	60	44	60	70	96	133	136	66	43	41	28	14	13	6	23	11	5	0	0
64	10	16	9	16	8	13	38	33	41	75	24	64	91	86	176	148	110	75	46	23	11	16	8	25	10	6	0	0
65	9	7	9	29	15	25	46	45	26	68	28	72	78	110	169	160	84	63	48	10	16	19	12	16	13	10	0	0
66	11	15	18	25	10	21	43	59	48	86	26	84	87	116	147	121	99	55	39	15	19	9	3	21	8	8	0	0
67	6	20	22	21	14	31	51	41	52	28	67	62	98	148	171	90	72	42	16	23	23	9	17	8	4	4	0	0
68	21	10	12	43	11	14	41	65	37	45	29	76	73	94	142	158	107	49	48	19	20	13	14	21	15	7	0	0
69	10	8	18	33	16	16	36	78	56	58	30	71	57	107	148	188	76	79	52	28	16	13	1	19	10	0	0	0
70	15	5	14	30	13	29	51	59	37	67	27	79	74	119	157	177	86	67	57</									

**Table 2.33. American lobster length frequencies—fall, female, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2009.**

Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Female Length	Fall																											
	1984 (70)	1985 (80)	1986 (80)	1987 (80)	1988 (80)	1989 (80)	1990 (80)	1991 (80)	1992 (80)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (80)	1996 (80)	1997 (80)	1998 (80)	1999 (80)	2000 (80)	2001 (80)	2002 (80)	2003 (40)	2004 (80)	2005 (80)	2006 (40)	2007 (80)	2008 (40)	2009 (80)		
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
29	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	2	5	3	0	5	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
31	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	7	11	8	1	5	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
32	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	15	4	13	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	12	9	2	2	0	0	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
34	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	6	16	3	17	2	6	8	1	8	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35	0	0	6	1	0	2	3	0	23	5	16	3	8	6	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36	4	0	1	1	1	3	1	1	31	7	26	0	8	14	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
37	4	0	2	0	3	2	10	22	19	2	19	5	7	1	8	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38	3	2	2	3	3	2	8	1	24	9	23	1	18	17	2	13	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39	6	0	10	1	1	0	9	15	32	6	22	0	7	22	2	4	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	
40	0	0	3	1	12	14	14	20	35	16	24	12	23	15	3	8	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
41	3	0	0	5	2	6	19	21	32	52	8	39	15	7	13	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0		
42	7	0	5	0	4	2	3	36	52	21	43	7	24	49	9	17	2	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0		
43	5	0	2	4	4	2	16	23	30	39	52	16	20	25	5	15	3	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0		
44	29	7	1	8	1	6	11	32	32	29	63	14	46	47	9	17	5	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2		
45	18	0	7	3	2	0	12	25	50	17	57	22	38	32	7	27	4	2	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1		
46	10	0	1	11	6	6	26	34	42	43	63	20	33	50	12	18	9	3	2	1	5	2	2	1	0	0		
47	21	7	3	12	2	12	18	52	47	44	41	27	32	42	5	16	2	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1		
48	10	5	4	14	8	18	19	35	58	52	69	28	33	58	14	15	7	2	6	0	2	2	1	0	1	0		
49	29	6	7	14	15	11	15	27	77	58	47	47	19	71	11	27	10	2	4	2	4	1	1	0	0	1		
50	27	9	6	21	12	4	31	41	52	38	69	54	28	61	13	31	31	10	6	2	2	4	3	2	3	0		
51	35	8	2	12	3	11	10	44	73	72	94	45	41	49	15	30	13	6	3	1	2	2	0	0	1	0		
52	26	11	3	15	3	11	21	40	66	54	59	51	42	120	18	34	13	3	6	3	5	2	1	0	0	0		
53	33	8	3	22	10	7	22	55	82	94	55	43	43	106	29	18	16	9	3	1	6	10	2	3	1	3		
54	16	8	18	11	12	14	20	41	61	83	76	38	58	82	17	45	28	8	1	3	2	2	3	1	2			
55	23	10	27	21	2	6	22	59	58	54	54	39	45	102	48	32	18	9	1	3	7	8	1	1	3	1		
56	45	10	11	36	10	24	22	29	82	87	74	45	41	90	23	32	33	12	1	3	6	0	3	2	1	6		
57	16	15	18	7	7	15	52	71	71	78	50	44	121	24	39	22	13	5	2	13	5	2	1	10	6			
58	23	16	11	19	13	17	36	55	63	119	79	69	47	114	29	31	23	14	6	5	8	1	2	2	5			
59	21	11	13	26	13	23	30	79	66	110	84	48	46	110	35	36	28	18	5	6	10	4	4	0	2	5		
60	30	18	20	18	7	17	16	74	53	115	70	53	51	140	29	35	34	8	6	9	7	6	1	4	5			
61	10	4	17	24	12	14	37	46	52	91	79	51	56	119	34	37	27	9	5	2	12	7	2	1	2			
62	27	16	23	21	14	32	41	64	53	107	117	44	53	133	39	44	32	19	3	5	10	3	5	1	2			
63	31	14	13	22	8	20	22	53	66	130	93	58	41	126	51	45	29	19	6	16	12	4	4	5	5			
64	25	10	15	29	23	31	26	71	38	100	86	79	38	139	34	44	29	21	9	12	19	5	4	4	7			
65	17	9	39	24	15	28	26	77	44	93	89	49	43	146	49	42	37	18	9	6	15	9	1	2	3			
66	24	26	25	23	15	16	42	70	56	90	87	82	53	126	51	43	26	19	5	10	7	1	4	1	6			
67	17	24	33	11	19	16	29	43	78	106	51	38	117	26	53	31	17	8	11	14	6	2	3	3	8			
68	15	8	27	18	22	30	36	41	42	94	77	48	55	124	54	44	37	19	7	6	4	8	1	6	4			
69	13	18	27	26	32	21	34	61	80	85	38	50	136	54	47	30	22	4	8	16	12	5	1	4	3			
70	63	18	42	27	34	23	20	36	51	122	63	60	55	128	47	35	34	23	17	4	13	5	0	4	3			
71	26	21	28	34	33	40	30	50	50	94	87	62	87	127	50	40	20	20	3	6	14	2	0	2	3			
72	27	16	27	32	13	12	39	58	31	81	85	38	49	150	41	53	32	25	11	12	10	3	2	3	6			
73	21	29	42	24	18	15	58	46	33	74	69	60	40	106	41	47	36	24	9	6	10	5	2	6	4			
74	31	17	23	29	14	21	36	30	39	85</																		

**Table 2.34. American lobster length frequencies—spring, male, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2009.**

Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Male Length	Spring																										
	1984 (32)	1985 (46)	1986 (116)	1987 (120)	1988 (120)	1989 (120)	1990 (120)	1991 (80)	1992 (120)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (120)	1996 (120)	1997 (120)	1998 (120)	1999 (120)	2000 (120)	2001 (120)	2002 (120)	2003 (120)	2004 (119)	2005 (120)	2006 (80)	2007 (120)	2008 (120)	2009 (120)	
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	6	0	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	3	2	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	1	9	2	0	2	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	2	1	5	2	12	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	2	3	5	0	9	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	5	1	0	3	10	5	2	4	15	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	
31	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	8	4	3	2	0	8	13	14	7	18	3	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	
32	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	6	6	8	1	8	9	12	11	16	17	2	2	5	0	0	0	2	0	0	
33	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	9	0	6	4	15	6	9	4	15	16	3	9	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	
34	0	0	3	2	0	1	1	5	1	6	0	27	19	16	52	12	25	2	4	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	
35	2	0	2	0	0	0	4	5	9	5	1	20	12	22	26	23	33	2	5	2	4	0	0	1	2	0	
36	2	4	0	1	1	7	14	4	5	7	3	17	13	24	34	19	26	6	1	3	1	2	0	6	0	0	
37	1	1	2	5	0	3	2	23	9	12	4	15	20	32	58	35	32	5	3	2	4	2	0	7	1	0	
38	0	1	1	5	2	7	14	9	1	26	3	18	21	93	12	28	3	8	4	2	1	2	7	0	0	0	
39	0	0	0	10	0	6	12	5	7	15	4	31	15	20	33	20	35	11	9	4	3	2	3	8	0	1	
40	0	2	0	7	2	8	3	5	12	17	7	25	21	41	32	20	52	8	10	2	0	1	2	4	2	0	
41	0	2	2	9	1	0	11	8	7	4	10	28	19	41	75	46	55	3	13	7	3	0	1	6	3	0	
42	4	2	0	3	1	9	13	10	13	42	7	39	18	46	125	36	63	14	9	10	3	5	0	16	3	2	
43	1	2	1	16	0	9	14	9	12	23	5	52	26	24	70	51	32	5	9	10	5	2	2	8	1	1	
44	3	0	1	15	1	3	10	11	6	42	9	17	21	50	170	44	110	10	15	9	1	0	4	12	2	1	
45	1	5	4	22	3	7	7	20	13	45	6	39	28	46	76	50	65	17	16	20	5	3	2	9	3	1	
46	0	2	2	24	2	24	7	12	25	37	9	32	22	66	155	71	74	19	18	4	3	2	11	0	4	0	0
47	0	1	2	31	7	3	2	17	47	32	9	54	32	66	146	87	65	17	9	4	4	4	1	16	0	2	
48	6	6	5	9	1	8	20	17	7	23	6	45	32	78	93	60	57	22	29	6	3	6	5	8	4	2	
49	9	3	4	24	4	22	20	45	21	40	19	46	18	82	120	87	69	16	18	8	15	3	4	16	3	3	
50	7	3	1	19	4	23	10	21	25	30	21	29	35	61	66	83	110	34	22	16	7	6	4	9	4	2	
51	3	4	4	12	2	20	26	42	16	75	16	62	45	57	158	90	65	24	31	19	8	8	9	10	3	5	
52	9	5	2	12	2	15	23	21	25	37	31	49	52	75	81	80	100	27	27	14	10	6	2	12	3	2	
53	5	9	7	17	4	10	12	33	16	41	26	60	50	56	138	69	66	25	20	11	5	7	5	19	6	4	
54	10	3	16	14	7	14	30	45	36	43	29	74	49	74	210	79	110	33	38	26	15	6	5	21	5	4	
55	5	3	6	18	7	23	16	42	27	50	27	46	51	82	101	101	114	38	23	18	2	9	6	12	5	3	
56	3	12	11	17	10	6	34	38	37	44	14	70	54	83	130	82	95	37	29	19	13	11	9	7	7	6	
57	1	7	10	26	11	17	36	30	12	51	27	54	60	68	145	93	95	43	35	22	7	6	5	21	4	3	
58	12	7	5	10	4	19	44	71	31	47	35	41	83	96	111	111	99	43	46	11	12	8	5	13	8	1	
59	3	13	7	12	14	25	29	57	27	88	34	71	56	67	134	89	43	43	13	6	11	10	24	9	7		
60	1	9	14	29	8	23	49	50	37	42	34	94	84	156	121	105	105	56	35	24	8	9	6	16	9	6	
61	9	14	16	12	10	22	39	56	46	62	34	77	59	102	176	123	83	51	36	28	14	10	14	11	6		
62	11	10	13	15	6	30	44	78	36	65	54	57	58	127	152	117	84	69	44	20	11	12	7	12	16	12	
63	18	15	16	28	8	24	52	65	54	44	36	59	60	101	167	132	73	54	44	24	16	13	19	19	5		
64	8	16	12	26	8	21	45	72	43	63	27	73	90	95	153	133	98	69	46	26	10	14	8	22	16	4	
65	13	8	11	20	15	20	47	55	36	73	33	77	97	165	111	96	75	50	30	21	17	8	16	16	8		
66	5	10	11	26	16	32	49	71	31	23	39	73	107	223	129	64	56	39	23	31	15	6	22	23	2		
67	1	5	11	26	11	32	29	57	44	39	21	69	60	118	182	149	66	77	53	24	16	6	33	19	1		
68	5	10	13	12	7	21	33	80	48	26	34	67	71	92	146	123	74	85	40	35	15	10	2	15	8	9	
69	8	9	10	19	24	25	39	71	46	43	32	59	73	101	156	140	77	73	51	25	11	20	8	16	11	4	
70	8	11	14	23	7	34	38	50	51	27	24	60	77	99	158	152	85	73	44	27	21	16	9	15	21	11	
71	9	5	13	22	13	29	55	66	23	48	42	85	58	91	112	152	62	71	56	20	29	20	7	4	18	5	
72	6	17	13	14	17	33	40	93	42	37	41	59	85	111	145	105	72	62	42	23	13	11	8	25	15	7	
73	14	5	10	21	11	28	37	42	34	27	93	64	82	122	109	61	63	46	15	22	16</						

**Table 2.35. American lobster length frequencies—fall, male, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2009.**

Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Male Length	Fall																										
	1984 (70)	1985 (80)	1986 (80)	1987 (80)	1988 (80)	1989 (80)	1990 (80)	1991 (80)	1992 (80)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (80)	1996 (80)	1997 (80)	1998 (80)	1999 (80)	2000 (80)	2001 (80)	2002 (80)	2003 (40)	2004 (80)	2005 (80)	2006 (40)	2007 (80)	2008 (40)	2009 (80)	
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	9	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
28	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	4	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	6	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	4	2	3	0	6	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
32	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	13	2	3	0	4	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
33	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	4	0	9	1	11	3	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	13	4	11	0	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
35	3	0	0	1	0	0	3	7	13	15	12	1	8	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36	3	0	0	1	0	1	5	8	25	8	21	1	7	14	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
37	3	0	6	0	1	1	7	4	38	4	21	1	11	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
38	2	2	2	3	2	0	0	6	40	6	34	1	17	14	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	0	0	
39	0	0	2	1	2	1	5	8	34	5	25	4	16	28	7	17	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	
40	3	0	6	2	1	5	10	8	35	21	35	6	15	14	5	7	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
41	6	1	1	3	4	1	12	13	43	14	54	5	11	24	1	6	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	
42	4	6	2	0	11	3	12	13	43	34	55	5	29	25	9	8	5	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	
43	1	0	3	3	2	1	7	7	49	17	56	12	23	41	5	21	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	
44	4	1	1	5	11	1	6	13	35	13	63	26	16	40	5	19	3	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	2	
45	7	3	3	3	8	10	11	42	44	34	43	20	44	53	9	18	5	3	2	1	2	2	2	0	0	1	
46	2	2	1	7	4	14	10	31	44	19	58	33	18	35	7	16	5	2	3	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	
47	13	4	3	10	10	10	5	16	14	66	60	26	26	33	41	13	20	7	2	2	1	2	3	0	1	1	
48	15	3	5	7	14	4	16	10	67	49	72	19	49	72	8	20	9	9	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	
49	4	2	10	8	2	12	18	45	48	100	56	33	30	48	10	37	9	1	0	1	6	3	2	0	1	2	
50	13	5	8	21	9	11	16	37	63	56	55	53	28	56	15	44	9	3	2	0	5	4	3	1	0	0	
51	51	6	5	17	10	11	24	46	74	30	88	27	22	88	21	37	18	6	3	3	0	1	0	0	1	3	
52	15	5	11	17	3	16	31	43	65	78	82	56	30	80	36	42	9	4	2	0	3	4	1	1	1	3	
53	13	9	3	30	5	15	22	57	55	83	61	37	103	29	29	29	15	8	3	1	7	1	0	1	0	1	
54	24	12	19	26	21	17	25	76	47	59	97	59	30	116	23	43	21	7	2	3	8	5	2	1	3	3	
55	23	4	17	23	13	26	25	47	83	84	70	80	32	96	26	46	38	9	2	12	3	3	1	0	7	0	
56	18	12	25	18	13	13	37	65	104	90	52	43	89	39	31	21	10	3	4	10	3	3	0	2	6	0	
57	9	0	10	30	26	18	36	43	64	101	79	92	27	111	44	42	27	10	5	4	8	8	1	7	2	4	
58	29	15	24	23	13	30	34	51	68	68	107	58	48	80	42	57	21	10	8	5	6	7	3	1	1	5	
59	47	8	26	31	16	14	23	43	86	109	78	76	40	143	33	54	29	24	10	8	10	13	6	5	1	6	
60	16	6	11	26	7	26	39	56	77	103	109	69	30	134	56	61	37	9	9	7	13	7	2	2	0	1	
61	23	5	10	25	30	12	24	57	68	138	120	78	59	128	53	64	44	15	8	5	17	8	5	4	1	3	
62	50	17	26	23	10	13	36	37	57	125	92	80	42	145	57	49	28	19	10	7	10	6	3	1	4	7	
63	14	18	37	20	15	19	28	63	68	144	107	74	41	149	60	63	39	29	15	7	4	9	5	4	1	10	
64	28	17	22	24	35	19	25	86	74	87	106	73	77	138	57	68	42	35	9	8	19	12	2	2	0	8	
65	36	10	39	31	20	16	39	87	49	107	83	76	40	143	33	54	29	24	10	8	10	14	3	4	6	11	
66	22	13	21	41	31	27	22	60	59	81	87	93	40	130	63	61	41	24	12	7	21	6	4	2	6	11	
67	14	16	39	28	21	24	30	78	82	108	119	63	46	136	51	38	43	38	13	7	17	12	2	7	7	14	
68	16	18	30	31	17	19	42	71	69	107	99	55	34	113	67	61	57	33	21	7	15	12	5	5	4	16	
69	46	13	22	32	31	30	24	51	81	131	101	75	28	121	52	54	41	21	20	11	23	10	2	5	5	8	
70	32	11	28	31	14	24	26	63	56	117	112	79	36	122	60	78	42	22	12	8	30	7	1	4	3	6	
71	8	14	25	23	21	25	24	58	63	115	83	52	63	126	69	75	48	47	21	13	20	6	6	0	4	12	
72	23	20	31	36	29	19	33	89	61	86	76	65	66	86	77	64	47	52	13	9	19	10	6	9	2	8	
73	40	18	42	29	13	42	40	53	44	85	83	51	44	98	54	70	47	32	6	5	20	9	0	3	4	9	
74	36	18	22	25	22	19	39	28	69	130	108	56	42	99	64	65	37	39	21	14	10	4	1	8	6	12	
75	9	8	23	18	16	28	33	58	53	101	97	58	35	99	62	63	39	33	14	6	23	12	0	3	1	11	
76	21	15	24	25	12	36	20	37	33	75	66	37	32	88	55	66	33	28	14	5	16	4	5	7	0	6	
77	13	6	23	19	33	18	32	28	53	79	52	55	37	94	55	60	31	33	17	3	7	9	5	6	2	7	
78	28	12	9	32	13	29	24	36	46	70	55	59	33	76	46	54	28	38	11	5	8	3	1	5	4	2	
79	5	13	11	33	8	19	19	56	48	61	66	43	47														

**Table 2.36. Atlantic herring length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989-2009.**

Atlantic herring lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day.

length	Spring																					
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
3	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	18	504	61	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	213
5	0	2	0	11	3	1	0	0	1	149	1,547	104	0	0	8	30	76	3	20	36	3416	
6	1	3	3	16	1	0	1	3	0	92	237	1	3	0	9	10	140	2	2	13	449	
7	0	1	4	15	2	0	2	15	69	84	18	7	11	1	0	8	118	1	0	12	44	
8	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	5	165	28	5	1	6	1	0	9	73	11	0	23	48	
9	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	1	27	11	4	0	8	0	0	3	8	10	0	16	59	
10	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6
11	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
12	0	0	0	0	38	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	8	0	0	215	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	1	0	0	203	11	0	1	29	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	7	0	0	0	0	1
15	2	0	8	0	122	9	6	0	59	5	0	0	2	0	0	49	14	0	9	1	9	9
16	3	1	38	0	174	17	7	3	12	8	0	3	0	0	0	65	20	0	14	0	91	91
17	2	31	33	0	100	42	8	2	4	5	0	6	2	0	0	140	63	0	27	2	149	149
18	2	4	29	2	28	32	12	0	10	2	0	0	1	0	3	275	98	0	166	6	28	28
19	0	16	19	29	21	39	12	6	21	0	1	0	11	2	1	117	57	0	467	1	203	203
20	0	161	67	15	41	43	78	10	40	5	1	6	65	3	2	67	67	0	228	7	521	521
21	0	333	72	24	35	29	283	26	14	4	2	11	85	17	0	12	19	0	99	11	279	279
22	0	424	70	111	96	14	399	15	19	11	10	38	77	32	0	16	11	3	105	9	162	162
23	0	201	160	61	387	111	245	20	7	4	15	36	14	87	4	0	15	4	106	13	144	144
24	0	195	297	311	436	224	290	22	18	1	19	47	33	71	17	0	25	3	150	27	71	71
25	0	315	337	751	645	485	416	46	117	2	9	99	31	18	36	3	21	5	122	38	87	87
26	1	447	360	503	921	560	1,028	85	202	31	10	70	46	30	63	3	78	3	125	39	108	108
27	0	347	514	382	807	947	723	93	236	33	35	80	24	27	65	14	106	9	122	38	69	69
28	0	338	513	391	825	604	706	64	234	44	37	104	34	19	72	9	87	6	116	36	85	85
29	2	247	319	492	550	387	337	37	82	21	25	69	29	52	52	1	40	3	47	15	44	44
30	0	156	383	142	287	204	231	29	31	1	11	24	8	3	27	3	19	1	6	6	27	27
31	2	127	139	77	129	29	14	4	15	2	0	0	4	0	8	1	0	0	0	2	6	6
32	0	50	22	1	33	6	14	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	11	13	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	0	8	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15	3,427	3,411	3,341	6,119	3,808	4,814	489	1,421	566	2,491	767	497	363	368	847	1,165	64	1,931	355	6,319	

length	Fall																				
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	99	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	0	0	0	328	16	4	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
10	0	0	0	176	3	6	0	14	6	59	0	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	0	2
11	0	3	0	34	5	9	0	11	3	49	0	1	0	0	47	0	0	2	0	0	1
12	0	0	0	3	9	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	1	0	0	1	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	1	7	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	1	0	7	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	5	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
20	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	0	3	12	642	110	40	0	27	12	112	0	2	0	0	80	3	3	2	2	1	9

**Table 2.37. Atlantic menhaden length frequency, fall, 1996-2009.**

Menhaden are scheduled to be measured from every tow. However, the following numbers of menhaden were not measured: 5 juveniles and 4 adults in 1996, and 7 adults in 1997.

length	Fall													
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0	24	0	0
7	1	0	0	20	12	0	2	32	26	0	1	39	2	0
8	0	1	18	51	73	0	6	22	178	11	0	32	2	2
9	0	11	53	152	128	0	8	9	135	22	0	12	6	0
10	1	5	120	471	125	1	9	1	143	19	0	34	3	3
11	0	6	49	337	51	25	14	1	47	13	2	51	2	4
12	0	11	44	25	35	30	10	1	18	9	8	24	1	5
13	0	0	20	2	15	16	14	4	1	1	1	49	0	4
14	0	2	0	0	6	7	20	2	0	3	2	7	0	3
15	0	0	0	0	2	4	24	0	0	1	0	1	1	5
16	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	0	0	2	1	1	4	4
17	0	0	0	0	3	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
20	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
27	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	21	9
28	3	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	3	4	0	35	2	7
29	23	17	0	6	1	0	18	5	10	21	2	31	1	1
30	30	25	0	28	3	0	29	8	44	54	2	18	0	5
31	11	17	1	42	7	1	39	8	65	43	2	7	0	2
32	2	6	1	27	12	0	27	3	51	21	1	2	0	0
33	0	1	0	19	4	2	25	2	10	5	0	0	0	0
34	0	0	0	1	4	0	9	1	7	2	1	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Total	73	103	306	1,187	484	86	320	119	740	234	23	392	36	51

**Table 2.38. Black sea bass length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1987-2009.**

Since 1987, black sea bass have been measured from every tow.

length	Spring																						
	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
9	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	7	7
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
12	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
21	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
22	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	4	2	2	
23	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	4	3	3
24	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	3	2	1	2	1	8	1	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	3
25	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	4	1	2
26	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	1	1	0	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	1
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	2	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
28	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
29	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	6	0	0	0	1	1
30	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	2
31	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	10	0	7	0	0	0	3	2
32	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	4	0	1	1	3	15	1	5	0	0	0	4	5
33	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	11	12	1	3	0	0	0	1	2
34	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	3	6	11	1	2	0	0	3	3	4
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	11	2	1	1	0	5	0	4
36	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	3	13	0	3	4	0	5	0	7
37	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	5	6	2	0	1	0	1	1	3
38	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	11	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	4
39	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	13	1	0	1	0	0	1	7
40	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	15	2	1	0	0	0	2	0
41	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	11	4	4	4	0	1	1	5
42	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	11	3	0	4	1	0	0	7
43	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	3	2	2	0	1	1	3
44	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	1	1	1	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
46	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
47	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
52	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8	8	12	19	16	3	12	22	11	20	18	8	16	47	67	239	46	49	19	7	58	43	84

**Table 2.39. Black sea bass length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1987-2009.**

Since 1987, black sea bass have been measured from every tow.

length	Fall																						
	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1
5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	1
6	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	1	1	0
7	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	6	4	0	23	2	0	3	2	0
8	2	0	1	0	4	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	8	0	15	2	0	4	0	2
9	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	6	0	10	2	0	1	2	0
10	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	5	2	0	2	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	2	2	0	1	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
16	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	7	0	0	0	1	4	8	2
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	16	1	0	0	1	1	14	6
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	0	23	0	0	0	2	2	10	4
20	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	6	3	0	19	0	0	0	1	4	10	6
21	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	1	0	17	0	0	1	3	4	9	4
22	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	4	3
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
24	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0
30	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	0
31	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1
32	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
33	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
34	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
35	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
37	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
39	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	9	1	8	22	2	8	12	1	6	4	10	33	22	66	155	11	75	23	12	53	77	38

**Table 2.40. Blueback herring length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989-2009.**

From 1989 - 1990, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 1991, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																				
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	2	0	2	7	2	0	0	2	0	4	1	0	3	2	1	0	0	1	0
8	0	0	3	0	2	76	20	4	0	5	0	10	7	12	7	9	8	1	0	8	0
9	0	0	2	0	3	114	11	5	21	15	0	14	5	9	23	23	14	8	1	11	7
10	0	0	5	10	7	74	9	19	45	45	0	18	2	9	26	47	6	23	9	14	19
11	0	0	3	4	9	41	9	10	258	48	0	28	1	6	11	39	10	2	3	12	25
12	3	0	5	0	2	9	5	3	4	16	0	18	2	3	4	20	12	0	5	2	27
13	0	0	0	4	0	13	5	2	0	2	0	12	1	1	1	12	3	1	3	4	17
14	0	0	0	15	0	5	3	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	1	5
15	0	0	1	27	1	3	4	7	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	0	8	1	2	2	9
16	0	0	0	65	0	8	3	7	0	3	5	1	1	1	4	4	13	2	23	1	30
17	0	0	1	11	3	9	1	10	4	0	5	3	10	7	4	4	11	2	37	7	64
18	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	4	2	0	0	5	15	2	3	3	1	2	7	3	49
19	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	3	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	3	2	17
20	0	0	0	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	5	2	0	1	2
21	2	1	2	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	3	2	3	2	0	1
22	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	4	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
23	0	0	3	2	0	3	2	3	1	0	0	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
24	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
25	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0
26	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	3	29	147	30	373	83	90	338	140	11	136	52	56	89	173	104	49	101	71	272
Fall																					
length	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
10	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	8	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	3	13	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	3	9	8	227	14	0	12	1	1	0	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
13	38	1	4	11	24	225	48	0	117	18	0	0	36	2	0	15	2	2	0	0	0
14	77	0	1	6	18	247	40	1	111	28	1	0	117	7	0	17	3	8	1	1	3
15	24	0	0	1	20	94	3	3	34	16	0	3	52	3	4	6	2	4	14	2	5
16	0	0	0	0	2	14	0	0	0	5	2	1	10	0	4	0	0	0	31	0	2
17	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	1
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	140	2	9	27	76	827	172	7	292	72	8	8	227	12	9	42	8	14	55	3	18

**Table 2.41. Bluefish length frequencies, spring, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2009.**

*Bluefish lengths were recorded from every tow.*

length	Spring																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	6	0	1	0	2	0	2	10	1	
29	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	6	0	1	0	1	0	5	0	0	
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	2	1	0	
33	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	
35	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	
41	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	4	6	5	0	7	0	0	0	
43	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	26	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	3	1	9	13	7	1	2	0	1	7	
45	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	17	4	0	0	1	2	0	3	2	0	5	6	3	0	1	2	3	10	
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	0	1	0	6	1	2	
49	0	0	3	2	3	0	0	4	5	3	0	0	0	0	1	6	1	2	3	1	1	1	3	0	1	
51	0	0	2	1	5	2	1	7	12	2	0	0	4	10	3	6	1	1	9	4	6	1	3	1	1	
53	0	0	4	3	6	1	0	6	7	1	2	0	2	6	2	6	2	2	6	3	3	2	6	2	0	
55	0	0	4	1	11	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	3	2	1	3	1	1	6	1	1	2	0	3	1	
57	0	0	3	2	8	0	0	2	1	2	0	1	0	1	3	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	1	
59	0	1	0	0	6	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	4	1	2	1	2	0	
61	0	0	3	0	2	2	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	
63	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	
65	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	
67	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	4	
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	
71	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
73	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
77	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	1	35	13	43	13	17	146	42	13	12	6	16	38	23	51	26	29	56	36	18	25	39	39	29	52

**Table 2.42. Bluefish length frequencies, fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2009.**

Bluefish lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Fall																										
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
7	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	33	0	1	0	0	3	13	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
9	2	11	0	5	3	0	3	51	325	5	82	1	0	148	429	293	2	40	9	8	18	77	11	31	0	29	
11	38	18	20	95	116	78	75	315	474	82	1,450	162	7	2,946	1,774	1,205	64	302	153	103	1,072	729	315	126	21	410	
13	1,308	148	65	430	603	743	107	540	392	603	5,722	825	65	4,163	3,566	654	210	259	399	110	1,168	950	413	535	421	766	
15	2,559	1,789	514	982	334	1,500	508	443	497	432	3,786	216	602	870	1,267	637	410	458	342	44	428	390	241	365	708	256	
17	1,797	2,067	932	546	779	2,342	1,183	1,086	1,060	698	1,862	641	3,323	1,005	287	863	370	1,247	106	661	274	619	401	1,148	67	1,104	
19	426	554	386	118	780	2,436	1,222	1,164	838	2,445	1,041	1,897	1,845	769	211	435	1,200	670	149	1,487	556	1,527	286	3,397	89	466	
21	246	96	169	19	532	903	507	627	263	1,174	803	934	487	332	199	913	2,246	391	617	1,011	677	1,188	108	2,152	69	83	
23	68	21	86	9	193	198	150	398	28	214	469	202	32	154	216	1,096	840	161	723	104	550	429	64	853	8	11	
25	19	24	15	5	18	18	62	212	1	66	265	14	7	25	370	1,032	337	76	355	2	339	178	28	221	2	2	
27	2	5	0	0	1	5	9	32	0	10	62	3	0	3	167	476	9	18	50	0	53	32	14	18	1	0	
29	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	53	0	5	1	0	10	0	2	4	2	0	
31	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1		
33	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	14	0	4	1	0	1	
35	0	0	0	4	1	0	17	0	3	0	0	22	0	1	1	0	0	0	13	1	79	0	4	3	0	1	
37	4	8	1	16	2	1	41	1	21	0	10	92	0	2	2	1	2	15	27	6	188	0	27	5	5	35	
39	25	66	35	56	6	10	145	19	118	4	30	192	2	52	28	7	31	52	67	20	428	0	50	45	42	111	
41	64	133	118	84	23	72	245	130	169	19	116	125	18	110	46	15	129	90	152	15	212	15	25	79	35	83	
43	32	63	101	41	31	101	156	229	77	42	125	37	22	52	28	11	73	31	86	13	33	43	11	69	13	35	
45	6	14	20	21	32	34	25	137	35	79	32	10	23	20	30	1	16	15	10	6	15	57	2	40	10	10	
47	13	11	63	9	25	19	25	69	72	74	7	19	61	6	29	7	9	15	8	14	27	38	1	25	11	3	
49	21	55	52	11	19	21	17	88	179	81	9	20	74	27	33	9	14	25	14	19	47	35	6	32	20	10	
51	25	58	43	14	16	19	36	73	210	50	13	21	38	16	23	7	32	26	13	18	59	57	4	26	29	21	
53	31	44	21	14	18	32	16	21	162	26	42	25	17	10	9	10	40	12	18	7	22	22	12	23	28	9	
55	20	25	9	25	8	21	5	5	90	11	56	6	10	5	9	4	16	5	12	6	31	8	7	11	12	4	
57	13	9	4	30	1	12	1	3	54	33	32	3	10	8	2	10	3	4	12	8	48	14	7	5	3	8	
59	4	5	15	11	12	7	3	6	29	69	11	1	8	10	6	12	6	8	9	4	40	15	5	13	5	8	
61	6	20	5	9	8	4	5	6	10	108	20	4	8	10	5	3	11	10	3	5	17	12	6	31	11	14	
63	2	13	11	5	15	4	9	6	11	54	20	5	2	5	10	3	6	3	6	3	21	27	2	25	10	8	
65	0	12	11	6	12	2	13	1	12	30	39	7	1	2	7	3	11	2	5	1	22	14	3	23	5	8	
67	0	11	11	3	14	4	12	1	3	16	49	5	3	4	5	3	7	5	6	1	9	11	1	14	14	18	
69	1	7	8	10	17	10	12	9	4	2	35	4	2	1	2	6	3	5	7	1	12	10	0	11	10	22	
71	1	1	13	4	7	19	15	5	11	1	17	5	3	1	1	7	8	1	7	2	6	1	0	1	11	26	
73	1	2	3	8	7	7	16	5	15	11	7	4	1	5	1	0	2	2	4	1	6	3	0	5	3	20	
75	2	1	5	3	9	5	13	8	17	8	5	4	7	3	4	5	1	1	1	1	1	4	0	1	1	12	
77	0	3	1	1	3	4	10	6	6	4	8	3	8	6	1	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	4		
79	0	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	4	6	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2		
81	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	4	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	6,737	5,301	2,739	2,598	3,646	8,635	4,673	5,701	5,224	6,457	16,234	5,514	6,688	10,776	8,789	7,789	6,110	3,957	3,393	3,682	6,488	6,506	2,063	9,340	1,667	3,602	

**Table 2.43. Butterfish length frequencies, 1 cm intervals, spring and fall, 1986-1990, 1992–2009.**

*Length frequencies of butterfish taken from the first three tows of each day.*

length	Spring																						
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	2	4	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	9	0	15	0	1	1	8	1	5
5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	0	2	0	0	4	0	51	1	29	1	0	1	5	3	53
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	21	3	0	0	0	207	0	7	20	0	2	0	1	276
7	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	57	1	7	0	3	0	0	202	0	3	95	1	0	0	3	233
8	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	107	0	0	101	2	4	0	0	228
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	57	5	4	0	15	0	4	47	0	61	12	1	197
10	4	0	0	40	0	2	0	4	7	0	165	183	10	0	5	4	10	146	10	201	73	53	225
11	29	0	0	269	5	16	3	28	20	19	618	622	16	84	51	44	130	427	27	540	292	74	461
12	39	0	3	208	7	32	17	45	80	190	1,005	656	55	961	272	202	616	433	216	1,632	794	409	1426
13	26	0	6	34	16	88	25	75	62	485	1,598	466	152	1,265	317	656	546	201	442	3,108	531	976	1196
14	61	0	7	2	28	111	10	76	30	327	1,296	190	145	317	145	990	129	71	425	1,690	130	739	439
15	66	0	27	3	26	50	9	117	24	255	1,033	173	122	122	236	851	137	64	234	493	234	646	237
16	57	0	20	10	26	49	25	156	44	275	951	267	148	31	381	669	155	126	124	173	190	654	201
17	25	0	14	7	38	41	23	92	25	178	654	175	137	47	332	490	64	107	81	104	146	396	154
18	20	0	0	0	18	38	10	44	14	83	307	88	106	28	284	335	36	50	71	72	85	405	113
19	7	0	0	4	16	27	4	9	3	48	110	70	24	23	128	249	26	21	59	84	22	179	49
20	0	0	1	2	7	10	0	4	1	13	72	29	27	21	53	142	16	9	12	27	18	56	9
21	4	0	0	1	5	1	0	0	0	2	22	3	8	7	7	26	4	1	4	1	0	1	7
22	4	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	1	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	342	0	78	584	200	469	127	768	315	1,905	7,906	2,935	965	2,907	2,804	4,666	1,933	1,921	1,710	8,196	2,544	4,598	5,509
length	Fall																						
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	2	87	0	0	0	20	1	8	2	2	1	3	0	16	15	0	7	0	1	15	0	6
5	0	3	1,141	23	3	475	436	16	268	180	33	20	13	72	69	53	52	29	260	2	152	29	324
6	0	10	5,778	144	62	2,429	3,144	197	426	601	461	317	250	334	409	616	685	710	658	34	1,270	230	1997
7	12	146	5,728	678	173	13,780	4,344	1,701	5,055	1,540	1,614	920	3,755	2,709	1,405	1,842	4,972	9,342	2,991	162	1,951	771	9132
8	117	1,093	4,844	1,425	471	22,246	5,983	7,653	11,919	3,292	5,449	4,070	24,915	8,904	3,196	7,453	5,630	18,524	14,062	1,060	4,508	4,744	18840
9	277	2,236	5,489	3,196	2,515	22,133	7,781	17,663	12,110	5,856	11,122	14,691	53,739	16,392	4,444	14,401	3,067	13,237	18,276	4,647	5,086	8,864	16054
10	1,143	2,017	1,068	4,927	5,886	6,614	4,001	8,178	3,765	6,674	10,645	29,516	31,244	13,110	6,002	14,408	832	13,284	16,897	9,830	7,584	6,576	5377
11	919	1,204	477	1,661	2,781	634	871	2,414	832	5,493	6,050	23,892	8,496	3,528	2,997	5,682	294	4,193	8,203	5,929	6,404	4,103	1678
12	623	1,041	51	216	827	65	360	1,951	346	2,344	2,849	7,162	2,009	915	2,004	430	639	982	2,391	3,266	2,614	1,812	5041
13	409	2,477	204	45	212	94	2,400	2,610	131	976	818	675	1,156	306	1,714	264	570	218	1,265	1,173	1,122	457	9925
14	259	1,946	172	144	52	50	1,721	1,238	273	2,072	289	498	481	93	2,307	247	231	350	212	281	278	4	6842
15	95	1,334	196	139	234	101	797	679	597	2,104	197	272	212	30	2,026	190	95	420	188	184	405	131	2211
16	106	387	197	210	415	177	390	41	951	1,196	238	388	92	151	1,521	85	156	320	203	688	420	368	1167
17	184	124	228	117	133	130	124	144	853	392	335	574	158	392	391	152	66	208	137	398	228	539	836
18	48	59	115	102	83	347	54	110	429	59	407	168	80	198	310	266	8	89	177	77	145	243	117
19	30	10	19	27	91	16	19	2	68	34	211	263	62	106	199	206	0	29	44	39	110	11	63
20	4	8	2	26	8	8	3	0	0	11	20	14	7	4	155	94	13	16	11	3	1	68	15
21	18	2	0	0	0	1	8	1	0	0	10	62	6	1	31	15	1	1	4	0	0	1	0
22	0	0	0	2	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
25	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4,244	14,108	25,796	13,082	13,946	69,300	32,464	44,599	38,034	32,826	40,750	83,503	126,680	47,245	29,196	46,433	17,312	61,962	65,980	27,775	32,293	28,951	79,627

**Table 2.44. Fourspot flounder length frequencies, spring and fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1989, 1990, 1996-2009.**

Fourspot lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day.

length	Spring															
	1989	1990	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
13	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
15	5	2	0	0	5	5	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
17	21	8	1	3	8	12	1	2	17	2	13	0	0	6	0	0
19	19	19	8	16	14	61	22	5	89	8	8	0	6	7	7	4
21	17	42	31	60	13	28	26	4	99	6	4	1	18	11	9	10
23	11	341	198	161	16	32	239	42	33	8	4	14	24	9	17	6
25	56	528	279	353	105	72	422	181	84	124	26	71	29	44	39	37
27	103	225	208	456	209	97	256	300	199	228	82	75	33	105	81	91
29	120	139	193	392	233	81	201	245	191	187	129	64	44	170	108	127
31	89	60	117	192	137	66	139	153	175	163	178	68	61	121	94	90
33	51	27	54	76	60	60	81	45	89	88	113	52	36	52	70	51
35	8	33	15	22	16	25	39	11	26	47	35	31	13	43	34	31
37	2	12	6	3	4	7	12	8	7	12	5	11	4	9	11	7
39	0	4	3	0	2	1	1	2	3	6	2	3	1	7	2	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>1,440</b>	<b>1,113</b>	<b>1,734</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>1,439</b>	<b>999</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>455</b>

length	Fall															
	1989	1990	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1
7	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1
9	5	0	0	23	19	0	2	2	0	4	1	0	2	1	1	7
11	9	4	2	46	27	5	4	17	5	2	12	4	5	0	7	16
13	10	15	5	68	22	24	6	25	3	3	9	9	13	2	8	59
15	6	17	35	55	21	42	5	15	9	0	13	17	4	5	11	45
17	0	0	42	16	3	16	1	0	3	0	1	26	3	2	16	20
19	0	0	22	0	0	4	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	7	6
21	0	0	0	2	2	3	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
23	1	2	9	2	5	0	17	1	5	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
25	0	3	42	7	16	5	58	3	7	3	4	1	0	6	1	2
27	0	7	41	10	22	4	77	5	13	7	6	5	0	7	1	6
29	0	3	24	5	22	5	54	10	18	11	13	5	0	20	6	8
31	0	1	20	3	6	3	25	1	18	4	30	6	0	12	5	6
33	0	0	6	1	1	1	7	1	13	7	19	2	1	3	1	11
35	0	0	4	0	1	0	5	0	6	5	6	7	0	4	4	1
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>192</b>

**Table 2.45. Hickory shad length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1991-2009.**

Hickory shad were measured from every tow, with the exception of one fish in each of fall 1996, fall 1997, and fall 1998.

length	Spring																		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	1	2	1
19	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	6	0	1	1
20	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	0	0
24	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	5	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	5	2	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	18	3	5	0	1
28	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	0	4	1	0	14	3	3	0	1
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	7	0	5	0	2	5	2	1	0	1
30	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	5	1	5	0	5	3	1	6	5	2	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	1
32	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	6	6	2	1	2	1	1	0	5	1	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	1	0	0
35	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	2	2	0	4	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	2	3	4	2	12	9	34	24	26	10	40	16	20	75	53	27	3	6
length	Fall																		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
23	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	6	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0
26	0	1	2	8	0	3	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	5	2	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0
28	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2
29	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0
30	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	7	2	0	3
31	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	15	1	2	0	2
32	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	1	7	3	1	0	2	0	12	1	1	0	0
33	0	2	1	2	0	1	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	5	0	1	2	0
34	0	2	0	0	1	4	2	0	3	4	0	1	1	0	5	1	0	0	0
35	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0
36	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0
37	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	0	10	7	27	4	16	15	5	32	16	4	5	6	18	60	22	10	2	7

**Table 2.46. Horseshoe crab length frequencies by sex, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1998-2009.**  
*Horseshoe crabs were measured (prosomal width) from every tow.*

Sex	length	Spring											
		1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
F	13		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	14		1	3	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
F	15		0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
F	16		1	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	1	0
F	17		1	0	2	2	1	4	1	0	1	1	0
F	18		2	1	0	3	2	4	0	0	2	1	1
F	19		4	1	2	2	5	5	0	0	3	4	1
F	20		5	2	0	7	1	2	3	0	3	2	0
F	21		8	2	1	8	6	2	1	0	3	8	1
F	22		8	6	4	13	10	7	2	0	10	4	6
F	23		14	15	18	19	22	17	3	2	9	14	4
F	24		15	7	15	32	29	25	5	4	15	11	12
F	25		15	10	23	25	22	20	8	5	11	16	10
F	26		23	13	28	26	22	23	3	2	16	12	10
F	27		15	9	18	18	18	18	8	4	10	9	9
F	28		8	6	9	6	7	4	2	2	5	4	10
F	29		3	0	3	4	4	4	0	3	5	1	3
F	30		1	0	3	2	0	0	3	2	0	2	1
F	31		0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	1
F	32		0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
M	14		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
M	15		0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	16		0	0	0	2	5	2	0	1	2	0	0
M	17		5	2	4	7	9	9	0	0	3	2	3
M	18		11	8	12	19	24	21	2	0	17	10	3
M	19		22	13	32	42	25	33	3	0	19	12	10
M	20		15	16	30	20	33	31	7	0	21	10	11
M	21		18	5	13	14	16	10	1	0	6	12	5
M	22		4	5	7	6	7	6	2	0	4	2	1
M	23		1	0	3	1	4	2	1	0	0	1	1
M	24		2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	25		0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
M	26		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
M	27		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	28		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	29		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	30		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		51	204	125	228	285	285	251	60	25	166	141	104

\*note: horseshoe crabs were not sexed during the spring of 1998.

**Table 2.47. Horseshoe crab length frequencies by sex, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1998-2009.**  
*Horseshoe crabs were measured (prosomal width) from every tow.*

Sex	length	Fall											
		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
F	13	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0
F	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	15	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	17	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
F	18	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
F	19	3	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
F	20	5	1	1	4	4	2	3	0	2	0	0	2
F	21	3	2	2	3	1	4	6	3	1	1	1	0
F	22	3	8	13	13	10	3	9	4	1	2	6	6
F	23	8	15	15	12	8	8	13	10	7	7	6	14
F	24	7	19	30	27	21	9	24	10	6	17	14	22
F	25	17	12	20	31	33	13	19	6	12	26	17	17
F	26	19	23	33	31	18	9	29	12	10	22	15	24
F	27	14	7	21	22	18	7	22	8	3	17	11	28
F	28	2	4	10	8	13	6	15	5	4	8	11	22
F	29	2	3	2	5	2	3	8	2	0	4	1	5
F	30	0	1	1	2	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	2
F	31	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
F	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	34	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	16	0	0	2	1	5	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
M	17	6	5	7	6	3	5	11	0	1	3	1	2
M	18	12	14	28	18	14	15	21	3	9	3	9	18
M	19	10	20	39	27	31	11	39	13	4	12	21	14
M	20	20	23	35	32	22	8	30	12	9	19	23	31
M	21	6	11	18	15	9	4	15	4	2	10	6	13
M	22	5	3	8	4	6	0	10	2	5	6	2	5
M	23	0	0	3	2	6	1	1	0	2	3	1	3
M	24	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	2
M	25	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
M	26	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
M	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
M	29	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		145	177	295	274	229	117	281	101	83	165	148	234

**Table 2.48. Long-finned squid length frequencies, spring and fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1986-1990, 1992-2009.**

Length frequencies of squid taken from the first three tows of each day.

length	Spring																						
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	18	4	11	0	7	0	6	0	1	2	125	17	
5	0	1	38	0	1	10	73	168	135	62	46	426	42	68	17	92	27	121	12	30	44	440	194
7	2	8	113	0	0	25	196	225	354	57	90	769	38	50	39	64	15	153	24	21	57	214	215
9	5	13	71	2	3	40	90	146	311	74	86	449	61	36	68	55	37	75	13	20	49	109	94
11	3	32	129	5	13	45	107	211	615	130	121	201	129	57	126	89	57	143	39	91	103	278	231
13	43	335	354	18	35	129	296	257	624	172	223	84	194	203	177	147	141	519	197	285	124	332	684
15	45	611	594	84	126	178	372	188	278	158	393	31	193	196	91	148	137	862	442	256	95	181	385
17	21	822	522	191	289	120	507	147	178	85	340	19	110	135	65	93	83	827	407	239	49	136	240
19	59	569	445	187	272	89	345	52	119	68	188	15	61	90	42	34	38	343	198	117	40	68	153
21	52	542	245	91	157	97	170	31	95	34	117	10	38	59	38	33	29	260	135	90	16	59	63
23	26	398	145	82	107	68	72	23	26	16	106	11	21	37	20	15	26	164	89	58	12	21	31
25	19	369	98	63	111	20	44	16	17	9	94	3	26	24	19	8	21	104	64	43	10	14	25
27	13	439	78	85	85	35	48	9	40	4	43	5	7	19	9	7	7	45	37	17	5	7	17
29	4	219	29	40	81	27	34	5	7	4	11	3	7	1	7	5	2	20	12	10	2	2	6
31	8	199	38	23	36	7	9	3	12	1	14	1	1	2	8	2	14	2	8	2	0	0	4
33	0	86	14	13	15	10	7	1	5	1	5	0	1	1	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	3
35	1	38	0	0	11	2	2	2	8	0	4	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	2	38	4	5	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	303	4,720	2,917	894	1,348	903	2,372	1,484	2,825	880	1,882	2,045	933	990	723	811	622	3,657	1,672	1,287	610	1,986	2,362
length	Fall																						
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
3	0	157	59	113	74	316	914	89	181	82	130	135	133	55	36	90	90	171	101	181	29	119	433
5	0	1,212	1,039	1,211	1,108	4,413	5,838	1,809	1,682	1,968	1,582	2,530	1,577	1,598	893	956	3,111	2,450	2,302	836	1,787	711	3,271
7	16	1,835	1,886	1,124	1,305	10,225	8,690	3,954	4,150	4,620	2,446	6,150	4,172	4,046	1,919	2,260	5,752	5,464	4,889	1,830	6,602	1,385	5,640
9	151	1,346	479	391	349	4,704	6,725	4,711	4,205	4,078	1,504	4,932	3,637	2,878	1,455	1,417	3,670	2,694	3,289	996	5,668	1,685	2,922
11	13	813	126	128	82	1,630	2,950	3,662	2,445	1,962	736	1,891	2,112	1,251	792	569	1,076	1,018	1,511	387	3,353	812	1,134
13	0	247	45	72	41	526	1,145	1,259	546	876	279	696	700	627	285	232	60	240	501	116	1,175	296	330
15	0	108	20	34	9	58	463	510	187	243	75	302	369	332	134	65	3	151	108	35	403	65	68
17	0	19	11	22	6	0	127	174	48	62	28	113	231	174	40	16	0	44	55	25	262	12	16
19	0	2	23	6	1	0	22	43	2	7	10	17	117	42	5	4	0	9	3	23	76	0	1
21	0	28	0	8	1	0	2	10	0	0	1	1	45	12	3	1	0	4	2	1	4	0	0
23	0	2	0	6	1	0	2	12	0	6	0	1	21	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Total	180	5,770	3,688	3,118	2,977	21,872	26,879	16,233	13,446	13,904	6,791	16,768	13,115	11,016	5,562	5,610	13,762	12,245	12,763	4,430	19,364	5,085	13,815

**Table 2.49. Scup spring length frequencies, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2009.**

Lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	0
8	0	0	0	6	3	84	0	12	0	0	0	11	0	0	10	24	61	0	16	0	0	4	56	4	145	3
9	4	30	50	33	46	1,049	11	80	9	0	11	408	152	10	163	128	976	98	400	0	0	77	322	145	606	148
10	8	138	377	46	160	2,523	270	514	49	3	48	1,202	537	145	1,381	355	5,293	405	2,303	4	1	169	1,151	926	1,700	1,966
11	10	362	724	38	144	2,075	493	1,365	67	4	92	1,437	1,055	311	1,617	313	10,571	645	3,389	19	1	136	1,259	1,033	2,055	3,476
12	5	194	427	9	31	312	280	576	57	3	67	809	826	151	712	131	8,815	586	1,706	33	1	62	1,263	486	950	3,418
13	2	51	122	4	9	87	56	122	18	4	23	108	397	36	359	51	4,041	265	722	25	2	19	888	78	586	1,141
14	0	7	64	2	0	72	22	0	11	5	2	20	29	25	154	16	1,043	104	498	7	1	8	626	76	357	561
15	2	4	4	11	4	137	40	3	3	77	7	3	3	11	66	1	201	220	247	7	42	56	251	298	426	593
16	9	47	26	65	19	121	202	8	4	217	48	6	61	49	24	13	48	1,349	1,035	121	327	129	722	1,177	1,971	1,430
17	37	91	91	119	40	105	310	63	49	339	142	11	264	123	57	75	229	4,517	2,943	415	485	129	1,670	1,607	3,916	2,151
18	22	204	208	174	34	95	231	182	135	286	194	28	545	216	89	161	1,034	8,611	4,097	733	403	140	2,254	1,444	3,722	1,953
19	28	130	182	100	16	50	121	347	258	159	203	30	390	136	66	172	1,451	6,452	3,619	720	261	114	1,607	918	1,978	1,078
20	11	71	131	33	25	33	30	256	136	35	99	22	153	81	21	130	1,106	1,840	3,679	390	381	29	934	390	1,315	798
21	3	15	36	15	44	13	26	223	65	27	95	19	34	62	11	78	513	518	6,253	427	584	42	559	266	2,149	1,320
22	7	7	6	4	49	7	18	292	11	17	56	17	10	96	8	29	173	292	8,129	660	1,077	111	416	458	2,835	1,941
23	6	22	103	3	33	12	12	225	10	25	44	19	1	86	17	25	240	755	5,618	931	982	174	427	603	2,340	1,522
24	4	38	124	5	14	9	6	103	21	14	23	24	8	46	18	26	282	833	2,385	977	745	161	361	558	1,351	1,149
25	3	28	77	2	4	5	7	33	15	8	10	15	2	20	12	13	199	278	1,292	1,025	844	216	234	272	854	909
26	0	11	73	2	3	3	3	15	10	1	8	5	1	5	10	10	154	132	1,266	741	1,215	332	262	128	642	793
27	2	3	35	3	1	4	1	5	4	4	6	8	2	3	7	7	50	93	491	363	1,200	353	283	91	382	504
28	0	12	4	5	4	3	3	1	6	2	2	0	1	3	3	2	13	88	282	201	730	379	427	109	230	267
29	1	14	6	3	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	19	36	147	81	331	332	622	115	198	234
30	0	11	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0	8	8	71	33	116	171	618	156	64	90
31	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	4	0	1	6	3	35	23	37	101	441	167	54	42
32	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	2	10	11	28	41	317	126	68	32
33	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	11	4	11	16	266	65	57	57
34	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	2	8	1	30	37	47	16
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	2	17	18	26	10
36	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	4	9	11	11
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	3	4	8
38	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	166	1,497	2,877	684	689	6,801	2,143	4,430	942	1,232	1,183	4,204	4,474	1,624	4,806	1,771	36,537	28,134	50,654	7,955	9,817	3,506	18,292	11,764	31,052	27,623

**Table 2.50. Scup fall length frequencies, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2009.**

Lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Fall																										
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
3	0	8	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	13	4	9	0	0
4	1	61	0	0	17	1	3	14	196	0	6	0	0	18	4	1	1	28	117	19	143	363	11	74	0	34	
5	16	90	313	213	103	128	57	120	483	28	312	1	13	70	224	21	168	317	603	214	1,302	850	129	381	0	234	
6	295	249	626	1,193	625	612	340	1,805	1,516	554	931	41	185	338	1,246	1,041	991	1,891	2,132	573	4,723	4,122	389	1,303	4	1,106	
7	627	588	753	491	1,782	1,367	640	4,923	1,554	4,383	5,217	219	788	1,020	2,354	4,570	4,228	5,003	5,571	1,589	8,721	9,683	942	4,516	871	2,923	
8	345	1,827	507	499	2,264	1,765	2,152	11,168	2,595	9,063	11,585	602	2,048	1,318	4,330	9,886	7,464	7,327	9,315	701	10,637	11,328	1,442	10,576	3,092	3,078	
9	719	2,637	210	434	2,050	1,500	3,806	13,883	936	9,169	13,327	1,867	3,502	1,479	4,515	18,224	9,302	5,369	10,102	205	10,751	8,808	1,517	13,782	6,383	1,316	
10	262	2,025	84	77	656	798	2,728	5,539	250	5,754	4,712	1,916	2,667	1,184	3,126	29,863	6,831	2,837	6,754	33	5,987	5,295	459	10,376	7,196	610	
11	8	1,064	19	12	81	95	601	1,191	78	814	432	606	525	499	728	20,073	1,806	888	2,020	3	1,896	1,973	126	2,547	1,733	75	
12	0	9	4	22	17	124	28	88	40	12	46	103	31	191	94	6,931	467	312	488	6	344	734	256	1,316	84	10	
13	14	59	41	144	53	670	51	2	304	13	4	46	39	44	56	1,190	428	229	197	87	77	680	606	1,645	27	81	
14	30	265	322	288	274	1,449	13	46	860	70	22	403	161	130	180	198	2,744	309	276	249	159	1,158	1,101	3,269	193	598	
15	86	339	603	277	649	1,102	171	305	1,393	176	68	1,283	459	517	504	459	6,889	690	854	325	268	784	1,210	4,216	367	1,890	
16	91	473	452	149	313	487	373	910	942	251	117	1,478	491	588	738	742	10,695	762	1,403	201	130	555	801	3,003	493	2,445	
17	46	299	361	61	111	213	362	683	465	168	103	869	299	289	446	1,583	7,208	593	1,642	92	75	359	338	1,468	330	1,777	
18	27	170	188	29	81	87	415	242	110	70	87	262	111	101	193	1,548	3,508	225	1,370	43	37	261	179	555	110	830	
19	8	44	55	20	85	42	309	39	28	56	57	47	51	21	72	1,196	771	294	733	175	78	234	113	676	88	320	
20	21	15	36	52	93	43	266	13	145	95	34	18	75	32	33	436	396	769	621	586	189	308	147	1,121	185	343	
21	47	8	44	87	87	34	424	56	254	111	41	9	70	34	33	289	337	967	797	693	339	194	158	1,179	228	336	
22	59	38	116	88	96	34	333	64	265	88	56	4	58	39	27	460	216	655	1,214	500	447	147	128	655	238	226	
23	75	77	133	61	18	14	101	86	181	44	38	4	23	17	16	329	189	328	1,185	315	544	88	134	365	150	190	
24	93	64	84	33	17	9	34	98	27	16	33	3	7	10	7	173	124	195	1,071	506	744	104	90	189	94	170	
25	46	49	38	27	4	6	21	47	23	12	17	1	1	12	5	66	49	96	769	726	1,072	146	59	181	123	170	
26	38	53	13	28	10	3	19	17	10	11	0	0	4	2	13	35	55	271	720	878	173	42	170	147	167		
27	38	64	9	36	7	1	2	13	22	10	7	0	2	1	2	19	42	27	184	558	790	212	23	91	99	128	
28	31	18	12	11	3	1	3	6	13	7	6	0	2	1	1	4	20	11	67	261	731	214	15	78	85	107	
29	9	21	4	7	0	0	1	1	6	4	2	0	0	0	3	2	13	14	32	101	433	174	23	32	59	86	
30	8	16	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	22	75	122	101	36	27	51	35	
31	7	7	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	3	14	23	45	46	26	43	22	28	
32	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	14	25	18	20	37	20	21	
33	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	10	3	6	27	14	13
34	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	10	11	13	
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	6	7	
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	1	4	2	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	
Total	3,050	10,641	5,030	4,344	9,496	10,592	13,249	41,363	12,705	30,983	37,272	9,782	11,609	7,957	18,939	99,319	64,927	30,198	49,829	9,602	51,706	49,133	10,533	63,921	22,507	19,371	

**Table 2.51. Striped bass spring length frequencies, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2009.**

All striped bass taken in the Survey were measured, with the exception of one fish taken in 1984, one in 1988, and two in 1990.

length	Spring																										
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	1	3	0	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	21
23	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	9	0	0	11	1	8	1	22	0	0	23	0	7	1	24
25	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	18	0	2	28	1	18	7	32	4	2	57	0	9	4	24
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	2	0	2	28	2	5	30	2	24	15	38	4	1	67	1	12	4	7	
29	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	2	0	1	1	24	4	12	21	14	28	16	27	11	4	50	1	10	6	5	
31	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	1	2	2	12	4	14	20	10	29	5	17	7	5	19	1	4	4	1	
33	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	1	0	3	7	8	5	20	24	7	6	12	10	10	6	2	5	4	6	
35	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	1	1	0	8	20	2	19	16	3	4	7	7	13	7	6	6	1	2	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	8	26	25	25	15	2	11	12	11	11	4	5	16	2	5	
39	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	19	42	23	13	2	14	14	7	4	7	6	35	2	10		
41	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	3	1	3	4	17	30	25	19	6	7	20	3	2	20	2	26	2	19	
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	1	0	7	16	17	11	3	2	17	5	1	13	4	25	6	14	
45	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	2	2	3	12	6	19	9	4	1	17	2	3	12	2	11	7	21	
47	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	7	10	15	10	5	6	9	3	2	17	0	7	10	30	
49	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	2	3	4	1	5	13	14	6	4	3	8	5	6	17	1	12	9	28	
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	3	4	2	7	7	12	6	4	3	9	7	1	4	6	5	10	32	
53	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	5	4	2	7	4	8	11	5	2	5	6	6	9	6	8	12	19	
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	2	2	5	3	13	13	7	3	8	9	3	7	6	4	12	9	
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	8	1	2	3	6	21	4	5	9	9	6	13	3	15	12	13	
59	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	2	2	2	7	7	22	4	5	10	11	4	5	5	5	8	17	
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	5	2	3	3	2	26	4	10	17	7	6	6	4	12	5	17	
63	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	1	0	2	3	2	21	8	13	6	9	7	7	4	15	5	15	
65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	3	5	10	15	10	4	13	9	4	8	6	4	1	12	
67	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	4	6	10	9	6	19	14	6	4	3	8	4	8	
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	3	1	3	1	10	3	13	15	10	5	7	2	5	3	3	
71	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	3	1	10	5	6	5	3	9	1	4	5	7		
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	7	6	2	5	8	5	12	10	2	6	3	3	3		
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	6	1	2	4	10	5	5	1	3	0	3	
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	5	2	0	6	1	5	2	1	1	
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	2	3	0	1	2	1	7	1	1	4	2	0	1	1	
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	4	0	2	4	1	2	2	0	
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	0	2	1	1	
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0	8	7	11	43	32	34	59	65	151	184	239	361	335	229	184	413	208	135	422	97	287	160	382	

**Table 2.52. Striped bass fall length frequencies, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2009.**

All striped bass taken in the Survey were measured on each tow.

length	Fall																										
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	7	0	2	0	0	0	
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	19	0	0	0	0	1	
45	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	2	2	0	0	1	0	18	1	1	2	0	0	
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	11	0	0	0	1	1	18	1	1	10	0	2
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	9	2	9	1	0	0	0	14	2	4	22	1	1	
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	8	4	1	9	0	0	3	0	29	2	5	18	2	4	
53	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	5	14	7	5	5	0	3	0	27	7	7	16	7	7		
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	10	5	5	2	0	4	1	26	1	2	10	4	10	
57	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	5	0	2	3	11	5	5	5	2	7	1	11	6	3	6	3	8	
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	3	0	8	0	2	0	13	6	3	5	3	8	
61	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	3	1	2	4	2	2	0	12	1	6	4	3	4	
63	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	2	3	6	7	3	1	9	5	2	5	1	6		
65	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	0	4	6	5	3	0	7	2	2	7	1	6	
67	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	1	6	1	6	0	8	4	3	4	0	5	
69	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	4	3	4	0	6	0	3	6	2	6	
71	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	3	3	5	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	2	3	1	2	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	1	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	3	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	4	0	4	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	3	
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	3	
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	
101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Total	1	0	1	1	10	0	0	6	8	22	16	15	48	80	37	62	64	28	56	8	243	47	47	131	39	83	

**Table 2.53. Summer flounder length frequencies, spring, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2009.**

All summer flounder taken in the Survey were measured, with the exception of one fish in 1990.

length	Spring																											
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009		
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
13	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	
17	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	28	1	1
19	0	0	0	36	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	37	1	3	
21	0	0	11	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	46	5	16	
23	0	0	10	31	1	0	1	3	2	0	9	1	2	2	0	0	0	6	1	13	1	2	1	1	37	3	21	
25	1	0	22	33	2	0	2	6	1	9	20	1	2	10	1	2	6	5	2	27	3	3	0	21	7	43		
27	8	0	43	25	20	0	7	12	6	22	32	3	11	10	2	14	7	26	13	79	8	14	0	11	13	55		
29	7	0	39	6	18	0	15	17	14	15	10	9	45	22	5	32	21	60	50	135	25	10	2	19	34	53		
31	9	1	17	3	18	0	19	23	12	12	19	12	44	27	4	42	23	53	89	104	14	19	5	19	28	24		
33	0	7	13	5	12	1	12	9	8	7	22	2	14	25	7	22	28	16	57	54	18	15	21	6	25	26		
35	2	8	4	2	13	3	1	5	6	7	16	2	12	11	11	22	22	10	41	49	13	12	17	9	14	20		
37	1	3	4	5	8	2	1	6	2	6	20	1	10	20	28	26	34	20	57	75	34	8	14	12	10	28		
39	3	3	3	4	5	1	2	5	2	7	7	0	12	16	38	18	36	12	61	71	51	9	10	22	14	36		
41	1	3	7	1	8	2	1	6	5	4	6	3	5	10	35	14	33	19	51	77	49	13	5	26	17	35		
43	0	1	3	0	2	2	0	0	2	4	6	7	6	6	22	16	22	24	28	58	48	10	5	30	13	28		
45	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	8	4	0	4	0	5	4	15	11	29	16	21	33	18	5	4	26	6	30		
47	0	0	3	3	3	1	1	4	2	1	3	0	1	6	9	10	18	14	20	43	28	12	3	25	14	14		
49	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	1	0	2	1	3	2	12	17	7	10	14	32	26	6	3	35	9	13		
51	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	15	9	8	12	19	19	13	8	7	26	15	16		
53	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	1	1	2	3	5	5	9	5	8	10	21	16	6	4	10	15	8		
55	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	3	2	6	8	8	8	14	10	13	5	2	11	18	14		
57	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	5	4	5	8	12	9	3	2	1	13	14	16		
59	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	3	3	8	8	8	2	6	12	8	4	1	5	5	17	
61	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	3	4	4	6	5	5	3	0	2	4	7			
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	7	10	9	0	4	6	5	8		
65	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	2	8	2	1	0	7	3	4		
67	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	5	4	0	1	1	1	1		
69	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	4	2	0	0	3	0	0	1		
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	3	4	0	0	0	0		
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	
77	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		
Total	33	32	189	203	118	18	67	109	72	101	188	51	186	188	230	289	334	342	588	962	416	172	110	512	297	538		

**Table 2.54. Summer flounder length frequencies, fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2009.**

All summer flounder taken in the Survey were measured, with the exception of two fish in 1985.

length	Fall																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
15	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	1
17	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
19	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
21	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	1	4	8
23	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	7	0	3	2	0	0	11
25	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	5	0	0	0	3
27	0	6	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	11	1	17	0	5	2	0	4	17	14	
29	0	2	2	7	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	19	0	10	1	0	6	8	6
31	0	3	6	9	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	4	3	0	4	2	14	13	0	5	5	0	18	5	5
33	10	0	10	30	10	0	3	3	3	8	8	8	12	17	1	16	3	28	14	3	6	33	5	14	3	8
35	22	4	33	35	20	0	10	11	14	29	7	13	33	37	11	18	8	104	70	15	3	55	2	19	1	34
37	21	17	44	28	41	0	14	21	19	31	10	6	33	44	10	39	23	109	106	29	6	37	6	15	8	34
39	20	10	35	21	37	0	11	28	15	29	25	6	38	72	17	50	33	81	158	28	18	32	9	9	29	40
41	16	11	26	16	36	1	18	30	12	37	10	16	49	54	21	52	31	61	119	16	21	57	10	20	36	34
43	11	24	26	5	21	1	18	13	13	16	4	9	23	27	34	43	31	28	61	22	25	30	16	17	27	29
45	3	16	9	3	18	1	15	13	9	6	5	2	15	10	32	22	13	16	77	21	32	25	13	14	9	20
47	2	11	6	6	8	3	3	5	6	11	7	2	13	11	36	8	8	15	35	18	29	15	4	8	5	27
49	3	12	1	2	3	3	3	3	8	3	7	1	8	7	15	4	18	23	24	10	26	15	8	13	5	20
51	3	1	4	1	1	2	0	8	4	6	0	3	8	4	9	7	11	20	14	8	9	7	1	15	2	7
53	1	1	2	2	1	4	1	7	4	3	1	0	3	5	7	12	7	8	5	5	7	8	4	16	1	10
55	1	2	1	2	1	0	2	4	2	1	0	2	0	3	4	3	5	9	1	2	4	3	2	7	0	8
57	2	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	5	10	2	2	4	1	2	3	1
59	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	1	6	3	4	7	4	3	1	0	8	0	4
61	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	2	0	4
63	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	2	2	1	0	1	1	0	3
65	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
67	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	117	141	225	171	203	16	102	153	114	194	93	70	248	299	206	293	220	531	770	189	228	331	95	219	178	343

**Table 2.55. Tautog length frequencies, spring, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2009.**

All tautog taken in the Survey were measured.

length	Spring																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
13	0	0	1	1	1	0	4	2	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	3	0	0	2	4	0	1	0	1
15	0	0	2	3	1	8	10	1	3	3	4	0	1	3	0	0	6	4	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	3
17	2	1	2	6	3	6	14	4	3	1	4	0	3	5	0	0	5	3	3	1	1	3	3	1	2	1
19	4	2	2	6	8	14	25	13	6	5	2	1	2	5	1	3	4	8	4	2	0	0	2	2	1	
21	8	3	7	2	8	14	27	11	3	6	4	1	0	7	1	3	4	5	5	1	2	3	0	0	2	0
23	9	5	6	5	12	23	28	20	4	4	6	2	0	7	4	1	6	13	5	1	1	5	5	3	3	0
25	11	9	5	5	8	15	15	8	4	4	7	2	2	7	3	3	5	11	12	3	3	4	4	6	3	1
27	11	7	15	3	4	13	20	12	1	4	4	1	1	5	8	3	8	8	11	3	4	1	2	4	3	0
29	10	16	8	5	7	18	16	8	6	6	16	2	2	5	2	2	7	4	9	4	5	8	2	6	8	0
31	15	7	15	5	10	20	22	7	2	6	5	1	2	9	3	1	3	9	21	6	10	3	9	3	2	2
33	14	7	13	14	8	12	13	13	5	1	6	1	5	11	9	9	8	9	31	18	12	8	7	8	4	6
35	14	11	18	7	15	16	15	16	9	0	5	0	6	13	6	6	9	10	28	9	7	2	9	9	8	4
37	15	10	39	26	25	19	13	18	4	3	9	2	5	8	5	9	20	20	40	19	21	14	12	7	9	9
39	17	15	35	18	20	19	21	25	13	5	12	3	11	6	8	10	19	17	47	14	26	13	14	5	21	12
41	19	14	65	20	25	38	19	27	14	4	12	4	13	5	16	7	28	27	55	15	21	18	16	16	8	21
43	23	23	50	19	38	45	18	25	16	10	12	2	11	15	13	19	27	29	48	24	21	11	11	27	9	21
45	36	27	53	23	34	52	49	31	21	11	15	2	7	12	17	17	28	23	71	16	29	10	15	25	15	16
47	31	18	59	21	40	53	34	40	25	8	18	4	8	11	10	12	17	20	47	18	9	14	17	32	14	11
49	31	24	37	17	41	60	38	38	15	11	13	1	5	10	10	11	10	15	29	7	9	15	18	27	3	11
51	22	17	31	10	35	39	38	29	20	9	13	3	8	3	14	9	7	17	18	8	11	8	9	27	10	13
53	18	12	16	10	25	27	37	16	16	8	9	1	6	7	9	3	6	9	16	4	2	2	10	10	8	7
55	12	3	11	11	23	21	24	16	13	8	6	3	8	7	7	4	8	5	10	2	5	2	7	14	8	6
57	4	0	18	10	8	14	16	13	10	4	2	3	4	3	4	4	7	2	4	4	1	1	0	4	5	3
59	7	3	3	5	6	11	8	7	7	4	4	0	1	1	0	2	2	3	5	1	1	0	0	4	3	0
61	3	2	1	2	5	4	2	3	3	2	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	3	2	0
63	0	0	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
65	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	336	236	513	257	412	566	528	407	227	129	189	40	113	168	151	139	245	277	523	181	208	150	170	247	153	151

**Table 2.56. Weakfish length frequencies, spring, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2009.**

Weakfish were measured from every tow.

length	Spring																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	9	3	6	1
25	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	1	2	3	4	1	2	9	10	3	0	0	2	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	3	5	3	5	4	1	2	13	3	0	3	27	4	4	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	3	3	7	12	12	16	5	1	20	0	0	2	22	2	4	1	1
31	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	3	3	3	7	15	21	21	8	5	9	1	0	2	20	1	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	3	2	1	5	19	10	10	1	5	0	0	0	11	0	3	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	13	0	0	0	0	4	11	4	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
37	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	0
39	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	6	0
43	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
65	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
77	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
79	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
83	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	9	2	6	5	9	51	18	11	13	28	43	81	92	85	29	59	28	5	28	96	26	31	6	10

**Table 2.57. Weakfish length frequencies, fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2009.**

Weakfish were measured from every tow, with the exceptions of 968 juveniles in 1988 and 863 juveniles in 1989 that were not measured.

length	Fall																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	24	13	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	0
7	0	3	51	0	13	46	2	0	48	22	16	34	34	92	0	0	1,065	89	2	357	30	8	3	101	9	9
9	15	70	448	15	37	247	39	11	218	76	127	74	110	431	27	53	5,951	1,054	253	1,026	1,263	11	6	904	18	117
11	24	168	1,625	84	63	566	130	423	233	222	413	33	366	749	110	976	7,488	3,672	1,009	1,186	4,329	197	26	2,578	70	528
13	69	187	2,191	98	60	1,152	207	522	289	340	1,586	137	713	598	589	1,748	3,650	4,135	2,455	1,108	5,940	1,246	41	4,876	492	938
15	54	474	894	22	31	1,699	519	831	292	550	2,561	566	1,529	214	788	2,802	1,641	2,124	3,740	1,153	3,909	2,538	37	4,570	931	692
17	17	1,196	107	3	17	750	629	949	120	503	2,538	957	2,084	356	1,160	2,889	1,821	764	1,875	590	1,168	2,739	36	2,084	594	212
19	5	379	50	2	3	162	312	741	35	235	665	748	1,165	651	497	2,007	1,169	366	851	132	471	1,798	27	991	253	43
21	2	92	4	4	0	1	57	347	22	63	146	141	187	417	104	1,147	565	250	345	29	235	413	9	645	129	2
23	1	14	10	1	0	1	6	267	9	6	71	11	8	106	50	357	100	84	94	0	74	89	1	352	15	1
25	1	13	1	0	0	1	0	65	2	0	0	3	0	5	0	234	22	5	13	0	31	26	0	173	6	0
27	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0	2	13	0	0	1	0	70	0	1
29	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	7
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	12
35	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	6	12	8	3	1	12	0	1	0	4	0	4	0	0	14
37	5	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	13	19	18	10	0	9	3	1	0	1	2	6	0	0	9
39	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	8	2	2	16	21	31	10	3	13	7	3	1	4	4	1	2	2	6
41	4	2	4	1	0	0	2	1	1	3	5	23	41	37	13	5	9	18	3	0	6	6	2	3	1	1
43	5	1	4	4	0	0	0	9	0	8	4	38	18	43	11	14	6	24	3	0	1	6	4	3	1	0
45	7	4	0	3	1	0	1	9	0	8	1	27	11	28	10	15	1	22	1	0	6	2	1	1	1	0
47	3	6	0	5	1	0	0	20	0	3	2	9	6	15	8	8	0	34	1	1	3	3	1	0	1	0
49	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	22	0	1	4	5	1	10	2	9	1	8	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	1
51	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	26	1	0	0	4	3	2	1	5	0	5	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
53	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	19	2	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
55	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
57	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
59	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
67	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	7	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	10	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
77	5	5	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
79	2	2	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
85	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	259	2,650	5,415	246	234	4,628	1,911	4,270	1,299	2,047	8,141	2,850	6,332	3,823	3,404	12,331	23,561	12,683	10,686	5,592	17,478	9,092	216	17,355	2,524	2,594

**Table 2.58. Windowpane flounder length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989, 1990, 1994-2009.**

Lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day.

length	Spring																		
	1989	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
6	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	5	1	1	10	2	0	0	1	0	4	
7	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	4	17	2	7	22	3	0	0	7	3	8	
8	0	2	4	1	3	5	4	3	27	7	6	23	6	0	0	31	5	17	
9	0	40	16	3	2	9	5	2	11	10	21	20	11	0	0	18	6	10	
10	25	66	67	12	34	15	7	8	17	13	12	11	19	7	2	4	11	23	
11	69	96	169	86	79	37	19	20	5	29	8	3	24	12	1	4	11	8	
12	89	74	305	148	162	76	60	40	3	23	10	7	25	16	7	8	17	4	
13	337	53	362	259	288	136	131	37	10	29	5	9	58	25	12	22	13	6	
14	430	66	232	189	381	309	200	45	11	26	8	13	100	22	34	28	44	17	
15	414	124	152	180	487	362	211	96	24	43	15	13	101	23	42	60	51	37	
16	305	180	126	89	310	606	177	123	27	55	12	15	72	37	36	107	119	62	
17	174	212	209	70	331	754	130	165	23	73	9	15	65	22	48	129	137	97	
18	78	178	372	99	339	588	165	160	32	94	24	23	56	4	45	132	116	90	
19	65	132	357	139	548	440	260	194	26	78	19	26	45	16	20	110	101	75	
20	174	144	289	143	604	366	362	386	75	89	15	31	60	13	24	130	76	51	
21	216	116	217	85	567	429	461	357	136	95	22	45	32	22	24	186	122	50	
22	299	143	139	82	401	438	311	301	166	232	45	50	42	29	27	246	155	63	
23	319	108	163	57	409	368	229	217	138	290	110	92	39	42	28	181	216	92	
24	270	103	147	54	280	323	227	217	125	245	141	123	66	36	41	158	132	84	
25	177	87	183	54	236	231	188	206	121	208	133	111	109	47	31	162	118	82	
26	189	103	184	70	235	191	178	136	106	126	114	76	100	52	52	186	103	67	
27	138	79	138	56	187	222	162	161	91	88	69	88	86	49	37	104	100	60	
28	148	38	70	44	117	145	138	97	56	83	62	68	71	29	38	100	111	45	
29	78	26	68	24	97	98	67	53	47	59	41	37	48	24	24	65	52	30	
30	99	35	42	27	66	75	58	42	37	39	42	35	51	20	14	33	46	24	
31	50	20	25	12	31	23	34	39	12	25	19	22	32	13	8	14	22	11	
32	8	15	13	4	25	12	13	26	16	21	17	9	16	5	2	23	19	6	
33	16	3	2	9	5	8	6	3	8	15	7	2	10	1	3	2	5	1	
34	0	5	5	0	4	1	1	1	2	5	4	4	9	3	0	4	5	2	
35	0	4	5	1	3	0	3	4	5	10	2	4	5	0	0	3	3	3	
36	0	4	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	
37	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
42	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	4,171	2,256	4,064	2,001	6,234	6,274	3,812	3,147	1,381	2,118	1,002	1,015	1,365	571	600	2,258	1,920	1,129	
Fall																			
length	1989	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
6	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	
7	5	0	5	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	
8	8	3	18	5	24	15	1	0	6	9	0	5	11	14	5	4	0	15	
9	25	2	28	6	70	17	2	2	2	2	0	21	15	49	2	6	2	15	
10	18	11	78	10	165	50	2	4	3	9	1	20	22	67	1	14	5	17	
11	15	9	60	22	227	75	31	11	7	14	0	13	27	111	5	18	3	24	
12	16	12	50	15	270	107	33	6	9	9	1	6	16	155	2	26	15	29	
13	23	6	30	10	285	173	47	3	11	9	6	0	14	145	8	44	43	19	
14	33	14	11	13	306	154	48	5	23	6	0	4	8	109	3	36	58	27	
15	58	23	23	9	250	110	39	6	18	3	5	8	3	62	2	37	38	25	
16	140	38	15	16	181	60	34	3	11	3	5	9	3	33	0	30	28	31	
17	188	44	35	26	112	78	33	11	30	7	14	4	9	12	7	21	20	35	
18	91	53	47	48	101	119	54	11	15	12	8	11	2	8	19	19	16	47	
19	46	46	49	47	145	179	95	44	29	6	10	7	11	20	32	26	10	45	
20	49	28	39	48	131	213	96	67	30	13	9	6	18	30	39	39	31	24	
21	21	11	23	24	125	165	69	38	52	18	9	11	35	50	25	36	40	28	
22	14	14	16	19	65	123	37	18	28	22	21	2	25	48	25	42	25	26	
23	3	10	20	6	67	63	32	12	37	30	39	6	10	14	12	32	27	20	
24	9	4	7	9	25	49	13	11	33	19	39	11	15	13	9	19	32	23	
25	4	3	6	3	22	28	9	6	18	19	25	14	8	10	10	6	9	9	
26	2	0	8	3	19	29	9	4	16	9	10	18	4	3	4	8	16	6	
27	6	2	3	1	11	17	8	3	5	11	12	17	4	5	3	4	5	4	
28	2	1	4	1	3	12	1	1	4	5	6	9	2	3	3	3	2	7	
29	2	2	0	1	2	17	0	1	6	3	1	4	2	3	1	3	2	1	
30	2	1	2	1	0	5	0	0	1	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	2	0	0	2	1	
32	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	
33	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	782	337	578	344	2,613	1,858	694	267	397	242	223	215	268	968	218	473	429	484	

**Table 2.59. Winter flounder length frequencies, April-May, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2009.**

Winter flounder were measured from every tow.

length	April-May																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	4	2	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
8	0	0	5	8	3	1	10	3	1	72	26	28	4	2	5	7	2	5	0	1	5	5	0	1	6	2
9	1	7	6	52	16	17	38	29	7	208	41	97	21	15	41	18	3	20	4	2	22	32	0	2	19	13
10	3	9	35	49	29	70	139	54	18	433	137	307	61	75	128	50	23	55	5	11	36	73	5	10	85	42
11	26	28	188	114	135	312	375	121	75	698	442	618	246	260	283	135	84	161	34	28	129	164	6	37	238	147
12	35	127	455	239	359	628	1,117	228	136	921	835	877	461	528	492	252	145	256	88	57	174	278	55	73	367	229
13	149	284	617	483	869	954	2,563	342	170	713	1,006	772	582	497	554	252	169	239	148	50	188	337	48	91	322	220
14	196	219	733	820	1,378	1,260	3,243	729	180	528	1,149	854	788	517	488	225	185	223	132	54	132	209	39	80	233	169
15	255	308	808	1,060	1,882	1,424	3,847	1,127	254	526	1,487	792	956	484	481	204	177	162	148	50	81	163	19	80	142	119
16	177	467	771	1,033	1,819	1,579	3,627	1,169	323	485	1,680	766	992	553	574	214	210	159	174	66	53	128	16	163	136	155
17	182	473	763	1,028	1,953	1,651	3,544	1,568	373	501	1,540	698	1,099	599	713	290	254	245	160	76	41	122	40	180	74	147
18	153	574	730	1,006	1,507	1,724	3,145	1,648	398	580	1,467	692	1,149	666	658	313	248	251	206	86	65	108	52	203	85	237
19	117	794	780	855	1,596	1,532	3,054	1,690	397	542	1,217	632	1,032	574	622	283	327	313	317	142	72	117	41	242	94	214
20	169	607	665	666	1,136	1,462	2,434	1,676	344	624	896	515	1,012	529	685	296	311	362	364	174	59	148	65	246	51	232
21	108	591	600	592	1,045	1,358	1,904	1,493	277	626	742	469	821	429	592	320	314	308	353	127	79	125	54	194	59	166
22	104	486	534	552	963	1,407	1,481	1,332	302	549	556	367	795	444	524	218	289	306	353	87	53	69	45	156	56	129
23	63	479	521	442	897	1,160	1,416	1,099	212	426	359	346	676	402	486	290	266	233	337	84	48	71	28	135	67	100
24	81	346	427	377	748	971	1,092	1,113	278	418	310	311	701	401	544	260	218	205	395	79	47	51	22	128	55	48
25	74	318	341	374	520	1,015	1,018	939	202	349	296	318	692	377	529	344	228	244	311	97	46	49	28	137	60	44
26	90	187	375	333	541	982	846	858	242	383	219	231	719	461	527	304	223	249	285	129	61	36	13	144	62	42
27	62	232	240	281	420	736	639	788	181	320	216	318	568	496	505	360	251	259	259	150	84	36	23	168	81	39
28	43	129	244	230	366	648	586	598	181	197	173	260	549	416	518	418	252	311	187	170	92	25	29	168	84	35
29	29	86	189	220	253	502	525	511	160	221	122	244	460	401	466	389	285	326	248	200	103	32	17	200	73	28
30	42	70	178	154	266	339	305	397	133	178	103	180	540	365	448	362	279	299	215	206	96	35	20	186	86	28
31	24	71	124	151	120	247	307	241	96	200	117	130	367	313	323	321	300	286	201	166	112	33	27	136	93	32
32	20	85	77	113	169	163	171	157	98	142	91	76	375	260	277	249	227	228	171	167	95	38	28	133	87	42
33	7	69	86	61	111	73	218	108	60	139	72	63	267	193	195	228	262	172	155	138	122	45	20	87	90	36
34	7	45	56	85	69	47	113	107	38	159	65	42	190	166	140	191	220	189	109	116	94	48	20	74	99	43
35	12	19	42	47	54	68	70	65	35	112	52	30	119	136	136	159	195	189	107	115	88	31	20	50	80	45
36	4	11	39	53	33	65	44	30	26	79	49	33	84	89	79	103	150	143	94	73	91	34	18	53	61	44
37	4	8	15	20	25	20	24	25	26	36	25	12	50	68	32	90	120	133	60	53	93	27	15	24	36	20
38	0	15	17	19	15	18	48	7	4	10	21	16	28	37	37	35	80	77	59	79	46	25	4	17	18	17
39	0	4	18	11	22	3	18	13	0	17	15	14	12	18	13	18	54	70	24	44	56	25	6	9	6	9
40	0	0	18	8	9	8	12	9	3	3	16	7	13	10	5	20	16	35	32	38	34	11	3	2	7	5
41	0	0	1	2	6	7	3	1	0	5	6	3	1	6	3	14	20	26	11	17	18	7	5	9	5	4
42	0	1	3	0	8	3	8	5	0	2	6	3	6	2	2	4	7	10	9	7	9	9	1	9	2	2
43	0	0	2	3	3	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	3	11	3	4	13	1	3	0	3	3	2
44	0	1	4	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	3	4	1	1	3	7	2	0	1	1	0
45	0	1	0	1	1	0	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	4	2	2	1	2	2	0
46	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	2,237	7,152	10,707	11,543	19,350	22,455	37,996	20,283	5,231	11,449	15,565	11,124	16,445	10,790	12,106	7,246	6,413	6,755	5,763	3,160	2,640	2,758	833	3,636	3,127	2,887

**Table 2.60. Winter flounder length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2009.**

*Winter flounder were measured from every tow.*

length	Fall																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	5	43	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	1	8	83	3	0	3	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
10	0	2	0	0	10	3	2	1	9	39	6	3	11	5	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	2	0	0
11	1	3	2	2	8	6	4	9	6	42	10	16	16	6	3	0	0	6	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	1
12	9	16	16	8	34	38	6	34	18	159	63	28	54	23	20	3	5	13	0	1	21	4	1	3	2	11
13	18	37	43	47	97	127	34	72	72	331	149	67	157	77	68	44	20	62	6	1	41	28	6	9	10	21
14	25	57	82	54	243	343	130	139	85	409	230	87	218	113	137	128	53	123	24	5	65	77	8	10	23	36
15	31	63	116	67	295	367	260	144	149	435	219	96	255	165	190	194	111	122	37	10	61	98	17	9	45	51
16	60	55	104	72	302	293	345	91	182	377	187	77	225	176	192	243	156	116	40	9	48	99	23	9	60	48
17	65	49	118	53	207	315	327	110	140	247	146	61	173	175	160	268	170	80	43	11	37	66	11	6	43	50
18	89	53	86	72	167	213	319	99	111	151	142	64	132	116	87	225	169	66	33	10	19	52	5	10	49	35
19	111	41	50	79	212	199	326	108	99	85	141	41	119	126	60	158	148	32	31	8	21	33	5	7	25	31
20	97	36	45	83	184	146	310	95	97	68	124	32	136	78	46	108	107	28	35	9	7	24	7	16	17	14
21	100	37	27	53	184	121	245	96	84	51	111	23	96	65	25	86	89	25	23	10	8	14	4	19	6	10
22	67	33	22	54	138	105	176	79	68	39	56	19	97	38	28	52	62	20	38	10	4	9	7	15	6	4
23	63	22	17	44	104	107	146	73	42	39	38	13	65	55	24	29	41	16	28	17	2	6	3	17	4	5
24	38	17	13	25	77	68	91	40	37	38	24	10	58	32	15	27	47	33	31	15	1	1	3	18	4	2
25	34	14	9	21	40	85	53	48	28	29	26	5	47	23	14	29	35	24	28	10	0	7	2	9	9	6
26	36	10	7	14	32	39	49	20	17	30	28	2	25	26	11	19	30	31	27	18	5	6	2	12	10	0
27	16	10	1	5	32	43	38	13	8	22	13	3	27	20	13	17	21	15	20	21	3	5	0	8	9	3
28	34	6	2	11	12	33	16	17	13	10	8	3	14	14	8	13	25	20	9	11	4	5	0	4	6	0
29	13	3	1	5	9	30	12	7	7	12	10	1	17	7	7	17	15	22	10	10	6	1	0	4	7	3
30	14	6	2	3	13	10	14	5	7	7	7	0	10	7	3	8	13	17	8	10	2	1	1	9	13	1
31	8	1	2	2	4	12	1	8	3	8	8	2	13	5	11	7	8	4	4	16	2	1	0	7	8	1
32	6	0	1	2	6	4	3	2	1	4	3	1	4	2	4	5	6	4	6	11	3	1	0	6	3	4
33	5	1	2	0	1	1	4	6	0	3	2	1	3	4	5	9	9	6	10	12	2	1	1	0	4	1
34	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	2	0	3	3	5	1	10	2	7	10	3	0	0	0	5	2
35	4	0	0	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	4	6	3	4	4	3	1	0	2	3	0
36	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	4	3	4	4	2	1	0	2	3	2
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	0	1	3	2	
38	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	5	4	2	2	0	0	4	2
39	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	5	0	2	2	0	0	2
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	2	2	0	1	3	2
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	949	575	769	781	2,422	2,717	2,914	1,321	1,300	2,771	1,765	657	1,984	1,370	1,146	1,699	1,364	907	527	262	392	557	108	213	387	351

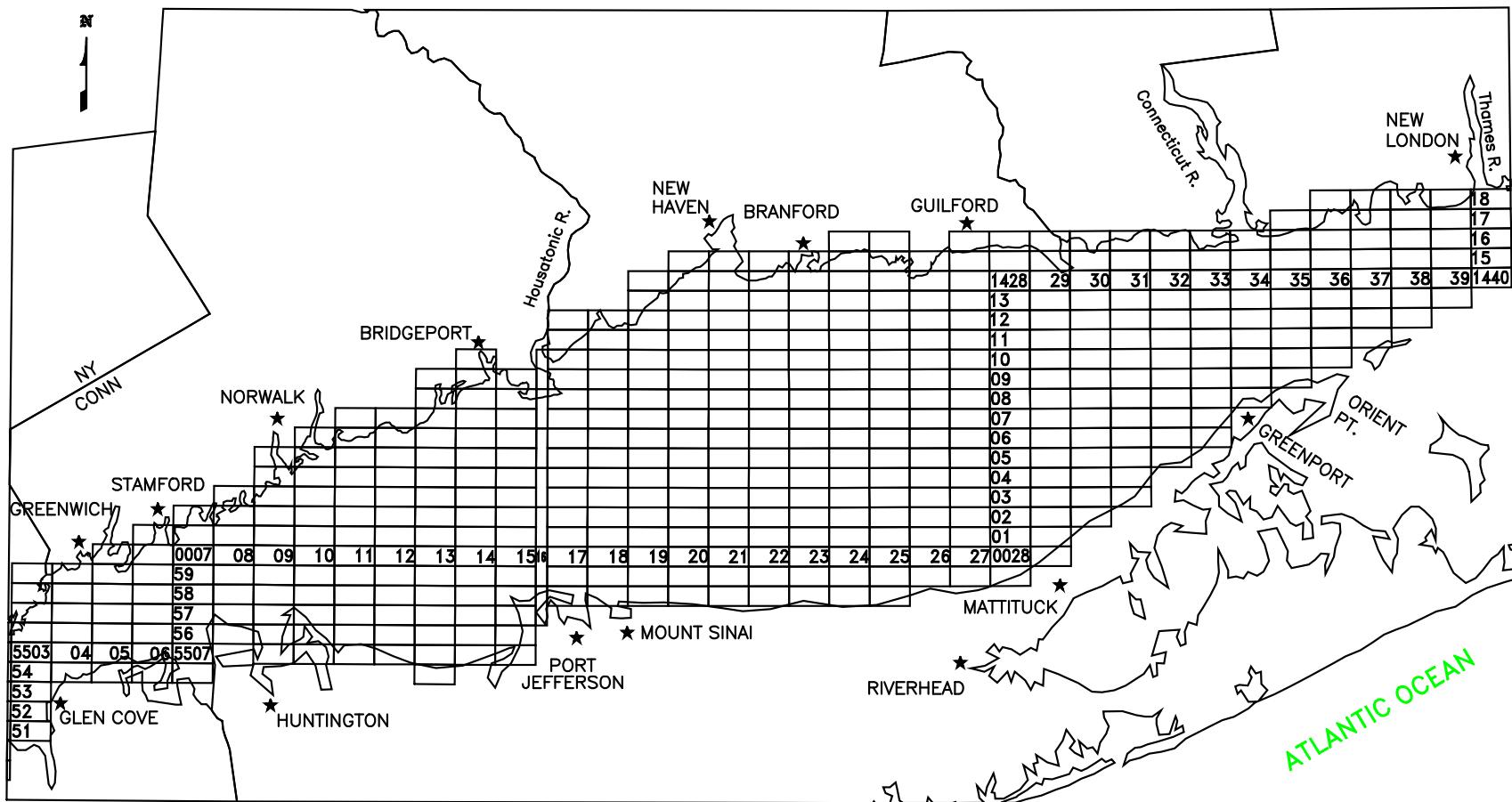
**Table 2.61. Winter skate length frequencies, spring and fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1995-2009.**

Winter skate were scheduled to be measured from every tow. However, the following numbers of skate were not measured: 4 in 1995, 10 in 1996, and 2 in 1997.

length	Spring														
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
27	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	1
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	1
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	1	1
43	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	2	4	1	0	0	1	2
45	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	2	1	1
47	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	3	0	3	0	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	2
51	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
53	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
55	0	0	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	4	3	0	1
57	1	2	4	3	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	2	1	3
59	5	4	1	5	3	2	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	2
61	1	5	2	1	0	0	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	2
63	2	2	2	4	1	0	0	1	2	3	2	2	0	1	1
65	4	2	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0
67	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	3	0	1	1	1
69	2	0	1	4	2	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	2	3	2
71	1	3	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	0	1	2	3	0
73	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	4	0	2	1	4	3	1	1
75	4	4	1	5	3	1	2	1	3	1	0	1	4	3	3
77	0	2	3	6	7	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	4	0
79	1	2	1	4	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	0	4	3	2
81	0	4	0	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	0	1	1	1	1
83	0	3	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3
85	0	2	1	1	0	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
89	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
93	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total	22	40	27	55	26	29	18	26	37	45	18	23	37	35	32
length	Fall														
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
39	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
45	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
49	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
53	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
55	1	2	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
57	2	6	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	1
59	2	2	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
61	0	5	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
63	1	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
65	2	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1
67	1	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	1
69	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	1
73	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
75	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
77	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
81	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total	15	37	19	7	7	1	20	19	0	9	13	0	7	16	11

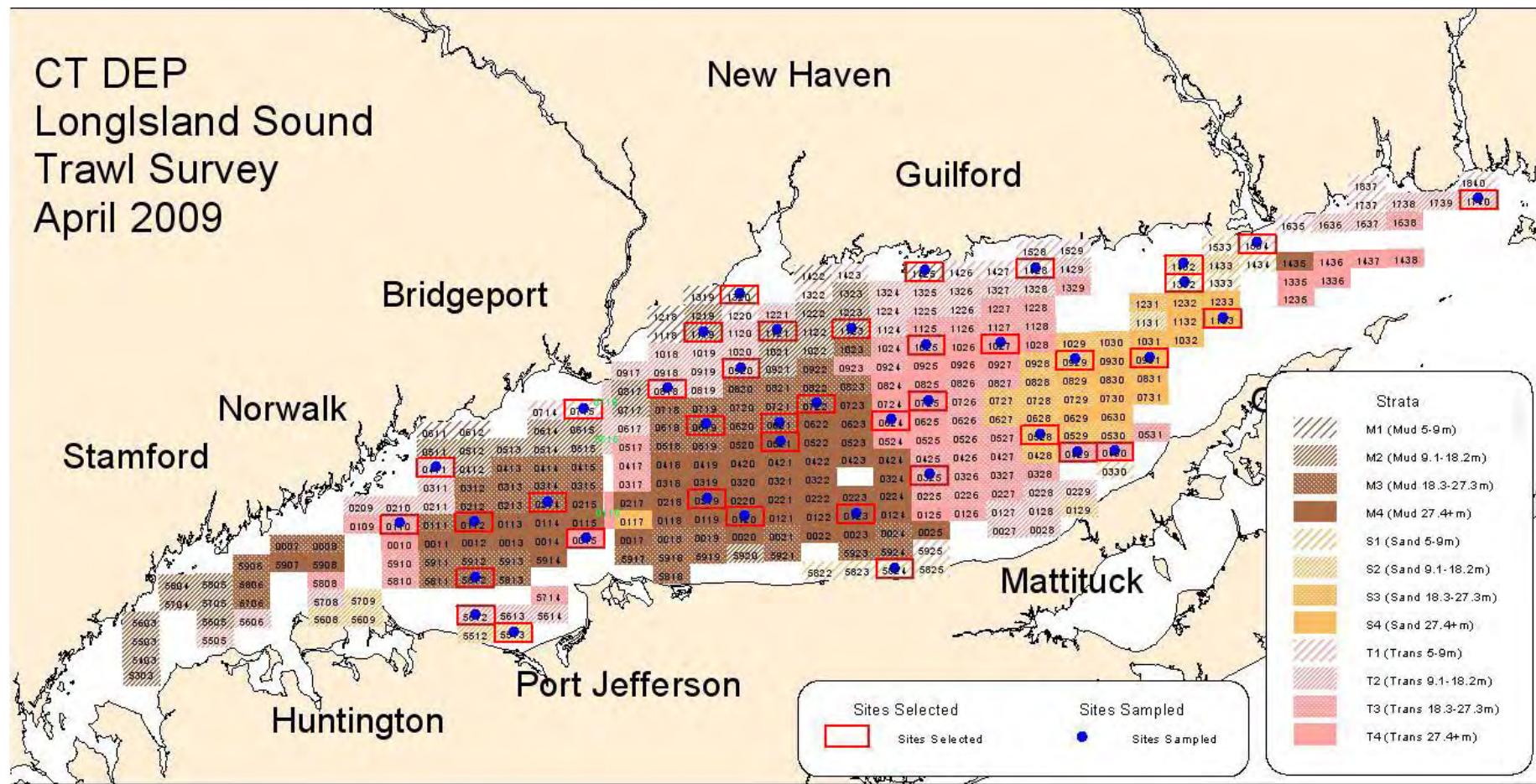
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**FIGURES 2.1 - 2.14  
LISTS**



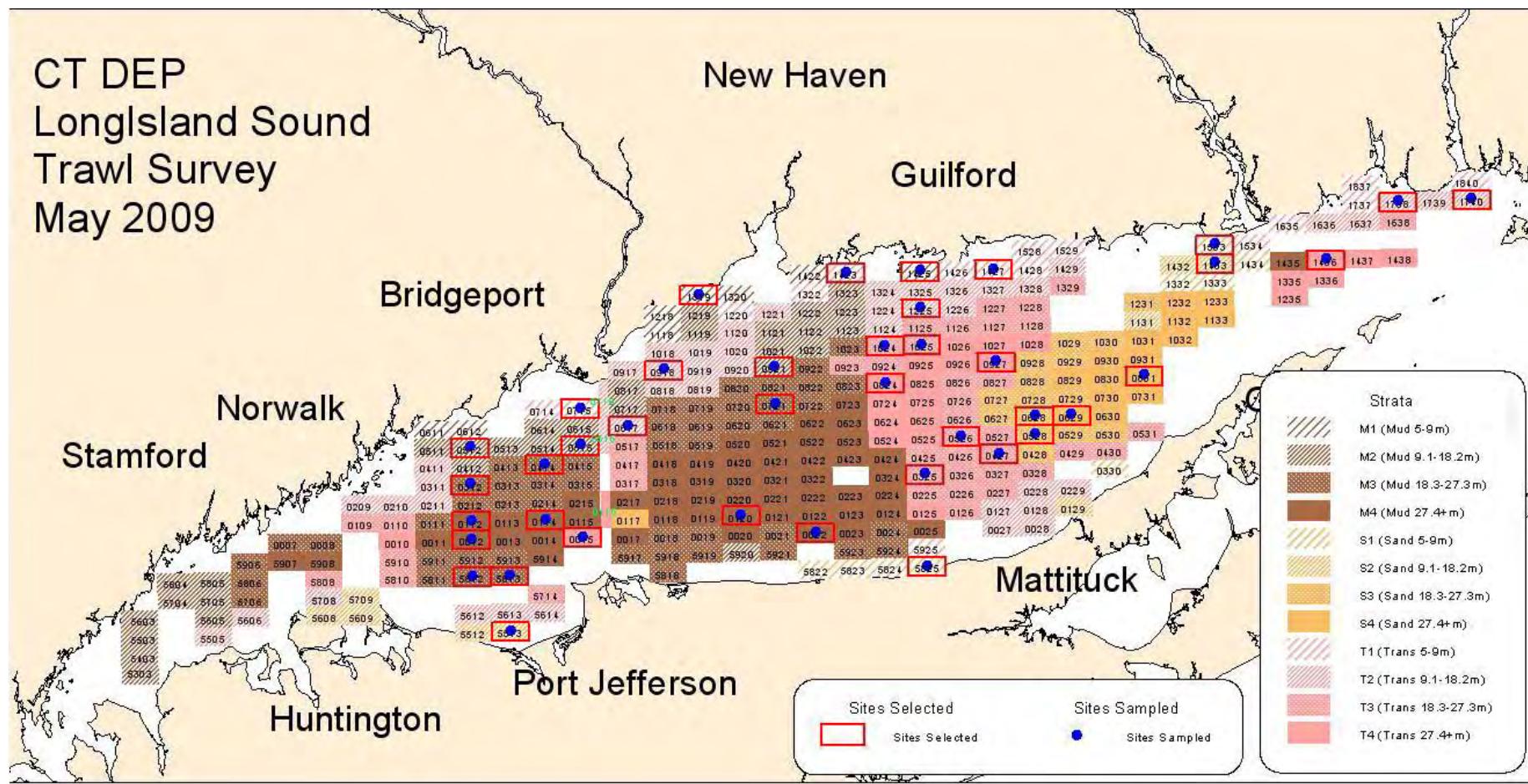
**Figure 2.1. Trawl Survey site grid.** Each sampling site is 1x2 nmi (nautical miles). A four-digit number identifies the site: the first two digits are the row numbers (corresponding to minutes of latitude) and the last two digits are the column numbers (corresponding to two nautical miles in length on the longitudinal axis). Examples: site 1428 near Guilford and 0028 near Mattituck. (Note: The sites in column 16 are approximately 2x1 nmi. The grid was drawn on the Eastern and Western Long Island Sound 80,000:1 nautical charts, which overlap by the area in column 16.)

**Figure 2.2. April 2009 sites selected and sampled.** The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the “Notice to Fishermen” are noted in table below map.



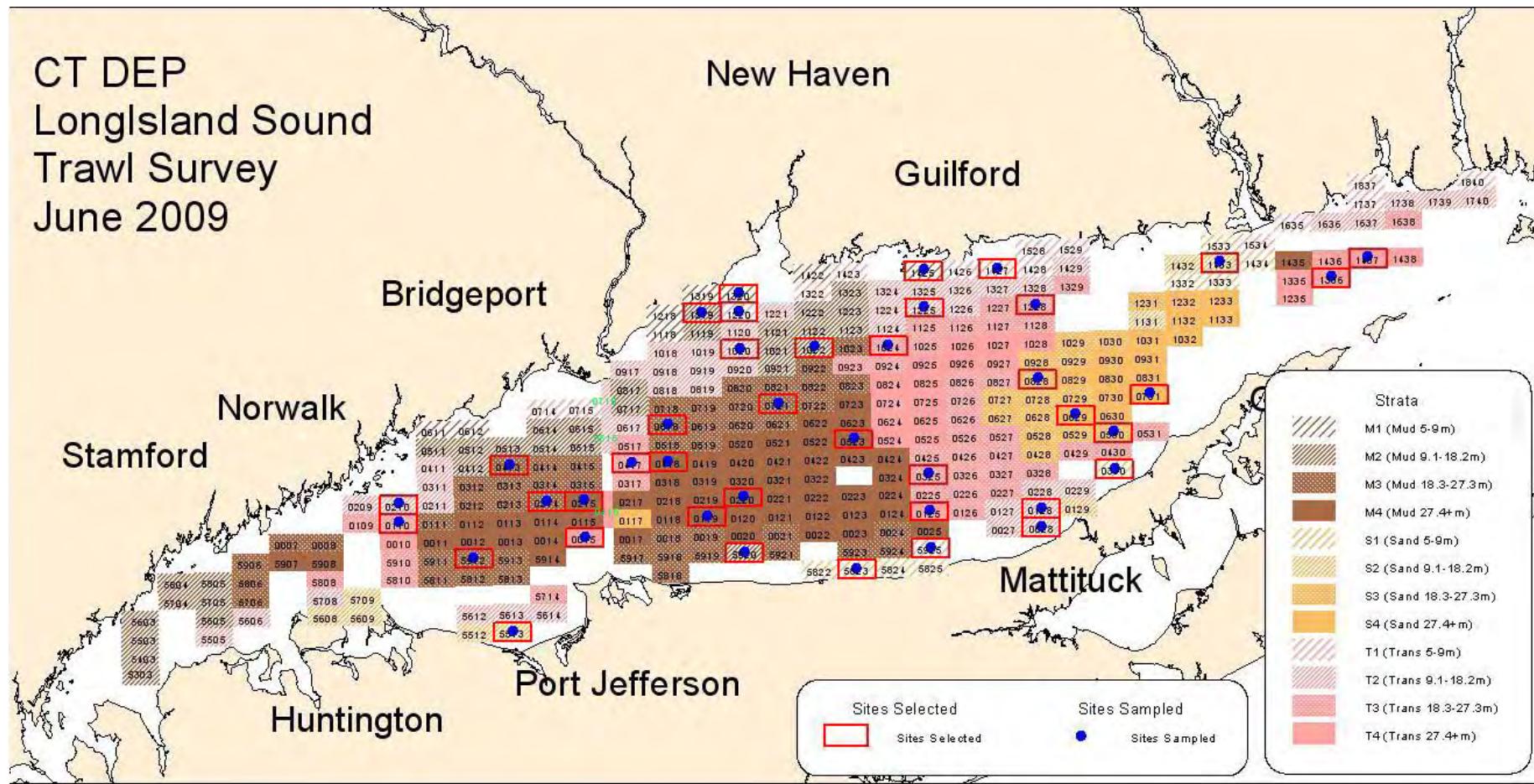
Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
No sites were moved during this cruise.					

**Figure 2.3. May 2009 sites selected and sampled.** The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the “*Notice to Fishermen*” are noted in table below map.



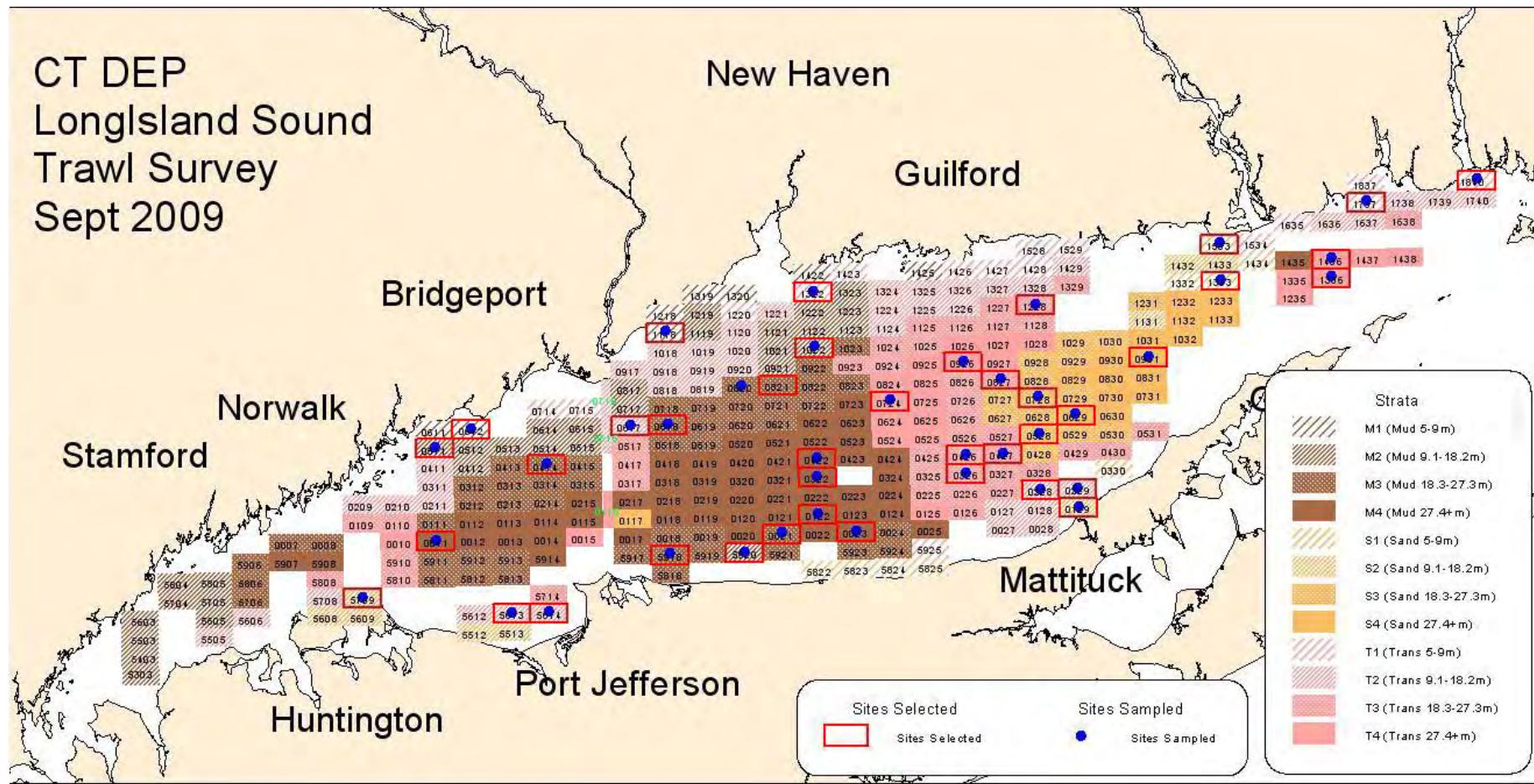
Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
No sites were moved during this cruise.					

**Figure 2.4. June 2009 sites selected and sampled.** The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the “Notice to Fishermen” are noted in table below map.



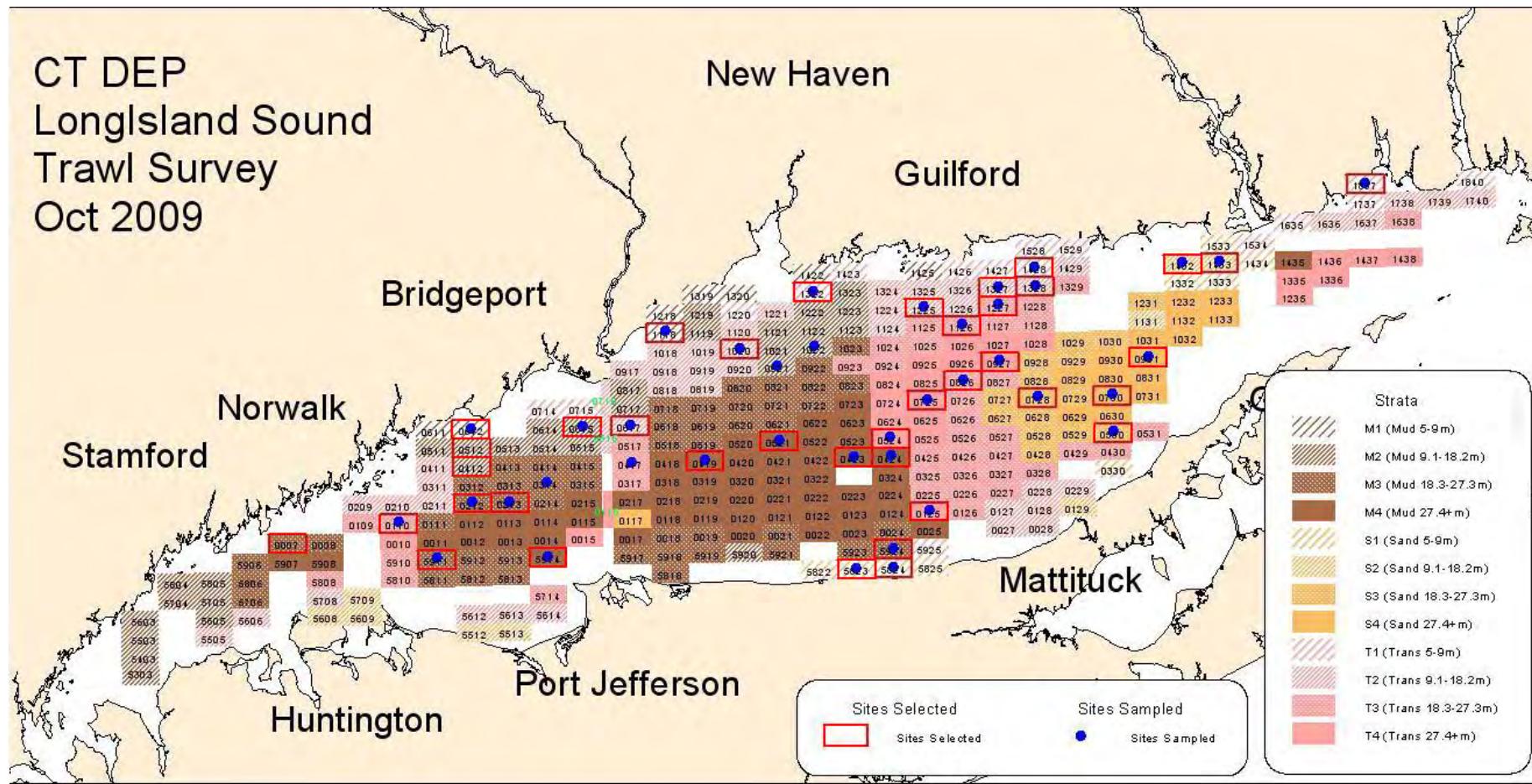
Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
No sites were moved during this cruise.					

**Figure 2.5. September 2009 sites selected and sampled.** The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the “**Notice to Fishermen**” are noted in table below map.



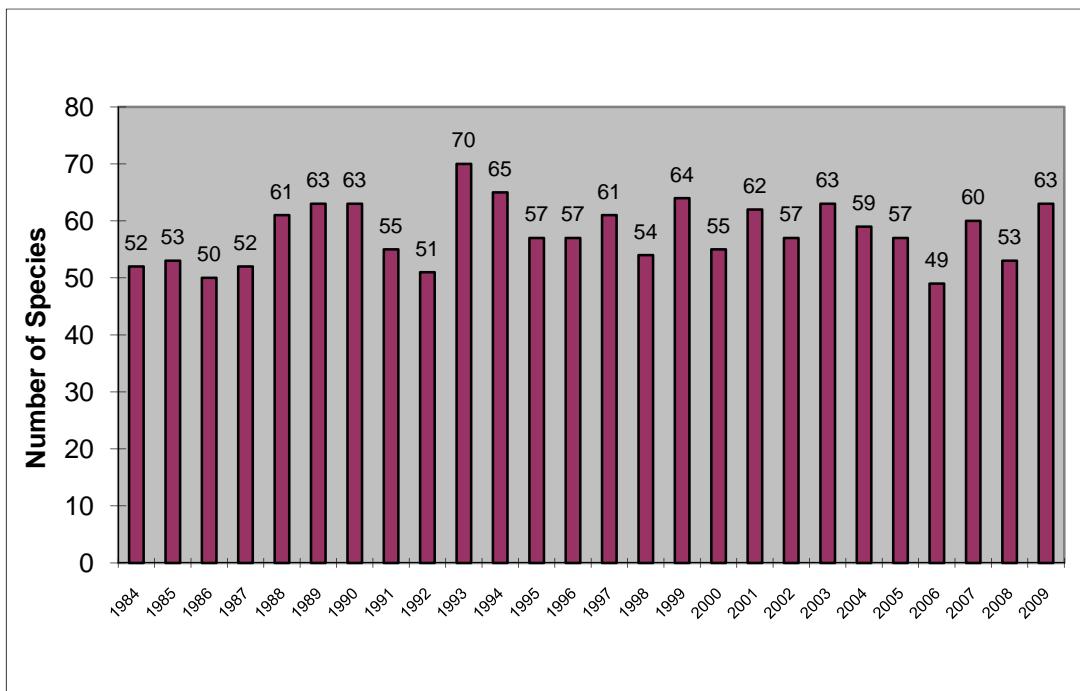
Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
FA2009038	0820	M3	0821	M3	due to weather (direction of waves versus direction of tow)

**Figure 2.6. October 2009 sites selected and sampled.** The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the “Notice to Fishermen” are noted in table below map.

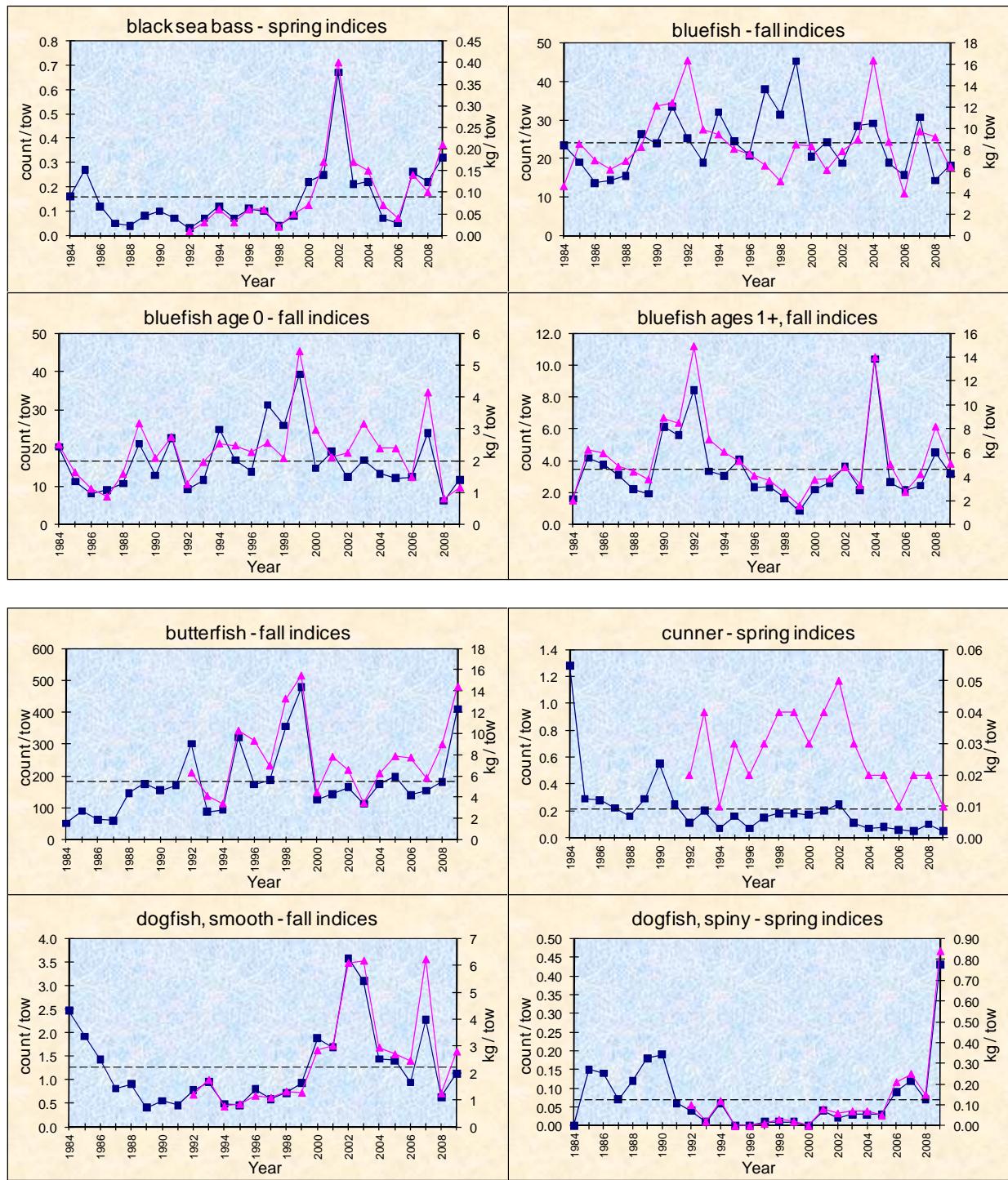


Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
FA2009075	0417	T3	1227	T3	should have been changed prior to publication (duplicate site; sub for 1638)
FA2009077	0314	M3	0007	M3	should have been changed prior to publication (LT site but not LT tow)
FA2009079	0921	M2	0412	M2	to avoid problems with old pot gear encountered in recent months
FA2009080	1022	M2	0512	M2	to avoid problems with old pot gear encountered in recent months

**Figure 2.7. Number of finfish species observed annually, 1984-2009.**



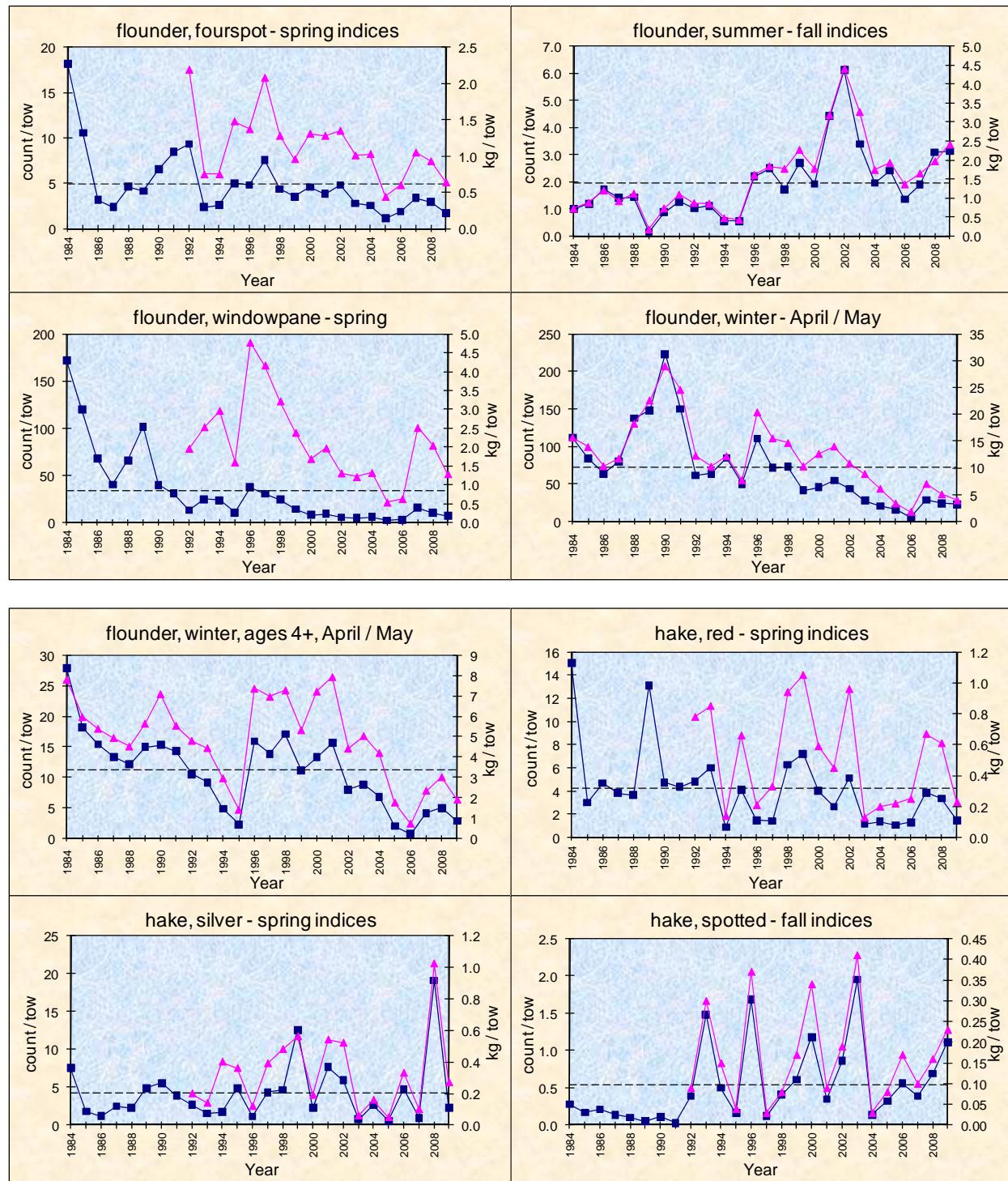
**Figure 2.8. Plots of abundance indices for: black sea bass, bluefish (total, age 0, and ages 1+), butterfish, cunner, and dogfish (smooth and spiny).**



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- - - = mean count / tow

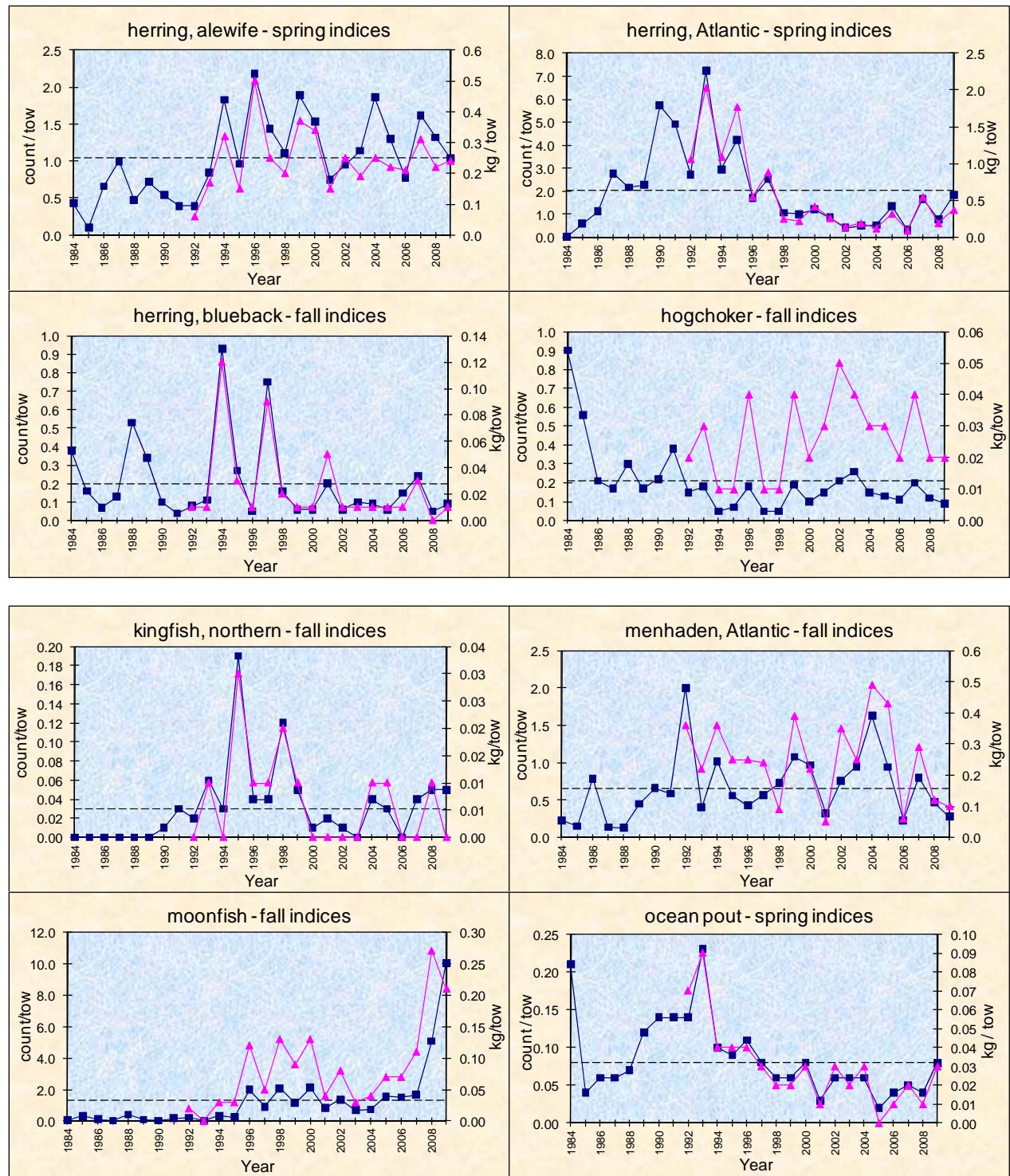
**Figure 2.9. Plots of abundance indices for: flounders (fourspot, summer, windowpane, winter, and winter ages 4+) and hakes (red, silver, and spotted).**



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

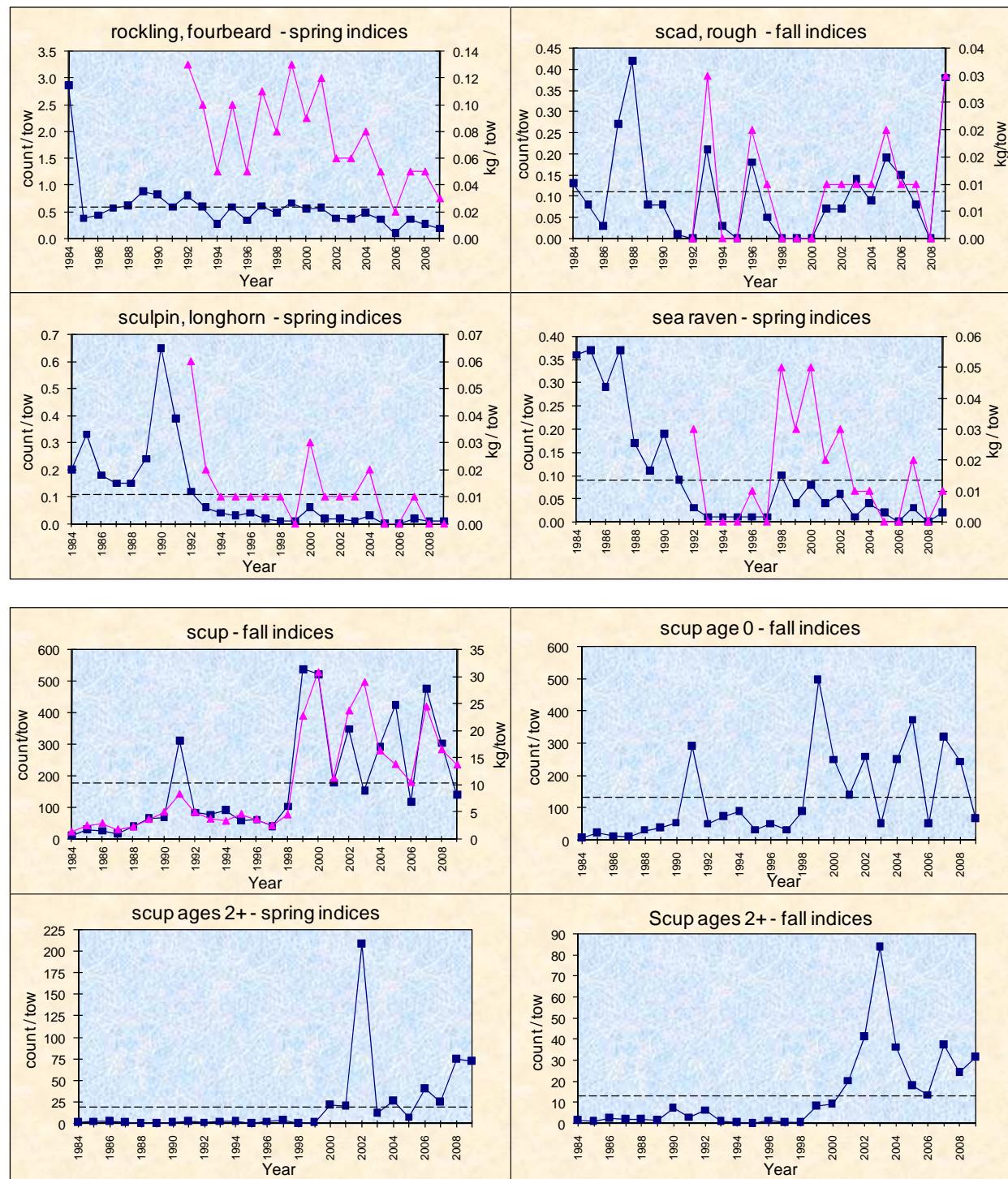
**Figure 2.10.** Plots of abundance indices for: herring (alewife, Atlantic, and blueback), hogchoker, Northern kingfish, Atlantic menhaden, moonfish, and ocean pout.



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

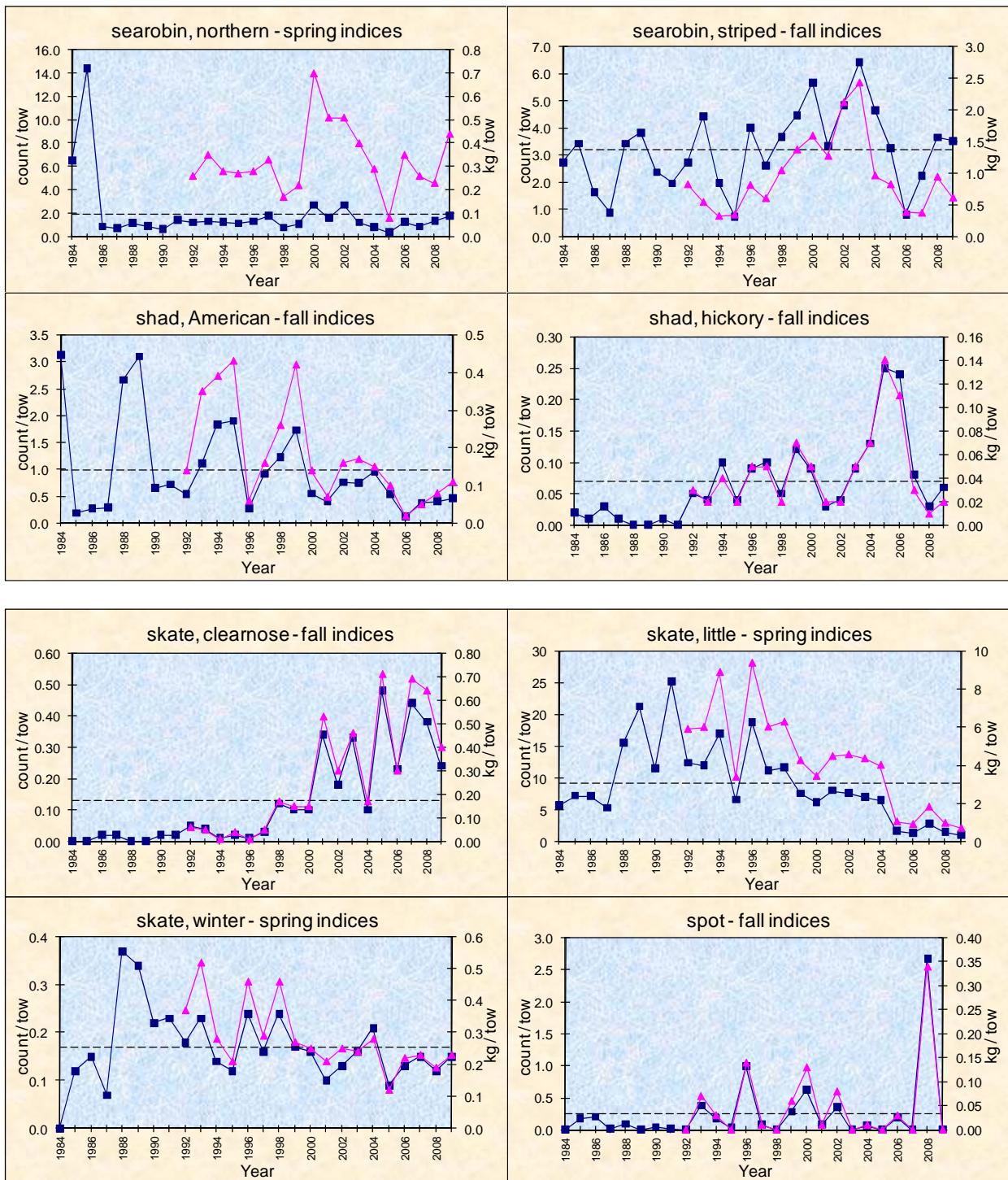
**Figure 2.11. Plots of abundance indices for: fourbeard rockling, rough scad, longhorn sculpin, sea raven, and scup (all ages, age 0, and ages 2+).**



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- - - = mean count / tow

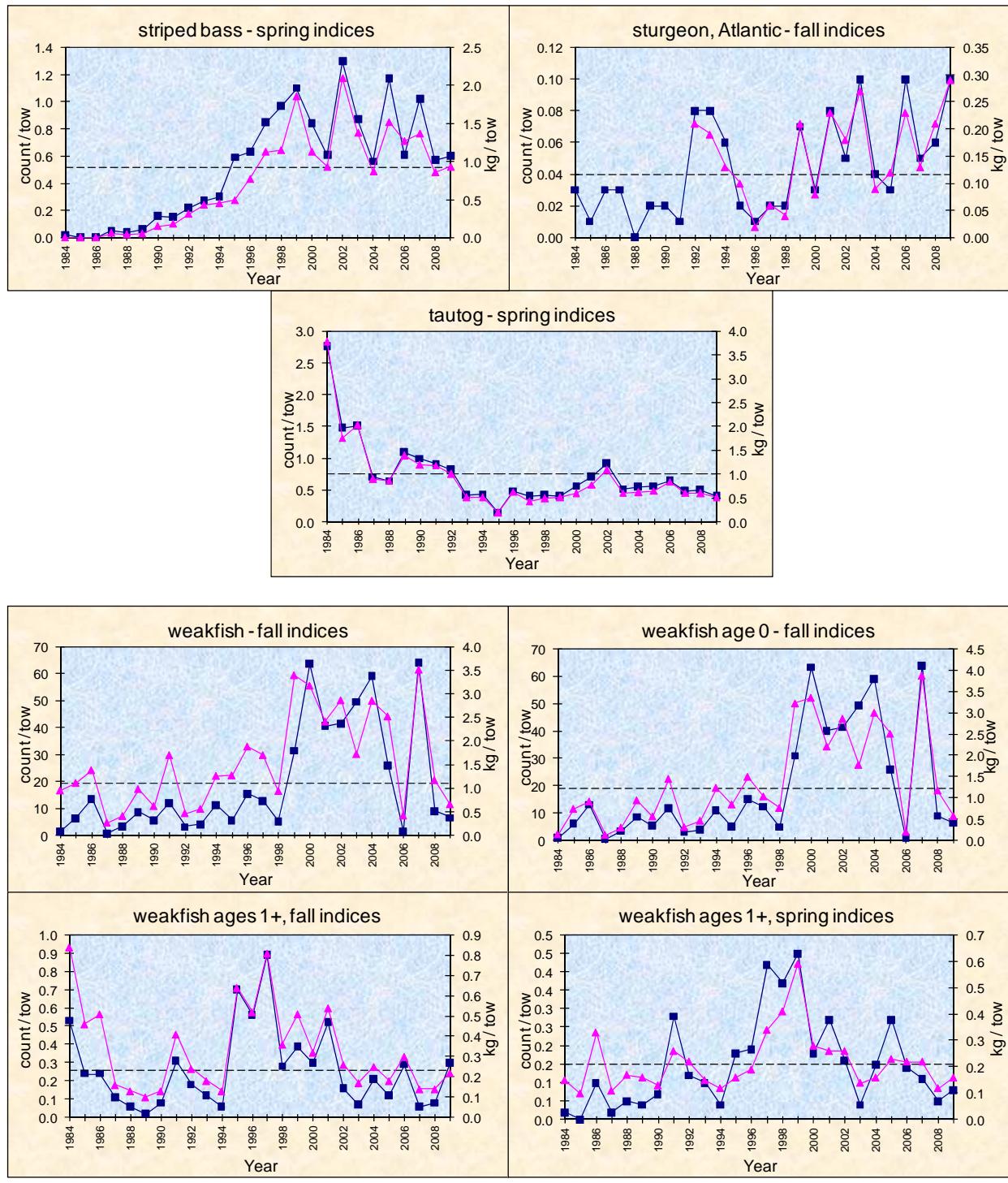
**Figure 2.12. Plots of abundance indices for: searobins (striped and northern), shad (American and hickory), skates (clearnose, little, and winter), and spot.**



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

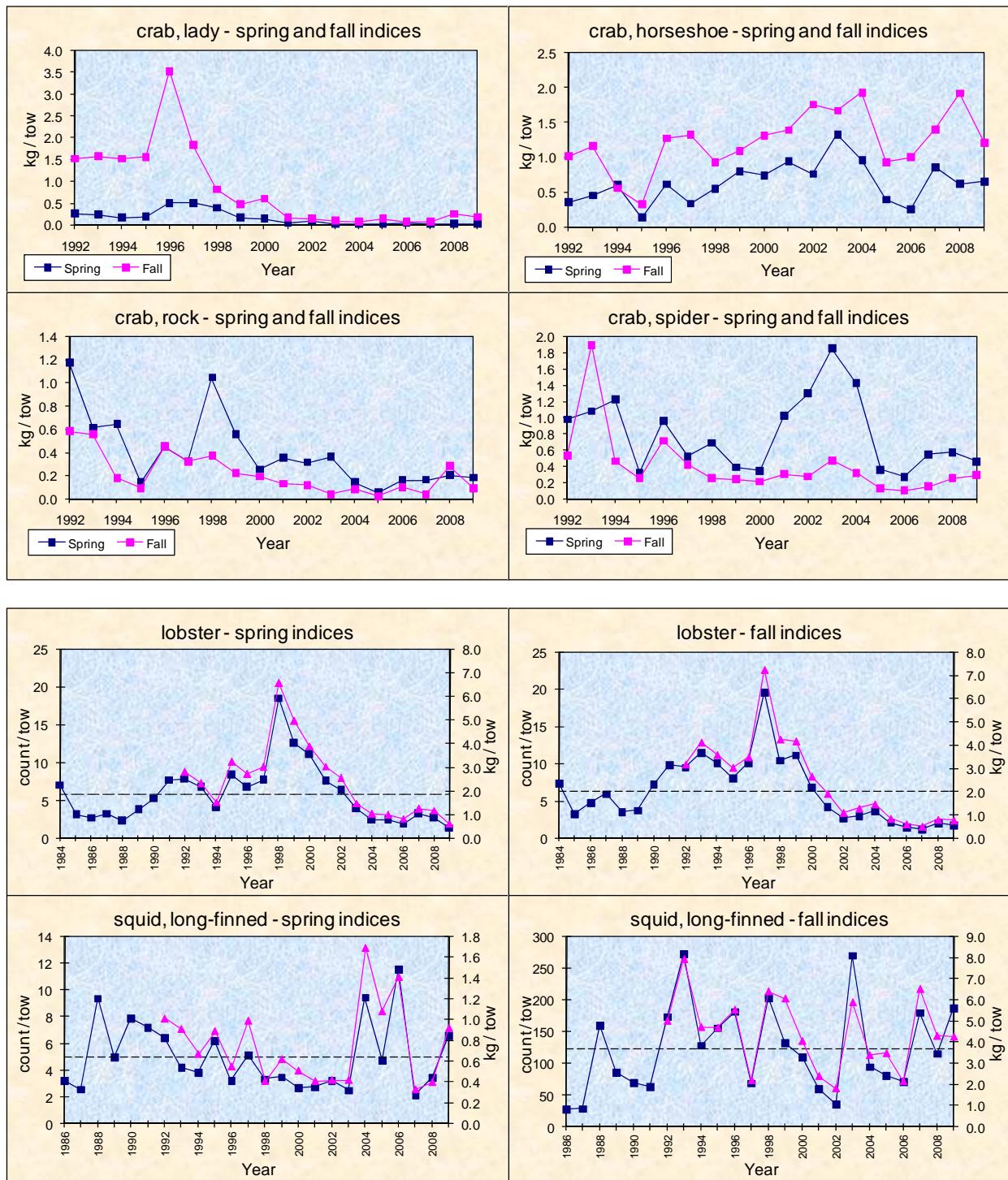
**Figure 2.13 Plots of abundance indices for: striped bass, Atlantic sturgeon, tautog, and weakfish (all ages, age 0, and ages 1+).**



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

**Figure 2.14.** Plots of abundance and biomass indices for: crabs (lady, rock, and spider), horseshoe crab, American lobster, and long-finned squid.



Legend for bottom four graphs:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

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**APPENDICES  
LISTS**

**Appendix 2.1. List of finfish species identified by A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut (F54R) and other CT DEP Marine Fisheries Division programs.** LISTS has collected ninety-nine species from 1984-2009.

This appendix contains a list of 142 species identified (Bold type indicates new species) from all sampling programs conducted since 1984. Species are listed alphabetically by common name (AFS 2004). Sampling program abbreviations, survey time periods and gear type are as follows:

Survey Abbreviation	Survey Description	Time Period	Gear Type
CTR	CT River Creel Survey	1997-1998	bus stop creel survey mainstem of CT River
EPA	cooperative sampling in western LIS with EPA	1986-1990	used LISTS net
ESS (F54R)	Estuarine Seine Survey	1988 to present	7.6m (25 ft) beach seine
IS (F54R)	Inshore Survey of Juvenile Winter Flounder	1990-1994	beam trawls (also a little data from 1995-1996)
ISS (F54R-starting 2008)	Inshore Seine Surveys in CT & TH rivers	1979 to present	15.2m (50 ft) bag seine set by boat
LISTS (F54R)	Long Island Sound Trawl Survey	1984 to present	14m (50 ft) trawls with 2" codend mesh
MISC	misc sampling conducted on R/V Dempsey	various	various
NCA	"inshore" EPA NCA C2K sampling	2000	skiff trawls
NRRWS	sampling in western end of LIS, the "Narrows"	2000-2007	14m (50 ft) trawls with 2" codend mesh
SNFH (F54R)	Study of Nearshore Finfish Habitat	1995-1996	plankton net
SS (F54R)	Summer Survey	1991-1993, 1996	14m (50 ft) trawls with codend liner in LIS
TN	Trap Net Survey	1997-1998	trap nets in rivers

Common Name	Scientific Name	Survey
anchovy, bay	<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC
anchovy, striped	<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>	LISTS; ESS; IS; SS
banded rudderfish	<i>Seriola zonata</i>	LISTS
bass, largemouth	<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	ISS; TN;CTR
bass, rock	<i>Ambloplites rupestris</i>	ISS; TN;CTR
bass, smallmouth	<i>Micropterus dolomieu</i>	ISS; TN;CTR
bass, striped	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
bigeye	<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	LISTS; IS
bigeye, short	<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	LISTS
black sea bass	<i>Centropristes striata</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS; IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
blenny, feather	<i>Hypsoblennius hentz</i>	LISTS
bluefish	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS; SS; MISC;EPA; CTR
bluegill	<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	TN;CTR
bonefish	<i>Albula vulpes</i>	ISS
bonito, Atlantic	<i>Sarda sarda</i>	LISTS; EPA
bullhead, brown	<i>Ameiurus nebulosus</i>	ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
burrfish, striped	<i>Chilomycterus schoepfi</i>	LISTS; ESS
burrfish, web	<i>Chilomycterus antillarum</i>	ESS
butterfish	<i>Peprilus triacanthus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
carp	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
catfish, channel	<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
catfish, white	<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	NCA; TN;CTR
cod, Atlantic	<i>Gadus morhua</i>	LISTS; SS
cornetfish, bluespotted	<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	ESS; IS
cornetfish, red	<i>Fistularia petimba</i>	LISTS; IS
crappie, black	<i>Pomoxis nigromaculatus</i>	ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
crappie, white	<i>Pomoxis annularis</i>	TN;CTR
croaker, Atlantic	<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	LISTS; IS
cunner	<i>Tautogolabrus adspersus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS; MISC;EPA
cusk-eel, fawn	<i>Lepophidium profundorum</i>	LISTS
cusk-eel, striped	<i>Ophidion marginatum</i>	LISTS; SS
darter, tessellated	<i>Etheostoma olmstedi</i>	ISS
dogfish, smooth	<i>Mustelus canis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS; IS; SS; MISC;EPA
dogfish, spiny	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; MISC
eel, American	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA; EPA;TN;CTR
eel, conger	<i>Conger oceanicus</i>	LISTS; IS; SS
fallfish	<i>Semotilus corporalis</i>	ISS
filefish, orange	<i>Aluterus schoepfi</i>	LISTS; IS; SS
filefish, planehead	<i>Monacanthus hispidus</i>	LISTS; EPA
filefish, scrawled	<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	IS
flounder, American plaice	<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>	LISTS
flounder, fourspot	<i>Paralichthys oblongus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS; SS; MISC;EPA
flounder, smallmouth	<i>Etropus microstomus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS; IS; SS;NCA;MISC

## Appendix 2.1 cont.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Survey
flounder, summer	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
flounder, windowpane	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
flounder, winter	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CT
flounder, yellowtail	<i>Pleuronectes ferrugineus</i>	LISTS; IS
glasseye snapper	<i>Priacanthus cruentatus</i>	LISTS
goatfish, dwarf	<i>Upeneus parvus</i>	LISTS
goatfish, red	<i>Mullus auratus</i>	LISTS
goby, code	<i>Gobiosoma robustum</i>	IS
goby, naked	<i>Gobiosoma boscii</i>	LISTS; ESS;ISS;IS
goldfish	<i>Carassius auratus</i>	CTR
goosefish	<i>Lophius americanus</i>	LISTS; IS; SS; MISC
grubby	<i>Myoxocephalus aeneus</i>	LISTS; ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS; EPA
gunnel, banded	<i>Pholis fasciata</i>	ESS; IS
gunnel, rock	<i>Pholis gunnellus</i>	LISTS; ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS
gurnard, flying	<i>Dactylopterus volitans</i>	ESS
haddock	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>	LISTS; SS
hake, red	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS; SS; MISC;EPA
hake, silver	<i>Merluccius bilinearis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; SS; MISC;EPA
hake, spotted	<i>Urophycis regia</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS; SS; MISC;EPA
herring, Atlantic	<i>Clupea harengus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS;SNFH;SS; MISC;EPA
herring, alewife	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS; SNFH;SS; MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
herring, blueback	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS; EPA;TN;CTR
herring, round	<i>Etrumeus teres</i>	LISTS; EPA
hogchoker	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS; MISC;EPA;TN
jack, blue runner	<i>Caranx cryos</i>	LISTS; EPA
jack, crevalle	<i>Caranx hippos</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; ISS; EPA
jack, yellow	<i>Caranx bartholomaei</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS; MISC;EPA
killifish, rainwater	<i>Lucania parva</i>	ESS
killifish, striped	<i>Fundulus majalis</i>	ESS; IS
kingfish, northern	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS; EPA
lamprey, sea	<i>Petromyzon marinus</i>	LISTS; IS; TN
lizardfish, inshore	<i>Synodus foetens</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS; MISC
lookdown	<i>Selene vomer</i>	LISTS; ISS
lumpfish	<i>Cyclopterus lumpus</i>	LISTS; IS;SNFH
mackerel, Atlantic	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>	LISTS; ISS; SS; EPA
mackerel, Spanish	<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>	LISTS; SS; EPA
menhaden, Atlantic	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
minnow, sheepshead	<i>Cyrinodon variegatus</i>	ESS;ISS
moonfish	<i>Selene setapinnis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; SS; MISC;EPA
mullet, white	<i>Mugil curema</i>	ESS;ISS
mummichog	<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	ESS; IS
needlefish, Atlantic	<i>Strongylura marina</i>	ESS;ISS
ocean pout	<i>Macrozoarces americanus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; MISC;EPA
oyster toadfish	<i>Opsanus tau</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS; EPA
perch, white	<i>Morone americana</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH; NCA; TN;CTR
perch, yellow	<i>Perca flavescens</i>	ISS; SNFH; TN;CTR
pickerel, chain	<i>Esox niger</i>	ISS; TN
pike, northern	<i>Esox lucius</i>	ISS; TN;CTR
pipefish, northern	<i>Syngnathus fuscus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA; EPA
pollock	<i>Pollachius virens</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; SNFH;SS; EPA
pompano, African	<i>Alectis ciliaris</i>	LISTS; ISS
puffer, northern	<i>Sphoeroides maculatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS
pumpkinseed	<i>Lepomis gibbosus</i>	ESS;ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
radiated shanny	<i>Ulvaria subbifurcata</i>	SNFH
rockling, fourbeard	<i>Enchelyopus cimbrius</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS;SNFH;SS; MISC;EPA
salmon, Atlantic	<i>Salmo salar</i>	LISTS; TN
sand lance, American	<i>Ammodytes americanus</i>	LISTS; ESS; IS;SNFH;SS
sandbar (brown) shark	<i>Carcharhinus plumbeus</i>	LISTS
scad, bigeye	<i>Selar crumenophthalmus</i>	LISTS; SS; MISC

**Appendix 2.1 cont.**

Common Name	Scientific Name	Survey
scad, mackerel	<i>Decapterus macarellus</i>	LISTS; SS
scad, rough	<i>Trachurus lathami</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; SS; MISC;EPA
scad, round	<i>Decapterus punctatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS
sculpin, longhorn	<i>Myoxocephalus octodecemspinosus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; ISS; SNFH; MISC
scup	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
sea raven	<i>Hemitripterus americanus</i>	LISTS; SNFH; MISC;EPA
seahorse, lined	<i>Hippocampus erectus</i>	LISTS; ESS; IS
searobin, northern	<i>Prionotus carolinus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS; IS;SNFH;SS; MISC;EPA
searobin, striped	<i>Prionotus evolans</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
seasnail	<i>Liparis atlanticus</i>	LISTS; SNFH
sennet, northern	<i>Sphyraena borealis</i>	LISTS; ESS
shad, American	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS; SS; MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
shad, gizzard	<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; ISS; TN
shad, hickory	<i>Alosa mediocris</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; ISS; SS; MISC;EPA; CTR
sharksucker	<i>Echeneis naucrates</i>	LISTS
shiner, golden	<i>Notemigonus crysoleucas</i>	ISS; TN
shiner, spottail	<i>Notropis hudsonius</i>	ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
silverside, Atlantic	<i>Menidia menidia</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS; MISC;EPA
silverside, inland	<i>Menidia beryllina</i>	SNFH
skate, barndoor	<i>Dipturus laevis</i>	LISTS
skate, clearnose	<i>Raja eglanteria</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; IS
skate, little	<i>Leucoraja erinacea</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS; IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA; CTR
skate, winter	<i>Leucoraja ocellata</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; SS; MISC
smelt, rainbow	<i>Osmerus mordax</i>	LISTS; ESS; IS;SNFH;SS; TN;CTR
snapper, grey	<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	ESS; IS
spot	<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS; ISS;IS; SS; MISC;EPA
<b>stargazer, northern</b>	<b><i>Astroscopus guttatus</i></b>	<b>LISTS</b>
stickleback, four-spine	<i>Apeltes quadratus</i>	ESS; IS
stickleback, nine-spine	<i>Pungitius pungitius</i>	IS
stickleback, three-spine	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>	ESS; IS; TN
stingray, roughtail	<i>Dasyatis centroura</i>	LISTS
sturgeon, Atlantic	<i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>	LISTS
sucker, white	<i>Catostomus commersoni</i>	ISS; NCA; TN;CTR
tautog	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
tomcod, Atlantic	<i>Microgadus tomcod</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS; EPA; CTR
triggerfish, gray	<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	LISTS
trout, brook	<i>Salvelinus fontinalis</i>	TN;CTR
trout, brown	<i>Salmo trutta</i>	CTR
walleye	<i>Sander vitreus</i>	TN
weakfish	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA

**Appendix 2.2. Annual total count of finfish, lobster and squid taken in the LISTS, 1984-2009.**

Counts include all tows- number of tows conducted is shown in second row. Refer to Table 2.4 for details on number of tows conducted per month. Note: nc = not counted. Anchovy spp., (yoys) and sand lance, (yoys) are estimated.

Common name (number of tows)	1984 200	1985 246	1986 316	1987 320	1988 320	1989 320	1990 297	1991 200	1992 160	1993 240	1994 240	1995 200	1996 200	1997 200	1998 200	1999 200	2000 200	2001 200	2002 200	2003 200	2004 199	2005 200	2006 120	2007 200	2008 120	2009 200	Total 5,698
anchovy, bay	nc	548	2,303	443	992	2,434	1,523	814	1,492	2,440	1,128	11,128	<b>25,246</b>														
anchovy, striped	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	11	0	0	216	0	47	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	1	5	<b>288</b>
anchovy, spp (yoys-est)	nc	2,667	15,700	935	1,515	3,410	13,110	3,254	2,179	1,267	8,537	1,135	<b>53,708</b>														
bigeye	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>10</b>
bigeye, short	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>19</b>
black sea bass	34	53	44	24	22	21	39	39	5	20	34	12	27	22	18	50	69	134	394	64	124	42	19	116	122	121	<b>1,670</b>
blenny, feather	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	<b>4</b>
blue runner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	<b>39</b>
bluefish	9,927	8,946	5,712	3,517	3,857	12,568	8,195	5,845	5,269	6,469	16,245	5,524	6,705	10,815	8,814	7,843	6,135	3,986	3,450	3,766	6,504	6,532	2,100	9,378	1,699	3,657	<b>173,457</b>
bonito, Atlantic	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	<b>9</b>
burrfish, striped	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	<b>1</b>
butterfish	37,137	67,944	44,624	42,519	60,746	94,928	80,778	40,537	95,961	67,087	54,378	64,930	49,360	70,985	136,926	191,100	60,490	45,264	66,550	36,133	94,735	92,996	50,022	49,137	48,766	108,087	<b>1,852,120</b>
cod, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	58	33	10	0	0	0	15	<b>121</b>
Gadus spp. (yoys/larvae)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	<b>70</b>
cornetfish, red	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>2</b>
croaker, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	<b>45</b>
cunner	359	98	97	129	72	268	196	75	30	65	25	41	17	43	65	51	50	51	55	42	21	24	8	16	26	18	<b>1,941</b>
cusk-eel, fawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>4</b>
cusk-eel, striped	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	<b>3</b>
dogfish, smooth	846	919	850	526	564	374	284	193	304	420	361	168	275	167	310	305	467	598	1,019	570	503	467	332	580	328	588	<b>12,318</b>
dogfish, spiny	89	252	173	76	434	99	417	14	6	14	58	0	1	7	18	10	4	48	17	85	38	41	11	32	35	148	<b>2,129</b>
eel, American	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	<b>9</b>
eel, american (yoys/larvae)	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	<b>1</b>
eel, conger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>14</b>
eel, conger (yoys/larvae)	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>1</b>
filefish, orange	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>4</b>
filefish, planehead	4	20	1	0	25	13	23	1	0	10	1	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	<b>109</b>
flounder, American plaice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>1</b>
flounder, fourspot	2,691	2,759	2,126	2,112	4,653	2,924	4,698	3,553	2,774	1,447	1,674	2,584	2,815	4,122	1,908	1,393	2,590	2,167	1,859	1,877	1,406	688	466	1,094	902	1,036	<b>58,318</b>
flounder, smallmouth	2	0	2	15	39	13	4	20	12	30	17	19	41	58	97	96	61	98	139	49	50	44	7	48	89	96	<b>1,145</b>
flounder, summer	208	249	716	531	414	47	242	263	186	293	282	121	434	486	436	582	555	875	1,356	1,181	644	506	203	733	477	881	<b>12,899</b>
flounder, windowpane	26,200	18,936	22,514	15,588	26,919	31,082	14,738	8,482	2,980	8,526	6,678	3,815	14,116	10,324	6,483	4,643	2,488	3,065	1,991	2,177	2,275	1,982	1,077	4,051	3,511	2,496	<b>247,136</b>
flounder, winter	13,921	13,851	19,033	22,696	36,706	45,563	59,981	26,623	9,548	16,843	21,481	15,558	22,722	14,701	15,697	10,288	8,867	9,826	6,884	4,676	4,021	4,692	1,699	4,550	4,973	4,068	<b>419,467</b>
flounder, yellowtail	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	<b>17</b>
glasseye snapper	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	4	8	1	6	<b>23</b>
goatfish, dwarf	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>1</b>
goatfish, red	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>7</b>
goby, naked	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>1</b>
goosefish	1	8	1	1	1	15	3	8	10	4	8	4	1	2	3	2	1	1	3	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	<b>81</b>

## Appendix 2.2 cont.

Common name (number of tows)	1984 200	1985 246	1986 316	1987 320	1988 320	1989 320	1990 297	1991 200	1992 160	1993 240	1994 240	1995 200	1996 200	1997 200	1998 200	1999 200	2000 200	2001 200	2002 200	2003 200	2004 199	2005 200	2006 120	2007 200	2008 120	2009 200	Total 5,698
grubby	0	1	1	1	5	9	6	0	0	0	5	1	2	11	5	2	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	55
gunnel, rock	0	6	0	6	5	10	9	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	3	1	1	6	2	9	2	1	2	2	69
haddock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	7	1	0	0	0	26	7	2	0	0	0	0	46
hake, red	3,696	1,161	3,061	2,258	3,808	7,365	3,300	2,085	1,606	4,183	546	1,977	872	748	3,015	2,973	2,393	1,382	2,103	873	829	585	625	2,788	1,723	897	56,850
hake, silver	1,525	724	1,464	1,848	3,427	3,551	4,243	1,537	544	508	2,136	1,941	489	1,973	1,870	5,126	679	3,945	2,013	496	1,417	165	1,267	290	6,587	947	50,710
hake, spotted	78	69	96	55	255	12	42	73	68	497	184	72	384	77	142	381	1,425	606	798	656	230	234	321	340	1,267	327	8,687
herring, alewife	284	37	242	819	415	473	287	103	122	934	1,431	386	1,402	1,194	456	1,393	1,572	638	855	746	859	742	573	1,537	931	1,175	19,606
herring, Atlantic	112	510	2,536	2,549	2,721	2,560	25,029	4,003	4,565	6,271	3,850	9,135	972	3,455	893	2,511	770	497	365	459	851	1,168	66	1,932	356	6,330	84,464
herring, blueback	1,722	117	267	104	247	367	124	38	175	106	1,199	255	97	630	211	19	143	279	68	110	218	111	63	156	74	291	7,191
herring, round	22	15	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	6	2	0	0	0	31	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84
hogchoker	293	282	140	87	113	118	259	104	61	73	37	17	45	15	12	39	40	85	100	92	83	61	22	78	38	39	2,332
jack, crevalle	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	6	8	1	0	3	0	8	0	0	1	2	2	2	0	2	0	1	42
jack, yellow	0	0	0	0	0	41	8	11	2	2	6	32	6	2	6	20	3	3	13	1	1	28	0	0	0	1	186
kingfish, northern	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	2	10	7	25	6	7	15	6	2	2	1	1	5	4	0	4	3	7	114
lamprey, sea	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	11
lizardfish, inshore	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	7	1	21	1	0	0	1	4	2	10	2	55
lobster, American	5,995	3,549	4,924	6,923	6,032	7,645	9,696	8,524	8,160	12,583	9,123	9,944	9,490	16,467	16,211	13,922	10,481	5,626	3,880	2,923	1,843	1,389	748	1,648	1,096	853	179,675
lookdown	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6
lumpfish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
mackerel, Atlantic	68	17	20	29	45	376	46	2	4	17	11	1	5	8	13	21	2	0	5	8	0	37	0	9	0	5	749
mackerel, Spanish	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	2	1	233	106	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	355	
menhaden, Atlantic	161	304	718	600	335	623	407	348	1,115	298	411	318	88	116	306	1,187	492	86	366	799	746	235	28	426	47	69	10,629
moonfish	7	226	23	7	142	60	10	24	62	6	149	33	921	287	1,188	645	1,817	225	424	133	182	356	361	979	689	2,575	11,532
ocean pout	26	3	14	14	30	58	39	42	18	66	42	30	26	15	13	17	18	6	13	14	18	3	5	12	9	22	573
perch, white	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	1	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	4	1	29
pipefish, northern	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	5	21	2	2	0	1	0	2	4	4	2	6	2	4	3	2	0	2	67
pollock	5	0	3	8	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	18	47	
pompano, African	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
puffer, northern	1	2	6	0	3	2	2	5	1	28	4	1	3	1	28	14	4	8	6	3	5	5	0	8	0	5	146
rockling, fourbeard	376	89	184	312	563	686	393	163	150	242	93	169	109	199	133	233	185	251	106	113	173	106	14	87	81	47	5,256
rudderfish, banded	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
salmon, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sand lance, American	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	3	25	95	0	2	4	178	4	4	3	19	70	6	0	30	7,495	1,227	9,165
sand lance, (yo-y-est)	nc	0	1,000	5	0	0	100	1,075	0	430	0	0	0	0	5,444	2	3,750	7,932	19,738								
scad, bigeye	0	0	0	0	15	63	1	1	0	0	3	0	2	1	1	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	108
scad, mackerel	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	0	4	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	20
scad, rough	34	32	19	89	180	81	41	1	0	100	13	0	35	65	0	0	0	10	10	12	14	62	14	13	0	59	885
scad, round	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	2	0	0	4	11	12	0	3	0	1	40
sculpin, longhorn	14	82	51	32	107	107	263	139	31	11	7	5	7	4	2	2	14	5	3	5	5	0	0	3	2	2	903
scup	8,806	18,054	16,449	9,761	12,566	37,642	21,193	45,790	13,646	32,218	38,456	13,985	16,087	9,582	23,742	101,095	101,464	58,325	100,481	26,926	61,521	52,642	28,829	75,681	53,560	46,991	1,025,492
sea raven	57	59	70	88	52	34	44	19	4	1	1	2	2	3	30	9	19	7	11	3	7	3	0	5	0	5	535
seahorse, lined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

**Appendix 2.2 cont.**

Common name (number of tows)	1984 200	1985 246	1986 316	1987 320	1988 320	1989 320	1990 297	1991 200	1992 160	1993 240	1994 240	1995 200	1996 200	1997 200	1998 200	1999 200	2000 200	2001 200	2002 200	2003 200	2004 199	2005 200	2006 120	2007 200	2008 120	2009 200	Total 5,698	
searobin, northern	585	2,267	546	280	605	381	357	609	313	951	878	1,317	672	579	360	547	2,014	1,594	2,123	1,632	784	265	630	691	809	2,012	23,803	
searobin, striped	1,434	2,295	2,035	1,482	2,086	2,211	2,353	865	857	1,491	1,298	682	1,008	819	1,321	1,690	3,129	2,061	2,394	2,235	1,308	757	366	755	612	1,507	39,051	
seasnail	0	0	0	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	19	
sennet, northern	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	2	0	0	8	0	2	0	5	28
shad, American	1,852	425	642	1,036	3,208	4,007	550	361	380	1,142	1,723	755	501	922	901	987	316	109	593	689	356	177	68	236	405	422	22,763	
shad, gizzard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	8
shad, hickory	71	4	7	6	4	40	2	1	12	10	31	6	29	25	40	56	42	14	45	41	39	136	75	37	5	13	791	
shark, sandbar	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
sharksucker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
silverside, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	54	3	39	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	110	
skate, barndoor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
skate, clearnose	0	0	3	2	1	1	3	2	8	8	1	4	1	4	20	22	18	65	59	68	22	102	36	97	37	69	653	
skate, little	2,751	4,614	4,303	3,847	9,471	9,349	11,902	6,479	3,495	6,051	6,714	2,372	6,203	4,068	4,305	3,686	3,340	4,311	4,242	4,071	3,044	1,317	593	1,277	682	709	113,195	
skate, winter	1	20	34	17	114	120	85	50	31	62	51	41	88	48	62	41	31	38	45	82	53	31	23	44	51	44	1,307	
smelt, rainbow	0	0	0	0	5	4	2	2	0	9	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	
spot	0	34	38	10	29	0	8	2	0	124	53	3	195	10	0	45	204	13	52	1	8	0	14	0	308	1	1,150	
squid, long-finned	0	0	11,018	15,135	33,400	21,304	23,789	12,322	32,780	58,312	25,396	23,974	22,720	13,048	27,443	21,580	16,585	9,080	8,034	21,350	23,022	17,542	7,802	24,212	10,490	24,130	504,468	
stargazer, northern	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
stingray, roughtail	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	6	
striped bass	10	13	12	30	31	59	117	38	42	81	81	165	232	319	400	397	293	214	469	383	378	469	144	422	199	466	5,463	
sturgeon, Atlantic	11	3	6	6	7	13	9	3	30	60	60	6	3	5	17	39	7	18	18	29	8	9	21	18	7	18	431	
tautog	734	773	796	624	629	791	693	501	265	164	224	61	136	190	194	217	287	319	565	225	232	179	186	280	179	163	9,606	
toadfish, oyster	3	4	9	0	0	3	4	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	2	6	2	8	9	1	0	1	5	3	3	70	
tomcod, Atlantic	2	1	0	8	2	3	3	4	8	5	2	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	49	
triggerfish, gray	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
weakfish	366	2,740	7,751	327	1,341	5,914	2,246	4,320	1,317	2,060	8,156	2,881	6,375	3,904	3,495	12,416	23,595	12,739	10,713	8,183	17,505	9,191	241	17,386	2,531	2,604	170,297	
<b>Total</b>	<b>122,527</b>	<b>152,574</b>	<b>153,383</b>	<b>136,139</b>	<b>216,479</b>	<b>294,026</b>	<b>277,183</b>	<b>174,235</b>	<b>186,975</b>	<b>230,301</b>	<b>204,795</b>	<b>163,532</b>	<b>165,756</b>	<b>170,557</b>	<b>257,779</b>	<b>392,447</b>	<b>271,189</b>	<b>170,580</b>	<b>227,225</b>	<b>129,982</b>	<b>240,860</b>	<b>200,290</b>	<b>108,214</b>	<b>204,971</b>	<b>164,647</b>	<b>235,560</b>	<b>5,252,204</b>	

**Appendix 2.3. Annual total weight (kg) of finfish, lobster and squid taken in LISTS, 1992-2009.**

Counts include all tows—see Table 2.4 for number of tows conducted. Note: nw = not weighed.

Common name (number of tows)	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total
	160	240	240	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	199	200	120	200	120	200	3,279
anchovy, bay	nw	nw	nw	nw	nw	nw	nw	5.6	12.2	3.6	6.6	13.3	10.3	5.8	8.3	14.5	7.7	35.3	<b>123.2</b>
anchovy, striped	nw	nw	nw	nw	0.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	<b>8.2</b>
Anchovy, spp (oy-est)	nw	nw	nw	nw	nw	nw	nw	0.5	4.5	0.8	1.5	2.0	3.0	1.5	0.6	0.8	5.1	0.7	<b>21.0</b>
bigeye	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	
bigeye, short	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<b>1.0</b>
black sea bass	1.8	6.4	11.0	4.7	12.1	10.5	10.6	17.2	22.6	74.8	188.3	49.6	40.5	26.4	9.3	46.8	29.8	59.5	<b>621.9</b>
blenny, feather	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	<b>0.2</b>
blue runner	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.30	0.00	2.3	<b>2.7</b>
bluefish	2,462.9	2,226.1	2,341.7	1,156.1	1,118.2	977.6	899.0	1,218.0	1,408.0	751.2	1,099.7	791.6	2,140.6	1,333.8	358.6	1,801.3	641.4	1157.4	<b>23,883.2</b>
bonito, Atlantic	0.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0	0.0	<b>12.0</b>
burrfish, striped	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0	0.0	<b>0.5</b>
butterfish	1,357.3	1,450.1	1,202.2	1,664.5	1,844.7	2,017.2	3,661.1	4,171.6	1,458.3	1,834.0	1,924.2	682.8	1,842.7	2,097.3	1,631.4	1,446.2	1,442	3186.9	<b>34,914.5</b>
cod, Atlantic	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.8	4.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	0	1	<b>9.9</b>
cornetfish, red	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
croaker, Atlantic	0.0	2.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	<b>2.9</b>
cunner	3.7	6.2	2.1	4.4	2.6	4.1	8.1	5.9	5.3	5.9	7.2	6.7	3.7	4.1	1.3	3.0	3.6	1.8	<b>79.7</b>
cusk-eel, fawn	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.2</b>
cusk-eel, striped	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.1	<b>0.2</b>
dogfish, smooth	863.2	1,339.1	934.6	566.8	862.8	527.3	989.8	923.0	1,038.5	1,407.6	2,814.3	1,527.4	1,435.3	1,421.7	1,176.6	2,110.2	1134.2	2213.3	<b>23,285.7</b>
dogfish, spiny	30.7	58.4	199.6	0.0	2.1	13.7	44.5	51.1	9.9	128.6	48.0	239.5	104.7	102.0	47.0	122.3	127.7	545.7	<b>1,875.5</b>
eel, American	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0	0.0	<b>3.1</b>
eel, conger	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>3.6</b>
filefish, orange	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.2</b>
filefish, planehead	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	<b>2.0</b>
flounder, American plaice	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
flounder, fourspot	382.4	193.6	202.4	402.9	407.2	615.3	306.0	203.9	398.6	362.7	326.9	350.1	309.3	125.9	88.1	224.9	186.3	169.8	<b>5,256.3</b>
flounder, smallmouth	0.6	2.6	1.5	1.2	2.3	2.4	6.4	5.2	2.7	3.8	4.9	3.0	2.8	2.4	0.6	2.6	3.2	4.7	<b>52.9</b>
flounder, summer	142.1	193.1	173.0	79.6	266.4	326.0	431.3	459.8	471.3	628.1	989.3	845.7	627.2	406.1	180.5	590.9	398	694.4	<b>7,902.8</b>
flounder, windowpane	286.1	578.9	597.2	356.2	1,223.6	986.1	741.1	594.2	368.8	475.5	343.3	378.8	333.7	177.5	128.9	510.8	524	342.8	<b>8,947.5</b>
flounder, winter	1,344.8	1,898.0	2,060.9	1,614.7	3,335.0	2,439.4	2,450.3	2,011.7	1,921.4	1,993.6	1,584.1	1,421.9	839.9	566.1	271.2	951.3	751.9	524	<b>27,980.2</b>
flounder, yellowtail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.2	<b>2.7</b>
glasseye snapper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	<b>1.7</b>
goatfish, red	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.3</b>
goby, naked	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
goosefish	2.5	0.5	2.0	3.3	0.1	1.6	3.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.7	1.2	0.0	0	0.0	<b>16.7</b>
grubby	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	<b>2.3</b>
gunnel, rock	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	<b>2.5</b>
haddock	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>3.0</b>
hake, red	127.7	254.4	63.9	145.6	95.5	80.5	217.5	226.5	162.6	109.7	206.6	73.4	51.6	56.0	37.4	200.4	141.3	59.5	<b>2,310.1</b>
hake, silver	22.0	21.9	127.6	61.6	20.0	70.8	88.3	99.6	28.8	152.2	89.6	13.9	27.3	7.1	37.7	14.6	208.5	50	<b>1,141.5</b>

Appendix 2.3 cont.

Common name (number of tows)	1992 160	1993 240	1994 240	1995 200	1996 200	1997 200	1998 200	1999 200	2000 200	2001 200	2002 200	2003 200	2004 199	2005 200	2006 120	2007 200	2008 120	2009 200	Total 3,279
hake, spotted	10.3	55.9	32.4	6.5	42.6	19.0	12.2	38.8	92.3	34.9	48.2	70.4	37.8	17.4	24.3	23.9	65.8	32.1	<b>664.8</b>
herring, alewife	9.2	54.5	83.2	24.6	134.6	81.3	35.1	107.6	96.0	41.7	70.2	55.3	56.1	47.6	49.5	101.3	51.1	96	<b>1,194.9</b>
herring, Atlantic	797.5	1,120.0	769.3	1,631.7	189.8	515.1	74.6	45.4	124.1	72.6	63.9	89.1	58.3	131.1	10.3	234.2	52.1	239.2	<b>6,218.3</b>
herring, blueback	8.5	4.7	31.2	7.5	6.2	16.5	5.1	1.1	6.8	11.1	2.4	4.0	6.5	5.4	2.5	9.1	3.2	14.6	<b>146.4</b>
herring, round	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	<b>1.4</b>
hogchoker	5.6	7.3	3.9	1.7	5.4	1.8	1.9	5.0	5.9	10.5	13.3	8.6	9.5	8.7	3.2	11.4	5.6	4.5	<b>113.8</b>
jack, crevalle	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0	0.1	<b>3.2</b>
jack, yellow	0.2	0.2	0.4	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.7	1.9	0.2	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.1	3.0	0.1	0.4	0	0.1	<b>11.9</b>
kingfish, northern	0.2	1.0	0.5	2.5	0.6	0.9	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	<b>11.2</b>
lamprey, sea	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.0	<b>4.0</b>
lizardfish, inshore	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.1	2.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.2	<b>4.7</b>
lobster, American	1,537.9	2,700.3	1,956.1	2,141.9	2,113.5	3,800.9	3,873.9	3,397.9	2,184.5	1,531.2	1,005.7	690.9	481.5	364.3	197.9	396.5	314.1	244	<b>28,933.0</b>
lookdown	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	<b>0.4</b>
lumpfish	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.2</b>
mackerel, Atlantic	1.0	1.3	0.9	0.1	0.5	1.7	1.1	3.1	0.8	0.0	2.5	1.9	0.0	5.7	0.0	0.8	0	0.4	<b>21.8</b>
mackerel, Spanish	1.5	5.3	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	<b>15.5</b>
menhaden, Atlantic	60.6	103.9	87.8	41.9	40.5	38.5	9.2	90.9	31.8	4.7	96.3	344.9	110.7	77.9	5.5	63.9	10.4	18	<b>1,237.4</b>
moonfish	1.5	0.6	4.1	2.1	11.6	4.6	13.4	9.6	15.0	3.8	7.4	2.3	3.4	6.0	3.5	12.0	13.4	19.5	<b>133.8</b>
ocean pout	7.7	16.4	9.1	6.5	7.2	4.8	2.7	3.9	4.9	2.3	4.3	2.9	5.4	0.7	0.9	3.2	2.1	4.8	<b>89.8</b>
perch, white	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	<b>4.3</b>
pipefish, northern	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0	0.2	<b>3.7</b>
pollock	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.1	<b>1.3</b>
pompano, African	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
puffer, northern	0.1	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.5	0	0.4	<b>6.8</b>
rockling, fourbeard	12.8	15.7	8.5	14.7	8.6	17.3	11.6	28.8	14.7	21.5	9.7	9.2	13.0	6.8	1.5	7.6	7.1	3.9	<b>213.0</b>
salmon, Atlantic	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
sand lance, American	nw	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3	7.2	2	<b>12.8</b>
sand lance, (yoy - est)	nw	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.1	0.2	2.3	<b>7.5</b>
scad, bigeye	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	<b>2.0</b>
scad, mackerel	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	<b>1.0</b>
scad, rough	0.0	4.4	0.2	0.0	1.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	1.9	0.5	0.7	0	2.8	<b>16.6</b>
scad, round	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0	0.1	<b>2.1</b>
sculpin, longhorn	9.0	3.2	1.6	1.3	2.1	0.8	1.0	0.3	5.0	1.5	0.9	2.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	<b>33.5</b>
scup	837.7	867.9	878.1	770.5	739.4	530.5	740.5	3,641.3	6,679.0	5,828.4	13,814.0	5,221.9	6,801.1	3,080.7	4,636.1	5,333.5	6509.9	6332.1	<b>73,242.6</b>
sea raven	3.9	0.6	0.2	0.7	1.5	0.4	11.3	4.9	9.2	4.1	4.1	1.6	2.4	0.5	0.0	3.6	0	1.7	<b>50.7</b>
seahorse, lined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
searobin, northern	35.6	97.9	66.7	166.9	57.4	60.4	39.4	52.0	251.2	222.7	267.3	252.2	112.0	21.3	74.5	74.2	58.8	194.3	<b>2,104.8</b>
searobin, striped	305.1	260.0	208.6	277.5	278.7	230.5	509.7	497.0	1,036.1	861.0	1,065.0	805.1	465.4	183.7	113.5	217.0	263	471.8	<b>8,048.7</b>
seasnail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.7</b>
sennet, northern	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.2	0	0.4	<b>2.3</b>
shad, American	63.3	138.9	165.8	81.4	36.2	66.8	60.2	117.3	25.8	9.6	40.3	40.8	24.2	18.2	6.1	15.8	20.2	28.9	<b>959.8</b>
shad, gizzard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	<b>0.8</b>
shad, hickory	4.9	4.4	7.6	2.5	10.2	9.1	15.9	19.4	17.1	6.7	19.6	20.1	14.2	43.1	19.1	10.4	1.1	3.6	<b>229.0</b>

Appendix 2.3 cont.

<b>Common name (number of tows)</b>	<b>1992</b>	<b>1993</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>Total</b>
sharksucker	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.3</b>
silverside, Atlantic	0.1	1.0	0.3	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	<b>3.4</b>
skate, barndoor	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>0.4</b>
skate, clearnose	10.3	11.3	1.8	11.0	1.7	7.4	36.8	39.4	37.9	132.4	107.3	130.8	48.2	187.1	52.4	193.3	78.1	148.5	<b>1,235.7</b>
skate, little	1,389.0	2,534.8	3,091.5	1,055.3	2,801.8	1,945.8	2,085.5	1,829.6	1,604.7	2,022.6	2,121.9	2,187.3	1,689.8	682.5	310.6	697.0	327.4	390	<b>28,767.1</b>
skate, winter	105.3	220.9	139.2	89.2	212.7	109.7	180.7	89.8	66.5	112.2	133.5	162.1	100.3	59.9	60.0	117.8	140.8	108.5	<b>2,209.1</b>
smelt, rainbow	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>1.7</b>
spot	0.0	10.6	4.3	0.3	14.1	1.1	0.0	5.7	17.8	1.3	7.2	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.2	0.0	21.3	0.2	<b>86.1</b>
squid, long-finned	844.9	1,629.1	965.4	796.4	720.4	515.2	767.0	826.4	582.3	346.2	279.9	573.2	953.4	683.5	326.0	773.6	330.1	648.4	<b>12,561.4</b>
stargazer, northern	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.1	<b>0.1</b>
stingray, roughtail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.6	3.4	0.0	0.0	2.5	24.4	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	<b>88.0</b>
striped bass	89.4	210.3	198.6	185.3	373.5	509.9	484.2	815.4	602.6	472.5	855.2	770.3	811.8	675.1	418.7	888.0	456.3	897.4	<b>9,714.5</b>
sturgeon, Atlantic	244.8	633.6	848.6	145.5	19.9	37.8	189.7	498.6	79.0	270.6	275.3	550.2	117.6	152.7	368.7	336.4	111.3	286.6	<b>5,166.9</b>
tautog	508.3	320.0	373.9	95.1	225.9	271.8	347.1	326.6	463.5	491.2	921.1	346.0	353.7	269.2	301.4	551.4	309.4	285.4	<b>6,761.0</b>
toadfish, oyster	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.8	2.5	0.4	4.7	5.0	0.8	0.0	1.2	2.0	1.9	0.8	<b>23.7</b>
tomcod, Atlantic	1.3	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.1	<b>4.6</b>
triggerfish, gray	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	<b>3.2</b>
weakfish	94.8	121.2	344.5	275.7	414.9	362.0	268.2	771.3	554.5	415.0	442.0	194.8	426.9	449.9	52.2	584.8	116.1	108.7	<b>5,997.5</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>14,031.0</b>	<b>19,406.4</b>	<b>18,216.5</b>	<b>13,905.2</b>	<b>17,669.1</b>	<b>17,291.1</b>	<b>19,646.7</b>	<b>23,279.9</b>	<b>21,927.8</b>	<b>20,876.6</b>	<b>31,349.0</b>	<b>18,956.8</b>	<b>20,494.5</b>	<b>13,523.6</b>	<b>11,027.7</b>	<b>18,711.6</b>	<b>14,889.3</b>	<b>19,645.3</b>	<b>334,848.1</b>

**Appendix 2.4. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1984.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Number of tows (sample size)=102.*

<b>species</b>	<b>count</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>weight</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>species</b>	<b>count</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>weight</b>	<b>%</b>
butterfish	18,700	31.0	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	48	0.1	.	.
windowpane flounder	13,746	22.8	.	.	spotted hake	46	0.1	.	.
winter flounder	6,847	11.4	.	.	sea raven	32	0.1	.	.
bluefish	6,738	11.2	.	.	ocean pout	25	0	.	.
scup	3,225	5.4	.	.	rough scad	22	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,868	3.1	.	.	longhorn sculpin	12	0	.	.
little skate	1,491	2.5	.	.	black sea bass	11	0	.	.
red hake	1,323	2.2	.	.	moonfish	7	0	.	.
American shad	982	1.6	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	6	0	.	.
blueback herring	925	1.5	.	.	round herring	5	0	.	.
striped searobin	697	1.2	.	.	spiny dogfish	4	0	.	.
silver hake	575	1.0	.	.	American eel	2	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	534	0.9	.	.	striped bass	2	0	.	.
tautog	472	0.8	.	.	oyster toadfish	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	448	0.7	.	.	goosefish	1	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	303	0.5	.	.	northern sennet	1	0	.	.
weakfish	260	0.4	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	252	0.4	.	.	red goatfish	1	0	.	.
cunner	220	0.4	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>60,230</b>			
summer flounder	150	0.2	.	.					
alewife	108	0.2	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
hickory shad	71	0.1	.	.	American lobster	2865	100	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	67	0.1	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,865</b>			

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1985.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Number of tows (sample size)=126.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	34,512	41.4	.	.	spot	26	0	.	.
scup	12,155	14.6	.	.	round herring	15	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	11,194	13.4	.	.	rough scad	14	0	.	.
winter flounder	7,980	9.6	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	13	0	.	.
bluefish	5,302	6.4	.	.	spiny dogfish	13	0	.	.
weakfish	2,650	3.2	.	.	winter skate	13	0	.	.
northern searobin	2,098	2.5	.	.	alewife	9	0	.	.
little skate	1,705	2.0	.	.	planehead filefish	7	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,289	1.5	.	.	rock gunnel	4	0	.	.
striped searobin	1,078	1.3	.	.	oyster toadfish	4	0	.	.
red hake	573	0.7	.	.	goosefish	3	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	504	0.6	.	.	ocean pout	3	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	405	0.5	.	.	Atlantic bonito	2	0	.	.
tautog	323	0.4	.	.	crevalle jack	1	0	.	.
American shad	280	0.3	.	.	grubby	1	0	.	.
silver hake	250	0.3	.	.	gray triggerfish	1	0	.	.
summer flounder	175	0.2	.	.	hickory shad	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	163	0.2	.	.	orange filefish	1	0	.	.
moonfish	142	0.2	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	100	0.1	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	80	0.1	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	.	.
cunner	51	0.1	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>83,395</b>	-	-	-
sea raven	50	0.1	.	.					
fourbeard rockling	44	0.1	.	.					
Atlantic menhaden	38	0	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
black sea bass	35	0	.	.	American lobster	1589	100	.	.
spotted hake	27	0	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,589</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1986.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=196.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	25,192	28.0	.	.	winter skate	32	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	18,848	20.9	.	.	spotted hake	30	0	.	.
winter flounder	15,341	17.0	.	.	black sea bass	28	0	.	.
scup	7,910	8.8	.	.	spot	25	0	.	.
weakfish	5,427	6.0	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	19	0	.	.
little skate	3,210	3.6	.	.	moonfish	14	0	.	.
bluefish	2,789	3.1	.	.	ocean pout	14	0	.	.
red hake	2,657	3.0	.	.	oyster toadfish	9	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,999	2.2	.	.	hickory shad	6	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,487	1.7	.	.	rough scad	5	0	.	.
striped searobin	886	1.0	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	4	0	.	.
silver hake	723	0.8	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
tautog	566	0.6	.	.	American eel	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	430	0.5	.	.	goosefish	1	0	.	.
summer flounder	414	0.5	.	.	grubby	1	0	.	.
northern searobin	396	0.4	.	.	northern pipefish	1	0	.	.
American shad	344	0.4	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	318	0.4	.	.	smallmouth flounder	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	256	0.3	.	.	striped bass	1	0	.	.
alewife	216	0.2	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>90,031</b>	-	-	-
fourbeard rockling	123	0.1	.	.					
cunner	76	0.1	.	.					
sea raven	70	0.1	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
hogchoker	60	0.1	.	.	American lobster	2,553	28.1	.	.
longhorn sculpin	51	0.1	.	.	long-finned squid	6,537	71.9	.	.
spiny dogfish	47	0.1	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>9,090</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1987.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
winter flounder	15,600	25.6	.	.	longhorn sculpin	32	0.1	.	.
butterfish	14,674	24.1	.	.	spotted hake	22	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	11,031	18.1	.	.	spiny dogfish	19	0	.	.
scup	5,029	8.3	.	.	ocean pout	14	0	.	.
bluefish	2,611	4.3	.	.	black sea bass	13	0	.	.
little skate	2,140	3.5	.	.	winter skate	13	0	.	.
red hake	1,729	2.8	.	.	striped bass	10	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,628	2.7	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	8	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,298	2.1	.	.	smallmouth flounder	7	0	.	.
silver hake	906	1.5	.	.	moonfish	6	0	.	.
alewife	754	1.2	.	.	rock gunnel	4	0	.	.
striped searobin	543	0.9	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	4	0	.	.
summer flounder	374	0.6	.	.	spot	3	0	.	.
American shad	371	0.6	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
tautog	363	0.6	.	.	hickory shad	2	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	329	0.5	.	.	Atlantic bonito	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	257	0.4	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	1	0	.	.
weakfish	248	0.4	.	.	round herring	1	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	241	0.4	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
northern searobin	220	0.4	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>60,862</b>	-	-	-
sea raven	86	0.1	.	.					
blueback herring	79	0.1	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
cunner	79	0.1	.	.	American lobster	3,544	25.1	.	.
hogchoker	61	0.1	.	.	long-finned squid	10,552	74.9	.	.
rough scad	48	0.1	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>14,096</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1988.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	45,983	36.7	.	.	ocean pout	30	0	.	.
winter flounder	25,695	20.5	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	24	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	19,497	15.6	.	.	spot	18	0	.	.
scup	10,184	8.1	.	.	black sea bass	17	0	.	.
little skate	6,539	5.2	.	.	striped bass	17	0	.	.
bluefish	3,688	2.9	.	.	yellowtail flounder	6	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	2,478	2.0	.	.	grubby	5	0	.	.
red hake	1,933	1.5	.	.	rock gunnel	5	0	.	.
weakfish	1,287	1.0	.	.	rainbow smelt	5	0	.	.
silver hake	1,210	1.0	.	.	crevalle jack	4	0	.	.
striped searobin	1,194	1.0	.	.	bigeye scad	2	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,193	1.0	.	.	bigeye	2	0	.	.
American shad	1,187	0.9	.	.	planehead filefish	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	474	0.4	.	.	hickory shad	2	0	.	.
tautog	455	0.4	.	.	northern puffer	2	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	385	0.3	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	2	0	.	.
summer flounder	320	0.3	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	2	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	302	0.2	.	.	Atlantic bonito	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	164	0.1	.	.	dwarf goatfish	1	0	.	.
alewife	153	0.1	.	.	goosefish	1	0	.	.
moonfish	137	0.1	.	.	northern pipefish	1	0	.	.
rough scad	128	0.1	.	.	short bigeye	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	103	0.1	.	.	striped cusk-eel	1	0	.	.
winter skate	101	0.1	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
spotted hake	87	0.1	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>125,344</b>	-	-	-
hogchoker	75	0.1	.	.					
Atlantic menhaden	69	0.1	.	.					
sea raven	50	0	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
cunner	48	0	.	.	American lobster	2,114	8.5	.	.
spiny dogfish	39	0	.	.	long-finned squid	22,769	91.5	.	.
smallmouth flounder	34	0	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>24,883</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1989.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	47,089	29.3	.	.	sea raven	34	0	.	.
winter flounder	32,361	20.2	.	.	black sea bass	15	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	25,109	15.6	.	.	rough scad	11	0	.	.
scup	17,391	10.8	.	.	striped bass	11	0	.	.
bluefish	8,649	5.4	.	.	yellow jack	11	0	.	.
little skate	7,079	4.4	.	.	goosefish	9	0	.	.
red hake	5,689	3.5	.	.	smallmouth flounder	9	0	.	.
weakfish	5,496	3.4	.	.	rock gunnel	8	0	.	.
American shad	1,977	1.2	.	.	grubby	7	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,877	1.2	.	.	spotted hake	7	0	.	.
striped searobin	1,763	1.1	.	.	rainbow smelt	4	0	.	.
silver hake	1,697	1.1	.	.	planehead filefish	3	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,154	0.7	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	3	0	.	.
tautog	600	0.4	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	3	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	397	0.2	.	.	bigeye	2	0	.	.
blueback herring	307	0.2	.	.	American eel	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	297	0.2	.	.	short bigeye	2	0	.	.
Atlantic mackerel	237	0.1	.	.	oyster toadfish	2	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	230	0.1	.	.	white perch	2	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	202	0.1	.	.	northern sennet	1	0	.	.
alewife	190	0.1	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	107	0.1	.	.	banded rudderfish	1	0	.	.
cunner	106	0.1	.	.	Spanish mackerel	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	91	0.1	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>160,581</b>	-	-	-
winter skate	91	0.1	.	.					
spiny dogfish	66	0	.	.					
ocean pout	58	0	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
bigeye scad	45	0	.	.	American lobster	3,447	19.9	.	.
moonfish	42	0	.	.	long-finned squid	13,883	80.1	.	.
summer flounder	35	0	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>17,330</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1990.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
winter flounder	47,184	31.1	.	.	seasnail	8	0	.	.
butterfish	45,373	29.9	.	.	planehead filefish	7	0	.	.
scup	15,393	10.2	.	.	moonfish	7	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	9,825	6.5	.	.	rock gunnel	7	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	8,779	5.8	.	.	yellow jack	7	0	.	.
little skate	6,456	4.3	.	.	grubby	4	0	.	.
bluefish	4,688	3.1	.	.	spot	4	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	3,270	2.2	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	4	0	.	.
silver hake	2,334	1.5	.	.	oyster toadfish	4	0	.	.
red hake	2,237	1.5	.	.	goosefish	3	0	.	.
weakfish	1,921	1.3	.	.	smallmouth flounder	3	0	.	.
striped searobin	866	0.6	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	3	0	.	.
tautog	554	0.4	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
American shad	406	0.3	.	.	lookdown	2	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	299	0.2	.	.	red goatfish	2	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	243	0.2	.	.	rainbow smelt	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	232	0.2	.	.	bigeye scad	1	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	219	0.1	.	.	bigeye	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	209	0.1	.	.	hickory shad	1	0	.	.
summer flounder	170	0.1	.	.	mackerel scad	1	0	.	.
cunner	168	0.1	.	.	northern kingfish	1	0	.	.
alewife	160	0.1	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
spiny dogfish	150	0.1	.	.	red cornetfish	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	84	0.1	.	.	sandbar shark	1	0	.	.
winter skate	61	0	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	46	0	.	.	<u>yellowtail flounder</u>	1	0	.	.
striped bass	45	0	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>151,600</b>	-	-	-
sea raven	42	0	.	.					
ocean pout	39	0	.	.					
black sea bass	27	0	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
spotted hake	21	0	.	.	American lobster	5,369	27.0	.	.
Atlantic mackerel	10	0	.	.	long-finned squid	14,538	73.0	.	.
rough scad	10	0	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>19,907</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1991.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	45,790	29.9	.	.	moonfish	24	0	.	.
butterfish	40,537	26.4	.	.	smallmouth flounder	20	0	.	.
winter flounder	26,623	17.4	.	.	sea raven	19	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	8,482	5.5	.	.	spiny dogfish	14	0	.	.
little skate	6,479	4.2	.	.	yellow jack	11	0	.	.
bluefish	5,845	3.8	.	.	goosefish	8	0	.	.
weakfish	4,320	2.8	.	.	northern puffer	5	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	4,003	2.6	.	.	northern kingfish	4	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	3,553	2.3	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	4	0	.	.
red hake	2,085	1.4	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	3	0	.	.
silver hake	1,537	1.0	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
striped searobin	865	0.6	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	609	0.4	.	.	mackerel scad	2	0	.	.
tautog	501	0.3	.	.	rainbow smelt	2	0	.	.
American shad	361	0.2	.	.	Spanish mackerel	2	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	348	0.2	.	.	spot	2	0	.	.
summer flounder	263	0.2	.	.	bigeye scad	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	193	0.1	.	.	planehead filefish	1	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	163	0.1	.	.	hickory shad	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	139	0.1	.	.	red goatfish	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	104	0.1	.	.	rough scad	1	0	.	.
alewife	103	0.1	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
cunner	75	0	.	.	oyster toadfish	1	0	.	.
spotted hake	73	0	.	.	<b>Total</b>	<b>153,389</b>	-	-	-
winter skate	50	0	.	.					
ocean pout	42	0	.	.					
black sea bass	39	0	.	.	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
blueback herring	38	0	.	.	American lobster	8,524	40.9	.	.
striped bass	38	0	.	.	long-finned squid	12,322	59.1	.	.
					<b>Total</b>	<b>20,846</b>	-	-	-

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1992.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=160.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	95,961	65.7	1,357.3	11.7	black sea bass	5	0	1.8	0
scup	13,646	9.3	837.7	7.2	northern pipefish	5	0	0.4	0
winter flounder	9,548	6.5	1,344.8	11.5	Atlantic mackerel	4	0	1.0	0
bluefish	5,269	3.6	2,462.9	21.1	sea raven	4	0	3.9	0
Atlantic herring	4,565	3.1	797.5	6.8	northern kingfish	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	3,495	2.4	1,389.0	11.9	round herring	2	0	0.2	0
windowpane flounder	2,980	2.0	286.1	2.5	yellow jack	2	0	0.2	0
fourspot flounder	2,774	1.9	382.4	3.3	Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	1,606	1.1	127.7	1.1	conger eel	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	1,317	0.9	94.8	0.8	northern puffer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic menhaden	1,115	0.8	60.6	0.5	Spanish mackerel	1	0	1.5	0
striped searobin	857	0.6	305.1	2.6	<b>Total</b>	<b>146,035</b>		<b>11,648.2</b>	
silver hake	544	0.4	22.0	0.2					
American shad	380	0.3	63.3	0.5					
northern searobin	313	0.2	35.6	0.3	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
smooth dogfish	304	0.2	863.2	7.4	American lobster	8,160	19.9	1,537.9	28.6
tautog	265	0.2	508.3	4.4	blue mussel	nc	nc	1,157.1	21.5
summer flounder	186	0.1	142.1	1.2	long-finned squid	32,780	80.1	844.9	15.7
blueback herring	175	0.1	8.5	0.1	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	514.1	9.6
fourbeard rockling	150	0.1	12.8	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	375.4	7.0
alewife	122	0.1	9.2	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	239.1	4.5
spotted hake	68	0	10.3	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	225.5	4.2
moonfish	62	0	1.5	0	spider crab	nc	nc	186.0	3.5
hogchoker	61	0	5.6	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	148.6	2.8
striped bass	42	0	89.4	0.8	whelks	nc	nc	57.5	1.1
longhorn sculpin	31	0	9.0	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	34.7	0.6
winter skate	31	0	105.3	0.9	bluecrab	nc	nc	18.1	0.3
cunner	30	0	3.7	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	10.3	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	30	0	244.8	2.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	8.6	0.2
ocean pout	18	0	7.7	0.1	common oyster	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
hickory shad	12	0	4.9	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	2.4	0
smallmouth flounder	12	0	0.6	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.7	0
goosefish	10	0	2.5	0	hard clams	nc	nc	1.2	0
clearnose skate	8	0	10.3	0.1	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	1.0	0
Atlantic tomcod	8	0	1.3	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.4	0
mackerel scad	6	0	0.2	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.3	0
spiny dogfish	6	0	30.7	0.3	star coral	nc	nc	0.1	0
					<b>Total</b>	<b>40,940</b>		<b>5,372</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1993.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	35,361	33.0	847.8	7.1	goosefish	3	0	0.3	0
scup	18,785	17.6	581.4	4.8	American sand lance	3	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	16,090	15.0	1,855.7	15.4	Atlantic bonito	2	0	6.4	0.1
windowpane flounder	7,953	7.4	547.6	4.6	lumpfish	2	0	0.2	0
Atlantic herring	6,269	5.9	1,119.8	9.3	moonfish	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	5,186	4.8	2,172.3	18.1	sea lamprey	2	0	1.0	0
bluefish	4,402	4.1	1,343.2	11.2	Atlantic salmon	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	3,963	3.7	232.0	1.9	American eel	1	0	1.6	0
fourspot flounder	1,262	1.2	182.3	1.5	northern sennet	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	1,142	1.1	60.3	0.5	orange filefish	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	1,079	1.0	165.4	1.4	round herring	1	0	0.1	0
northern searobin	935	0.9	96.8	0.8	red cornetfish	1	0	0.1	0
American shad	791	0.7	101.1	0.8	red goatfish	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	788	0.7	48.2	0.4	short bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	500	0.5	21.1	0.2	sea raven	1	0	0.6	0
spotted hake	331	0.3	36.7	0.3	<u>yellow jack</u>	1	0	0.1	0
smooth dogfish	283	0.3	857.6	7.1	<b>Total</b>	<b>107,035</b>		<b>12,012.4</b>	
Atlantic menhaden	271	0.3	94.1	0.8					
fourbeard rockling	241	0.2	15.6	0.1					
summer flounder	224	0.2	137.9	1.1	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
tautog	157	0.1	308.2	2.6	American lobster	10,306	20.6	2,173.5	34.4
Spanish mackerel	136	0.1	2.2	0	long-finned squid	39,723	79.4	1,176.5	18.6
blueback herring	96	0.1	4.3	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	945.1	15.0
rough scad	92	0.1	3.8	0	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	673.8	10.7
striped bass	78	0.1	198.7	1.7	spider crab	nc	nc	511.2	8.1
ocean pout	66	0.1	16.4	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	428.0	6.8
cunner	64	0.1	6.1	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	155.9	2.5
Atlantic sturgeon	60	0.1	633.6	5.3	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	45.7	0.7
winter skate	59	0.1	213.2	1.8	starfish spp.	nc	nc	37.4	0.6
spot	57	0.1	4.5	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	36.6	0.6
hogchoker	56	0.1	5.2	0	whelks	nc	nc	34.0	0.5
Atlantic silverside	54	0.1	1.0	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	31.6	0.5
northern puffer	23	0	0.4	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	27.6	0.4
smallmouth flounder	23	0	2.1	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	20.0	0.3
Atlantic croaker	20	0	1.1	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	8.9	0.1
black sea bass	16	0	5.0	0	common oyster	nc	nc	2.0	0
spiny dogfish	14	0	58.4	0.5	surf clam	nc	nc	1.0	0
Atlantic mackerel	11	0	0.9	0	hard clams	nc	nc	0.9	0
longhorn sculpin	11	0	3.2	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.7	0
planehead filefish	9	0	0.7	0	arks	nc	nc	0.7	0
hickory shad	9	0	4.1	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.4	0
northern pipefish	9	0	0.4	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
rainbow smelt	9	0	0.6	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.2	0
crevalle jack	5	0	0.4	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	0.2	0
northern kingfish	5	0	0.6	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	5	0	0.8	0	sand dollar	nc	nc	0.1	0
clearnose skate	4	0	7.7	0.1	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
white perch	4	0	0.3	0	<u>polychaetes</u>	nc	nc	0.1	0
conger eel	3	0	0.2	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>50,029</b>		<b>6,313</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1994.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	33,538	28.7	776.8	6.3	longhorn sculpin	7	0	1.6	0
scup	25,451	21.8	660.8	5.4	grubby	5	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	20,615	17.6	1,992.2	16.2	mackerel scad	4	0	0.4	0
bluefish	7,703	6.6	1,159.8	9.4	Atlantic silverside	3	0	0.3	0
windowpane flounder	6,062	5.2	574.5	4.7	bigeye scad	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	5,604	4.8	2,565.3	20.9	lookdown	2	0	0.2	0
Atlantic herring	3,836	3.3	768.6	6.3	northern puffer	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	3,320	2.8	160.0	1.3	Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.3	0
silver hake	1,703	1.5	112.9	0.9	bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
fourspot flounder	1,494	1.3	195.6	1.6	clearnose skate	1	0	1.8	0
American shad	1,289	1.1	133.2	1.1	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	1,211	1.0	75.0	0.6	northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0
blueback herring	1,052	0.9	26.6	0.2	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	927	0.8	183.6	1.5	sea raven	1	0	0.2	0
northern searobin	800	0.7	63.7	0.5	white perch	1	0	0.3	0
red hake	490	0.4	54.0	0.4	<u>yellow jack</u>	1	0	0.1	0
smooth dogfish	310	0.3	816.3	6.6	<b>Total</b>	<b>117,002</b>		<b>12,284.5</b>	
Atlantic menhaden	276	0.2	61.4	0.5					
summer flounder	242	0.2	141.6	1.2	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
tautog	207	0.2	346.5	2.8	American lobster	7,057	31.6	1,533.9	38.6
spotted hake	148	0.1	25.7	0.2	long-finned squid	15,299	68.4	594.8	15.0
moonfish	93	0.1	2.6	0	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	386.7	9.7
fourbeard rockling	92	0.1	8.4	0.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	377.5	9.5
striped bass	81	0.1	198.6	1.6	lady crab	nc	nc	338.5	8.5
Atlantic sturgeon	60	0.1	848.6	6.9	spider crab	nc	nc	335.0	8.4
spiny dogfish	55	0	186.2	1.5	rock crab	nc	nc	136.8	3.4
ocean pout	42	0	9.1	0.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	124.6	3.1
hogchoker	36	0	3.8	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	51.4	1.3
black sea bass	33	0	10.9	0.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	34.6	0.9
winter skate	33	0	101.5	0.8	common oyster	nc	nc	18.4	0.5
American sand lance	25	0	0.6	0	whelks	nc	nc	14.1	0.4
Spanish mackerel	25	0	1.7	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	9.8	0.2
cunner	18	0	1.3	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	4.2	0.1
smallmouth flounder	15	0	1.3	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	3.7	0.1
hickory shad	14	0	3.7	0	arks	nc	nc	3.0	0.1
rough scad	13	0	0.2	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	1.9	0
Atlantic mackerel	11	0	0.9	0	hard clams	nc	nc	1.3	0
spot	11	0	1.1	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	0.6	0
rainbow smelt	9	0	0.6	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.3	0
crevalle jack	8	0	0.5	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.3	0
goosefish	8	0	2.0	0	<u>purple sea urchin</u>	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern kingfish	7	0	0.5	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>22,356</b>		<b>3,972</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1995.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	64,930	50.1	1,664.5	15.2	spot	3	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	15,558	12.0	1,614.7	14.7	Atlantic cod	2	0	0.1	0
scup	13,985	10.8	770.5	7.0	conger eel	2	0	1.2	0
Atlantic herring	9,135	7.0	1,631.7	14.9	haddock	2	0	0.2	0
bluefish	5,524	4.3	1,156.1	10.5	northern pipefish	2	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	3,815	2.9	356.2	3.2	sea raven	2	0	0.7	0
weakfish	2,881	2.2	275.7	2.5	African pompano	1	0	0.1	0
fourspot flounder	2,584	2.0	402.9	3.7	crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	2,372	1.8	1,055.3	9.6	grubby	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	1,977	1.5	145.6	1.3	Atlantic mackerel	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	1,941	1.5	61.6	0.6	mackerel scad	1	0	0.1	0
northern searobin	1,317	1.0	166.9	1.5	northern puffer	1	0	0.1	0
American shad	755	0.6	81.4	0.7	oyster toadfish	1	0	0.5	0
striped searobin	682	0.5	277.5	2.5	<u>yellowtail flounder</u>	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	386	0.3	24.6	0.2	<b>Total</b>	<b>129,609</b>		<b>10,966.8</b>	
Atlantic menhaden	318	0.2	41.9	0.4					
blueback herring	255	0.2	7.5	0.1	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
fourbeard rockling	169	0.1	14.7	0.1	American lobster	9,944	29.3	2,141.9	55.1
smooth dogfish	168	0.1	566.8	5.2	long-finned squid	23,974	70.7	796.4	20.5
striped bass	165	0.1	185.3	1.7	lady crab	nc	nc	535.0	13.8
summer flounder	121	0.1	79.6	0.7	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	116.8	3
American sand lance	95	0.1	0.4	0	spider crab	nc	nc	95.4	2.5
spotted hake	72	0.1	6.5	0.1	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	78.3	2
tautog	61	0	95.1	0.9	rock crab	nc	nc	47.0	1.2
cunner	41	0	4.4	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	14.0	0.4
winter skate	41	0	89.2	0.8	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	12.8	0.3
Atlantic silverside	39	0	0.9	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	11.2	0.3
moonfish	33	0	2.1	0	whelks	nc	nc	10.8	0.3
yellow jack	32	0	2.1	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	8.1	0.2
ocean pout	30	0	6.5	0.1	bluecrab	nc	nc	6.0	0.2
northern kingfish	25	0	2.5	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	5.8	0.1
smallmouth flounder	19	0	1.2	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
hogchoker	17	0	1.7	0	arks	nc	nc	1.4	0
black sea bass	12	0	4.7	0	hard clams	nc	nc	0.7	0
hickory shad	6	0	2.5	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.7	0
Atlantic sturgeon	6	0	145.5	1.3	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.4	0
longhorn sculpin	5	0	1.3	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
clearnose skate	4	0	11.0	0.1	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.2	0
goosefish	4	0	3.3	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
rainbow smelt	4	0	0.3	0	shore shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	4	0	0.8	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>33,918</b>		<b>3,888</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1996.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	49,360	37.0	1,844.7	12.4	northern puffer	3	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	22,722	17.0	3,335.0	22.5	rock gunnel	3	0	0.2	0
scup	16,087	12.0	739.4	5.0	short bigeye	3	0	0.3	0
windowpane flounder	14,116	10.6	1,223.6	8.2	Atlantic sturgeon	3	0	19.9	0.1
bluefish	6,705	5.0	1,118.2	7.5	bigeye scad	2	0	0.1	0
weakfish	6,375	4.8	414.9	2.8	grubby	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	6,203	4.6	2,801.8	18.9	sea raven	2	0	1.5	0
fourspot flounder	2,815	2.1	407.2	2.7	Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.3	0
alewife	1,402	1.0	134.6	0.9	clearnose skate	1	0	1.7	0
striped searobin	1,008	0.8	278.7	1.9	conger eel	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	972	0.7	189.8	1.3	gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0
moonfish	921	0.7	11.6	0.1	goosefish	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	872	0.7	95.5	0.6	sea lamprey	1	0	0.7	0
northern searobin	672	0.5	57.4	0.4	spiny dogfish	1	0	2.1	0
American shad	501	0.4	36.2	0.2	white perch	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	489	0.4	20.0	0.1	<b>Total</b>	<b>133,546</b>		<b>14,835.2</b>	
summer flounder	434	0.3	266.4	1.8					
spotted hake	384	0.3	42.6	0.3					
smooth dogfish	275	0.2	862.8	5.8	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
striped bass	232	0.2	373.5	2.5	American lobster	9,490	29.5	2,113.5	39.1
spot	195	0.1	14.1	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	1,160.4	21.5
tautog	136	0.1	225.9	1.5	long-finned squid	22,720	70.5	720.4	13.3
fourbeard rockling	109	0.1	8.6	0.1	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	717.0	13.3
blueback herring	97	0.1	6.2	0	spider crab	nc	nc	293.9	5.4
Atlantic menhaden	88	0.1	40.5	0.3	rock crab	nc	nc	162.7	3.0
winter skate	88	0.1	212.7	1.4	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	42.7	0.8
hogchoker	45	0	5.4	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	42.5	0.8
smallmouth flounder	41	0	2.3	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	39.4	0.7
rough scad	35	0	1.5	0	whelks	nc	nc	33.0	0.6
hickory shad	29	0	10.2	0.1	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	20.9	0.4
black sea bass	27	0	12.1	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	19.2	0.4
ocean pout	26	0	7.2	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	15.2	0.3
cunner	17	0	2.6	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	6.2	0.1
striped anchovy	11	0	0.2	0	arks	nc	nc	4.3	0.1
longhorn sculpin	7	0	2.1	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	4.3	0.1
northern kingfish	6	0	0.6	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	4.0	0.1
yellow jack	6	0	0.5	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.2	0.1
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	0.5	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.4	0
planehead filefish	3	0	0.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.3	0
mackerel scad	3	0	0.1	0	<b>purple sea urchin</b>	nc	nc	0.1	0
					<b>Total</b>	<b>32,210</b>		<b>5,405</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1997.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	70,985	50.3	2,017.2	15.5	American sand lance	2	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	14,701	10.4	2,439.4	18.8	short bigeye	2	0	0.2	0
bluefish	10,815	7.7	977.6	7.5	yellow jack	2	0	0.2	0
windowpane flounder	10,324	7.3	986.1	7.6	bigeye scad	1	0	0.1	0
scup	9,582	6.8	530.5	4.1	Atlantic cod	1	0	0.3	0
fourspot flounder	4,122	2.9	615.3	4.7	haddock	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,068	2.9	1,945.8	15.0	northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	3,904	2.8	362.0	2.8	northern puffer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	3,455	2.4	515.1	4.0	roughtail stingray	1	0	50.6	0.4
silver hake	1,973	1.4	70.8	0.5	sea lamprey	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	1,194	0.8	81.3	0.6	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.1	0
American shad	922	0.7	66.8	0.5	<u>yellowtail flounder</u>	1	0	0.3	0
striped searobin	819	0.6	230.5	1.8	<b>Total</b>	<b>141,040</b>		<b>12,974.6</b>	
red hake	748	0.5	80.5	0.6					
blueback herring	630	0.4	16.5	0.1					
northern searobin	579	0.4	60.4	0.5	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
summer flounder	486	0.3	326.0	2.5	American lobster	16,467	55.3	3,800.9	64.6
striped bass	319	0.2	509.9	3.9	lady crab	nc	nc	592.5	10.1
moonfish	287	0.2	4.6	0	long-finned squid	13,048	43.8	515.2	8.8
fourbeard rockling	199	0.1	17.3	0.1	horseshoe crab	204	0.7	472.4	8.0
tautog	190	0.1	271.8	2.1	spider crab	nc	nc	188.3	3.2
smooth dogfish	167	0.1	527.3	4.1	rock crab	nc	nc	94.1	1.6
Atlantic menhaden	116	0.1	38.5	0.3	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	88.0	1.5
spotted hake	77	0.1	19.0	0.1	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	28.0	0.5
rough scad	65	0	2.0	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	21.7	0.4
smallmouth flounder	58	0	2.4	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	16.5	0.3
winter skate	48	0	109.7	0.8	whelks	22	0.1	14.8	0.3
cunner	43	0	4.1	0	bluecrab	33	0.1	13.6	0.2
hickory shad	25	0	9.1	0.1	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	9.3	0.2
black sea bass	22	0	10.5	0.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
hogchoker	15	0	1.8	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.8	0.1
ocean pout	15	0	4.8	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	3.5	0.1
grubby	11	0	0.7	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	3.3	0.1
spot	10	0	1.1	0	northern comb jelly	nc	nc	2.0	0
Atlantic mackerel	8	0	1.7	0	arks	nc	nc	1.8	0
northern kingfish	7	0	0.9	0	common oyster	nc	nc	1.8	0
spiny dogfish	7	0	13.7	0.1	surf clam	nc	nc	0.9	0
Atlantic sturgeon	5	0	37.8	0.3	common slipper shell	nc	nc	0.7	0
clearnose skate	4	0	7.4	0.1	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.6	0
longhorn sculpin	4	0	0.8	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.2	0
white perch	4	0	0.9	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.2	0
crevalle jack	3	0	0.6	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.1	0
sea raven	3	0	0.4	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	2	0	0.1	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
goosefish	2	0	1.6	0	shore shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.1	0
round scad	2	0	0.2	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>29,774</b>		<b>5,882</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1998.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	136,926	64.0	3,661.1	24.4	goosefish	3	0	3.2	0
scup	23,742	11.1	740.5	4.9	oyster toadfish	3	0	0.9	0
winter flounder	15,697	7.3	2,450.3	16.3	gray triggerfish	2	0	2.3	0
bluefish	8,814	4.1	899.0	6.0	longhorn sculpin	2	0	1.0	0
windowpane flounder	6,483	3.0	741.1	4.9	bigeye scad	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,305	2.0	2,085.5	13.9	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	3,495	1.6	268.2	1.8	mackerel scad	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	3,015	1.4	217.5	1.4	roughtail stingray	1	0	3.4	0
fourspot flounder	1,908	0.9	306.0	2.0	<b>Total</b>	<b>214,025</b>		<b>15,005.7</b>	
silver hake	1,870	0.9	88.3	0.6					
striped searobin	1,321	0.6	509.7	3.4					
moonfish	1,188	0.6	13.4	0.1	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
American shad	901	0.4	60.2	0.4	American lobster	16,211	36.7	3,873.9	60.2
Atlantic herring	893	0.4	74.6	0.5	long-finned squid	27,443	62.1	767.0	11.9
alewife	456	0.2	35.1	0.2	horseshoe crab	303	0.7	489.4	7.6
summer flounder	436	0.2	431.3	2.9	blue mussel	nc	nc	309.0	4.8
striped bass	400	0.2	484.2	3.2	lady crab	nc	nc	291.2	4.5
northern searobin	360	0.2	39.4	0.3	rock crab	nc	nc	241.4	3.8
smooth dogfish	310	0.1	989.8	6.6	spider crab	nc	nc	157.2	2.4
Atlantic menhaden	306	0.1	9.2	0.1	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	63.1	1.0
blueback herring	211	0.1	5.1	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	56.0	0.9
tautog	194	0.1	347.1	2.3	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	55.6	0.9
spotted hake	142	0.1	12.2	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	24.9	0.4
fourbeard rockling	133	0.1	11.6	0.1	knobbed whelk	51	0.1	22.5	0.3
smallmouth flounder	97	0	6.4	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	18.2	0.3
cunner	65	0	8.1	0.1	bluecrab	49	0.1	12.8	0.2
winter skate	62	0	180.7	1.2	channeled whelk	40	0.1	10.1	0.2
hickory shad	40	0	15.9	0.1	whelks	52	0.1	9.8	0.2
round herring	31	0	0.6	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	8.6	0.1
sea raven	30	0	11.3	0.1	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	5.6	0.1
northern puffer	28	0	0.5	0	common oyster	nc	nc	5.4	0.1
clearnose skate	20	0	36.8	0.2	hard clams	nc	nc	3.7	0.1
black sea bass	18	0	10.6	0.1	arks	nc	nc	2.0	0
spiny dogfish	18	0	44.5	0.3	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	1.4	0
Atlantic sturgeon	17	0	189.7	1.3	surf clam	nc	nc	1.1	0
northern kingfish	15	0	1.3	0	sea grape	nc	nc	0.8	0
Atlantic mackerel	13	0	1.1	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.7	0
ocean pout	13	0	2.7	0	boreal squid	18	0	0.7	0
hogchoker	12	0	1.9	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.6	0
haddock	7	0	0.5	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	0.5	0
yellow jack	6	0	0.7	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.4	0
grubby	5	0	0.3	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.2	0
round scad	4	0	0.3	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
American sand lance	4	0	0.3	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>44,167</b>		<b>6,434</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1999.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	191,100	54.1	4,171.6	21.9	goosefish	2	0	0.3	0
scup	101,095	28.6	3,641.3	19.1	grubby	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	12,416	3.5	771.3	4.0	northern pipefish	2	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	10,288	2.9	2,011.7	10.6	longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0
bluefish	7,843	2.2	1,218.0	6.4	oyster toadfish	2	0	1.8	0
silver hake	5,126	1.5	99.6	0.5	Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	4,643	1.3	594.2	3.1	gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	3,686	1.0	1,829.6	9.6	haddock	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	2,973	0.8	226.5	1.2	round scad	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	2,511	0.7	45.4	0.2	striped cusk-eel	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	1,690	0.5	497.0	2.6	sharksucker	1	0	0.3	0
alewife	1,393	0.4	107.6	0.6	Spanish mackerel	1	0	0.2	0
fourspot flounder	1,393	0.4	203.9	1.1	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.7	0
Atlantic menhaden	1,187	0.3	90.9	0.5	white perch	1	0	0.4	0
American shad	987	0.3	117.3	0.6	<b>Total</b>	<b>353,203</b>		<b>19,054.7</b>	
moonfish	645	0.2	9.6	0.1					
summer flounder	582	0.2	459.8	2.4					
bay anchovy	548	0.2	5.6	0					
northern searobin	547	0.2	52.0	0.3	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
striped bass	397	0.1	815.4	4.3	American lobster	13,922	38.1	3,397.9	61.6
spotted hake	381	0.1	38.8	0.2	long-finned squid	21,580	59.0	826.4	15.0
smooth dogfish	305	0.1	923.0	4.8	horseshoe crab	384	1.1	634.1	11.5
fourbeard rockling	233	0.1	28.8	0.2	lady crab	nc	nc	159.7	2.9
tautog	217	0.1	326.6	1.7	rock crab	nc	nc	118.6	2.2
striped anchovy	216	0.1	6.1	0	spider crab	nc	nc	95.4	1.7
American sand lance	178	0.1	0.3	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	78.0	1.4
smallmouth flounder	96	0	5.2	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	32.5	0.6
hickory shad	56	0	19.4	0.1	knobbed whelk	61	0.2	24.8	0.4
cunner	51	0	5.9	0	bluecrab	89	0.2	21.3	0.4
black sea bass	50	0	17.2	0.1	channeled whelk	81	0.2	21.1	0.4
spot	45	0	5.7	0	mantis shrimp	376	1.0	19.3	0.4
winter skate	41	0	89.8	0.5	boring sponge	nc	nc	19.3	0.4
hogchoker	39	0	5.0	0	lion's mane jellyfish	61	0.2	16.7	0.3
Atlantic sturgeon	39	0	498.6	2.6	blue mussel	nc	nc	14.1	0.3
clearnose skate	22	0	39.4	0.2	northern moon snail	nc	nc	9.1	0.2
bigeye scad	21	0	1.4	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	8.8	0.2
Atlantic mackerel	21	0	3.1	0	common oyster	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
yellow jack	20	0	1.9	0	arks	nc	nc	2.8	0.1
blueback herring	19	0	1.1	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	1.8	0
ocean pout	17	0	3.9	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	1.7	0
northern puffer	14	0	1.1	0	hard clams	nc	nc	1.5	0
spiny dogfish	10	0	51.1	0.3	sand shrimp	nc	nc	1.0	0
sea raven	9	0	4.9	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.9	0
crevalle jack	8	0	0.7	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.4	0
inshore lizardfish	7	0	0.5	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.2	0
northern kingfish	6	0	0.6	0	sea grape	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern sennet	6	0	0.5	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.1	0
planehead filefish	3	0	0.3	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
bigeye	2	0	0.2	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.1	0
conger eel	2	0	0.5	0	nemerteans	nc	nc	0.1	0
					<b>Total</b>	<b>36,554</b>		<b>5,514</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2000.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	101,464	44.4	6,679.0	34.9	northern kingfish	2	0	0.3	0
butterfish	60,490	26.5	1,458.3	7.6	round scad	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	23,595	10.3	554.5	2.9	bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	8,867	3.9	1,921.4	10.0	Atlantic cod	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	6,135	2.7	1,408.0	7.3	goosefish	1	0	0.2	0
little skate	3,340	1.5	1,604.7	8.4	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	3,129	1.4	1,036.1	5.4	lined seahorse	1	0	0.1	0
fourspot flounder	2,590	1.1	398.6	2.1	white perch	1	0	0.2	0
windowpane flounder	2,488	1.1	368.8	1.9	<u>yellowtail flounder</u>	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	2,393	1.0	162.6	0.8	<b>Total</b>	<b>228,425</b>		<b>19,156.5</b>	
bay anchovy	2,303	1.0	12.2	0.1					
northern searobin	2,014	0.9	251.2	1.3	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
moonfish	1,817	0.8	15.0	0.1	American lobster	10,481	36.0	2,184.5	49.9
alewife	1,572	0.7	96.0	0.5	horseshoe crab	420	1.4	689.4	15.8
spotted hake	1,425	0.6	92.3	0.5	long-finned squid	16,585	57.0	582.3	13.3
Atlantic herring	770	0.3	124.1	0.6	lady crab	nc	nc	308.4	7.1
silver hake	679	0.3	28.8	0.2	spider crab	nc	nc	99.4	2.3
summer flounder	555	0.2	471.3	2.5	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	95.2	2.2
Atlantic menhaden	492	0.2	31.8	0.2	rock crab	nc	nc	60.4	1.4
smooth dogfish	467	0.2	1,038.5	5.4	boring sponge	nc	nc	58.6	1.3
American shad	316	0.1	25.8	0.1	mantis shrimp	1,086	3.7	49.0	1.1
striped bass	293	0.1	602.6	3.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	36.8	0.8
tautog	287	0.1	463.5	2.4	lion's mane jellyfish	223	0.8	36.4	0.8
spot	204	0.1	17.8	0.1	channeled whelk	138	0.5	32.0	0.7
fourbeard rockling	185	0.1	14.7	0.1	knobbed whelk	76	0.3	29.9	0.7
blueback herring	143	0.1	6.8	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	29.0	0.7
black sea bass	69	0	22.6	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	26.0	0.6
smallmouth flounder	61	0	2.7	0	bluecrab	104	0.4	19.3	0.4
cunner	50	0	5.3	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	9.7	0.2
hickory shad	42	0	17.1	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	4.8	0.1
hogchoker	40	0	5.9	0	fan worm tubes	nc	nc	3.4	0.1
winter skate	31	0	66.5	0.3	hard clams	nc	nc	3.3	0.1
sea raven	19	0	9.2	0	arks	nc	nc	3.1	0.1
clearnose skate	18	0	37.9	0.2	mud crabs	nc	nc	2.8	0.1
ocean pout	18	0	4.9	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	2.7	0.1
longhorn sculpin	14	0	5.0	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	2.4	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	7	0	79.0	0.4	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	2.3	0.1
oyster toadfish	6	0	2.5	0	common oyster	nc	nc	1.4	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.2	0	sea grape	nc	nc	1.1	0
northern puffer	4	0	0.4	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.2	0
American sand lance	4	0	0.3	0	northern comb jelly	nc	nc	0.1	0
spiny dogfish	4	0	9.9	0.1	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
rock gunnel	3	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
yellow jack	3	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	2	0	0.1	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic mackerel	2	0	0.8	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>29,113</b>		<b>4,374</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2001.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay anchovy, striped anchovy, and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	58,325	37.7	5,828.4	30.7	American eel	1	0	0.6	0
butterfish	45,264	29.3	1,834.0	9.7	planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	12,739	8.2	415.0	2.2	goosefish	1	0	0.4	0
winter flounder	9,826	6.4	1,993.6	10.5	naked goby	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,311	2.8	2,022.6	10.6	northern sennet	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	3,986	2.6	751.2	4.0	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	3,945	2.6	152.2	0.8	red goatfish	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	3,065	2.0	475.5	2.5	roughtail stingray	1	0	2.5	0
fourspot flounder	2,167	1.4	362.7	1.9	short bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	2,061	1.3	861.0	4.5	<u>yellowtail flounder</u>	1	0	0.2	0
northern searobin	1,594	1.0	222.7	1.2	<b>Total</b>	<b>154,514</b>		<b>18,997.8</b>	
red hake	1,382	0.9	109.7	0.6					
summer flounder	875	0.6	628.1	3.3	<b><u>Finfish not ranked</u></b>				
alewife	638	0.4	41.7	0.2	American sand lance, yoy				
spotted hake	606	0.4	34.9	0.2	anchovy spp, yoy				
smooth dogfish	598	0.4	1,407.6	7.4	Atlantic herring, yoy				
Atlantic herring	497	0.3	72.6	0.4					
bay anchovy	443	0.3	3.6	0	<b><u>Invertebrates</u></b>				
tautog	319	0.2	491.2	2.6	American lobster	5,626	35.1	1,531.2	39.2
blueback herring	279	0.2	11.1	0.1	horseshoe crab	503	3.1	870.7	22.3
fourbeard rockling	251	0.2	21.5	0.1	long-finned squid	9,080	56.6	346.2	8.9
moonfish	225	0.1	3.8	0	spider crab	nc	nc	302.5	7.7
striped bass	214	0.1	472.5	2.5	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	162.9	4.2
black sea bass	134	0.1	74.8	0.4	starfish spp.	nc	nc	154.7	4.0
American shad	109	0.1	9.6	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	86.3	2.2
smallmouth flounder	98	0.1	3.8	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	84.7	2.2
Atlantic menhaden	86	0.1	4.7	0	lady crab	nc	nc	79.0	2.0
hogchoker	85	0.1	10.5	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	57.6	1.5
clearnose skate	65	0	132.4	0.7	knobbed whelk	118	0.7	53.3	1.4
cunner	51	0	5.9	0	channeled whelk	190	1.2	48.0	1.2
spiny dogfish	48	0	128.6	0.7	boring sponge	nc	nc	30.0	0.8
striped anchovy	47	0	1.2	0	lion's mane jellyfish	182	1.1	25.9	0.7
winter skate	38	0	112.2	0.6	northern moon snail	nc	nc	17.5	0.4
inshore lizardfish	21	0	2.2	0	mantis shrimp	304	1.9	16.5	0.4
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	270.6	1.4	bluecrab	38	0.2	6.2	0.2
hickory shad	14	0	6.7	0	sea grape	nc	nc	6.1	0.2
spot	13	0	1.3	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	5.3	0.1
rough scad	10	0	0.7	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	5.0	0.1
northern puffer	8	0	0.7	0	arks	nc	nc	4.0	0.1
sea raven	7	0	4.1	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	3.6	0.1
ocean pout	6	0	2.3	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.0	0.1
round herring	5	0	0.1	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	2.8	0.1
longhorn sculpin	5	0	1.5	0	common oyster	1	0	1.2	0
fawn cusk-eel	4	0	0.2	0	fan worm tubes	nc	nc	1.0	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.3	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.8	0
American sand lance	4	0	0.3	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.4	0
seasnail	4	0	0.3	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
yellow jack	3	0	0.3	0	bobtail squid	1	0	0.1	0
conger eel	2	0	0.3	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern kingfish	2	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
oyster toadfish	2	0	0.4	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>16,043</b>		<b>3,907</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2002.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	100,481	47.0	13,814.1	46.0	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
butterfish	66,550	31.1	1,924.2	6.4	northern kingfish	1	0	0.2	0
weakfish	10,713	5.0	442.0	1.5	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	6,884	3.2	1,584.1	5.3	rainbow smelt	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,242	2.0	2,121.9	7.1	roughtail stingray	1	0	24.4	0.1
bluefish	3,450	1.6	1,099.7	3.7	<b>Total</b>	<b>213,796</b>		<b>30,062.0</b>	
striped searobin	2,394	1.1	1,065.0	3.5					
northern searobin	2,123	1.0	267.3	0.9					
red hake	2,103	1.0	206.6	0.7	<b>Finfish not ranked</b>				
silver hake	2,013	0.9	89.6	0.3	anchovy spp, yoy				
windowpane flounder	1,991	0.9	343.3	1.1	Atlantic herring, yoy				
fourspot flounder	1,859	0.9	326.9	1.1					
summer flounder	1,356	0.6	989.3	3.3					
smooth dogfish	1,019	0.5	2,814.3	9.4	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
bay anchovy	992	0.5	6.6	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	2,497.8	43.9
alewife	855	0.4	70.2	0.2	American lobster	3,880	29.7	1,005.7	17.7
spotted hake	798	0.4	48.2	0.2	horseshoe crab	517	4.0	862.9	15.2
American shad	593	0.3	40.3	0.1	spider crab	nc	nc	348.4	6.1
tautog	565	0.3	921.1	3.1	long-finned squid	8,034	61.5	279.9	4.9
striped bass	469	0.2	855.2	2.8	lady crab	nc	nc	117.0	2.1
moonfish	424	0.2	7.4	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	91.8	1.6
black sea bass	394	0.2	188.3	0.6	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	85.0	1.5
Atlantic menhaden	366	0.2	96.3	0.3	boring sponge	nc	nc	83.9	1.5
Atlantic herring	365	0.2	63.9	0.2	rock crab	nc	nc	74.6	1.3
smallmouth flounder	139	0.1	4.9	0	flat claw hermit crab	36	0.3	55.8	1.0
fourbeard rockling	106	0	9.7	0	channeled whelk	174	1.3	43.6	0.8
hogchoker	100	0	13.3	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	40.3	0.7
blueback herring	68	0	2.4	0	knobbed whelk	40	0.3	19.1	0.3
clearnose skate	59	0	107.3	0.4	bluecrab	84	0.6	16.1	0.3
cunner	55	0	7.2	0	lion's mane jellyfish	71	0.5	12.3	0.2
spot	52	0	7.2	0	mantis shrimp	226	1.7	11.2	0.2
hickory shad	45	0	19.6	0.1	arks	nc	nc	7.8	0.1
winter skate	45	0	133.5	0.4	common slipper shell	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	275.3	0.9	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
spiny dogfish	17	0	48.0	0.2	sea grape	nc	nc	5.3	0.1
ocean pout	13	0	4.3	0	hard clams	3	0	5.2	0.1
yellow jack	13	0	1.4	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
sea raven	11	0	4.1	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	2.3	0
rough scad	10	0	0.7	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	1.6	0
oyster toadfish	8	0	4.7	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	1.0	0
northern puffer	6	0	0.3	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.0	0
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	2.5	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	0.5	0
short bigeye	5	0	0.2	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.4	0
goosefish	3	0	0.6	0	common oyster	nc	nc	0.4	0
American sand lance	3	0	0.1	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.4	0
longhorn sculpin	3	0	0.9	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
northern sennet	2	0	0.2	0	anemones	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	bobtail squid	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic bonito	1	0	2.4	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0	ribbed mussel	nc	nc	0.1	0
gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0	sea cucumber	1	0	0.1	0
grubby	1	0	0.1	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>13,067</b>		<b>5,691</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2003.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=160.*

species	count	%	weight	%	Species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	25,483	34.4	524.6	3.7	barndoor skate	1	0	0.4	0
scup	17,552	23.7	4,389.3	30.6	Planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	5,596	7.6	131.9	0.9	rainbow smelt	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,245	5.7	1,276.5	8.9	sea lamprey	1	0	1.3	0
bluefish	3,717	5.0	655.0	4.6	Spanish mackerel	1	0	2.1	0
little skate	2,867	3.9	1,554.1	10.8	<b>Total</b>	<b>74,107</b>		<b>14,323.6</b>	
bay anchovy	2,254	3.0	12.5	0.1					
windowpane flounder	1,858	2.5	333.9	2.3	<b><u>Finfish not ranked</u></b>				
fourspot flounder	1,658	2.2	327.7	2.3	anchovy spp, yoy				
striped searobin	1,529	2.1	687.0	4.8	Atlantic herring, yoy				
northern searobin	1,468	2.0	240.7	1.7					
summer flounder	1,151	1.6	825.0	5.8					
red hake	681	0.9	31.1	0.2	<b><u>Invertebrates</u></b>				
alewife	608	0.8	49.4	0.3	Horseshoe crab	399	1.7	670.5	23.2
smooth dogfish	552	0.7	1,508.8	10.5	spider crab	nc	nc	640.6	22.2
spotted hake	527	0.7	41.6	0.3	American lobster	1,958	8.3	479.7	16.6
Atlantic herring	448	0.6	87.8	0.6	long-finned squid	19,231	81.9	421.3	14.6
American shad	305	0.4	23.5	0.2	boring sponge	nc	nc	107.5	3.7
silver hake	217	0.3	8.3	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	80.9	2.8
striped bass	215	0.3	542.1	3.8	starfish spp.	nc	nc	73.7	2.6
tautog	210	0.3	325.4	2.3	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	61.3	2.1
Atlantic menhaden	121	0.2	16.1	0.1	channeled whelk	334	1.4	58.8	2.0
fourbeard rockling	111	0.1	9.0	0.1	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	54.3	1.9
blueback herring	98	0.1	3.4	0	lion's mane jellyfish	1,307	5.6	40.6	1.4
moonfish	97	0.1	1.3	0	knobbed whelk	96	0.4	35.1	1.2
hogchoker	89	0.1	8.3	0.1	sea grape	nc	nc	31.1	1.1
black sea bass	57	0.1	45.7	0.3	northern moon snail	nc	nc	20.9	0.7
Atlantic cod	57	0.1	2.7	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	19.7	0.7
clearnose skate	55	0.1	105.9	0.7	common slipper shell	nc	nc	16.8	0.6
smallmouth flounder	38	0.1	2.4	0	lady crab	nc	nc	12.0	0.4
winter skate	38	0.1	90.6	0.6	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	9.6	0.3
cunner	36	0	5.9	0	ribbed mussel	nc	nc	8.8	0.3
haddock	26	0	1.3	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	6.8	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	23	0	391.9	2.7	arks	nc	nc	6.5	0.2
hickory shad	22	0	10.3	0.1	mud crabs	nc	nc	6.5	0.2
American sand lance	19	0	0.2	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	6.0	0.2
ocean pout	14	0	2.9	0	mantis shrimp	110	0.5	4.9	0.2
rough scad	12	0	0.5	0	bluecrab	24	0.1	4.3	0.1
oyster toadfish	9	0	5.0	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.9	0.1
spiny dogfish	7	0	34.8	0.2	star coral	nc	nc	1.9	0.1
rock gunnel	6	0	0.4	0	coastal mud shrimp	4	0	0.7	0
round scad	4	0	0.3	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.6	0
glasseye snapper	3	0	0.1	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.4	0
conger eel	3	0	1.1	0	northern red shrimp	2	0	0.4	0
Atlantic mackerel	3	0	0.3	0	Japanese shore crab	4	0	0.3	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	anemones	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	sand dollar	1	0	0.1	0
northern puffer	2	0	0.2	0	common razor clam	1	0	0.1	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.9	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.1	0
sea raven	2	0	1.3	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
striped anchovy	2	0	0.1	0	<u>mixed sponge species</u>	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>23,471</b>		<b>2,887</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2004.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=199.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	94,735	46.7	1,842.7	9.7	American plaice	1	0	0.1	0
scup	61,521	30.3	6,801.1	35.7	conger eel	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	17,505	8.6	426.9	2.2	gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	6,504	3.2	2,140.6	11.2	goosefish	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,021	2.0	839.9	4.4	pollock	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	3,044	1.5	1,689.8	8.9	roughtail stingray	1	0	4.1	0
windowpane flounder	2,275	1.1	333.7	1.8	oyster toadfish	1	0	0.8	0
bay anchovy	1,523	0.8	10.3	0.1	<u>yellow jack</u>	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	1,417	0.7	27.3	0.1	<b>Total</b>	<b>202,887</b>		<b>19,056.6</b>	
fourspot flounder	1,406	0.7	309.3	1.6					
striped searobin	1,308	0.6	465.4	2.4	<b>Finfish not ranked</b>				
alewife	859	0.4	56.1	0.3	anchovy spp, yoy				
Atlantic herring	851	0.4	58.3	0.3	Atlantic herring, yoy				
red hake	829	0.4	51.6	0.3					
northern searobin	784	0.4	112.0	0.6	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
Atlantic menhaden	746	0.4	110.7	0.6	long-finned squid	23,022	86.5	953.4	28.8
summer flounder	644	0.3	627.2	3.3	horseshoe crab	534	2.0	873.4	26.4
smooth dogfish	503	0.2	1,435.3	7.5	American lobster	1,843	6.9	481.5	14.5
striped bass	378	0.2	811.8	4.3	spider crab	nc	nc	355.5	10.7
American shad	356	0.2	24.2	0.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	250.2	7.6
tautog	232	0.1	353.7	1.9	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	50.9	1.5
spotted hake	230	0.1	37.8	0.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	42.4	1.3
blueback herring	218	0.1	6.5	0	channeled whelk	199	0.7	42.3	1.3
moonfish	182	0.1	3.4	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	41.7	1.3
fourbeard rockling	173	0.1	13.0	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	41.7	1.3
black sea bass	124	0.1	40.5	0.2	rock crab	1	0.0	35.2	1.1
hogchoker	83	0	9.5	0	lion's mane jellyfish	803	3.0	34.0	1.0
American sand lance	70	0	0.2	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	22.9	0.7
winter skate	53	0	100.3	0.5	sea grape	nc	nc	16.4	0.5
smallmouth flounder	50	0	2.8	0	lady crab	nc	nc	14.5	0.4
hickory shad	39	0	14.2	0.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	11.5	0.3
spiny dogfish	38	0	104.7	0.5	knobbed whelk	21	0.1	7.7	0.2
Atlantic cod	33	0	4.7	0	mantis shrimp	159	0.6	7.0	0.2
clearnose skate	22	0	48.2	0.3	arks	nc	nc	7.0	0.2
cunner	21	0	3.7	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	5.4	0.2
ocean pout	18	0	5.4	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
rough scad	14	0	0.7	0	bluecrab	13	0	2.8	0.1
round scad	11	0	0.3	0	hard clams	nc	nc	2.3	0.1
spot	8	0	0.9	0	surf clam	5	0	1.0	0
Atlantic sturgeon	8	0	117.6	0.6	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.8	0
haddock	7	0	0.6	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.6	0
sea raven	7	0	2.4	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	0.6	0
northern kingfish	5	0	0.5	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	0.5	0
northern puffer	5	0	0.4	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	0.4	0
longhorn sculpin	5	0	3.4	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
seasnail	4	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.2	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.1	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.2	0	<u>sea cucumber</u>	2	0	0.1	0
white perch	2	0	0.5	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>26,603</b>		<b>3,309.4</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2005.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

<b>species</b>	<b>count</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>weight</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>species</b>	<b>count</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>weight</b>	<b>%</b>
butterfish	92,996	52.2	2,097.3	16.8	haddock	2	0	0.2	0
scup	52,642	29.6	3,080.7	24.7	seasnail	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	9,191	5.2	449.9	3.6	glasseye snapper	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	6,532	3.7	1,333.8	10.7	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,692	2.6	566.1	4.5	lookdown	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	1,982	1.1	177.5	1.4	pollock	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	1,317	0.7	682.5	5.5	<b>Total</b>	<b>178,073</b>		<b>12,474.3</b>	
Atlantic herring	1,168	0.7	131.1	1.1					
bay anchovy	814	0.5	5.8	0	<b>Finfish not ranked</b>				
striped searobin	757	0.4	183.7	1.5	anchovy spp, yoy				
alewife	742	0.4	47.6	0.4	Atlantic herring, yoy				
fourspot flounder	688	0.4	125.9	1					
red hake	585	0.3	56.0	0.4	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
summer flounder	506	0.3	406.1	3.3	blue mussel	nc	nc	971.0	32.6
striped bass	469	0.3	675.1	5.4	long-finned squid	17,542	83.2	683.5	22.9
smooth dogfish	467	0.3	1,421.7	11.4	American lobster	1,389	6.6	364.3	12.2
moonfish	356	0.2	6.0	0	horseshoe crab	161	0.8	304.2	10.2
northern searobin	265	0.1	21.3	0.2	starfish spp.	nc	nc	198.4	6.7
Atlantic menhaden	235	0.1	77.9	0.6	lion's mane jellyfish	1,806	8.6	97.3	3.3
spotted hake	234	0.1	17.4	0.1	spider crab	nc	nc	92.0	3.1
tautog	179	0.1	269.2	2.2	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	64.6	2.2
American shad	177	0.1	18.2	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	48.8	1.6
silver hake	165	0.1	7.1	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	26.1	0.9
hickory shad	136	0.1	43.1	0.3	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	23.1	0.8
blueback herring	111	0.1	5.4	0	channeled whelk	101	0.5	23.0	0.8
fourbeard rockling	106	0.1	6.8	0.1	common slipper shell	nc	nc	12.2	0.4
clearnose skate	102	0.1	187.1	1.5	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	11.0	0.4
rough scad	62	0	1.9	0	knobbed whelk	23	0.1	9.7	0.3
hogchoker	61	0	8.7	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	9.3	0.3
smallmouth flounder	44	0	2.4	0	ribbed mussel	nc	nc	7.6	0.3
black sea bass	42	0	26.4	0.2	hard clams	nc	nc	7.2	0.2
spiny dogfish	41	0	102.0	0.8	northern moon snail	nc	nc	4.7	0.2
Atlantic mackerel	37	0	5.7	0	sea grape	nc	nc	4.5	0.2
winter skate	31	0	59.9	0.5	mantis shrimp	64	0.3	3.8	0.1
yellow jack	28	0	3.0	0	arks	nc	nc	3.5	0.1
cunner	24	0	4.1	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	3.4	0.1
round scad	12	0	0.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	2.5	0.1
Atlantic cod	10	0	0.9	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	2.1	0.1
rock gunnel	9	0	0.6	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	1.1	0
Atlantic sturgeon	9	0	152.7	1.2	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.7	0
northern sennet	8	0	0.7	0	bluecrab	3	0	0.6	0
American sand lance	6	0	0.2	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.4	0
northern puffer	5	0	0.3	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.4	0
northern kingfish	4	0	0.6	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.3	0	sand dollar	1	0	0.2	0
ocean pout	3	0	0.7	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.2	0
sea raven	3	0	0.5	0	boreal squid	1	0	0.1	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	Japanese shore crab	5	0	0.1	0
gizzard shad	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
goosefish	2	0	0.7	0	common oyster	nc	nc	0.1	0
grubby	2	0	0.2	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>21,096</b>		<b>2,982.1</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2006.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=120.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	50,022	54.3	1,631.4	15.5					
scup	28,829	31.3	4,636.1	44.2					
bluefish	2,100	2.3	358.6	3.4	<b>Finfish not ranked</b>				
winter flounder	1,699	1.8	271.2	2.6	anchovy spp, yoy				
bay anchovy	1,492	1.6	8.3	0.1	Atlantic herring, yoy				
silver hake	1,267	1.4	37.7	0.4	American sand lance (yoy)				
windowpane flounder	1,077	1.2	128.9	1.2					
northern searobin	630	0.7	74.5	0.7					
red hake	625	0.7	37.4	0.4					
little skate	593	0.6	310.6	3	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
alewife	573	0.6	49.5	0.5	long-finned squid	7,802	83.4	326	32.5
fourspot flounder	466	0.5	88.1	0.8	horseshoe crab	109	1.2	205.8	20.5
striped searobin	366	0.4	113.5	1.1	American lobster	748	8	197.9	19.7
moonfish	361	0.4	3.5	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	51.3	5.1
smooth dogfish	332	0.4	1,176.6	11.2	spider crab	nc	nc	50.6	5
spotted hake	321	0.3	24.3	0.2	lion's mane jellyfish	558	6	45.4	4.5
weakfish	241	0.3	52.2	0.5	rock crab	nc	nc	40.4	4
summer flounder	203	0.2	180.5	1.7	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	17.8	1.8
tautog	186	0.2	301.4	2.9	blue mussel	nc	nc	7.6	0.8
striped bass	144	0.2	418.7	4	channeled whelk	41	0.4	7.6	0.8
hickory shad	75	0.1	19.1	0.2	lady crab	nc	nc	7.5	0.7
American shad	68	0.1	6.1	0.1	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	6.8	0.7
Atlantic herring	66	0.1	10.3	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	5.9	0.6
blueback herring	63	0.1	2.5	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	5.7	0.6
clearnose skate	36	0	52.4	0.5	starfish spp.	nc	nc	4.8	0.5
Atlantic menhaden	28	0	5.5	0.1	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	4	0.4
winter skate	23	0	60	0.6	common slipper shell	nc	nc	3.9	0.4
hogchoker	22	0	3.2	0	mantis shrimp	70	0.7	3.4	0.3
Atlantic sturgeon	21	0	368.7	3.5	mud crabs	nc	nc	2.1	0.2
black sea bass	19	0	9.3	0.1	blue crab	11	0.1	1.8	0.2
fourbeard rockling	14	0	1.5	0	knobbed whelk	5	0.1	1.2	0.1
rough scad	14	0	0.5	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.6	0.1
spot	14	0	1.2	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.6	0.1
spiny dogfish	11	0	47	0.4	moon jelly	2	0	0.5	0
cunner	8	0	1.3	0	sea grape	nc	nc	0.5	0
smallmouth flounder	7	0	0.6	0	arks	nc	nc	0.4	0
ocean pout	5	0	0.9	0	purple sea urchin	2	0	0.4	0
glasses eye snapper	4	0	0.1	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
inshore lizardfish	4	0	0.4	0	hard clams	1	0	0.3	0
northern pipefish	3	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.3	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.1	0	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	0.2	0
yellow jack	2	0	0.1	0	fan worm tubes	nc	nc	0.2	0
Atlantic bonito	1	0	3.2	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	0.2	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0	surf clam	1	0	0.2	0
goosefish	1	0	1.2	0	brown shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
pollock	1	0	0.1	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
oyster toadfish	1	0	1.2	0	Japanese shore crab	nc	nc	0.1	0
yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.4	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>92,042</b>		<b>10,500.2</b>		<b>Total</b>	<b>9,352</b>		<b>1,002.6</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2007.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	75,681	42.6	5,333.5	30.4	grubby	1	0	0.1	0
butterfish	49,137	27.6	1,446.2	8.2	pollock	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	17,386	9.8	584.8	3.3	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	9,378	5.3	1,801.3	10.3	striped burrfish	1	0	0.5	0
winter flounder	4,550	2.6	951.3	5.4	sea lamprey	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	4,051	2.3	510.8	2.9	yellowtail flounder	1	0	1.0	0
red hake	2,788	1.6	200.4	1.1					
bay anchovy	2,440	1.4	14.5	0.1					
Atlantic herring	1,932	1.1	234.2	1.3					
alewife	1,537	0.9	101.3	0.6					
little skate	1,277	0.7	697.0	4.0					
fourspot flounder	1,094	0.6	224.9	1.3					
moonfish	979	0.6	12.0	0.1					
striped searobin	755	0.4	217.0	1.2					
summer flounder	733	0.4	590.9	3.4					
northern searobin	691	0.4	74.2	0.4					
smooth dogfish	580	0.3	2,110.2	12.0					
Atlantic menhaden	426	0.2	63.9	0.4					
striped bass	422	0.2	888.0	5.1					
spotted hake	340	0.2	23.9	0.1					
silver hake	290	0.2	14.6	0.1					
tautog	280	0.2	551.4	3.1					
American shad	236	0.1	15.8	0.1					
blueback herring	156	0.1	9.1	0.1					
black sea bass	116	0.1	46.8	0.3					
clearnose skate	97	0.1	193.3	1.1					
fourbeard rockling	87	0	7.6	0					
hogchoker	78	0	11.4	0.1					
smallmouth flounder	48	0	2.6	0					
winter skate	44	0	117.8	0.7					
hickory shad	37	0	10.4	0.1					
spiny dogfish	32	0	122.3	0.7					
American sand lance	30	0	0.3	0					
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	336.4	1.9					
cunner	16	0	3.0	0					
rough scad	13	0	0.7	0					
ocean pout	12	0	3.2	0					
Atlantic mackerel	9	0	0.8	0					
glassy snapper	8	0	0.7	0					
northern puffer	8	0	0.5	0					
striped anchovy	6	0	0.1	0					
sea raven	5	0	3.6	0					
oyster toadfish	5	0	2.0	0					
yellow jack	5	0	0.4	0					
northern kingfish	4	0	0.4	0					
round scad	3	0	0.3	0					
longhorn sculpin	3	0	0.8	0					
American eel	2	0	0.9	0					
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0					
mackerel scad	2	0	0.1	0					
northern sennet	2	0	0.2	0					
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0					
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0					
gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0					
<b>Total</b>	<b>177,841</b>		<b>17,540.3</b>						
					<b>Total</b>	<b>27,441</b>		<b>2,512.7</b>	

Note: nc= not counted

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2008.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=120.*

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	53,560	38	6,509.9	45.7	sea lamprey	1	0	0.8	0
butterfish	48,766	34.6	1,442.0	10.1	striped anchovy	1	0	0.1	0
American sand lance	7,495	5.3	7.2	0.1	<b>Total</b>	<b>140,777</b>		<b>14,239.8</b>	
silver hake	6,587	4.7	208.5	1.5					
winter flounder	4,973	3.5	751.9	5.3	<b><u>Finfish not ranked</u></b>				
windowpane flounder	3,511	2.5	524.0	3.7	anchovy spp, yoy				
weakfish	2,531	1.8	116.1	0.8	Atlantic herring, yoy				
red hake	1,723	1.2	141.3	1.0	American sand lance (yoy)				
bluefish	1,699	1.2	641.4	4.5					
spotted hake	1,267	0.9	65.8	0.5	<b><u>Invertebrates</u></b>				
bay anchovy	1,128	0.8	7.7	0.1	horseshoe crab	289	2.2	496.8	29.2
alewife	931	0.7	51.1	0.4	long-finned squid	10,490	80.5	330.1	19.4
fourspot flounder	902	0.6	186.3	1.3	American lobster	1,096	8.4	314.1	18.5
northern searobin	809	0.6	58.8	0.4	spider crab	nc	nc	145.8	8.6
moonfish	689	0.5	13.4	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	64.0	3.8
little skate	682	0.5	327.4	2.3	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	54.2	3.2
striped searobin	612	0.4	263.0	1.8	lady crab	nc	nc	36.3	2.1
summer flounder	477	0.3	398.0	2.8	starfish spp.	nc	nc	32.1	1.9
American shad	405	0.3	20.2	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	30.1	1.8
Atlantic herring	356	0.3	52.1	0.4	channeled whelk	177	1.4	29.3	1.7
smooth dogfish	328	0.2	1,134.2	8.0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	27.8	1.6
spot	308	0.2	21.3	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	24.6	1.4
striped bass	199	0.1	456.3	3.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	22.8	1.3
tautog	179	0.1	309.4	2.2	common slipper shell	nc	nc	15.7	0.9
black sea bass	122	0.1	29.8	0.2	lion's mane jellyfish	520	4	14.3	0.8
smallmouth flounder	89	0.1	3.2	0	mantis shrimp	244	1.9	9.1	0.5
fourbeard rockling	81	0.1	7.1	0	sea grape	nc	nc	6.6	0.4
blueback herring	74	0.1	3.2	0	arks	124	1	6.1	0.4
winter skate	51	0	140.8	1.0	knobbed whelk	17	0.1	5.9	0.3
Atlantic menhaden	47	0	10.4	0.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	5.8	0.3
hogchoker	38	0	5.6	0	northern moon snail	1	0	5.6	0.3
clearnose skate	37	0	78.1	0.5	sand shrimp	nc	nc	4.0	0.2
spiny dogfish	35	0	127.7	0.9	blue crab	16	0.1	3.8	0.2
cunner	26	0	3.6	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	3.5	0.2
inshore lizardfish	10	0	0.5	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	3.1	0.2
ocean pout	9	0	2.1	0	common oyster	1	0	2.1	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	7	0	111.3	0.8	hard clams	8	0.1	1.4	0.1
hickory shad	5	0	1.1	0	purple sea urchin	15	0.1	0.9	0.1
feather blenny	4	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	21	0.2	0.7	0
white perch	4	0	0.1	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	0.6	0
northern kingfish	3	0	0.4	0	surf clam	9	0.1	0.6	0
oyster toadfish	3	0	1.9	0	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	0.4	0
Atlantic silverside	2	0	0.2	0	Jonah crab	2	0	0.4	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0	sea cucumber	2	0	0.3	0
yellowtail flounder	2	0	0.4	0	tunicates, misc	nc	nc	0.3	0
Atlantic croaker	1	0	0.1	0	anemones	nc	nc	0.2	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
glasseye snapper	1	0	0.1	0	green crab	1	0	0.1	0
pollock	1	0	0.1	0	moon jelly	1	0	0.1	0
roughtail stingray	1	0	3.0	0	northern cyclocardia	1	0	0.1	0
					<b>Total</b>	<b>13,036</b>		<b>1,700.1</b>	

**Appendix 2.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2009.**

*Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.*

<b>species</b>	<b>count</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>weight</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>species</b>	<b>count</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>weight</b>	<b>%</b>
butterfish	108,087	53.6	3,186.9	17	striped cusk-eel	1	0	0.1	0
scup	46,991	23.3	6,332.1	33.8	spot	1	0	0.2	0
bay anchovy	11,128	5.5	35.3	0.2	northern stargazer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	6,330	3.1	239.2	1.3	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,068	2	524.0	2.8	white perch	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	3,657	1.8	1,157.4	6.2	yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	2,604	1.3	108.7	0.6	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.2	0
moonfish	2,575	1.3	19.5	0.1	<b>Total</b>	<b>201,476</b>		<b>18,750</b>	
windowpane flounder	2,496	1.2	342.8	1.8					
northern searobin	2,012	1	194.3	1	<b>Finfish not ranked</b>				
striped searobin	1,507	0.7	471.8	2.5	anchovy spp, yoy				
American sand lance	1,227	0.6	2.0	0	Atlantic herring, yoy				
alewife	1,175	0.6	96.0	0.5	American sand lance (yoy)				
fourspot flounder	1,036	0.5	169.8	0.9					
silver hake	947	0.5	50.0	0.3	<b>Invertebrates</b>				
red hake	897	0.4	59.5	0.3	long-finned squid	24,130	91.4	648.4	30.2
summer flounder	881	0.4	694.4	3.7	horseshoe crab	340	1.3	645.8	30
little skate	709	0.4	390.0	2.1	American lobster	853	3.2	244	11.3
smooth dogfish	588	0.3	2,213.3	11.8	spider crab	.	.	144.1	6.7
striped bass	466	0.2	897.4	4.8	lion's mane jellyfish	641	2.4	89.3	4.2
American shad	422	0.2	28.9	0.2	lady crab	.	.	63.6	3
spotted hake	327	0.2	32.1	0.2	rock crab	.	.	42.4	2
blueback herring	291	0.1	14.6	0.1	common slipper shell	.	.	37	1.7
tautog	163	0.1	285.4	1.5	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	33.8	1.6
spiny dogfish	148	0.1	545.7	2.9	bushy bryozoan	.	.	33.3	1.5
black sea bass	121	0.1	59.5	0.3	starfish spp.	.	.	26.6	1.2
smallmouth flounder	96	0	4.7	0	<b>channeled whelk</b>	127	0.5	26	1.2
clearnose skate	69	0	148.5	0.8	hydroid spp.	.	.	25.7	1.2
Atlantic menhaden	69	0	18.0	0.1	knobbed whelk	39	0.1	11.6	0.5
rough scad	59	0	2.8	0	mantis shrimp	215	0.8	10.7	0.5
fourbeard rockling	47	0	3.9	0	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	9	0.4
winter skate	44	0	108.5	0.6	northern moon snail	.	.	7.2	0.3
hogchoker	39	0	4.5	0	anemones	.	.	5.6	0.3
blue runner	34	0	2.3	0	mixed sponge species	.	.	5.4	0.3
ocean pout	22	0	4.8	0	sea grape	.	.	5.0	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	286.6	1.5	boring sponge	.	.	4.2	0.2
cunner	18	0	1.8	0	blue crab	19	0.1	4.1	0.2
pollock	18	0	0.8	0	sand shrimp	.	.	3.8	0.2
Atlantic cod	15	0	1.0	0	deadman's fingers sponge	.	.	3.5	0.2
hickory shad	13	0	3.6	0	blue mussel	8	0	3.5	0.2
northern kingfish	7	0	0.4	0	mud crabs	.	.	3.1	0.1
glasseye snapper	6	0	0.6	0	common oyster	1	0	3.1	0.1
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	0.4	0	arks	2	0	2.5	0.1
northern sennet	5	0	0.4	0	surf clam	18	0.1	1.7	0.1
northern puffer	5	0	0.4	0	hard clams	4	0	1.1	0.1
sea raven	5	0	1.7	0	red bearded sponge	.	.	0.8	0
striped anchovy	5	0	0.4	0	purple sea urchin	4	0	0.8	0
Atlantic silverside	3	0	0.3	0	rubbery bryozoan	.	.	0.6	0
oyster toadfish	3	0	0.8	0	star coral	.	.	0.2	0
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0	ghost shrimp	2	0	0.2	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	coastal mud shrimp	2	0	0.1	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	1	0	0.1	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0	sea cucumber	1	0	0.1	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0	tunicates, misc	1	0	0.1	0
round scad	1	0	0.1	0	<b>Total</b>	<b>26,409</b>		<b>2,148.2</b>	

Note: nc= not counted

**JOB 2: MARINE FINFISH SURVEY**

**Part 2: Estuarine Seine Survey**

## PART 2: ESTUARINE SEINE SURVEY

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## **JOB 2 PART 2: ESTUARINE SEINE SURVEY**

### **OBJECTIVES**

- 1) *Provide an annual index of recruitment for winter flounder (Age0, 1+), all finfish species taken, and all crab species.*

The 2008 annual index of recruitment for young-of-year winter flounder (0.8 fish/haul) ranked the lowest (22<sup>nd</sup>) out of 22 annual indices.

- 2) *Provide an annual total count for all finfish taken.*

Mean catch of all finfish (172 fish/haul) ranked eighth highest out of 22 annual indices and was above the series average of 142 fish/haul (Figure 2.2). Geometric means were calculated for 22 species commonly captured since the survey began in 1988 (Table 2.1).

- 3) *Provide an index for shallow subtidal forage species abundance.*

An index of forage abundance was generated using the catch of four of the most common forage species caught: Atlantic silversides, striped killifish, mummichog, and sheepshead minnow. The index for 2009 (106 forage fish/haul) was the eleventh highest of the 22-year series, and slightly above the time series average of 96 forage fish/haul.

### **METHODS**

Eight sites (Figure 2.1) are sampled during September using an eight-meter (25 ft.) bag seine with 6.4mm (0.25 in.) bar mesh. Area swept is standardized to 4.6 m (15 ft.), width by means of a taut spreader rope and a 30m (98 ft.), measured distance, parallel to, or at a 45° angle to the shoreline, against the current or tide if present. At each site, six seine hauls are taken within two hours before and after low slack tide during daylight hours. Sites in Groton, Waterford, Old Lyme, Clinton, New Haven, Bridgeport and Greenwich have been sampled since 1988. The Milford site was added in 1990.

Finfish, crabs, and other invertebrates taken in each sample are identified to species or lowest practical taxon (full listing given in Appendix 2.1, 2.2) and counted. One exception is inland silversides, which are not separated from Atlantic silversides because they are rare and difficult to identify. Qualitative counts were used for menhaden when abundant ( $n > 1000$ ) to minimize discard mortality. Winter flounder are measured to total length (mm), and classified as young-of-year (YOY) if less than 12 cm and age 1+ if 12cm or larger. The age of flounder near this size was verified in 1990-1992 by examination of the sagittal otolith. Physical data recorded at each seine location included water temperature and salinity at one-meter depth. The geometric or retransformed natural log mean catch per standard haul is calculated for catches at each site and collectively for the 22 most abundant species, with separate indices for young-of-year and winter flounder age 1 and older. Confidence intervals (95%) for each geometric mean are retransformations of the corresponding log intervals. Frequency of occurrence is given as a percentage of all samples taken each year.

## **RESULTS**

A total of 48 seine hauls were taken in 2009 at eight sites, yielding a total catch of 8,257 fish of 24 species and 5,931 invertebrates of eleven species. Mean catch of all finfish (172 fish/tow) was the eighth highest in the time series (Figure 2.2). This catch is above the long-term mean of 142 fish/tow and is attributed to above average catches of Atlantic silversides, mummichog, black sea bass, northern pipefish, scup and striped sea robin. Geometric means were calculated for 22 species commonly captured since the survey began in 1988 (Table 2.1). The most frequently caught species was Atlantic silversides, which occurred in 100 percent of all samples, followed by striped killifish (75%), yoy winter flounder (52%), northern pipefish (52%), mummichog (50%), striped sea robin (40%), scup (38%), and tautog (35%). This rank order has changed from the previous years, with a notable decrease in winter flounder (age0 and age 1+), mummichog, sheepshead minnow and windowpane flounder occurrence rates along with an increase in striped sea robin occurrence. Only six of the 22 species monitored decreased in abundance in 2009, while fifteen other fish species increased and one (weakfish) was unchanged. Tautog abundance and occurrence rate increased significantly in 1998-99, returned to the series average in 2005, and was below the series average in 2009 after a record year in 2007. Previous to 2005, tautog relative abundance had significantly increased to all-time abundance levels in 2002-04 (Figure 2.4). In 2009, two forage species increased slightly in abundance from the previous year (Atlantic silverside and mummichog). Forage fish species striped killifish and sheepshead minnow were below the 22-year time-series average in 2009. Scup occurrence and abundance was the highest in the 22 year time series. Cunner abundance in 2009 dropped to 1997 levels after being the third highest in the 22 year time-series in 2007. Snapper bluefish occurred at the second highest level in 2009 after a 2007 absence. Striped bass, Atlantic tomcod, white mullet, white perch and windowpane founder, were not observed in the survey in 2009. Weakfish young-of-year were absent and have only occurred in 2003. All other species occurred in less than 10% of all samples, with occurrence rates similar to previous years. One new species of finfish, striped anchovy (*Anchoa hepsetus*) was captured in 2009, at the Groton site. Other notable catches were two seahorses captured at the Waterford site.

### **Relative Abundance of Juvenile Winter Flounder and Tautog**

The 2009 index of YOY winter flounder (0.8 fish/haul) ranked last out of 22 annual indices (Table 2.2, Figure 2.3 and 2.7). Overall, the time series indicates that relatively strong year classes were only produced in 1988, 1992, 1994, and 1996 (Figure 2.3).

The 2009 index of YOY tautog (0.4 fish/haul) was the seventh lowest ranking out of 22 annual indices (Table 2.1, Figure 2.3 and 2.7), well below the series average of 0.8 tautog / haul. Overall, the time series indicates a significant increasing trend in abundance of young-of-year tautog from 1988 to 2008, with good year classes produced in 1998-99, 2002-04 and 2007, even though the 2006 and 2009 mean was below the long-term average. ( $P \leq 0.01$ ,  $t=2.8$ ,  $df=21$ ), (Table 2.1, Figure 2.4).

## **Presence of Other Important Recreational Finfish**

YOY scup is another recent addition to the seine survey, first occurring in 1999, with the highest relative abundance in the last nine years of the time series, a reflection of strong recruitment and survival in recent years (Table 2.4, Figure 2.8). Juvenile striped bass first occurred in the survey in 1999 with one individual captured. In 2003 six more YOY stripers were taken (Table 2.4, Figure 2.8). One large individual (369mm) was captured in 2008. YOY summer flounder have occurred in eight years (more recently) of the 22-year time series (1993, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009). The 2009 summer flounder abundance was the second highest of the time series. YOY black sea bass first appeared in 1991 and every year since 1997, reaching their highest abundance in 2009, (Figure 2.7). Snapper bluefish have occurred in 16 out of 22 years of the time series, reaching peak abundance in 1999. Juvenile tautog has occurred every year in the seine survey except 1989. White perch appeared in record numbers in 2008 and only once prior (2005). Atlantic tomcod, a threatened species, re-appeared in 2008, none were present in 2009.

## **Relative Abundance of Forage Species**

Seine survey catches are numerically dominated by forage species, defined here as short-lived, highly fecund species that spend the majority of their life cycle inshore where they are common food for piscivorous fish. An index of forage fish abundance was generated using the catch of four of the most common forage species caught: Atlantic silversides, striped killifish, mummichog, and sheepshead minnow (Figure 2.5, Figure 2.6). The index for 2009 was the eleventh highest in the 22 year time series. Two of the four forage fish species (sheepshead minnow and striped killifish) decreased in occurrence in 2009. Mummichog abundance remained at historical highs for the time series. Atlantic silversides were the most abundant, and the only species present at all sites in all samples (Table 2.1). There was a substantial decrease in mummichog and Atlantic silverside abundance in 2009. An increase in this species' abundance in 2002 through 2005 reversed a two-year decrease from 2000-2001 and was similar to 2007. Striped killifish, decreased in abundance in 2009. Mummichog abundance (3.8) was above the long-term average of 2.5 in 2009. Sheepshead minnow had a record abundance (3.35) in 2007 and has decreased since. The 2009, the index of abundance ranked ninth in the time series. Striped killifish abundance and occurrence decreased but remained at the series mean levels in 2009 (12.3 fish/tow, 75% occurrence). Collectively, killifish abundance has not been high in 2002-2005 and 2008 and was the only forage fish species to remain at high levels in 2008.

Forage fish abundance has generally been increasing since 1997 (Figure 2.5) after a period of lower abundance (decreasing trend) since 1991. In 2009, forage fish abundance rose above the series mean of 96 fish/haul, with a mean catch of 106 fish per haul. Forage fish abundance is driven numerically by the occurrence of adult Atlantic silverside (Figure 2.6) and more recently striped killifish, mummichog and sheepshead minnow, the second and third most abundant forage species. Striped killifish are more suited to marine habitats, than other 'Fundulus' species captured in the estuarine seine

survey. Both Atlantic silverside and mummichog were captured in slightly above average numbers in 2009, suggesting relatively good year class production 2 –3 years ago, since the survey captures adults more effectively. Mummichog, the third most abundant forage fish (Table 2.3) in the survey, peaked in abundance in 2007. The lowest time series abundance occurred in 1997, mummichog appear to be increasing with an above average catches since 1999. Sheepshead minnow the least abundant of the four forage fish species monitored has recently shown elevated abundances in 2002-2007, with a record year in 2007 (3.35 fish/tow) and above average catches in 2008 (1.2 fish/tow) followed by slight decrease in 2009.

### **Relative Abundance of Invertebrate Species**

A total of 5,931 invertebrates of eleven species were captured in 2009 (Table 2.3), (Appendix 2.2). Eight crab species were present in the seine hauls, along with two shrimp species, and one gastropod. Mud snail, sand shrimp, shore shrimp, green crab, and hermit crab were the most abundant, and only mud snails, shore shrimp, sand shrimp, and green crab had greater than 50% occurrence in 2009 (Table 2.3). Comb jelly fish were common in abundance in 2009.

### **MODIFICATIONS**

None.

### **LITERATURE CITED**

Northeast Utilities Service Company (NUSCo), 2002. Monitoring the marine environment of Long Island Sound at Millstone Nuclear Power Station, Waterford, CT. Winter flounder studies, Table 6, page 34.

**Table 2.1: Mean catch of species commonly taken in seine samples, 1988-2009.** Geometric mean catch per haul is given with percent occurrence in parentheses. See Appendix 3.1 for complete species names.

Species	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
<b>Atlantic Silverside</b>	60.7 (95)	32.6 (95)	45.0 (81)	88.5 (100)	53.2 (100)	42.7 (94)	37.7 (100)	27.0 (96)	17.7 (94)	23.1 (92)	81.6 (100)	102.5 (94)
<b>Black Sea Bass</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.2 (15)	0.1 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (6)	0.1 (8)
<b>Bluefish (Snapper)</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.02 (2)	0.1 (10)	0.02 (2)	0.0 (0)	0.01 (2)	0.1 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.01 (2)	0.1 (15)	0.9 (46)
<b>Cunner</b>	0.2 (17)	0.2 (14)	0.03 (4)	0.1 (11)	0.2 (15)	0.0 (0)	0.4 (23)	0.2 (15)	0.4 (13)	0.01 (2)	0.03 (23)	0.5 (23)
<b>Fluke</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.03 (4)	0.08 (10)	0.0 (0)	0.02 (2)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (2)	0.0 (0)
<b>Four-Spine Stickleback</b>	0.3 (17)	0.4 (19)	0.0 (0)	0.7 (22)	0.1 (5)	0.1 (4)	0.01 (2)	0.0 (0)	0.04 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (8)	0.04 (4)
<b>Grubby</b>	0.8 (33)	0.0 (0)	0.03 (4)	0.1 (11)	0.5 (31)	0.1 (8)	0.4 (33)	0.3 (25)	0.2 (19)	0.3 (29)	0.2 (17)	0.5 (27)
<b>Menhaden</b>	0.05 (5)	0.0 (0)	0.03 (4)	0.05 (4)	0.54 (19)	0.04 (6)	0.10 (10)	0.03 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.08 (6)	0.4 (6)	0.4 (15)
<b>Mummichog</b>	2.8 (47)	1.7 (50)	1.1 (35)	1.9 (40)	1.6 (38)	3.7 (50)	3.5 (42)	0.7 (35)	1.2 (44)	0.5 (15)	2.0 (42)	0.8 (29)
<b>Northern Kingfish</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.04 (6)	0.1 (8)	0.2 (10)	0.03 (4)	0.1 (15)	0.04 (4)	0.1 (13)	0.02 (10)	0.1 (8)
<b>Northern Pipefish</b>	0.7 (39)	0.3 (29)	0.5 (41)	1.1 (57)	0.9 (35)	0.9 (50)	1.1 (58)	0.5 (33)	1.0 (44)	0.4 (33)	1.8 (71)	1.0 (48)
<b>Northern Puffer</b>	0.1 (8)	0.2 (19)	0.1 (10)	0.4 (25)	0.1 (8)	0.4 (23)	0.2 (17)	0.5 (40)	0.2 (15)	0.1 (6)	0.1 (10)	0.2 (19)
<b>Scup</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)
<b>Sheepshead Minnow</b>	0.7 (27)	1.0 (33)	0.1 (9)	0.6 (21)	0.04 (4)	0.01 (2)	0.02 (2)	0.1 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (4)	0.1 (4)	0.1 (6)
<b>Striped Killifish</b>	9.6 (72)	11.0 (76)	6.0 (65)	4.2 (73)	3.1 (58)	5.1 (63)	5.3 (63)	4.0 (69)	2.0 (54)	1.5 (40)	7.2 (75)	4.5 (67)
<b>Smallmouth Flounder</b>	0.02 (3)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.02 (2)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (13)	0.1 (10)	0.1 (6)	0.03 (4)	0.1 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.3 (21)
<b>Striped Bass</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.02 (2)
<b>Striped Searobin</b>	0.2 (11)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (13)	0.2 (10)	0.1 (8)	0.9 (46)	0.1 (10)	0.01 (2)	0.1 (10)	0.4 (35)	1.9 (60)	0.6 (38)
<b>Tautog</b>	0.3 (22)	0.0 (0)	0.3 (22)	0.7 (42)	0.4 (31)	0.2 (19)	0.8 (33)	0.7 (33)	0.3 (13)	0.2 (19)	1.0 (44)	1.3 (46)
<b>Weakfish</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)
<b>Winter Flounder (young-of-year)</b>	<b>15.5</b> (97)	<b>1.9</b> (74)	<b>2.9</b> (74)	<b>5.2</b> (92)	<b>11.9</b> (98)	<b>5.6</b> (88)	<b>14.2</b> (98)	<b>10.1</b> (94)	<b>19.2</b> (100)	<b>7.5</b> (94)	<b>9.3</b> (92)	<b>8.7</b> (88)
<b>Winter Flounder (age 1 + older)</b>	0.1 (14)	0.1 (10)	0.0 (0)	0.1 (15)	0.1 (8)	0.2 (21)	0.2 (17)	0.2 (19)	0.2 (10)	0.1 (15)	0.1 (10)	0.1 (6)
<b>Windowpane Flounder</b>	0.6 (31)	0.0 (0)	0.2 (13)	0.2 (13)	0.2 (23)	0.3 (23)	0.3 (17)	0.1 (17)	0.7 (35)	0.4 (23)	0.1 (13)	0.1 (13)

**Table 2.1 cont.: Mean catch of species commonly taken in seine samples, 1988-2009.**

Geometric mean catch/haul is given with percent occurrence in parentheses. See Appendix 3.1 for species names.

Species	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
<b>Atlantic Silverside</b>	99.7 (100)	36.1 (92)	80.1 (100)	113.6 (96)	85.1 (100)	81.3 (100)	37.7 (100)	74.9 (100)	57.5 (100)	<b>66.8 (100)</b>
<b>Black Sea Bass</b>	0.02 (2)	0.98 (25)	0.39 (17)	0.18 (13)	0.44 (25)	0.14 (8)	0.5 (23)	0.6 (23)	0.3 (15)	<b>1.1 (27)</b>
<b>Bluefish (Snapper)</b>	0.04 (4)	0.1 (13)	0.02 (2)	0.15 (10)	0.20 (15)	0.06 (4)	0.17 (8)	0 (0)	0.04 (2)	<b>0.34 (15)</b>
<b>Cunner</b>	0.3 (19)	0.16 (15)	0.33 (13)	0.18 (17)	0.48 (29)	0.30 (21)	0.14 (13)	0.47 (25)	0.1 (10)	<b>0.2 (17)</b>
<b>Fluke</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0 (0)	0.20 (19)	0.08 (6)	0.12 (15)	<b>0.15 (2)</b>
<b>Four-Spine Stickleback</b>	0.01 (2)	0.05 (4)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.5 (2)	0 (0)	0.02 (2)	0 (0)	0 (0)	<b>0.5 (2)</b>
<b>Grubby</b>	0.1 (10)	0.24 (17)	0.31 (21)	0.53 (29)	1.26 (50)	0.84 (46)	0.35 (27)	0.27 (15)	0.20 (19)	<b>0.46 (27)</b>
<b>Menhaden</b>	0.4 (10)	0.01 (2)	1.0 (27)	8.1 (58)	0.42 (8)	0.21 (6)	0.40 (13)	0.59 (17)	0.07 (2)	<b>0.30 (15)</b>
<b>Mummichog</b>	3.2 (44)	1.4 (42)	3.4 (54)	2.9 (44)	2.8 (35)	1.5 (27)	2.5 (48)	7.3 (65)	2.9 (48)	<b>3.8 (50)</b>
<b>Northern Kingfish</b>	0.05 (4)	0.17 (13)	0.05 (4)	0.21 (15)	0.32 (17)	0.11 (10)	0.01 (8)	0.02 (2)	0.25 (19)	<b>0.29 (17)</b>
<b>Northern Pipefish</b>	1.0 (54)	1.4 (48)	0.46 (19)	0.30 (25)	0.74 (48)	0.53 (25)	0.62 (29)	0.82 (42)	0.75 (23)	<b>1.86 (52)</b>
<b>Northern Puffer</b>	0.6 (35)	0.17 (17)	0.70 (35)	0.70 (31)	0.67 (40)	0.54 (31)	0.37 (29)	1.24 (44)	0.25 (23)	<b>0.34 (23)</b>
<b>Scup</b>	0.0 (0)	0.46 (23)	0.99 (35)	0.56 (25)	0.24 (13)	0.88 (29)	0.06 (4)	0.99 (29)	0.06 (2)	<b>1.9 (38)</b>
<b>Sheepshead Minnow</b>	0.4 (17)	0.24 (10)	0.58 (15)	0.66 (19)	0.51 (15)	0.23 (15)	0.23 (6)	3.35 (40)	1.2 (27)	<b>0.5 (13)</b>
<b>Striped Killifish</b>	8.6 (63)	7.5 (71)	14.5 (85)	14.9 (81)	12.9 (73)	19.4 (96)	7.1 (65)	21.2 (88)	21.7 (94)	<b>12.3 (75)</b>
<b>Smallmouth Flounder</b>	0.4 (6)	0.13 (13)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.01 (2)	0 (0)	0.14 (13)	<b>0.21 (15)</b>
<b>Striped Bass</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.06 (6)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.01 (2)	<b>0.0 (0)</b>
<b>Striped Searobin</b>	0.1 (10)	0.38 (29)	0.35 (25)	0.66 (40)	0.49 (38)	0.18 (13)	0.09 (13)	0.32 (27)	0.27 (19)	<b>0.78 (40)</b>
<b>Tautog</b>	0.5 (23)	0.61 (40)	1.5 (54)	1.1 (50)	1.4 (54)	0.7 (42)	0.38 (17)	2.42 (54)	1.04 (42)	<b>0.36 (35)</b>
<b>Weakfish</b>	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.15 (13)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	<b>0.0 (0)</b>
<b>Winter Flounder (young-of-year)</b>	<b>4.3 (77)</b>	<b>1.3 (58)</b>	<b>3.1 (79)</b>	<b>8.1 (85)</b>	<b>11.0 (98)</b>	<b>5.6 (94)</b>	<b>0.92 (46)</b>	<b>4.73 (92)</b>	<b>1.97 (71)</b>	<b>0.78 (52)</b>
<b>Winter Flounder (age 1 + older)</b>	0.1 (15)	0.03 (4)	0.03 (2)	0.0 (0)	0.13 (17)	0.17 (21)	0.10 (15)	0.08 (8)	0.15 (15)	<b>0.03 (4)</b>
<b>Windowpane Flounder</b>	0.05 (6)	0.0 (0)	0.01 (2)	0.7 (10)	0.2 (21)	0.17 (15)	0.04 (6)	0.03 (4)	0.15 (10)	<b>0.0 (0)</b>

**Table 2.2: Mean catch of young-of-year winter flounder at eight sites sampled by seine, 1988-2009.**

The 95% confidence interval, rounded to the nearest whole number, for each geometric mean per haul is given in parentheses. Sites are listed west to east, left to right.

Year	Greenwich	Bridgeport	Milford	New Haven	Clinton	Old Lyme	Waterford	Groton	All Sites
1988	9.7 (3-29)	*19.0 (1-23)	not sampled	38.7 (23-65)	2.7 (1-7)	58.4 (27-126)	29.6 (19-46)	11.4 (8-16)	15.5 (10-23)
1989	0.6 (0-2)	1.7 (1-10)	not sampled	4.7 (2-11)	1.1 (1-2)	1.6 (0-5)	3.5 (2-7)	1.5 (0-4)	1.9 (1-3)
1990	0.5 (0-1)	4.0 (0-5)	1.6 (0-4)	5.7 (2-14)	0.2 (0-1)	16.8 (10-21)	2.6 (0-4)	2.2 (0-8)	2.9 (2-4)
1991	2.0 (1-2)	1.8 (0-5)	2.7 (1-6)	6.4 (3-13)	4.1 (2-7)	15.3 (7-31)	18.2 (8-39)	5.6 (3-9)	5.2 (3-6)
1992	6.2 (4-19)	3.3 (1-8)	4.3 (1-16)	40.2 (17-94)	5.5 (3-10)	48.0 (32-134)	32.5 (18-59)	6.3 (4-10)	11.9 (7-18)
1993	4.3 (1-21)	1.2 (0-3)	3.6 (2-5)	11.5 (6-20)	1.4 (0-4)	13.3 (4-38)	16.7 (13-22)	8.6 (5-15)	5.6 (4-8)
1994	4.3 (1-20)	4.5 (2-7)	4.6 (1-12)	35.3 (21-59)	8.1 (2-31)	61.7 (37-103)	21.0 (8-52)	38.4 (9-144)	14.2 (9-21)
1995	7.2 (4-13)	1.9 (0-5)	1.8 (0-7)	19.0 (14-26)	3.2 (1-9)	34.2 (17-70)	36.6 (23-58)	30.3 (23-40)	10.1 (7-15)
1996	*12.6 (6-24)	7.7 (4-14)	*6.6 (5-9)	*49.3 (31-79)	11.8 (7-18)	91.3 (64-130)	30.5 (14-63)	15.7 (9-26)	*19.2 (14-26)
1997	3.4 (1-12)	2.9 (0-14)	1.6 (0-4)	3.8 (2-9)	6.6 (1-14)	52.0 (33-80)	11.3 (9-15)	23.7 (4-134)	7.5 (5-11)
1998	9.0 (5-17)	1.2 (0-3)	0.9 (0-2)	22.4 (14-35)	4.0 (3-5)	57.2 (38-86)	21.9 (12-40)	17.6 (4-67)	9.3 (6-14)
1999	8.0 (4-15)	1.0 (0-4)	3.5 (1-10)	0.9 (0-2)	2.6 (1-7)	*137.1 (75-249)	36.1 (24-55)	25.7 (12-55)	8.7 (5-14)
2000	6.7 (2-17)	2.1 (0-6)	0.8 (0-3)	1.7 (1-4)	0.5 (0-1)	48.3 (29-81)	*41.6 (31-55)	0.8 (0-3)	4.3 (2-7)
2001	1.2 (1-3.4)	0.2 (2-9)	0.6 (1-1.3)	0.0 (0)	1.1 (1-3.1)	0.9 (8-2.4)	9.1 (4.9-16.2)	4.1 (.7-14.5)	1.3 (.8-2.1)
2002	5.1 (1.6-13.3)	0.9 (0-2.7)	0.3 (0-0.8)	1.1 (2-2.5)	2.66 (0.7-7)	15.6 (8.7-27.3)	9.0 (5.9-13.5)	3.1 (0-17.3)	3.1 (2-4.6)
2003	5.9 (1.2-20.4)	1.9 (0.4-4.8)	0.9 (0-4.1)	1.7 (0.2-4.9)	4.6 (2.1-9.0)	51.1 (19.7-130.1)	32.3 (15.2-67.6)	*45.8 (8.0-243.3)	8.1 (4.7-13.4)
2004	11.3 (6.4-19.4)	1.0 (0.3-2.1)	3.4 (0.9-8.5)	33.1 (12.3-86)	*18.4 (9.2-35.7)	11.1 (4.2-27.4)	13.0 (5.7-28.5)	33.8 (20.2-56.1)	11.0 (7.6-15.6)
2005	7.7 (2.7-19.6)	1.9 (1.4-2.7)	5.1 (1-18.3)	1.6 (0.4-4.1)	11.1 (5-23.6)	4.1 (0.3-18.8)	7.3 (2-21.9)	16.7 (6.5-40.7)	5.6 (3.9-8.0)
2006	0.1 (0-0.5)	0.1 (0-0.5)	0 (0-0)	0 (0-0)	1.4 (0.4-3.1)	3.3 (2.1-5.0)	1.3 (0.1-3.8)	5.5 (0.8-23)	0.9 (0.5-1.5)
2007	4.4 (1.2-12.3)	0.8 (0-2.5)	0.8 (0.3-1.4)	6.4 (2.4-15)	5.6 (3.2-9.5)	7.9 (3.7-13.1)	7.1 (0.1-3.8)	17.9 (8.8-35.4)	4.7 (3.3-6.6)
2008	0.5 (0-1.4)	0.5 (0-1.4)	0.0 (0-0)	1.6 (0.3-4.1)	2.4 (0.9-5.3)	2.6 (0.4-8.1)	5.9 (2.9-11.3)	10.8 (4.4-25)	2.0 (1.3-2.9)
2009	<b>0.1</b> <b>(0.1-0.5)</b>	<b>0.9</b> <b>(0.3-1.7)</b>	<b>0.5</b> <b>(0.1-1.4)</b>	<b>0.1</b> <b>(0.1-0.5)</b>	<b>1.6</b> <b>(0.5-3.7)</b>	<b>0.1</b> <b>(0.1-0.5)</b>	<b>1.8</b> <b>(0.1-2.6)</b>	<b>2.3</b> <b>(1.0-12.2)</b>	<b>0.8**</b> <b>(0.5-1.2)</b>

\*record high for a site.

\*\* record low for time-series

**Table 2.3: Total catch of 14 invertebrate species at eight sites sampled by seine, 2009 and total catch for all sites combined, 2004-2009.** Seine sites are listed west to east.

Species	Greenwich	Bridgeport	Milford	New Haven	Clinton	Old Lyme	Waterford	Groton	All Sites
<b>Blue Crab</b>	5	116	35	0	14	135	0	28	<b>333</b>
<b>Comb Jelly</b>	0	0	0	46	300	0	0	0	<b>346</b>
<b>Green Crab</b>	0	9	36	1	7	30	73	28	<b>176</b>
<b>Hermit Crab</b>	31	77	101	9	164	29	76	52	<b>539</b>
<b>Asian Crab</b>	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	<b>2</b>
<b>Lady Crab</b>	0	2	2	7	6	0	1	3	<b>42</b>
<b>Mud Crab</b>	2	0	5	27	8	7	18	0	<b>67</b>
<b>Mole Crab</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
<b>Mud Snail</b>	128	250	408	122	1,468	137	118	497	<b>3,128</b>
<b>Rock Crab</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
<b>Sand Shrimp</b>	106	49	48	15	64	206	67	207	<b>2,625</b>
<b>Spider Crab</b>	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>3</b>
<b>Shore Shrimp</b>	35	71	12	144	41	69	141	22	<b>1,390</b>
<b>Shortfin Squid</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>

Species	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
<b>Blue Crab</b>	1	2	84	31	4	<b>333</b>
<b>Comb Jelly</b>	0	0	0	0	0	<b>346</b>
<b>Green Crab</b>	234	269	1,024	147	644	<b>176</b>
<b>Hermit Crab</b>	760	567	703	153	244	<b>539</b>
<b>Japan Crab</b>	1	0	1	1	0	<b>2</b>
<b>Lady Crab</b>	298	119	66	195	92	<b>42</b>
<b>Mud Crab</b>	60	52	74	30	85	<b>67</b>
<b>Mole Crab</b>	1	5	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
<b>Mud Snail</b>	948	2,071	4,478	3,569	3,810	<b>3,128</b>
<b>Rock Crab</b>	2	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
<b>Sand Shrimp</b>	278	373	1,027	525	2,625	<b>762</b>
<b>Spider Crab</b>	4	2	12	1	3	<b>1</b>
<b>Shore Shrimp</b>	990	404	1,149	707	1,390	<b>535</b>
<b>Shortfin Squid</b>	0	0	0	1	0	<b>0</b>

**Table 2.4: Total Catch by Species, 1988-2009.**

SPECIES	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Alewife			1				1								28	1				
American Eel	1	3	1	1			1				5									
American Shad			1																	
American Sand Lance			1				10													
Atlantic Needlefish																				
Atlantic Silverside	4,750	3,319	10,977	8,765	5,545	5,263	6,311	2,352	1,942	3,249	6,532	10,120	8,738	4,417	5,730	13,278	5,122	5,089	3,267	5,087
Atlantic Tomcod			13			3											1	3		
Banded Gunnel											2	3					4	2	3	1
Bay Anchovy	18	67	24								27			1			1	12		
Black-Spot Stickleback			11																	
Black Sea Bass				10			41	43			27	14	2	687	63	27	110	15	82	109
Blueback Herring			202	194	10		5	2			3	24	1		13	5				9
Bluefish (snapper)			26	23	2		1			1	11	152	3	8	2	17	23	8		
Bluespotted Coronetfish												1								
Crevalle Jack	5		1																	
Cunner	15	13	14	7	19		42	24	63	1	24	142	26	15	110	15	54	35	18	58
Flying Gurnard																				1
4-Spine Stickleback	33	76	83	225	11	21	1		3		6	3	1	7			9		2	
Gray Snapper				1																
Grubby	111		54	10	61	7	38	19	21	28	17	55	15	73	33	95	143	76	31	32
Hogchoker				3	1															
Inshore Lizardfish	5		2			2	6			46	6	16	15	103	2		3	169	18	
Little Skate										1					1					
Menhaden	3		4	5	1,074	3	9	2		11	2,003	377	1,236	1	1,284	5,098	1,117	75	117	144
Mummichog	1,031	198	710	1,150	573	1,256	2,343	78	151	190	396	115	1,008	246	811	702	637	543	398	1,203
Naked Goby				1	5			1			1	1		4	2	2	2		13	
Nine-Spine Stickleback				132																
Northern Kingfish				2	5	4	23	2	9	3	10	7	6	5	17	5	21	38	11	1
Northern Pipefish	64	19	216	142	120	82	117	52	241	38	191	141	96	189	87	25	72	92	82	75
Northern Puffer	4	14	59	37	4	37	15	40	25	5	5	13	63	14	79	101	75	93	34	241

**Table 2.4 Cont.: Total Catch by Species, 1988-2009.**

SPECIES	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Northern Searobin			7										3	40	24	5	4	13	2	10
Northern Sennet																			1	
Northern Stargazer			5																	
Oyster Toadfish	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1		1		1	2	1	1	1	
Pumpkinseed					2												3			
Rainbow Smelt						5	2										34			
Rainwater Killifish				4							4		2		6	35	53	19	3	
Rock Gunnel				1		1	1				3						1			
Seahorse (Northern)				1				4			1		2		1				2	
Scup (Porgy)												1		58	172	131	50	154	6	170
Sheepshead Minnow	168	816	20	345	4	1	2	30	7	14	19	12	267	59	402	276	205	28	104	1,439
Smallmouth Flounder	1			1		8	14	7	2	5		40	3	12					1	
Smooth Dogfish				1																
Spotted Hake				1																
Striped Anchovy																				
Striped Bass												1				6				
Striped Burrfish												1								
Striped Killifish	1,416	1,504	1,824	1,009	465	863	2,323	520	269	289	1,066	539	1,797	1,494	1,698	3,410	1,548	1,470	1,063	1,994
Striped Searobin	22		20	125	5	71	5	1	9	40							38	19	6	32
Summer Flounder						2	6		1		1								16	8
Tautog (Blackfish)	23	17	53	135	32	16	104	88	42	20	133	174	67	59	153	140	145	64	93	321
Three-Spine Stickleback			64											11						
Weakfish																15				
Web Burrfish																		1		
White Perch																	3			
White Mullet			8		3										1			7	7	
Windowpane Flounder	49		64	19	35	30	9	13	71	50	12	10	4		1	5	15	15	3	2
Winter Flounder (age 0)	904	139	276	483	1,055	481	1,401	916	1,486	874	1,015	1,497	708	138	302	1,310	914	470	110	365
Winter Flounder (age 1)	7	5	16	9	6	14	13	12	21	8	9	4	7	2	3		9	11	7	6
Yellow Jack			1																	

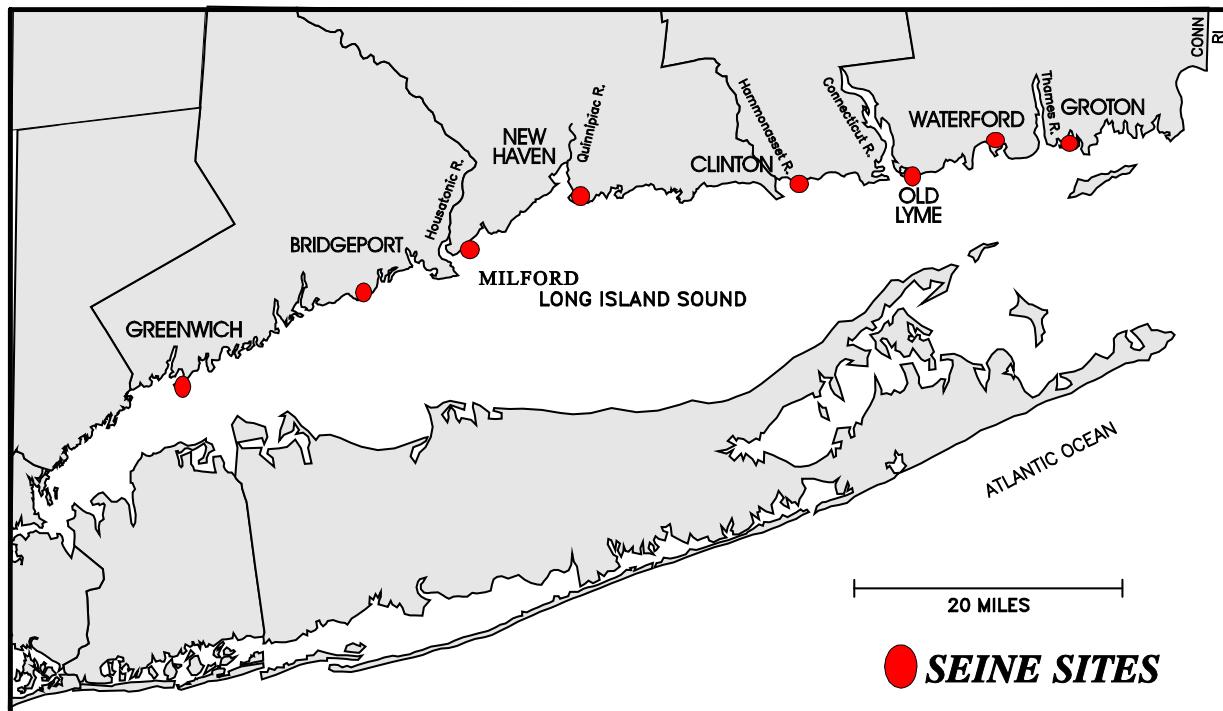
**Table 2.4 Cont.: Total Catch by Species, 1988-2009.**

SPECIES	2008	2009
Alewife		
American Eel		
American Shad		
American Sand Lance		
Atlantic Needlefish	2	
Atlantic Silverside	3,245	<b>4,156</b>
Atlantic Tomcod	1	
Banded Gunnel	3	
Bay Anchovy	15	
Black-Spot Stickleback		
Black Sea Bass	33	<b>304</b>
Blueback Herring		
Bluefish (snapper)	7	<b>53</b>
Bluespotted Coronetfish		
Crevalle Jack		
Cunner	8	<b>28</b>
Flying Gurnard		
4-Spine Stickleback		<b>8</b>
Gray Snapper		
Grubby	16	<b>51</b>
Hogchoker		<b>1</b>
Inshore Lizardfish	26	<b>22</b>
Little Skate		
Menhaden	21	<b>54</b>
Mummichog	498	<b>857</b>
Naked Goby	2	
Nine-Spine Stickleback		
Northern Kingfish	23	<b>42</b>
Northern Pipefish	156	<b>307</b>
Northern Puffer	19	<b>41</b>

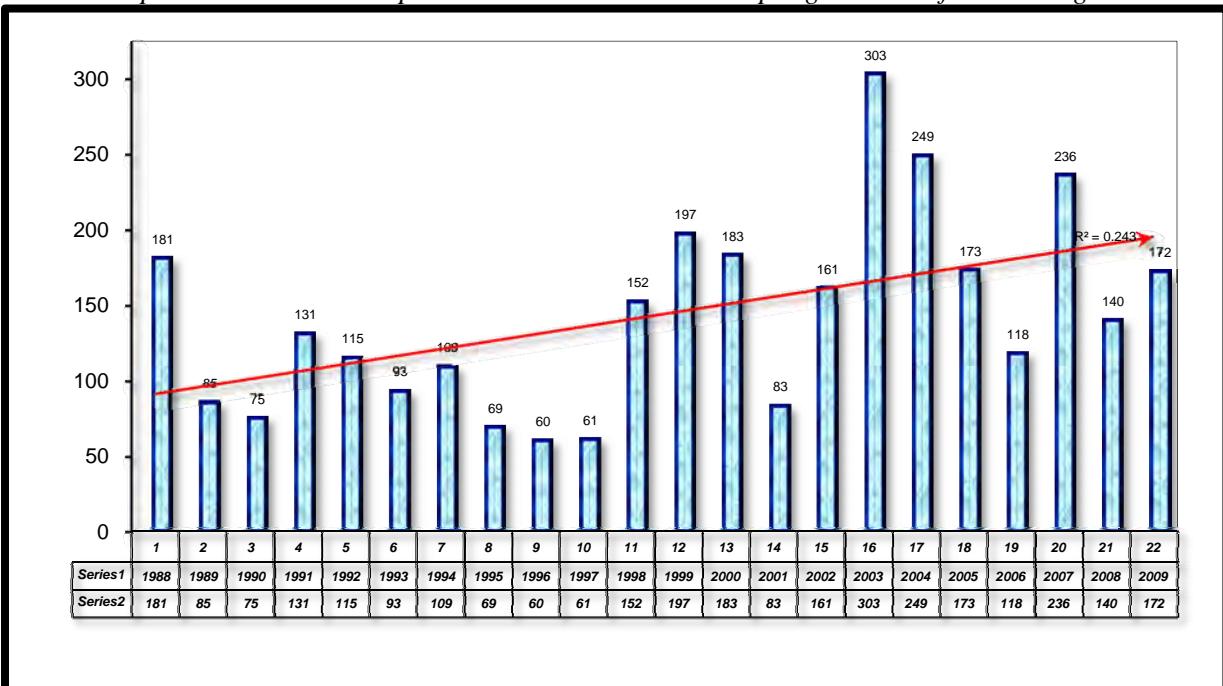
**Table 2.4 Cont.: Total Catch by Species, 1988-2009.**

SPECIES	2008	2009
Northern Searobin		
Northern Sennet		
Northern Stargazer		
Oyster Toadfish	2	1
Pumpkinseed		
Rainbow Smelt		
Rainwater Killifish		
Rock Gunnel	1	
Seahorse (Northern)	7	2
Scup (Porgy)	14	413
Sheepshead Minnow	304	203
Smallmouth Flounder	14	21
Smooth Dogfish		
Spotted Hake		
Striped Anchovy	3	
Striped Bass	1	
Striped Burrfish		
Striped Killifish	1,874	1,508
Striped Searobin	36	82
Summer Flounder	8	1
Tautog (Blackfish)	131	25
Three-Spine Stickleback		
Weakfish		
Web Burrfish		
White Perch	11	
White Mullet	11	
Windowpane Flounder	17	
Winter Flounder (age 0)	190	72
Winter Flounder (age 1)	13	2
Yellow Jack		

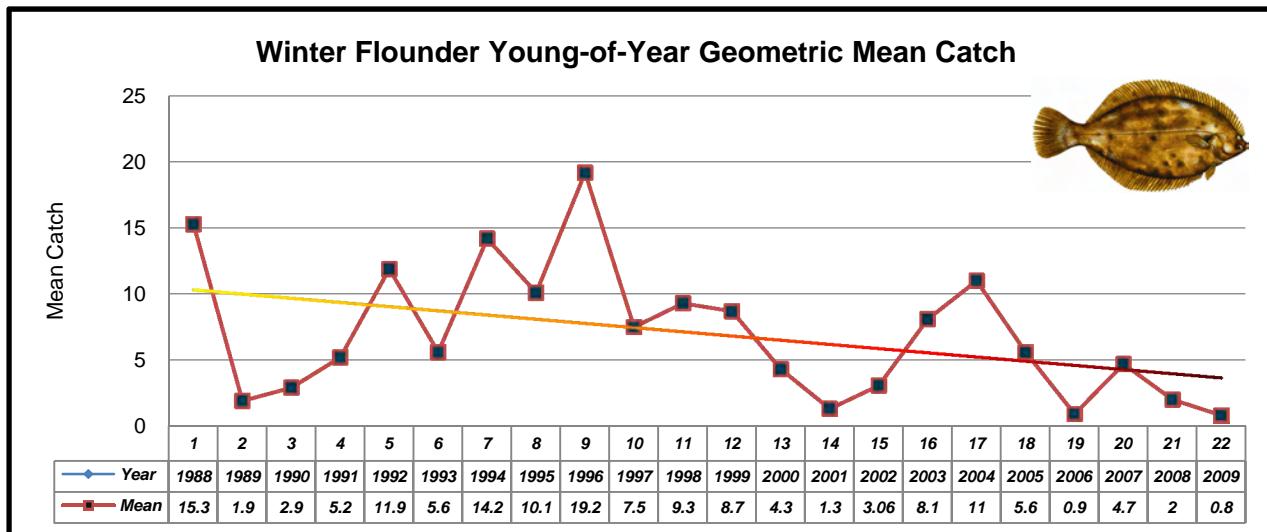
**Figure 2.1:** Sampling locations of the seine survey along the coast of Connecticut.



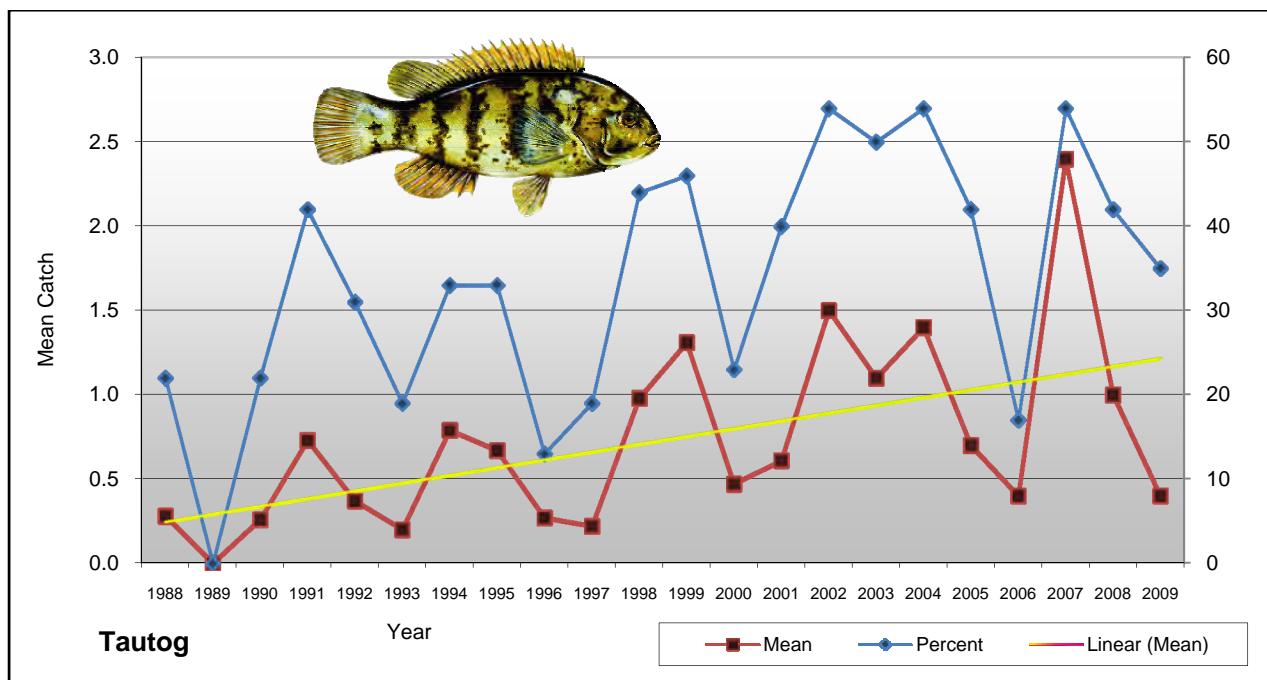
**Figure 2.2:** Mean catch (numbers) of all finfish taken in seine samples, 1988-2009.  
Mean catch per haul includes samples at all sites. Note that sampling at the Milford site began in 1990.



**Figure 2.3: Mean catch of young-of-year winter flounder, 1988-2009.** The trend line is shown as a horizontal line with an arrow. Note that all sites are included with sampling at the Milford site beginning in 1990.



**Figure 2.4: Mean catch of tautog young-of-year taken in seine samples, 1988-2009.** Geometric mean catch per haul (numbers) and occurrence (percent) includes samples at all sites. The time series trend line is shown by the black line with an arrow. Note that sampling at the Milford site began in 1990.



**Figure 2.5: Mean catch of forage fish at eight sites sampled by seine, 1988-2009.**

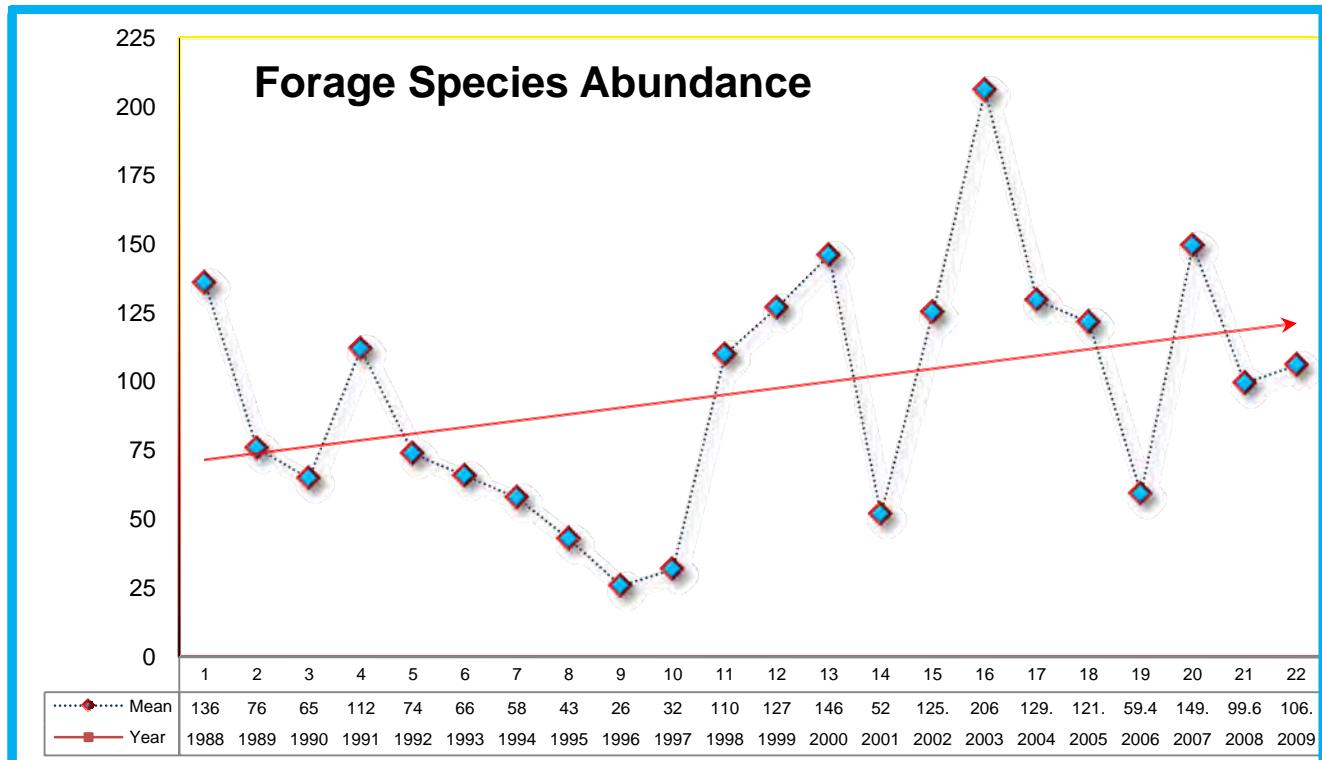
Forage species include Atlantic silversides, mummichog, sheepshead minnow, and striped killifish.

The 95% confidence interval (CI) for each mean is also listed. See Appendix 2.1 for complete species names.

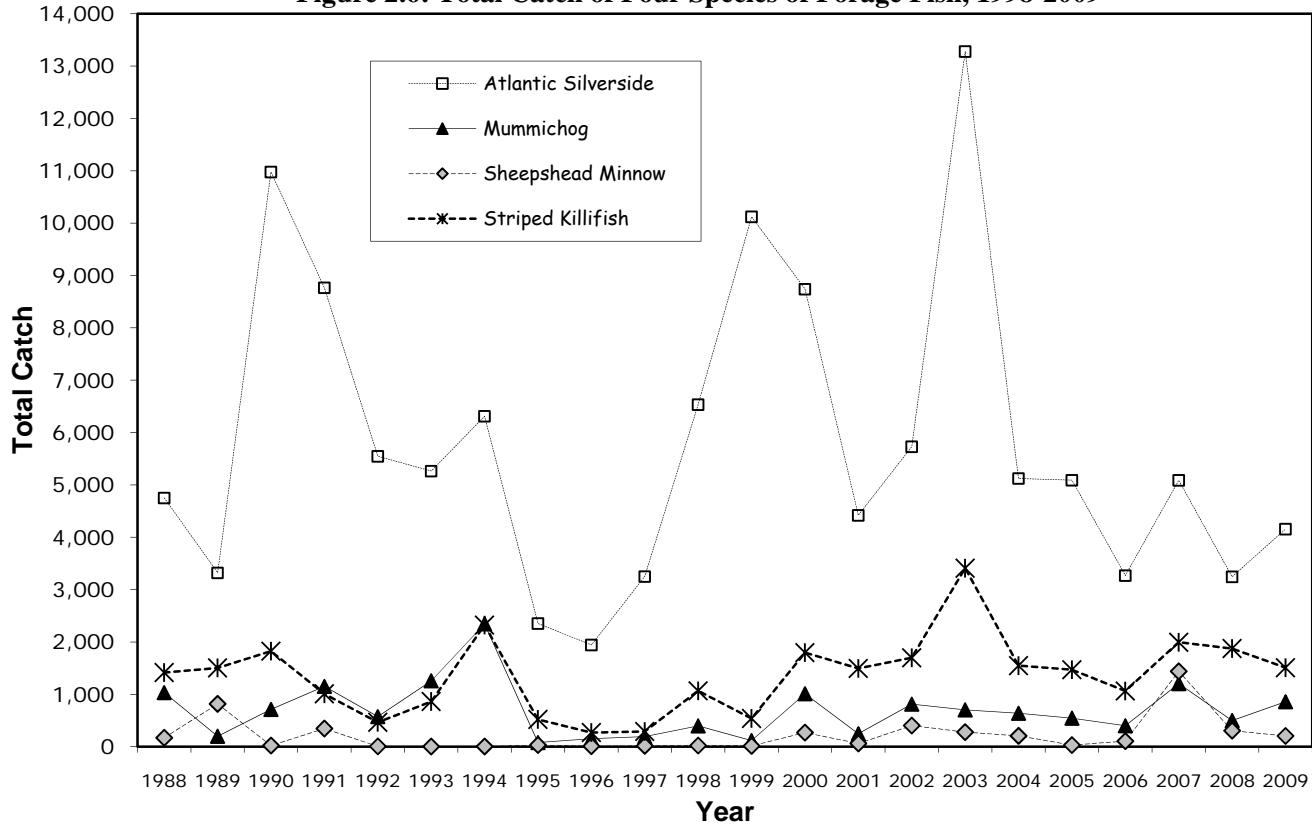
**MEAN CATCH PER STANDARD HAUL**

YEAR	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
MEAN	136.3	76.1	65.0	111.7	74.2	65.6	58.0	42.5	25.9	32.2	110.0
95% CI	97-189	52-107	45-94	81-149	52-104	41-103	34-99	32-57	18-36	20-50	83-145

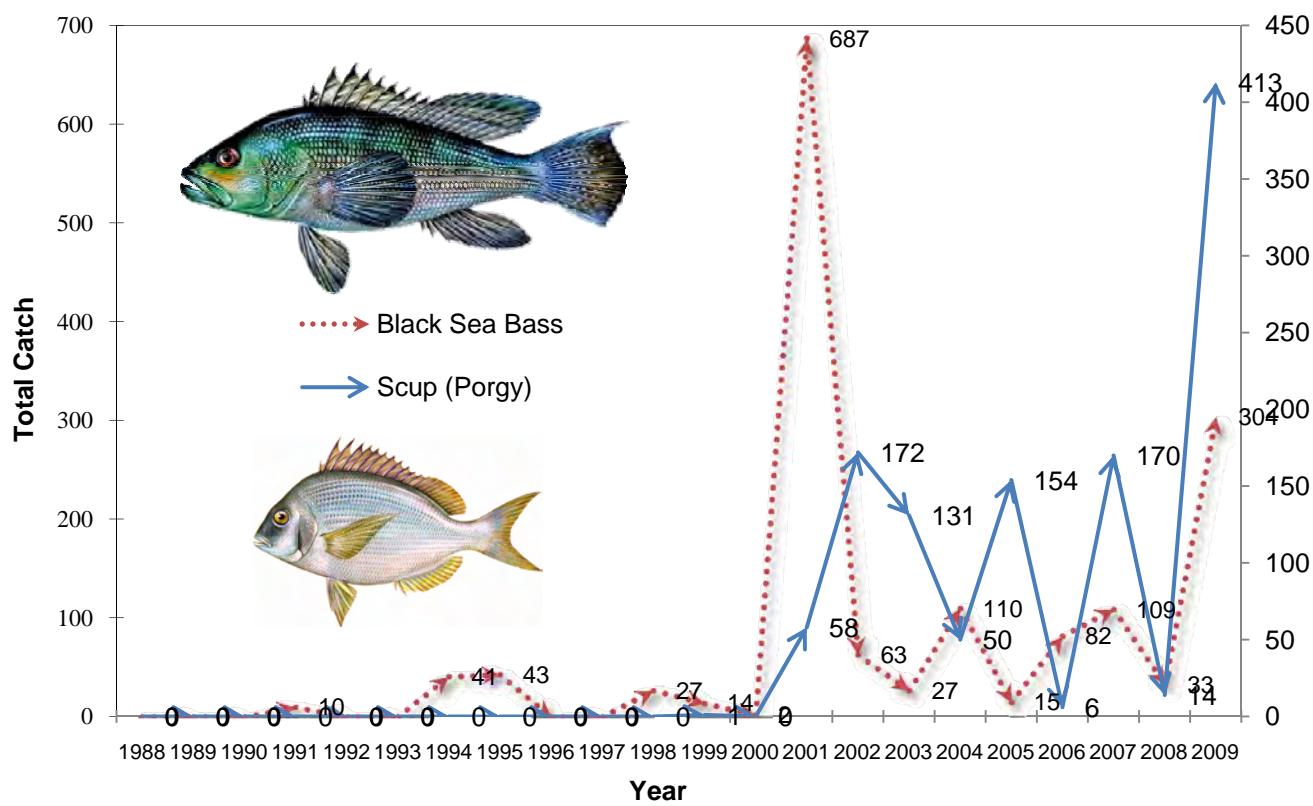
YEAR	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
MEAN	126.9	146.3	52.4	125.3	206.4	129.7	121.7	59.4	149.5	99.6	106.1
95% CI	85-190	108-197	32-86	97-162	152-281	108-155	101-147	43-82	119-187	82-121	86-131



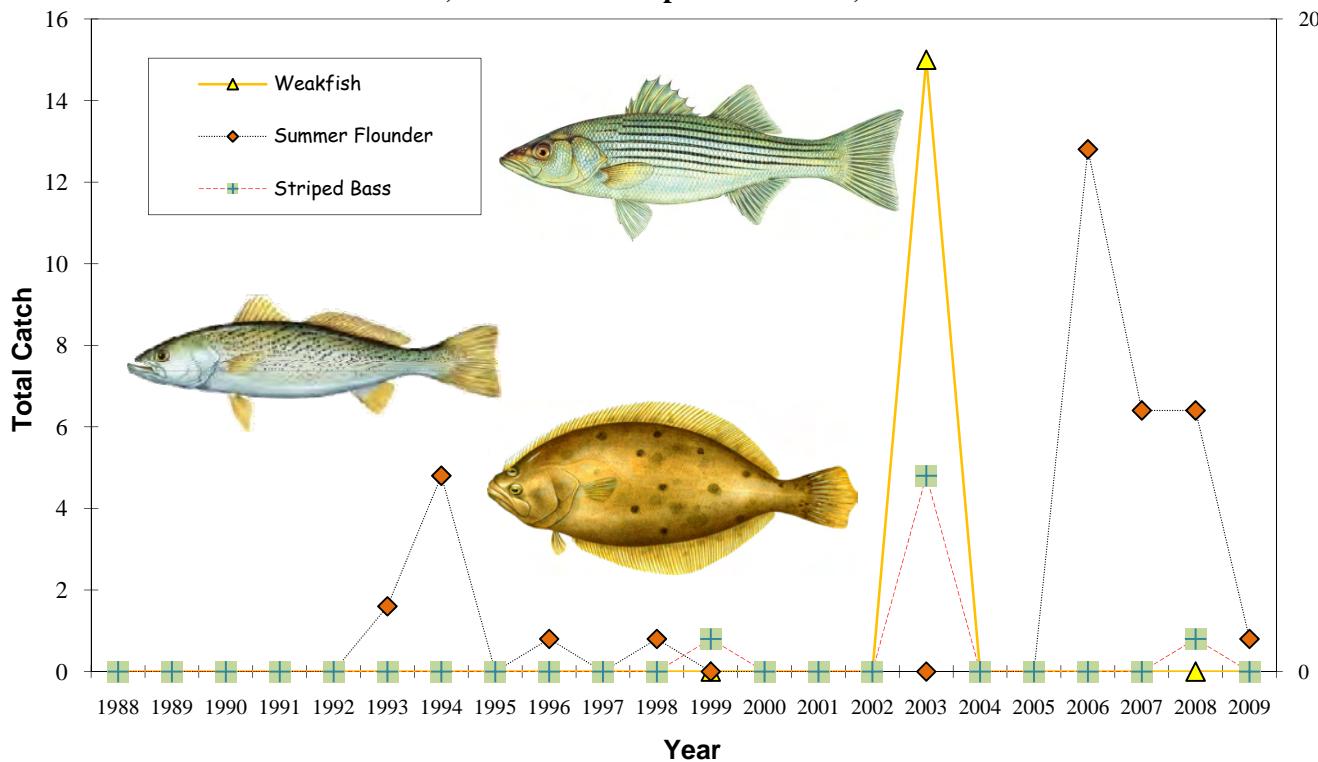
**Figure 2.6: Total Catch of Four Species of Forage Fish, 1998-2009**



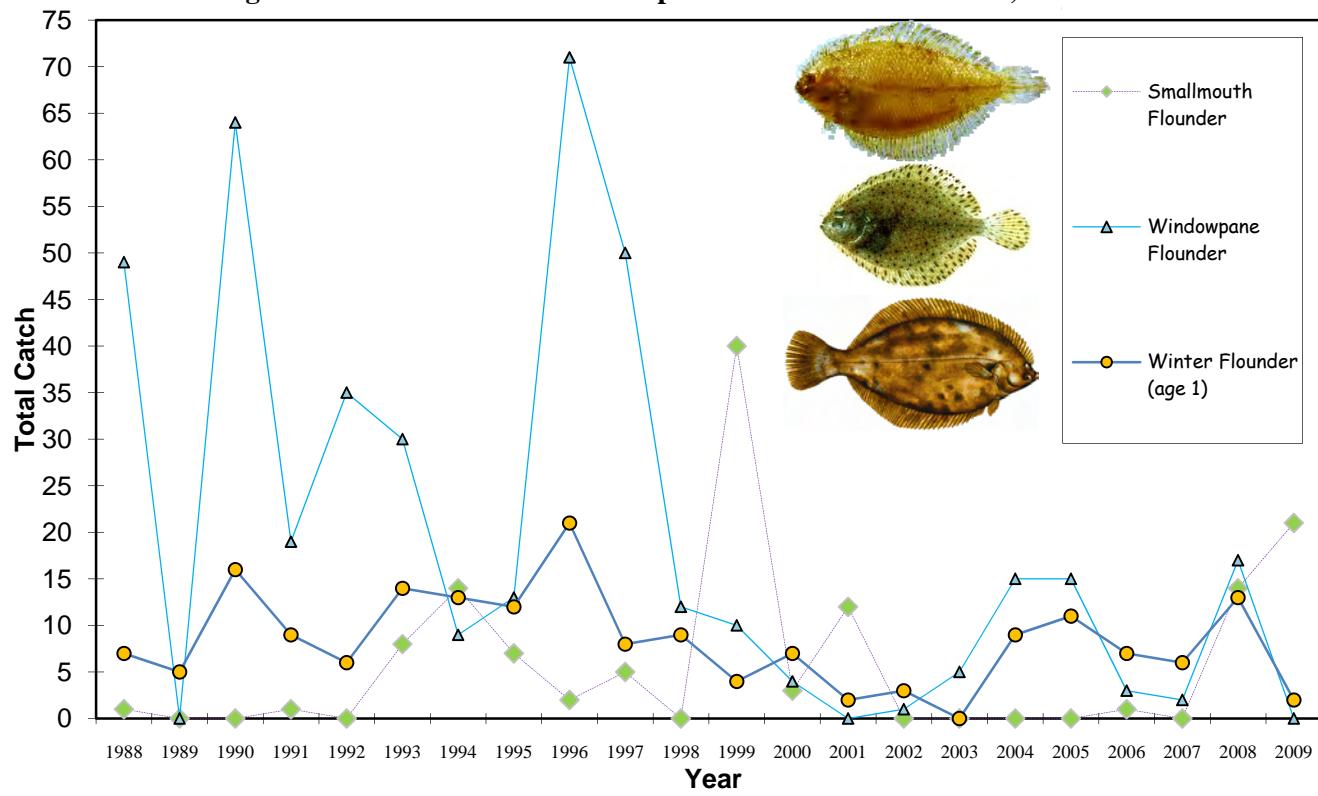
**Figure 2.7: Total Catch of Juvenile Black Sea Bass and Scup, Recreational Important Finfish, 1988-2009**



**Figure 2.8: Total Catch of Juvenile Striped Bass, Summer Flounder and Weakfish, Recreational Important Finfish, 1988-2009**



**Figure 2.9: Total Catch of Three Species of Juvenile Flounders, 1998-2009**



**Appendix 2.1: Finfish species taken in the Estuarine Seine Survey, 1988-2009.**

<u>COMMON NAME</u>	<u>SPECIES CODE</u>	<u>SCIENTIFIC NAME</u>
Alewife	ALW	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>
American eel	EEL	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>
American shad	ASD	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>
American sand lance	ASL	<i>Ammodytes americanus</i>
Atlantic needlefish	ANF	<i>Strongylura marina</i>
Atlantic silversides	ASS	<i>Menidia menidia</i>
Atlantic tomcod	TOM	<i>Microgadus tomcod</i>
Banded gunnel	BGN	<i>Pholis fasciata</i>
Bay anchovy	ACH	<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>
Black-spot stickleback	BSS	<i>Gasterosteus wheatlandi</i>
Black sea bass	BSB	<i>Centropristes striata</i>
Blueback herring	BBH	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>
Bluefish	BLF	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Blue spotted coronetfish	BSC	<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>
Crevalle jack	CRJ	<i>Caranx hippos</i>
Cunner	CUN	<i>Tautogolabrus adspersus</i>
Flying Gurnard	FGD	<i>Dactylopterus volitans</i>
Four-spine stickleback	FSS	<i>Apeltes quadratus</i>
Gray snapper	GRA	<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>
Grubby	GRB	<i>Myoxocephalus aeneus</i>
Hogchoker	HOG	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>
Inshore lizardfish	LIZ	<i>Synodus foetens</i>
Little skate	LSK	<i>Raja erinacea</i>
Menhaden	MEN	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>
Mummichog	MUM	<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>
Naked goby	NKG	<i>Gobiosoma boscii</i>
Nine-spine stickleback	NSS	<i>Pungitius pungitius</i>
Northern kingfish	NKF	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>
Northern pipefish	PIP	<i>Syngnathus fuscus</i>
Northern puffer	PUF	<i>Sphaeroides maculatus</i>
Northern searobin	NSR	<i>Prionotus carolinus</i>
Northern stargazer	STR	<i>Astroscopus guttatus</i>
Pumpkinseed	PUM	<i>Lepomis gibbosus</i>
Rainbow smelt	RSM	<i>Osmerus mordax</i>
Rainwater killifish	RWK	<i>Lucania parva</i>
Rock gunnel	RGN	<i>Pholis gunnellus</i>
Northern seahorse	SEH	<i>Hippocampus erectus</i>
Northern sennet	NOS	<i>Sphyraena borealis</i>
Scup	PGY	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>
Sheepshead minnow	SHM	<i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i>
Smallmouth flounder	SMF	<i>Etropus microstomus</i>
Smooth dogfish	SMD	<i>Mustelus canis</i>
Spotted hake	SPH	<i>Urophycis regius</i>
Striped anchovy	STA	<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>
Striped bass	STB	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>
Striped burrfish	SBF	<i>Chilomycterus schoepfi</i>
Striped killifish	SKF	<i>Fundulus majalis</i>
Striped searobin	SSR	<i>Prionotus evolans</i>
Summer flounder	SFL	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>
Tautog	BKF	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>
Three-spine stickleback	TSS	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>
Toadfish	TDF	<i>Opsanus tau</i>
Weakfish	WKF	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>
Web Burrfish	WBF	<i>Chilomycterus antillarum</i>
White mullet	WML	<i>Mugil curema</i>
Windowpane flounder	WPF	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>
Winter flounder (YOY)	WFO	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>
Winter flounder (AGE 1+)	WFL	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>
Yellow jack	YJK	<i>Caranx bartholomaei</i>

## **Appendix 2.2: Invertebrate species taken in the Estuarine Seine Survey, 1988-2009.**

<u>COMMON NAME</u>	<u>SPECIES CODE</u>	<u>SCIENTIFIC NAME</u>
Blue crab	BCR	<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>
Brown Shrimp	BNS	<i>Panaeus aztecus</i>
Northern Comb Jelly	COM	<i>Bolinopsis infundibulum</i>
Green crab	GCR	<i>Carcinus maenas</i>
Hermit crab	HER	<i>Pagurus spp.</i>
Horseshoe crab	HSC	<i>Limulus polyphemus</i>
Shortfin Squid	ILL	<i>Illex illecebrosus</i>
Japanese crab	JCR	<i>Hemigrapsus sanguineus</i>
Lady crab	LCR	<i>Ovalipes ocellatus</i>
Mud crab	BMC	<i>Panopeus spp.</i>
Mole crab	MLR	<i>Emerita talpoida</i>
Mud snail	MSN	<i>Nassarius obsoletus</i>
Rock crab	RCR	<i>Cancer irroratus</i>
Sand shrimp	CRG	<i>Crangon septemspinosa</i>
Shore shrimp	PAL	<i>Palaemonetes spp.</i>

**Figure 2.10: Haul Seining in 2009.**





### **JOB 3: INSHORE SURVEY**

## **JOB 3: INSHORE SURVEY**

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## **JOB 3: INSHORE SURVEY**

### **STUDY PERIOD AND AREA**

This report contains information on studies conducted in the Connecticut and Thames Rivers on American shad, blueback herring, menhaden and common nearshore marine species in 2009. Areas sampled on the Connecticut River range from Holyoke, MA to Essex, CT. The Thames River areas range from just south of Norwich Harbor to Uncasville, CT. Time series data collected under a separate funding source from 1978-2007 are also included.

### **GOAL**

To monitor relative abundance and distribution of American shad and other fish in Connecticut's nearshore waters.

### **OBJECTIVES**

*Provide:*

- 1) *Information on the adult American shad spawning population: age structure, sex ratio and size.*
- 2) *Annual indices of relative abundance for juvenile shad, blueback herring and common nearshore marine species.*

### **INTRODUCTION**

Historically, American shad (*Alosa sapidissima*) have been an important resource to the State of Connecticut. Annual spawning migrations of shad in the Connecticut River have supported recreational and commercial fisheries within Connecticut, as well as recreational fisheries in upriver states. Information on the abundance of shad, age structure, sex ratio, and annual reproductive success are all important in the management of this species.

The Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection collects information on American shad to monitor annual changes in stock composition and manage the commercial and recreational fisheries in the Connecticut River. The department has collected information on adult shad since 1974 and has collected information on juvenile shad since 1978.

Sampling for American shad was expanded to the Thames River system after 1996 to monitor the effect of the operation of the Greenville Dam fishway. The fishway was constructed to aid in the enhancement of American shad in the system. CT DEP initiated the seine survey in the Thames River to estimate juvenile production of shad. Sites were chosen based on previous work conducted in the Thames River. The survey documented few shad and river herring, but was continued to monitor catches of forage fish and juvenile fish of recreationally important species such as menhaden, tautog, winter flounder and bluefish.

## METHODS

### American shad adults:

The adult American shad age structure and sex ratio were determined from samples collected at the Holyoke Dam fish lift in Massachusetts. Information on the number of fish lifted daily, number of days the lift was in operation and the daily sex ratio at Holyoke was provided to CTDEP by the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife. The annual sex ratio was calculated by weighting the daily reported sex ratio by the number of fish lifted.

Scales were removed from a subsample of shad for age determination. All shad sampled were measured to fork length (mm). Sex of the fish was determined by visual inspection of the gonads of sacrificed fish. Approximately 25 scales were removed from above the lateral line anterior to the dorsal fin of each fish.

Scale samples were separated by sex and stratified into 0.5 cm length groups. Scale samples will be processed by cleaning with an ultrasonic cleaner and pressed onto acetate for aging. Age determination was made as the consensus, by two or more readers, of counting annuli and spawning scars on the magnified projected scale image, using criteria from Cating (1953). Repeat spawners were noted by the presence of spawning scar(s) at the periphery of the scale. The age and repeat spawning frequency were extrapolated to the total number of fish lifted at Holyoke by direct proportion.

### Connecticut River Seine Survey

One seine haul was conducted at seven fixed locations one day a week from July 15 through October 15. Seine haul locations and techniques were identical to those used in past Connecticut River seine surveys. The sampling sites were previously chosen based on location, physical conditions and accessibility (Marcy 2004, Crecco et. al. 1981, Savoy and Shake 1993). The seven stations were sampled during daylight hours with a 15.2 m nylon bag seine (0.5 cm delta mesh) and 30.5 m lead ropes. The seine was fished with the aid of a boat to deploy it upstream and offshore to sweep down through the site. Using the lead ropes, the seine was towed in a downstream arc to the shore and beached. All species other than family clupeidae, (American shad, blueback herring, alewife, menhaden) were identified, quantified or estimated by subsample and released.

### Thames River Seine Survey

Eight fixed stations were sampled twice a month from July 10 through October 15. Method of seine deployment and gear used in the Thames River were identical to those used for the Connecticut River seine survey.

All, or a representative sub-sample of clupeids (*Alosa sapidissima*, *A. aestivalis*, *A. pseudoharengus*, and *Brevoortia tyrannus*) were returned to the laboratory for measurement and identification. All other fish were identified and counted (subsampling large catches as necessary) and returned to the water. In the laboratory, juvenile clupeids were identified to species by the criteria of Lippson and Moran (1974) and counted. For each sample, up to 40 randomly selected clupeids of each species were measured to total length (mm).

Relative abundance indices were calculated using both the arithmetic and geometric mean catch per haul among all stations and dates combined. Artithmetic mean catch per haul is presented for American shad and blueback herring because it has been the preferred index when looking at year to year changes. Geometric mean is the preferred method when reporting to the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission for annual compliance reports. See job 2 part 1 methods section for calculating geometric mean (Gottschall 2009 Job 2.1).

## RESULTS

### **Connecticut River Adult American shad:**

The Holyoke fishlift was open for fish passage from April 14 through July 29, 2009 except for periods of high water in the river. The lift operated for 97 days during the spring and summer of 2009. Total lift numbers of American shad at the Holyoke Dam were received from the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife. The number of shad passed at Holyoke in 2009. (160,669) was 5% higher than 2008 (153,149) (Table3.1, Figure 3.1). The number of American shad lifted upstream annually at the Holyoke Dam has been variable through the time series and remains below the long term average of 296,867 (range 114,137 to 721,764). The lift was opened in early April, with the first shad passage on April 23. The lift continued to operate through July 29 for 97 days except for closings due to high water or operational factors. The sex ratio of the 2009 shad run was derived from information collected at the Holyoke fishlift which is located at Rkm 140, upstream of both the commercial and sport fisheries. The combined impact of these small fisheries is not thought to be significant enough to affect the composition of the run. The weighted sex ratio of shad sampled at Holyoke provided by Mass Wildlife was 48% for males and 52% females.

American shad were sampled for scales on 34 days during lift operation from May 7<sup>th</sup> through June 25<sup>th</sup>. The shad age structure from scale samples was expanded based on the number of fish lifted at Holyoke Dam. Four hundred thirty seven scale samples collected from shad at the Holyoke lift were examined for age determination.

Length frequencies of males sampled for scales ranged from 31.0 to 48.0 cm with a mean size of 40.2 cm (Table 3.2, Figure 3.2). The 2009 male population of spawners was comprised of shad from the 2003-2006 year classes. Forty three percent of male shad scales examined were from 4 year old fish. Slightly lower in abundance were 5 year old males at 42 percent. Three year old males had a smaller contribution to the age structure at 11 percent and lastly 3 percent of males were 6 year old fish (Table 3.3 ).

Length frequencies of females sampled for scales ranged from 37.0 to 53.0 cm FLwith a mean fork length of 44.9 cm (Table 3.2). The majority of the 2009 female spawners were made up of the 2004 year class. Fifty eight percent of female scale samples examined were 5 year old fish. Four old fish contributed 24 percent to the annual run and seventeen percent were 6 year old fish. The incidence of repeat spawning remains low. The percentage of repeat spawners for males is 5.8% versus 3.3 % among females (Table 3.3). Combining both sexes gives a total repeat rate of 4.5%. The shad spawning population continues to rely on a few age classes and low rates of

repeat spawners.

### **Connecticut River Seine Survey**

Juvenile collections in the Connecticut River were conducted from July 15 through October 14, 2009. Ninety seven seine hauls were made and a total of 1,790 juvenile American shad were collected (Table 3.4). Ranked from highest to lowest cpue, the arithmetic mean catch for 2009 is 24 out of 32 (Table 3.6). Two stations (Holyoke and Deep River) accounted for 75% of the total 2009 catch. The maximum shad caught in a single haul was 306 fish collected in mid-August at the Holyoke site, which was 17% of the total catch for the season. The low catches in 2009 resulted in an average (arithmetic mean) catch per unit effort of 18.45 (Table 3.6). Annual catches of American shad by station over time has been variable with Holyoke and Wilson typically being the sites with the largest numbers of juvenile shad (Figure 3.3). In 2009 overall shad catches were low at most stations, particularly the northern sites. The incidence of zero counts was moderately high within the year at 41% from the Enfield, Wilson and Glastonbury stations. The Enfield station produced the highest number of zero catches which is typical for most years. The Wilson station had low catches compared to recent years and accounted for only 1 % of the total catch in 2009. (Figure 3.3).

Blueback herring catches for 2009 were lower than those for American shad. and accounted for 38% percent collected of the two *Alosa* species (Figure 3.4). Historically the ratio of shad to bluebacks has varied with up of 90% bluebacks in early years. The 2009 *Alosa spp.* catches were 61% shad and 39% bluebacks. The three southernmost stations (Salmon River, Deep River, Essex) accounted for 99% of the total juvenile blueback catches in 2009. A total of 1,137 blueback herring were collected in 2009 resulting in the lowest cpue in the time series (Table 3.6).

In the ninety-seven seine hauls completed in 2009, over 27,000 fish comprised of 29 species or taxonomic groups were collected (Table 3.7). To minimize mortality and to facilitate returning large catches of fish quickly to the water, some fish were identified only to the family or genus level (e.g. sunfish, catfish, killifish). Large catches of juvenile fish of non-targeted species were sometimes quantified with a visual estimate to minimize handling and processing time. Estimated catches are noted as such in the database. In 2009, the most abundant species collected were menhaden, spottail shiners, American shad and blueback herring. Killifish, mummichogs, anchovies and sunfish were also abundant and had a high percent occurrence in the catches (Table 3.7). Shiners, American shad, sunfish, blueback herring, yellow perch and killifish and mummichogs had the highest percent frequencies of occurrence (table 3.7)

### **Thames River Seine Survey**

The 2009 Thames River survey completed 62 seine hauls. Over 45,000 fish were collected representing 29 groups or species (Table 3.8). Snapper bluefish occur frequently in the catches, but not necessarily in high abundance in individual catches. Occurrence of winter flounder in the catches has varied with 2009 being a year of low occurrence. Tautog occurrence has also varied and is the lowest of the 5 year time series (Table 3.8).

There were 39,909 menhaden collected which were 88% of the fish caught in 2009. Atlantic silversides (7%) and bay anchovies (2%) were the second and third most abundant fish collected. Juvenile menhaden catches have been variable with a peak geometric mean cpue of 117.46 in 2002 (Table 3.9).

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Table 3.1. Number of adult shad lifted at the Holyoke Dam, 1975-2009.

<b>Year</b>	<b>Shad Lift</b>
1975	114137
1976	346702
1977	202997
1978	144698
1979	255753
1980	376276
1981	377124
1982	294834
1983	528185
1984	496879
1985	481668
1986	352122
1987	271974
1988	294157
1989	353819
1990	363825
1991	523153
1992	721764
1993	340431
1994	180807
1995	190295
1996	276289
1997	299448
1998	315810
1999	193187
2000	224483
2001	273220
2002	374543
2003	286795
2004	191295
2005	116519
2006	154745
2007	158812
2008	153149
2009	160669

Table 3.2. Length Frequencies of adult American shad sampled for scales at the Holyoke fish lift 2009.

<b>FL (cm)</b>	<b>Bucks</b>	<b>Roes</b>	<b>Total</b>
31.0	1		1
32.0	5		5
32.5	1		1
33.0	3		3
34.0	1		1
35.0	4		4
35.5	1		1
36.0	13		13
37.0	12	1	13
37.5	2		2
38.0	18		18
38.5	1	1	2
39.0	24	3	27
39.5	4	2	6
40.0	26	7	33
40.5	8		8
41.0	16	13	29
41.5	5	1	6
42.0	21	20	41
42.5	3	3	6
43.0	17	18	35
43.5	5	6	11
44.0	18	15	33
44.5	3	9	12
45.0	7	17	24
45.5	1	5	6
46.0	2	18	20
46.5	1	3	4
47.0	1	21	22
47.5	1	4	5
48.0	1	17	18
48.5		3	3
49.0		14	14
49.5		1	1
50.0		4	4
51.0		3	3
52.0		1	1
53.0		1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>437</b>

Table 3.3.Age distribution and repeat spawning rate of American shad in the Connecticut River in 2009 based on adult shad lifted at Holyoke Dam.

	Age Group				
Females	3	4	5	6	Totals
Lift		20,586	48,700	14,253	83,540
% shad at age		24.64	58.29	17.06	
Repeat			396	2,376	2,771
% Repeats			0.81	16.67	3.32
Males	3	4	5	6	Totals
Lift	8,530	33,787	32,422	2,391	77,129
% shad at age	11.06	43.81	42.04	3.1	
Repeat		683	2730	1025	4,437
% Repeats		2.02	8.42	42.86	5.75

Table 3.4. Catch (C), effort (E) and catch per effort (C/E) of juvenile American shad from the 2009 CT River seine survey.

Date	HOL	ENF	WIL	GLA	SAL	DEP	ESX	C	E	C/E
7/15	0	0	0	0	43	85	24	152	7	21.71
7/22	0	0	6	0	33	242	12	293	7	41.86
7/29	5	1	0	14	24	43	22	109	7	15.57
8/5		3	2	0	0	11	12	28	6	4.67
8/12	306	61	6	2	24	50	0	449	7	64.14
8/19	91	0	0	0	1	31	13	136	7	19.43
8/26	233	12	3	8	4	20	1	281	7	40.14
9/2	34	0	0	1	3	22	6	66	7	9.43
9/10	108	0	0	0	35	14	0	157	7	22.43
9/16	39	0	0	4	11	4	5	63	7	9.00
9/23	0	0	0	1	27	4	1	33	7	4.71
9/30	0	0	0	0	9	6	0	15	7	2.14
10/7	0	0	1	0	4	1	0	6	7	0.86
10/14	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	7	0.29
<b>Total</b>	816	77	18	30	220	533	96	1,790	97	18.45

Table 3.5. Catch (C), effort (E) and catch per effort (C/E) of juvenile blueback herring from the 2009 CT River seine survey.

Date	HOL	ENF	WIL	GLA	SAL	DEP	ESX	C	E	C/E
7/15	0	0	0	0	10	7	131	148	7	21.14
7/22	0	0	0	2	35	75	170	282	7	40.29
7/29	0	0	0	4	11	20	53	88	7	12.57
8/5	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	17	6	2.83
8/12	0	0	0	0	49	37	0	86	7	12.29
8/19	0	0	0	0	2	22	36	60	7	8.57
8/26	0	0	0	0	12	4	0	16	7	2.29
9/2	0	0	0	1	11	36	47	95	7	13.57
9/10	0	0	0	0	45	41	0	86	7	12.29
9/16	0	0	0	0	66	0	0	66	7	9.43
9/23	0	0	0	0	35	4	0	39	7	5.57
9/30	0	0	0	0	22	119	0	141	7	20.14
10/7	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	11	7	1.57
10/14	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	7	0.29
<b>Total</b>	0	0	0	7	304	375	451	1,137	97	11.72

Table 3.6. Total catch, geometric and arithmetic mean relative abundance indices (CPUE) of juvenile American shad (ASD) and blueback herring (BBH) in the CT River 1978-2009.

Year	American Shad			Blueback Herring		
	Count	arith_Mn	Gm_Cnt	Count	arith_Mn	Gm_Cnt
1978	1320	18.59	5.89			
1979	820	12.81	7.84	7482	116.9	24.8
1980	1716	21.19	9.21	17951	221.6	26.75
1981	1169	12.57	6.05	11888	127.8	11.49
1982	391	4.77	1.81	5381	65.62	6.09
1983	1574	16.57	4.99	36150	380.5	16.47
1984	795	11.20	3.37	28073	395.4	11.57
1985	1223	15.88	7.14	17697	229.8	18.23
1986	1531	17.01	6.29	14360	159.6	13.61
1987	4205	44.73	9.89	24952	265.4	21.58
1988	2195	23.60	5.68	29481	317.0	17.04
1989	5898	61.44	4.85	13148	137.0	7.52
1990	4091	42.61	10.39	24097	251.0	14.41
1991	5534	51.24	3.92	16954	157.0	11.36
1992	10424	97.42	7.21	17319	161.9	9.87
1993	7876	79.56	9.49	12784	129.1	14.43
1994	10791	105.8	12.22	11592	112.5	13.92
1995	3060	29.42	1.34	8357	80.36	5.03
1996	3730	38.85	6.50	4728	49.25	5.91
1997	6626	59.16	6.75	29648	264.7	9.66
1998	4127	38.21	3.65	5500	50.93	4.39
1999	5899	61.45	5.47	9152	95.33	5.57
2000	2713	27.68	4.42	3184	32.49	4.17
2001	4815	53.50	2.73	5240	58.22	3.83
2002	9732	100.3	5.55	6702	69.09	3.95
2003	3207	36.86	6.88	4568	52.51	5.88
2004	2187	22.55	5.62	1904	19.63	2.36
2005	4719	50.74	10.08	5869	63.11	4.1
2006	1517	15.80	1.82	4474	46.60	3.5
2007	5332	54.97	8.15	9355	96.44	6.61
2008	3541	41.17	5.06	1629	18.94	2.2
2009	1790	18.45	3.40	1137	11.72	1.77

Table 3.7. List of fish species and frequency of occurrence of fish collected in Connecticut River seine survey, 2009. \**includes more than one species*

<b>Species</b>	<b>% occurrence</b>
alewife	9.28
American eel	19.59
American shad	58.76
American shad (age 1+)	2.06
Atlantic silverside	5.15
bay anchovy	2.06
black crappie	6.19
blue crab	7.22
blueback herring	36.08
bluefish	6.19
carp	5.15
cat fish*	11.34
fall fish	3.09
golden shiner	12.37
hickory shad	3.09
hogchoker	8.25
killifish & mummichogs*	27.84
largemouth bass	18.56
menhaden	11.34
northern kingfish	1.03
pike	5.15
rock bass	5.15
smallmouth bass	14.43
spottail shiner	59.79
stickleback	5.15
sunfish*	38.14
tessellated darter	26.80
white perch	7.22
white sucker	12.37
yellow perch	29.90

Table 3.8. List of fish species and percent frequency of occurrence of fish collected in Thames River seine survey, 2005-2009. \*includes more than one species.

<b>Species</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>
African pompano		1.56			
alewife	6.67	1.56	17.86	1.59	8.06
American eel		6.25		1.59	4.84
American shad			5.36		6.45
Atlantic herring					3.23
Atlantic needlefish	6.67	1.56			
Atlantic silverside	80		82.14	74.6	80.65
bay anchovy		10.94	7.14	14.29	9.68
blueback herring			1.79	1.59	1.61
bluefish	60	45.31	44.64	31.75	46.77
butterfish	3.33			1.59	4.84
carp		1.56	1.79		
catfish*				1.59	
crevalle jack	23.33	12.5	5.36	1.59	11.29
cunner					1.61
darter				1.59	
horseshoe crab	3.33				
killifish &					
mummichog*	43.33	25	32.14	42.86	20.97
largemouth bass		1.56			
lizardfish		6.25	5.36		
menhaden	20	35.94	42.86	12.7	22.58
naked goby		3.13	8.93	9.52	
northern kingfish	3.33				
northern pike	3.33				
pipefish	13.33	15.63	26.79	11.11	9.68
scup	6.67		14.29		
sheepshead minnow	3.33		3.57	3.17	
spot			1.79	1.59	
spottail shiner	6.67	9.38	3.57	6.35	3.23
stickleback*	16.67	12.5	5.36	36.51	32.26
striped bass	3.33	6.25	21.43	11.11	8.06
striped sea robin			3.57		
summer flounder		4.69	5.36	15.87	4.84
sunfish*		1.56			
tautog	20	6.25	21.43	12.7	1.61
tomcod			3.57	4.76	3.23
white mullet		4.69		3.17	1.61
white perch	13.33	3.13	8.93	1.59	1.61
windowpane flounder			7.14		
winter flounder	23.33	10.94	37.5	26.98	9.68

Table 3.9. Number collected, number of seine hauls and geometric mean catch per haul of menhaden, 1998-2009.

Year	Menhaden	Seine Hauls	G Mn
1998	429,209	151	12.63
1999	594,724	144	20.61
2000	1,020,000	112	50.25
2001	5,458	119	2.13
2002	840,458	55	117.46
2003	248,984	80	12.78
2004	30,274	56	3.91
2005	3,118	30	1.19
2006	129,719	64	6.08
2007	100,082	56	6.39
2008	195	63	0.37
2009	39,909	62	2.11

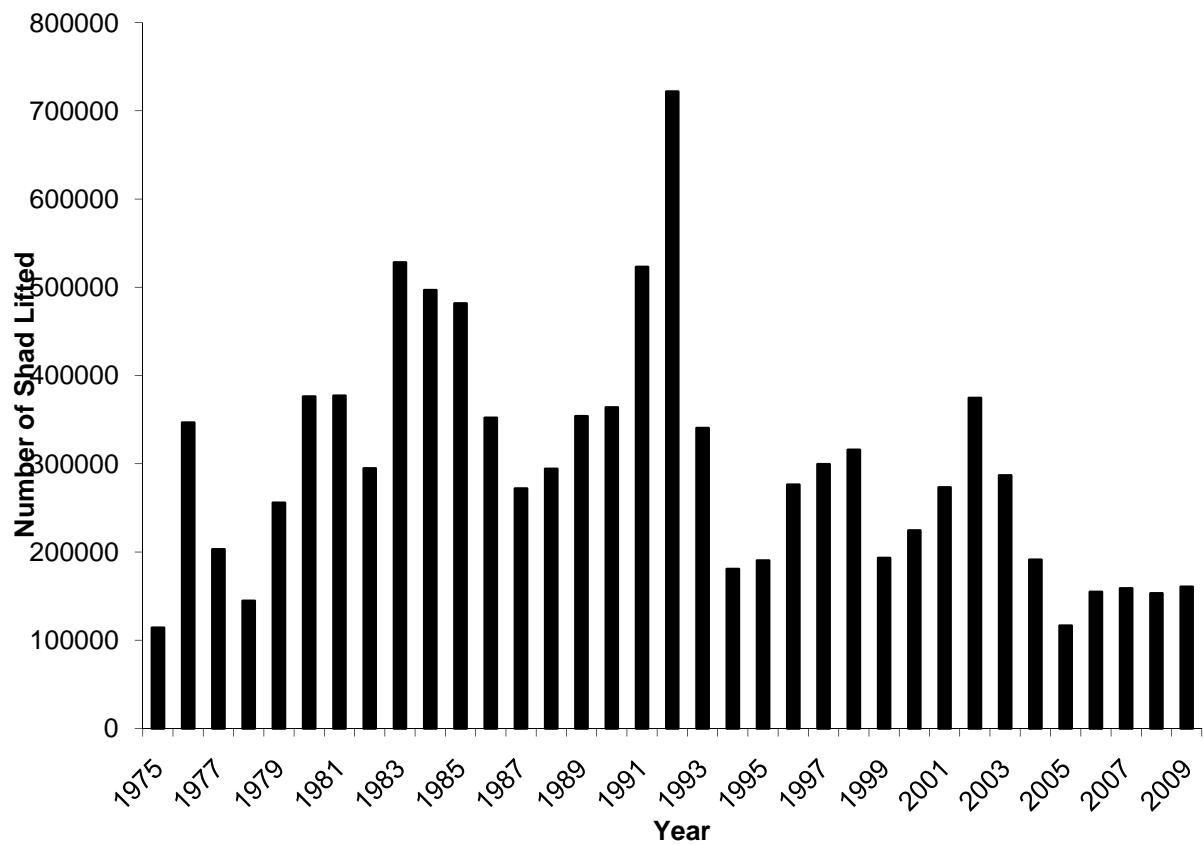


Figure 3.1. Number of adult shad lifted at the Holyoke Dam, 1975-2009.

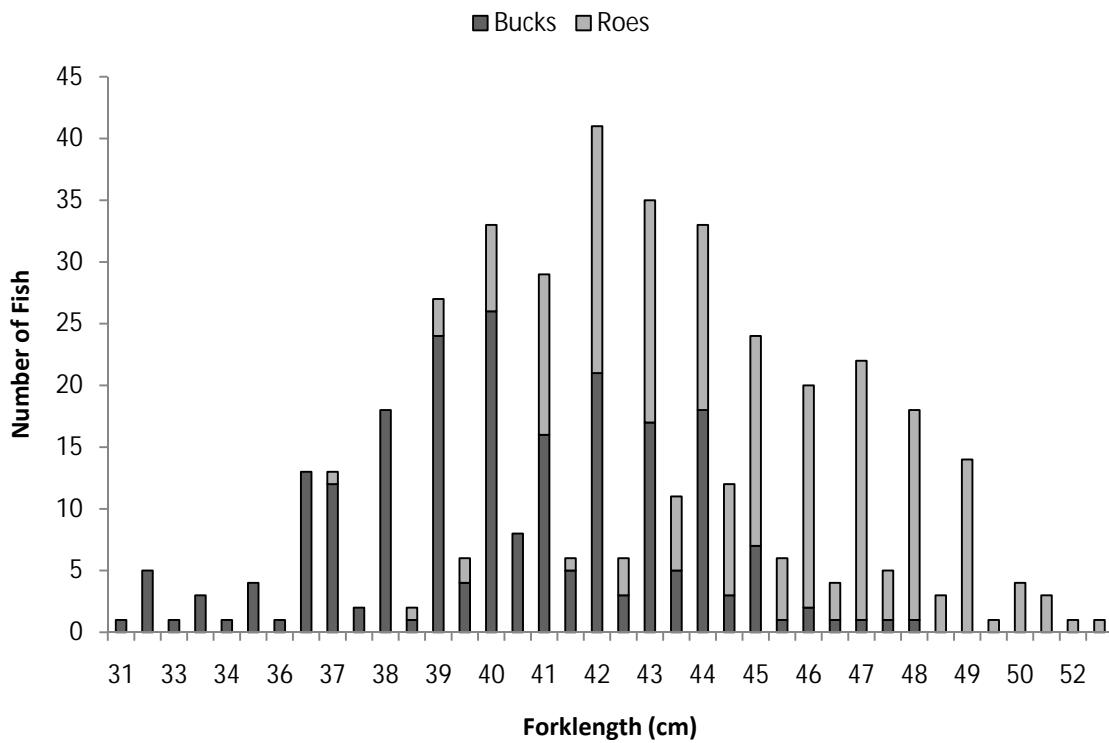


Figure 3.2. Length frequencies of American shad scale samples collected at the Holyoke lift in 2009.

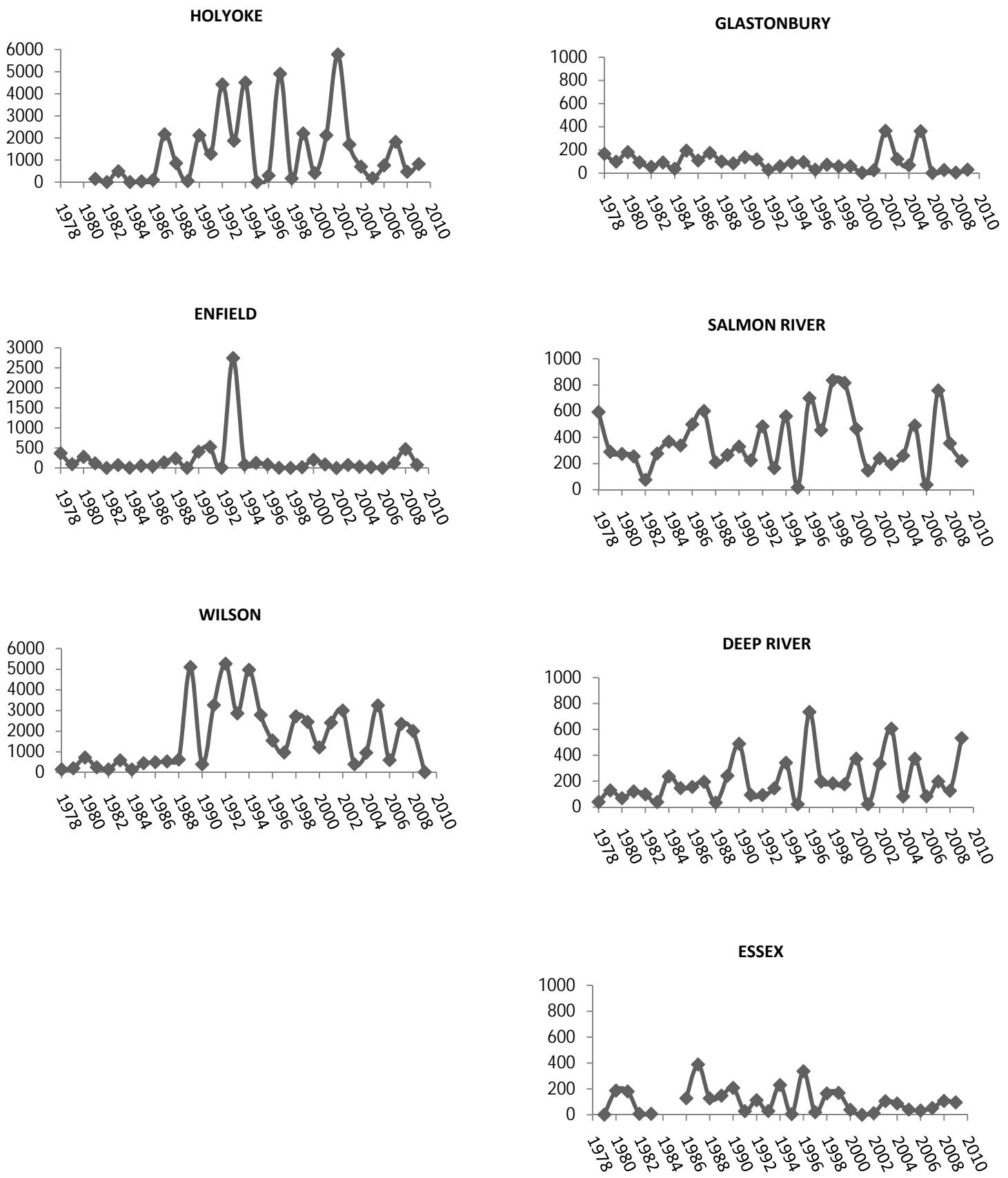


Figure 3.3. Total catches of juvenile American shad by site, 1978-2009.

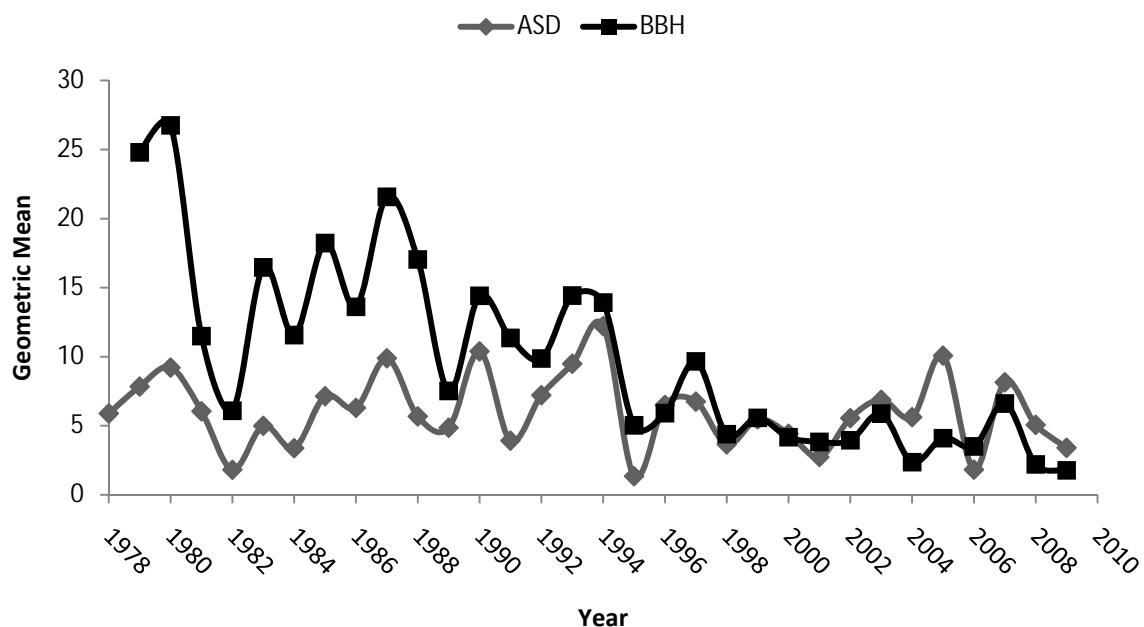


Figure 3.4. Geometric mean catch per haul of American shad and blueback herring in the Connecticut River 1978-2009.

**JOB 5: COOPERATIVE INTERAGENCY RESOURCE MONITORING**

**LONG ISLAND SOUND AMBIENT WATER QUALITY  
MONITORING PROGRAM**

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with Program information and data at:

[http://www.ct.gov/dep/cwp/view.asp?a=2719&q=325534&depNav\\_GID=1654](http://www.ct.gov/dep/cwp/view.asp?a=2719&q=325534&depNav_GID=1654)

## **JOB 5: COOPERATIVE INTERAGENCY RESOURCE MONITORING**

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## **JOB 5: COOPERATIVE INTERAGENCY RESOURCE MONITORING**

### **GOAL**

**To provide long-term monitoring of physical, chemical and biological indicators of environmental conditions in order to evaluate the effects of non-fishing activities on the health and abundance of valued recreational species.**

### **OBJECTIVES**

- 1) Provide monthly monitoring of water quality parameters important in the development of summer hypoxia in Long Island Sound including temperature, salinity, and dissolved oxygen, at eighteen fixed axial and lateral stations throughout Long Island Sound.
- 2) Provide estimates of the area and duration of summer hypoxia (low oxygen) in Long Island Sound based on sampling at an additional 30 fixed sites semi-monthly between June and September.

### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **Long Island Sound, Living Resources and Hypoxia**

Long Island Sound (the Sound) is a semi-enclosed estuary that encompasses 3,370 km<sup>2</sup> (337,000 ha) including embayments (Wolfe et al., 1991) and receives runoff from a 41,400 km<sup>2</sup> drainage basin that includes Long Island, New York and much of New England to the Canadian border. More than 7 million people live within the state of Connecticut and New York counties bordering the Sound (LISS 1990). The Sound has typically acted as the receiving body of domestic, agricultural and industrial waste generated within the region.

Excessive nutrient inputs (most notably nitrogen) from atmospheric deposition, runoff and sewage discharges as well as natural sources results in a high rate of primary (phytoplankton) production within the Sound. Summer warming of surface water results in a temperature and density stratification within the water column, known as the pycnocline. As phytoplankton blooms die off and decompose, oxygen in bottom waters is used up, often resulting in hypoxia (low dissolved oxygen, DO <= 3.5 mg/l) and in some cases, anoxia (DO <0.2 mg/l). These periodic hypoxic events generally develop by early July and may persist until late September.

Simpson *et al.*, (1995) identified low oxygen tolerance thresholds for 16 individual species of finfish and lobster, and six aggregate species indices. For the most sensitive species (scup, striped sea robin) dissolved oxygen becomes limiting at over 4.0 mg/l, whereas more highly tolerant species (Atlantic herring and butterfish) did not decline in abundance until oxygen levels were below 2.0 mg/l. Both demersal species biomass and demersal species richness begin to decline when dissolved oxygen levels fall below about 3.5 mg/l. No finfish or macroinvertebrates were observed when dissolved oxygen fell below 1.0 mg/l.

An index of habitat impairment (Biomass Area-Day Depletion, BADD) was developed based on the percent reduction in demersal finfish biomass associated with each 1 mg/l interval

below 3.5 mg/l. In addition to BADD, inter-annual trends in the severity of hypoxia are monitored using duration (weeks where DO <3.5 mg/l) and maximum areal extent of waters with severe hypoxia (DO <1.0 mg/l). Together, these three indices are used to relate dissolved oxygen trends to conditions for living resources in the Sound.

## **Water Quality Monitoring Program**

In January 1991, Connecticut DEP initiated a water quality and hydrographic survey to provide continuity to a time series begun in 1988 under the National Estuaries Program's, Long Island Sound Study. This survey continues in an expanded form with EPA (and Federal Aid to Sportfish Restoration) support as the Department's "Long Island Sound Ambient Water Quality Monitoring Program."

In the first three years of this study (1991-1993), sampling was conducted cooperatively between Marine Fisheries and Water Management staff to evaluate dissolved oxygen (DO) conditions and coincident fish abundance. With the completion of fishery resource sampling in relation to hypoxia in 1993, emphasis shifted to intensive water quality monitoring under the Bureau of Water Management. In 1994, forty-eight permanent stations were established to monitor summer hypoxia; eighteen of these stations are sampled on a monthly basis year-round. Marine Fisheries staff continue to provide research vessel support and rely on this program to evaluate the effects of hypoxia on living resources through the three indices identified above. In addition, monthly patterns in temperature and salinity have proven useful in understanding both seasonal and inter-annual trends and in making inferences concerning fishery resources.

## **METHODS**

### **Sampling Design**

In 1994, 48 fixed stations were established to monitor hypoxia. Beginning in December 1994, eighteen of these stations were also sampled as part of the monthly water quality monitoring program, an expansion from the previous seven axial station coverage. In 1998, a 49<sup>th</sup> station (J4) was added in the eastern Sound. Monthly stations were distributed to provide axial coverage over the length of the Sound, including a reference station outside the Sound, southeast of Fishers Island. Transverse stations were located off New Haven, Bridgeport and Norwalk. Summer hypoxia monitoring stations are concentrated in the hypoxia prone western half of the Sound, although Connecticut shoreline coverage extends east of the Connecticut River. The eighteen monthly stations are sampled year round, generally during the first week of the month. Beginning in the end of June, hypoxia monitoring commences and twice monthly hypoxia sampling continues through September. During the summer of 2002, Connecticut DEP modified the summer hypoxia sampling by decreasing the number of stations sampled from 49 down to between 20 and 25. These changes were made to make better use of the resources available and to better reflect the understanding from eleven years of monitoring. The mid month Hypoxia surveys will be limited to the narrows, western and central basins with a focus on stations that historically have been affected by hypoxic conditions. The number of stations sampled on these surveys will be adjusted according to the severity of the hypoxic event. During years of unusually severe hypoxia additional stations will be monitored to ensure an accurate assessment of the area affected by low dissolved oxygen.

## **Sampling Procedures**

Water sampling is conducted from the 50 ft Research Vessel John Dempsey. Conductivity-temperature-depth (CTD) water column profiles are taken with a Sea-Bird model SBE-19 SeaCat Profiler, equipped with dissolved oxygen (YSI model 5739), photosynthetically-active radiation (PAR) (Licor spherical underwater model 193SA) and Fluorometer (WET labs WETstar Miniature Fluorometer) sensors. Data are recorded at a rate of twice per second and the instrument is lowered through the water column at a rate of 0.2 m per second. Dissolved oxygen is also measured by Winkler titration as a quality assurance procedure. Nutrients and chlorophyll a are also measured. See Kaputa and Olsen (2000) for a complete description of the Long Island Sound Water Quality Monitoring Program. Beginning in 2002, CTDEP expanded its monthly monitoring by adding phytopigment analysis (HPLC method) in April of 2002 and zooplankton analysis in August of 2002. MesoZooplankton samples are collected using a 200-micron mesh, 0.5 meter double ring plankton net and MicroZooplankton samples are collected from a multiple depth composite of whole water samples.

## **Area and Duration Estimates**

In the initial years of this project (1991-1993) the area affected by hypoxia was estimated using a stratified-random sampling approach where stations were selected at random within five east-west zones, further subdivided by depth at the 18 m contours (Gottschall and Simpson, 1999). In 1994, a fixed station sampling program was adopted. To calculate the area of hypoxia from this fixed station design the monitoring staff developed a GIS based method using ArcView; this approach is more appropriate for the current program design.

To calculate the area affected by hypoxia, the minimum dissolved oxygen and the location of each station sampled during each survey is entered into a Geographic Information System (currently ArcMap 9.3) database and plotted. The Spatial Analyst extension is used to interpolate DO values between stations using the inverse distance weighted (IDW) method, producing a cell grid of minimum DO values for the Sound. The area within each interval (0-0.99, 1.0-1.99, 2.0-2.99, 3.0-3.5, 3.51-4.8) is estimated by multiplying the number of cells within each DO interval by the area within each cell (approximately 0.1 square km). Area estimates include LIS waters shoreward to the 4.0 m contour, except at the eastern (The Race, Fishers Island, Thames River) and western (Throgs Neck Bridge) boundaries, encompassing a total of 2,723 square km.

The duration of each annual hypoxia event in LIS was estimated using the time series of bottom water dissolved oxygen concentrations at each station. Start and end dates were approximated for each station graphically by determining the intersection of the time series line with the 3.5 mg/l grid line. The earliest start date and latest end date – regardless of station – provided the preliminary start and end date estimates for the year. Data available from the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (Job 2), other programs and agencies, as well as daily wind and precipitation records were then considered. Such supplementary data improved the date estimates by filling in gaps between sampling events and accounting for substantial wind or storm events that would likely have provided the energy necessary to mix the water column.

## **Indices of Habitat Impairment Associated with Hypoxia**

An index of habitat impairment (Biomass Area-Day Depletion, BADD) was developed based on the percent reduction in demersal finfish biomass associated with each 1 mg/l interval below 3.5 mg/l. Based on Simpson *et al* (1996), demersal finfish biomass is reduced 100% (total avoidance) in waters with DO<1.0 mg/l. From 1.0-1.9 mg/l, biomass is reduced 82%, while a 41% reduction occurs at 2.0-2.9 mg/l, and a 04% reduction occurs at 3.0-3.5 mg/l dissolved oxygen. These rates are applied to the area-days within each DO interval calculated during each survey and summed over the hypoxia season, defined here as July 12-September 3 (54 d). The index is then expressed as a percentage of the available area-days (sample area 2,723 km<sup>2</sup> x 54 d, or 147,042 area-days). In addition to BADD, inter-annual trends in the severity of hypoxia are monitored using duration (weeks where DO<3.5 mg/l) and maximum areal extent of waters with severe hypoxia (DO<1.0 mg/l).

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

### **Hypoxic Area and Duration**

The hypoxic area (DO<3.5 mg/L) during the summer of 2009 in Long Island Sound was above average and ranked the fourth highest behind 1994, 2003, and 1995. The duration was the third shortest behind 2000 and 1995. Zero kilometers (0 km<sup>2</sup>) were affected by dissolved oxygen levels below 1 mg/L. Our August 18-August 19 (HYAUG09) survey had the maximum area (957 sq. kilometers) affected by hypoxia (Table 5.1). Hypoxia was estimated to begin on or about July 12, 2009 and ended on or about September 3, 2009 for a total of 54 days (Figure 5.1).

### **Habitat Impairment Associated with Hypoxia**

Area-days by DO interval were calculated for each survey (Table 5.2) to produce the biomass-area-day-depletion (BADD) index used to quantify habitat impairment (Table 5.3). The greatest impairment was associated with the 2-2.99 mg/l DO interval due to the wider area of exposure estimated for this interval throughout the summer.

The BADD index was calculated for the 54-day period between July 12 and September 3. The BADD index for 2009 was 6,212 or 4.2% of the total area-days in the LIS sampling area covered by the Ambient Water Quality Monitoring Program (Figure 5.2).

### **Monthly Salinity and Temperature Trends**

Monthly mean surface and bottom water temperature and salinity were calculated from six axial water quality stations (B3, D3, F3, H6, I2 and M3) for the period between 1991 and 2009. Plots of each year against the time series mean illustrate the inter-annual variability in both salinity (Figure 5.3) and temperature (Figure 5.4). In some cases, deviations from the 1991-2009 mean can be associated with fish population events. For example, strong winter flounder recruitment indices observed in 1994, 1996 and 2004 (Job 2) are consistent with colder than average late winter water temperatures that are believed to enhance survival of flounder larvae.

Missing stations can affect monthly means. Therefore the plotted values should be regarded as a qualitative summary of salinity and temperature trends.

## **MODIFICATIONS**

None.

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- Wolfe, D.A., R. Monahan, P.E. Stacey, D.G.R. Farrow and A. Robertson. 1991. Environmental quality of Long Island Sound: assessment management issues. *Estuaries* 14:224-236.

**Table 5.1. Area (km<sup>2</sup>) by survey and 1.0 mg/l dissolved oxygen interval during 2009.** Actual start and end dates are listed along with number of stations sampled for each survey.

Survey	Start Date	End Date	Stations sampled	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )					
				0.0 - 0.99	1.0 - 1.99	2.0 - 2.99	3.0 - 3.5	3.5-4.8	4.8 +
WQJUL09	7/7/2009	7/9/2009	36	0	0	0	0	131.2	2582
HYJUL09	7/20/2009	7/22/2009	37	0	0	72.8	73.4	884.1	1526.6
WQAUG09	8/3/2009	8/5/2009	38	0	35.3	77.9	235.9	828	1535.8
HYAUG09	8/18/2009	8/19/2009	42	0	49.9	388.1	519.2	658.1	715.8
WQSEP09	9/2/2009	9/8/2009	33	0	21	311.1	420.2	481.8	1478.8

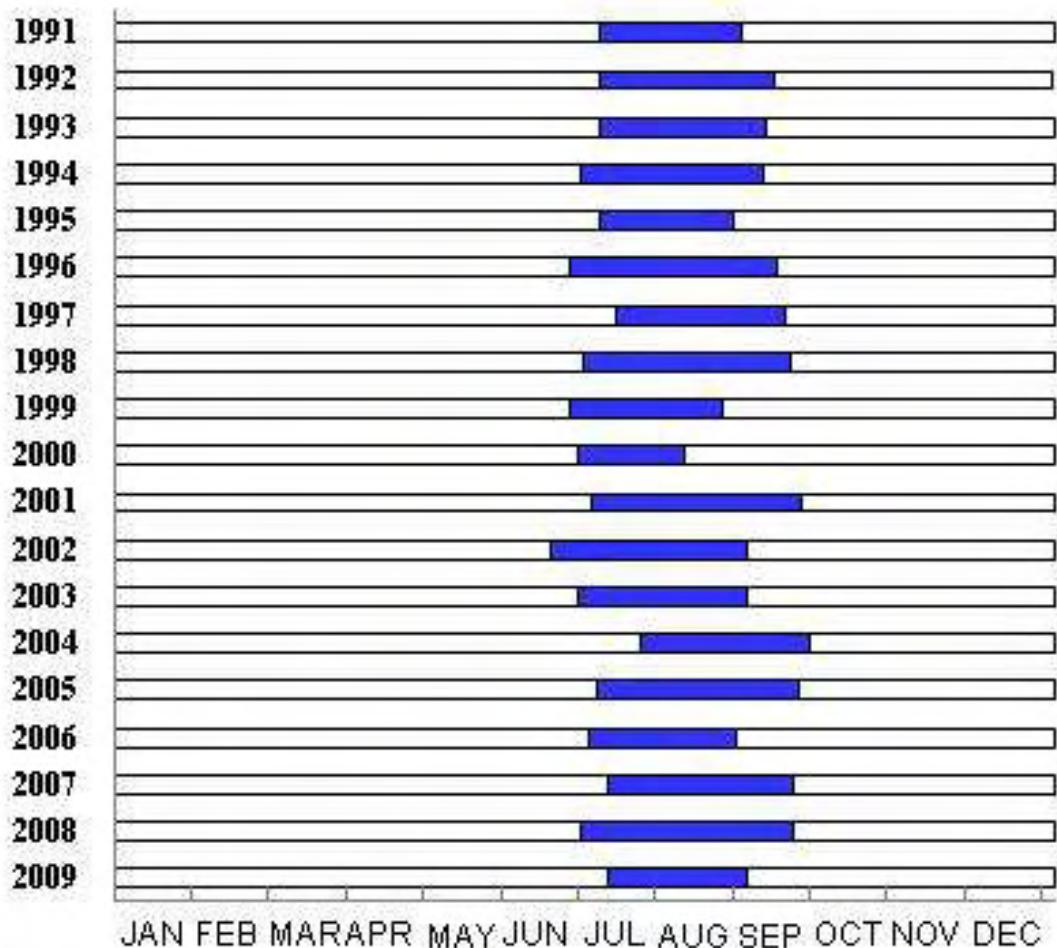
**Table 5.2. Area-days exposure by survey and dissolved oxygen interval during 2009.** Dates are interpolated values between surveys, yielding the days used in area-day calculation.

Cruise	Dates	Days		0.0 - 0.99	1.0 - 1.99	2.0 - 2.99	3.0 - 3.5	3.5 - 4.8	4.8+
WQJUL09	7/7-7/18	12		0	0	0	881	10609	18319
HYJUL09	7/19-8/1	14		0	0	1019	3303	11592	21501
WQAUG09	8/2-8/15	14		0	494	1091	7269	9213	10021
HYAUG09	8/16-8/29	14		0	699	5433	5883	6745	20703
WQSEP09	8/30-9/8	10		0	210	3111	0	0	0

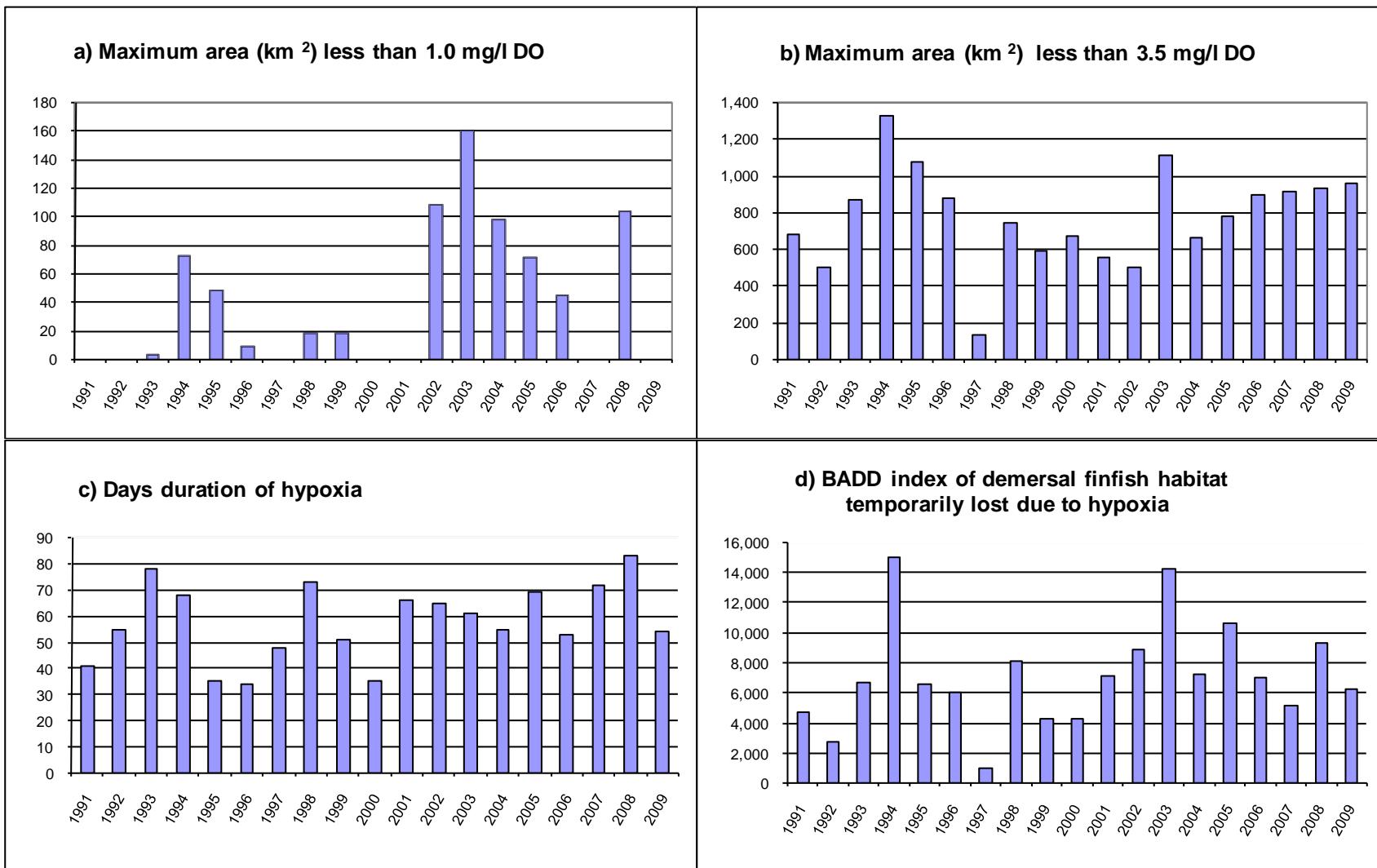
**Table 5.3. Biomass-Area-Day-Depletion (BADD) values by survey and dissolved oxygen interval during 2009.** BADD values are calculated as area-days x percent impairment (shown in parentheses) associated with each dissolved oxygen interval. Impairment based on demersal finfish biomass response.

				(100%)	(82%)	(41%)	(4%)	(0%)	(0%)
Cruise	Dates	Days		0.0 - 0.99	1.0 - 1.99	2.0 - 2.99	3.0 - 3.5	3.5 - 4.8	4.8+
WQJUL09	7/7-7/18	12		0	0	0	35	0	0
HYJUL09	7/19-8/1	14		0	0	418	132	0	0
WQAUG09	8/2-8/15	14		0	405	447	291	0	0
HYAUG09	8/16-8/29	14		0	573	2228	235	0	0
WQSEP09	8/30-9/8	10		0	172	1276	0	0	0
			Sum	0	1150	4368	693	0	0

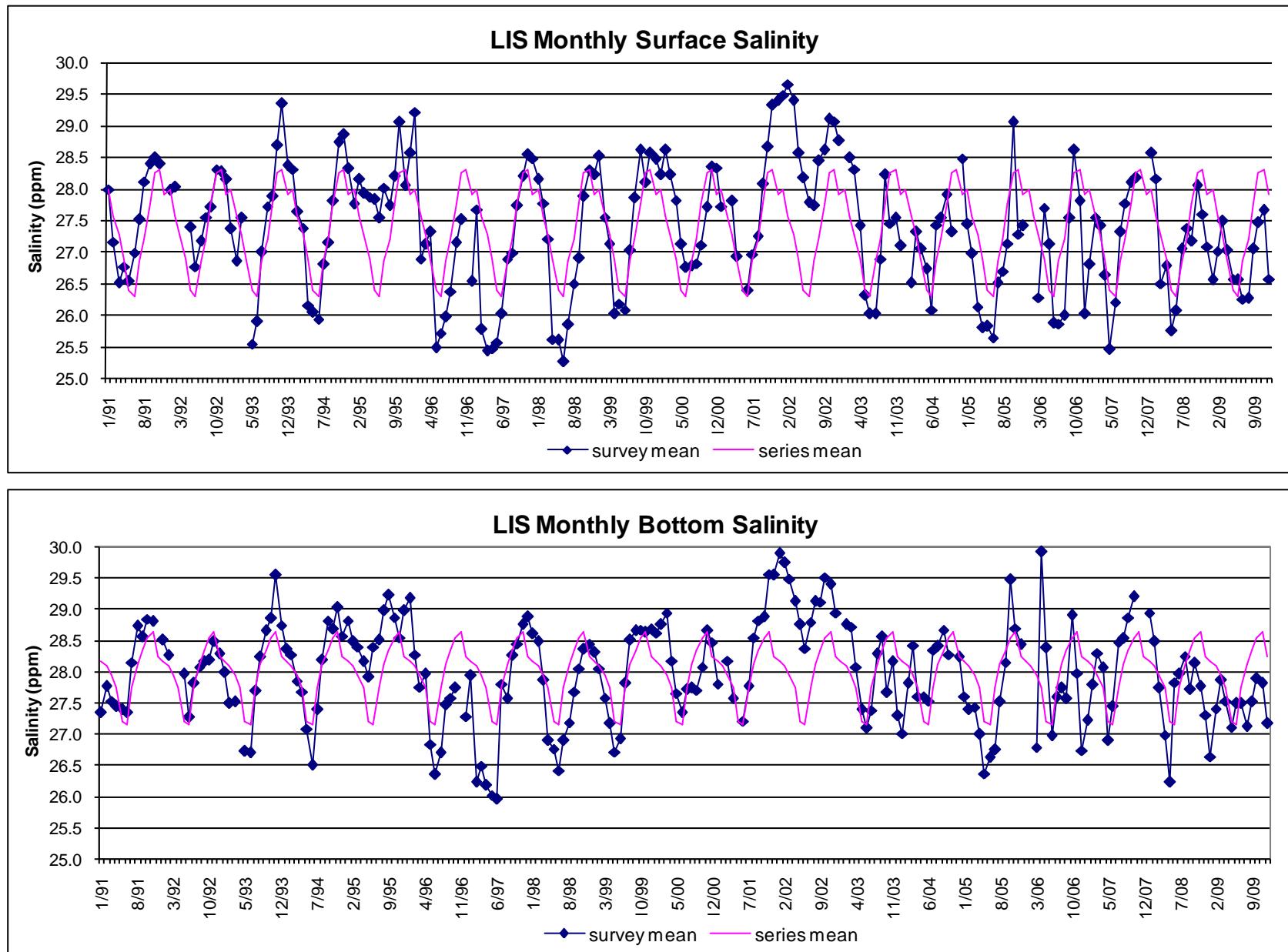
## **Timing and Duration of Hypoxia in Long Island Sound 1991-2009**



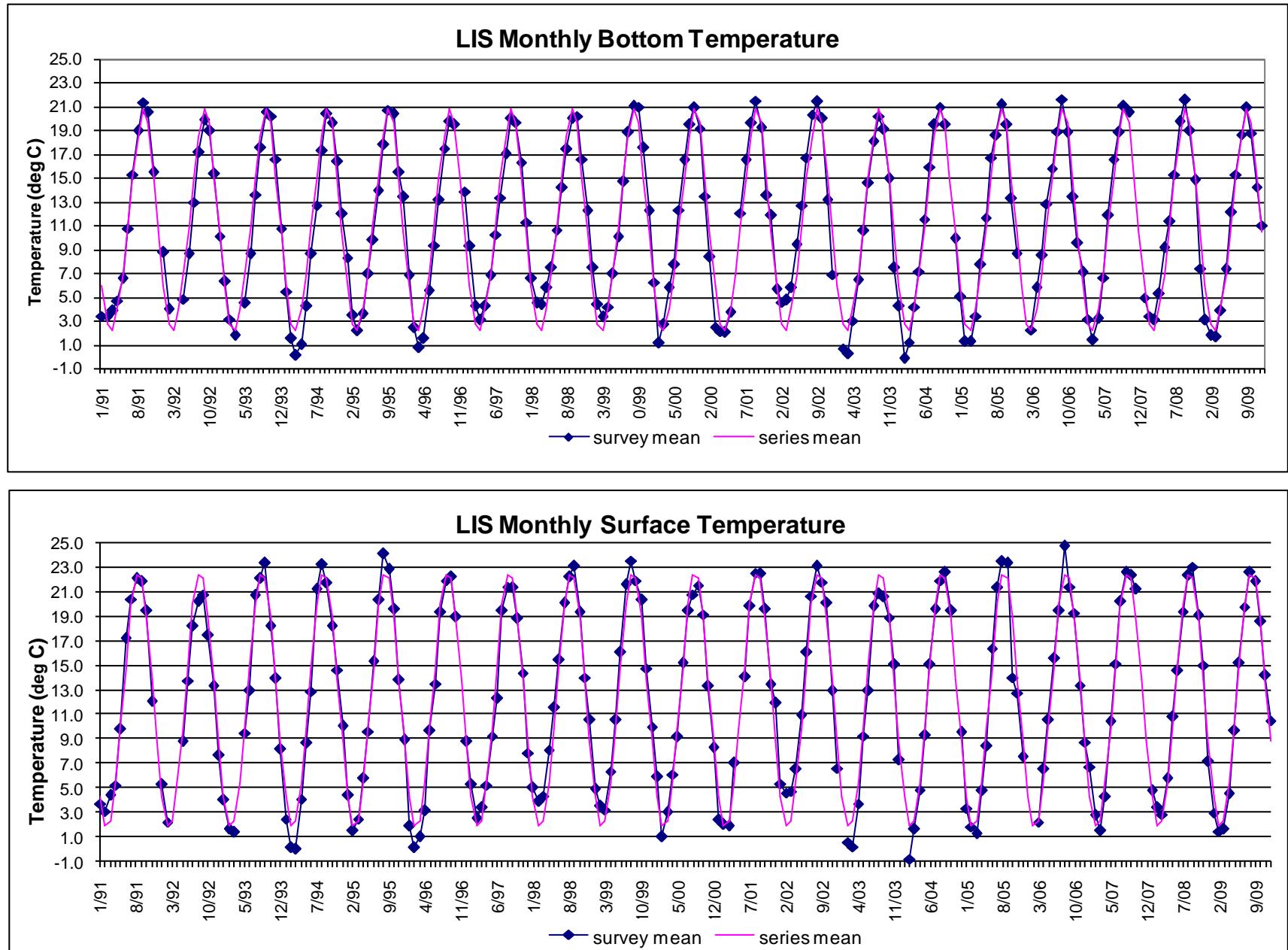
**Figure 5.1. Timing and duration of hypoxia in Long Island Sound from 1991 through 2009.** In 2009 hypoxia developed on about July 12 and persisted 54 days, ending on or about September 3, 2009.



**Figure 5.2.** a) Maximum area ( $\text{km}^2$ ) less than 1.0 mg/l DO, b) maximum area ( $\text{km}^2$ ) less than 3.5 mg/l DO, c) duration (days) of hypoxia ( $\text{DO} < 3.5 \text{ mg/l}$ ), d) biomass area-day depletion (BADD) index of temporary habitat loss to demersal finfish associated with hypoxia conditions, 1991 - 2009.



**Figure 5.3. Surface and bottom salinity calculated from six axial water quality stations (B3, D3, F3, H6, I2 and M3) for the period between 1991 and 2009.** Monthly (survey) means are plotted against the 1991-2009 time series mean.



**Figure 5.4. Surface and bottom temperature calculated from six axial water quality stations (B3, D3, F3, H6, I2 and M3) for the period between 1991 and 2009.** Monthly (survey) means are plotted against the 1991-2009 time series mean.

## **JOB 6: PUBLIC OUTREACH**

## **JOB 6: PUBLIC OUTREACH**

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## **JOB 6: PUBLIC OUTREACH**

### **GOAL**

To increase awareness among anglers and the general public of the information products provided by this project and how this information contributes to state and federal efforts to enhance, restore and protect marine habitat and recreational fish populations.

### **OBJECTIVES**

- 1) Increase public awareness that research & monitoring are essential to good fisheries management and the majority of marine fisheries research & monitoring activities in Connecticut are funded through excise tax on fishing tackle and motorboat fuels*

### **SUMMARY**

1. A total of 23,184 outdoor and environmental writers, marine anglers and boaters, marina operators, fishing tackle retailers, Fisheries Advisory Council (FAC) members, students, and members of the general public attended outreach events. The importance of research and monitoring to good fisheries management was incorporated into the programs (Table 6.2).
2. These same audiences also learned that good water quality and proper pollution prevention (non-fishing impacts) are essential to good fisheries habitat management.
3. Total attendance at 13 speaking engagements with sportsmen clubs and other recreational environmental clubs was 769 (Table 6.2). The audience was encouraged to become actively involved in the fishery management process by attending public hearings and FAC meetings. Notices of public hearings were sent to hundreds of tackle shops and various media outlets including the DEP website ([www.ct.gov/dep/fishing](http://www.ct.gov/dep/fishing)).
4. The message that the majority of marine finfish research and monitoring are funded through excise taxes on fishing and motorboat fuels was emphasized at major department outreach events (Table 6.2).

## INTRODUCTION

Public outreach was formally incorporated into this project in 1997 (segment 17). An outreach plan was developed by project staff working closely with US Fish and Wildlife Service personnel. Six target audiences were identified in priority order (Table 6.1) in the outreach plan. This report summarizes F54R outreach activities conducted from March 2008 to February 2009 (segment 27).

**Table 6.1:**  
**Priority Audiences for Outreach Activities**

1. Outdoor/environmental writers
2. Marine anglers
3. Marine boaters and marina operators
4. Fishing tackle retailers
5. Fisheries Advisory Council (to CT DEP)
6. General public

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### Outdoor and Environmental Writers

DEP press releases, project summaries and full annual reports were mailed out to several outdoor writers, members of the CT Outdoor Recreation Coalition (CORC) and Fisheries Advisory Council (FAC). Project staff were also interviewed concerning F54R activities in person, at public and regulatory hearings, and over the telephone by writers and reporters for the news media.

### Marine Anglers and Marine Boaters

Project personnel organized and assisted in DEP, Marine and Inland Fisheries Division displays at two statewide fishing/hunting and boating shows. The shows were sponsored by CMTA, Dodge Trucks, Channel 3, Channel 30 and Connecticut Outdoor Recreation Coalition and were held in January and February of 2009 at the Connecticut Convention Center. These shows attracted 22,145 anglers, non-anglers, boaters, tackle retailers, legislators and general outdoor recreation enthusiasts. The theme for this show was "No Child Left Inside", "Trophy Fish Close to Home" and "Marine Fisheries Division Angler Surveys". F54R activities were highlighted at these shows in displays entitled "Trophy Fish Award Program" and "Marine Angler Surveys, (a marine fisheries cooperative management program)". Audiences learned the importance of research and monitoring which are funded through excise taxes on fishing tackle and motorboat fuels. Colorful posters and pictures, brief project specific text and taxidermy reproductions helped draw attention to marine species monitored under F54R programs and solicit questions and discussion of those programs.

Several outreach displays were developed by project staff and mounted in the lobby and hallways at the Marine Fisheries Headquarters in Ferry Point State Park. These displays highlighted unique characteristics of Long Island Sound, public access, species identification, the trophy fish award program, marine angler surveys and gave a brief description of current F54R programs designed to protect the Sound's resources. These fisheries displays can easily be viewed by anglers, boaters and their families at this popular fishing and picnic area.

The Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) hosted the ‘First Annual Trophy Fish Award Ceremony’ at the Northeast Fishing and Hunting Expo in the Connecticut Convention Center in Hartford on Friday February 13, 2009. Eighteen marine anglers were presented with a framed “Angler of the Year” certificate recognizing their achievement of having harvested or caught and released the largest fish in one of several species categories during 2008.

### **Fishing Tackle Retailers**

Fishing tackle retailers provide an important avenue for communication between the department and anglers. A complete list of fishing tackle retailers is maintained and updated yearly. Timely DEP press releases, species fact sheets, Connecticut angler guides and Marine Fisheries Brochure are mailed to tackle retailers to keep them informed. Correspondence between the marine fisheries office staff and retailers are ongoing.

### **Fisheries Advisory Council**

The Fisheries Advisory Council, which represents a cross section of Connecticut residents with interests in fisheries issues, met quarterly to discuss statewide fisheries issues. After each meeting most Council members report Council discussions back to the fishing and environmental groups they represent. Council members also discussed monitoring and funding issues at meetings with state legislators. Many Council members visited Marine Fisheries displays at the Northeast Fishing and Hunting Expo, CMTA Boating and Fishing Show and other activities the Fisheries Division held during 2009. ‘A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut’ was mailed to Fishery Advisory Council members to keep them informed.

### **General Public**

Marine Headquarters is open daily Mon-Fri. attracting thousands to the public outreach displays at the office. Display topics included all F54R projects. Activities funded under other Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration projects were also highlighted; including Connecticut Pumpout Stations and Waste Reception Facilities (V-4), Motorboat Access Renovation and Development (F60D), Motorboat Access Area Operation and Maintenance (F70D), and Habitat Conservation and Enhancement (F61T).

Sport Fish Restoration projects were also highlighted at public schools and universities throughout the year. Presentations titled “Marine Fisheries Management / Sportfish Restoration and Marine Resource Management” were provided to students. These outreach events highlighted the importance of coastal resources and all facets of marine resource protection. Approximately 609 students attended Marine Fisheries Division presentations.

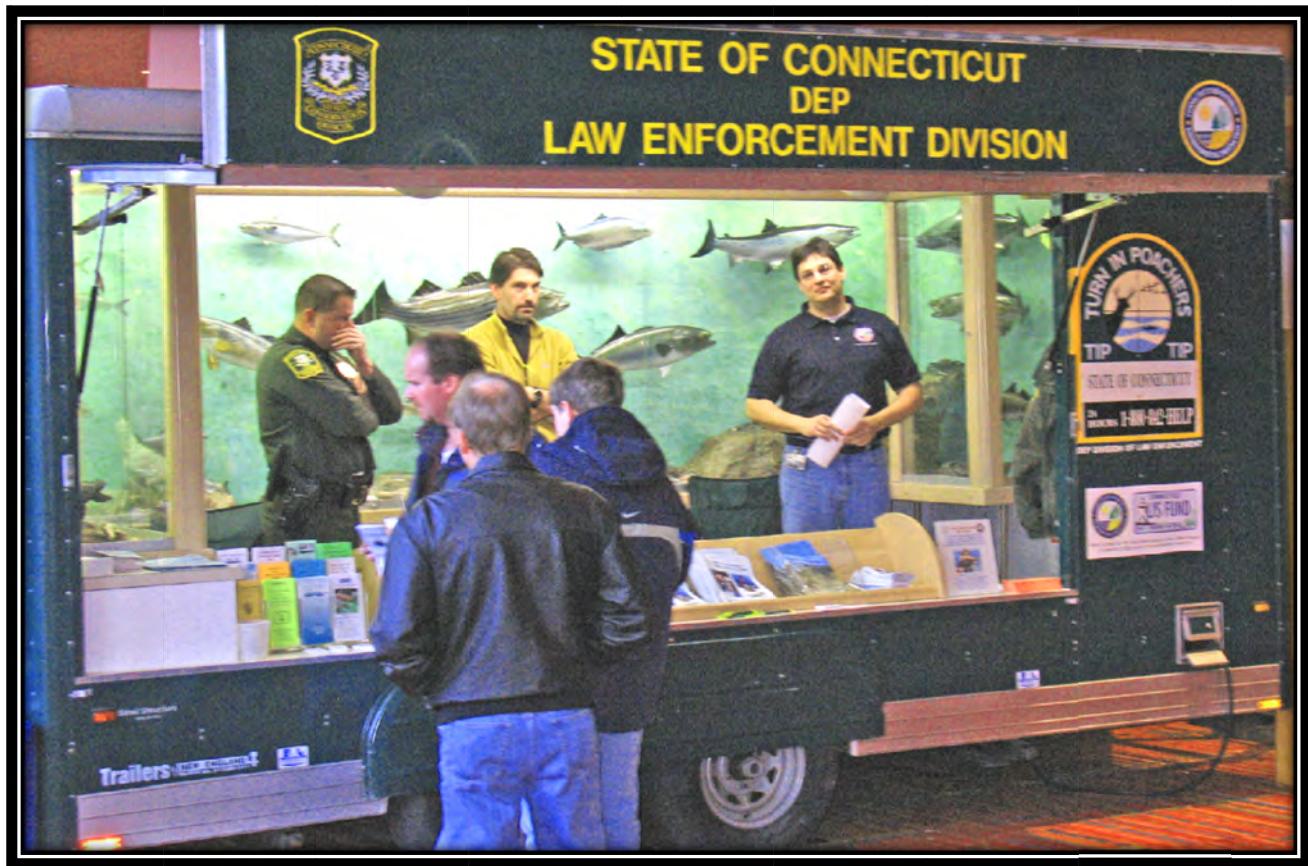
Finally, project staff lead numerous workshops and speaking engagements throughout the state, as well as informational tours and talks at the Marine Fisheries Office (Table 6.2). These talks and tours reached all target audiences, especially the business community, teachers and students.

Audiences learned how to become active participants in the fisheries management process, through public informational hearings and FAC Meetings.

## MODIFICATIONS

None.

Figure 6.1: Northeast Fishing and Hunting Expo, Hartford CT, February 2009.



**Table 6.2: Summary of talks, tours, career days and workshops given by project staff highlighting F54R activities, March 2008 – February 2009 (segment 27).**

<u>DATE:</u>	<u>PRESENTATION TYPE:</u>	<u>ORGANIZATION</u>	<u>TITLE / TOPIC:</u>	<u>Target Audience</u>	<u>Totals</u>
3/5/2008	Fishing Club Talk	Central CT Striped Bass Club	Marine Fisheries Mgmt./ Angler Surveys	anglers	37
3/29/2008	Fishing Club Talk	Westport Outfitters	Marine Fisheries Mgmt./ Angler Surveys	anglers	45
4/15/2008	Talk	Southern CT State University	Marine Fisheries Biology	students	16
4/16/2008	Career Day / Mentoring	Fermi High School	Marine Fisheries Biologist	students	7
4/17/2008	Career Day / Mentoring	Enfield High School	Marine Fisheries Biologist	students	8
5/1/2008	Career Day / Mentoring	Alternative High Schools, Bloomfield, New Haven, and Bridgeport	Marine Fisheries Biologist	students	148
5/17/2008	Talk	Mason's Island Yacht Club	Horseshoe crabs in LIS	club members	18
5/21/2008	Career Day / Mentoring	Stetson College	Marine Fisheries Biologist	students	2
5/28/2008	Talk	Clark Lane Middle School, Waterford	Marine Fisheries Biology	sixth grade	209
6/27/2008	Marine Presentation	CCSU Marine Biology	Marine Fisheries Biology	students	41
11/16/2008	Career Day / Mentoring	East Hartford High School	Marine Fisheries Biologist	students	76
11/17/2008	Career Day / Mentoring	Glastonbury High School	Marine Fisheries Biologist	students	102
1/22-25/2009	Outreach Display	CMTA Boating Show	No Child Left Inside	general public	14,664
1/31/2009	Career Day	West Haven/Milford Middle Schools	Diversity if Long Island Sound	8 <sup>th</sup> grade students	60
2/13-15/2009	Outreach Display	Northeast Fish and Hunting Expo	No Child Left Inside	general public	7,751