New Haven Host Community FEMA Evaluated Exercise for the State Radiological Emergency Response Plan June 25, 2015





with the Connecticut Department of Emergency Services & Public Protection, Division of Emergency Management & Homeland Security and

Dominion Nuclear Connecticut



Participating Organizations

New Haven Chief Administrator's Office
New Haven Emergency Management
New Haven Fire Department
New Haven Police Department
New Haven Dept. of Health
New Haven Dept. of Public Works
Southern Connecticut State University
SCSU Police Department
New Haven Community Emergency Response Team
(CERT)

American Red Cross, CT/RI Regional Chapter CT Department of Energy & Environmental Protection, Radiation Division

CT Disaster Behavioral Health Response Network
CT Department of Developmental Services
CT Department of Emergency Services & Public
Protection, Division of Emergency Management &
Homeland Security

Dominion/Millstone Emergency Preparedness
UNH Emergency Management Program Students
Individual Volunteers from Connecticut Towns

FEMA Host Community Exercise Demonstration Criteria

- 1.a.1 Off-site response organizations use effective procedures to **alert**, **notify and mobilize** emergency personnel and activate facilities in a timely manner.
- 1.b.1 **Facilities** are sufficient to support the emergency response.
- 1.c.1 Key personnel with leadership roles for the Off-Site Response Organization (ORO) provide **direction and control** to that part of the overall response effort for which they are responsible.
- 1.d.1 At least two **communication systems** are available, at least one operates properly, and communication links are established and maintained with appropriate locations. Communications capabilities are managed in support of emergency operations.
- 1.e.1 Equipment, maps, displays, monitoring instruments, dosimetry, potassium iodide (KI), and other supplies are sufficient to support emergency operations.
- 3.a.1 The OROs issue appropriate **dosimetry**, KI and procedures, and manage radiological exposure to emergency workers in accordance with the plans and procedures. Emergency workers periodically and at the end of each mission read their dosimeters and record the readings on the appropriate exposure record or chart.

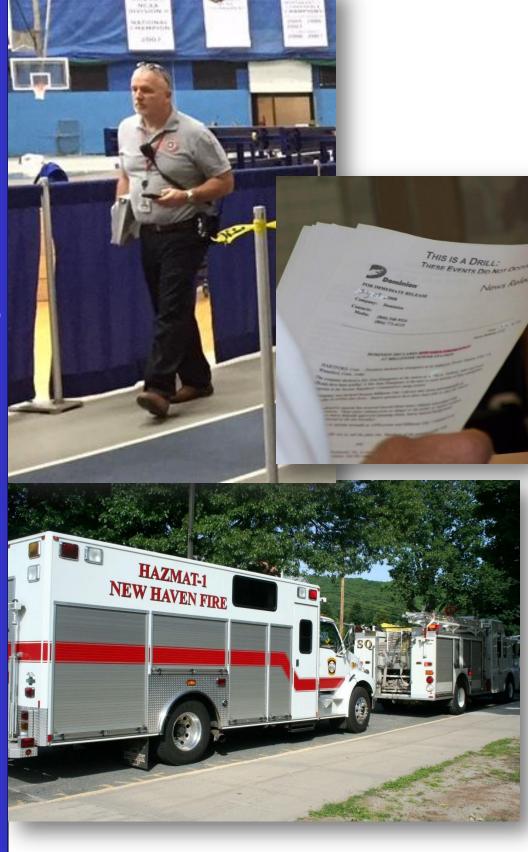
FEMA Host Community Exercise Demonstration Criteria (continued)

- 3.b.1 **KI and appropriate instructions** are available if a decision to recommend use of KI is made. Appropriate record keeping of the administration of KI for institutional individuals and the general public is maintained.
- 3.d.1 Appropriate **traffic and access control** is established. Accurate instructions are provided to traffic and access control personnel.
- 6.a.1 The **reception center** facility has appropriate space, adequate resources, and trained personnel to provide monitoring, decontamination, and registration of evacuees.
- 6.b.1 The facility/ORO has adequate procedures and resources to accomplish monitoring and decontamination of emergency workers and their equipment and vehicles.

THE EXERCISE BEGINS

The New Haven **Deputy Director** of Emergency Management / **Operations** receives notification of an **Emergency at Millstone Station** from the DEMHS **Region 2** Coordinator. New Haven is asked to activate their **Host Community** Reception Center.

The New Haven
Fire Department
mobilizes
responders and
cooperating
agencies to
activate the
Reception Center
at Southern CT
State University.



THE RECEPTION CENTER

Responders from New Haven Fire and Police arrive at the SCSU Field House to set up the Reception Center in preparation for incoming evacuees.

Bins containing supplies and procedures are brought into the Reception Center.



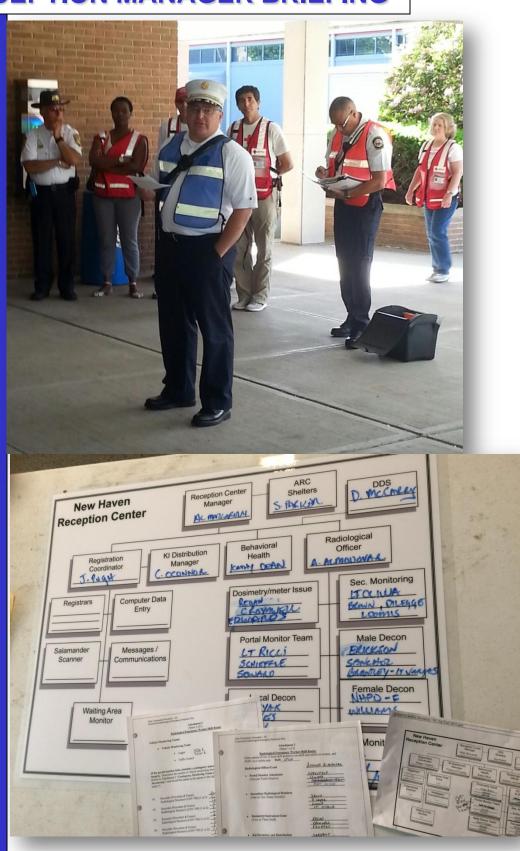


RECEPTION MANAGER BRIEFING

Before setup begins, the Reception Center Manager gives a general briefing to outline the situation and describe basic precautions that responders must take.

He informs all present that evacuees are expected to arrive in New Haven in an hour.

Working with the Radiation Safety Officer, the Reception Center Manager assigns firefighters to all the necessary work stations.



Rad Safety Officer

The Rad Officer will oversee the key stations involved in monitoring and decontaminating evacuees.

These stations include Vehicle Monitoring, Personnel Portal Monitoring, radiological equipment distribution, Secondary Monitoring, Male and Female Decon, and Local Decon.

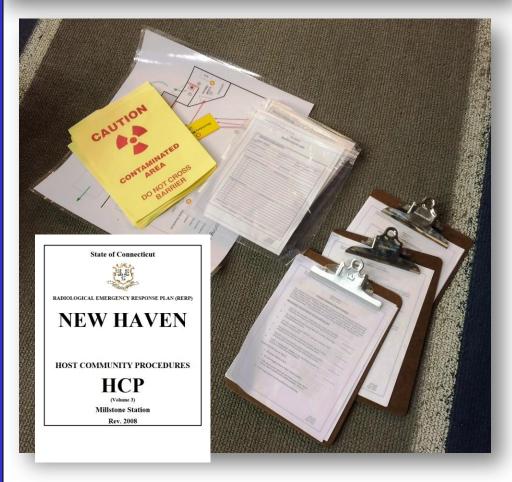
His procedures and those of the Reception Center manager are ready in a portable box.



SET UP OF RECEPTION CENTER

Following the briefing, Fire Department personnel get their supply kits and begin set up of the Reception Center. They work from procedures developed for each work station.

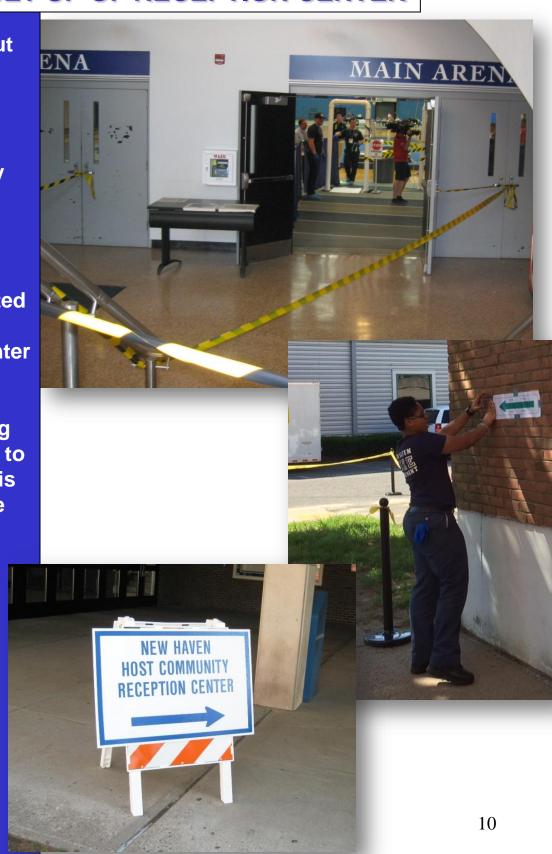




SET UP OF RECEPTION CENTER

Barriers are put in place to maintain the boundaries between clean and potentially contaminated areas.

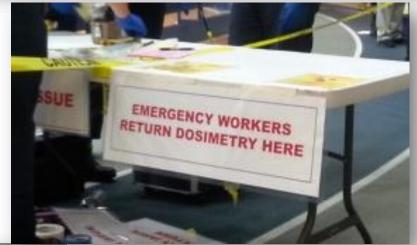
Signs are posted outside the Reception Center to direct evacuees to proper building entrances and to Decon, which is adjacent to the Field House.



SIGNS

Inside the Reception Center, additional signs provide guidance for evacuees and also responders. The signs indicate where important processes take place, and help with traffic flow.





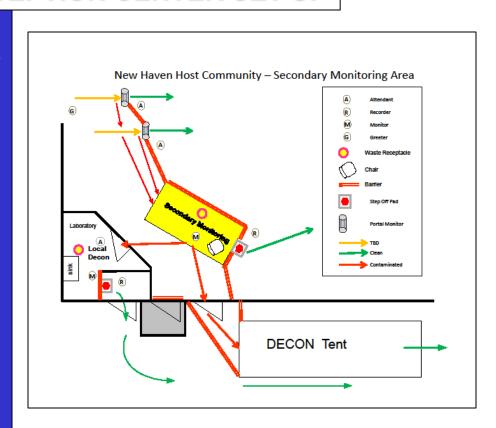
Have You Contacted
Your Loved Ones
Yet?

Register With the
American Red Cross for
"SAFE AND WELL"



RECEPTION CENTER SET-UP

Fire Department personnel use the diagrams in their plan to set up all areas of the reception center. The personnel portal monitors, **Secondary Monitoring and Local Decon are** located in the Field House, along with Registration, KI Issue, Red Cross and Department of Developmental Services (DDS).



New Haven SCSU Reception Center RC Diagram Reception Manager DDS KI Triage KI Issue Registration Portal Monitor Step Off Pad A Attendant Boundary Decon Tent White Pad R Recorder Blue Sticky Pad M Monitor G Greeter Waste

RECEPTION MANAGER BRIEFING

When the Reception Center is ready, the RC Manager provides a second briefing to introduce agencies and organizations that support the New Haven Host Community Reception Center.



Among these are the Red Cross, DBHRN (Disaster Behavioral Health Response Network), the Department of Developmental Services (DDS), and CERT.



COMMAND and CONTROL

Command and Control of the Reception Center are under the New Haven Fire Department in cooperation with the New Haven Deputy Director of Emergency Management / Operations.

The Reception
Center Manager
will maintain
communication
with all
branches of the
Reception
Center,
including the
Radiological
Officer, the
Registration
Coordinator,
and Vehicle
Monitoring.



COMMAND and CONTROL

Once the reception center is declared activated, areas where evacuees first walk will be considered potentially contaminated. These areas involve monitoring and decontamination. Responders assigned to these areas work under the Radiological Officer.

Evacuees who do not alarm the portal, or who are "clean" exiting Secondary Monitoring or Decon will proceed to the Registration area. This area will include KI Issue, Red Cross and DDS.



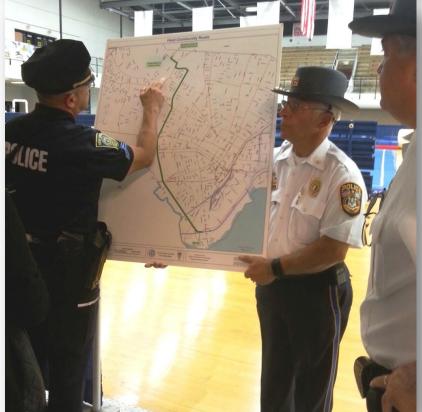


TRAFFIC CONTROL and SECURITY

New Haven and SCSU Police are assigned to the Reception Center for security and access control.



They are ready to deal with any impediments that could delay traffic coming to the Reception Center.



DOSIMETRY AND METER ISSUE

Dosimetry is issued to radiological emergency workers, including CERT and DBHRN members who may assist in radiological areas.



Each team receives a complete briefing when they receive their dosimetry packets.



DOSIMETRY

Emergency
workers
complete the
paperwork for
their assigned
dosimetry
packet, and
female workers
are briefed on
special dose
limits.



Radiological emergency workers are instructed by radio to check their dosimetry periodically.



DOSIMETRY AND METER ISSUE

Radiological equipment must be checked for operational readiness before use.

Ludlum 3
survey meters
are issued to
Secondary
Monitoring,
Female and
Male Decon,
Local Decon,
and Vehicle
Monitoring.

A check using a hand-held meter will be required before an evacuee is certified non-contaminated or "clean."



VEHICLE MONITORING

The first area to see evacuees is Vehicle Monitoring, where teams set up a portal monitor in the entrance to the parking garage.

Vehicles will drive through the portal slowly. If contamination is detected, the portal monitor will alarm.

Drivers are instructed to park in the designated clean or contaminated parking areas.





PERSONNEL PORTAL MONITORS

Portal Monitors are assembled near the entrance of the Reception Center to monitor incoming evacuees.

Each portal is checked with a radiation source for proper response.

Once operational, the portals will be ready to monitor evacuees for any external radioactive contamination.



MONITORING EVACUEES

All evacuees who pass through a portal monitor without sounding the alarm will receive a green wrist band.

The green wrist band is proof that evacuees are free of radioactive contamination.





MONITORING EVACUEES

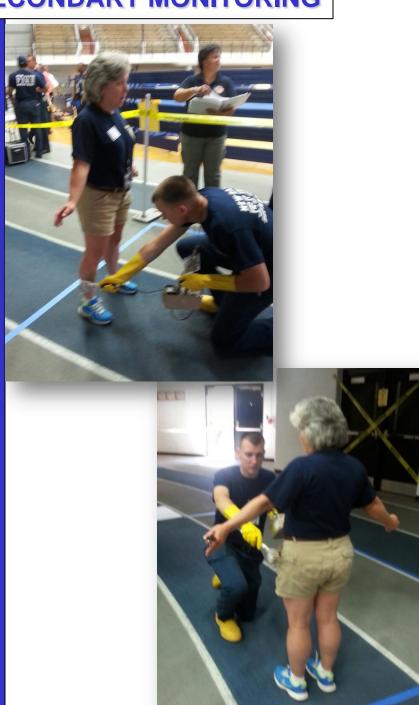
State and local Emergency Workers who come to the Reception Center will return their dosimetry at the Dosimetry Issue table after they pass through the portal monitor.

Emergency
workers from the
affected
communities
may be returning
to the EPZ, and
are not required
to go to
Registration.



SECONDARY MONITORING

In the event the portal **monitor DOES** alarm, evacuees are sent to **Secondary** Monitoring, where responders use a Ludlum survey meter to determine the precise location of radioactive contamination in excess of 100 counts per minute over background.



SECONDARY MONITORING

Evacuees are monitored from head to foot – the probe must be moved slowly at no more than an inch from the area being monitored.



Areas of contamination are marked on a form that accompanies the evacuee through the decon process.



If radioactive contamination is detected at Secondary Monitoring, the evacuee must proceed to a decontamination area or station.



A Decon Tent is set up adjacent to the Field House to provide a place for full decontamination of males and females. The tent can also accommodate functional needs evacuees.



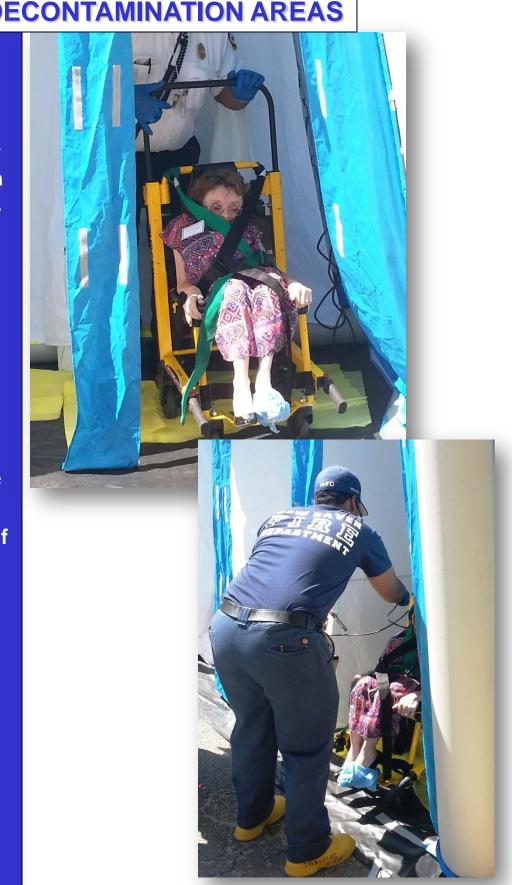
Water lines are connected and signs are posted to show the lanes for showering of males and females. There is a corridor for functional needs evacuees, and a worker corridor as well.





Assistance is provided to functional needs evacuees as they progress through decontamination.

After decon, Fire Department staff re-monitor the evacuees to see if decontamination has been effective.



If radioactive contamination is limited to the hands or forearms, the evacuee is directed to Local Decon.



Local Decon staff assist evacuees who will wash at the sink. The evacuees will be re-monitored and then are provided with a green wrist band to show they are free of radioactive contamination.



During an emergency that calls for evacuation, some evacuees may bring their pets to the Reception Center.

Monitoring and decontamination of household pets may be a major concern.



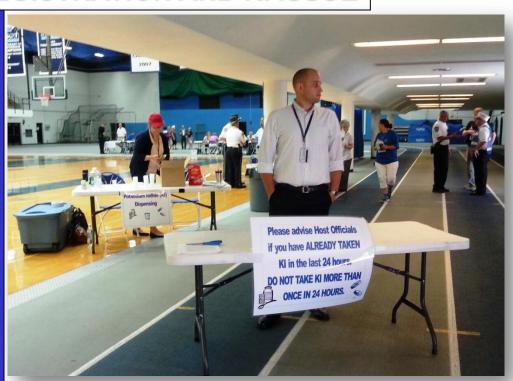
The State Animal Response Team (SART) came to participate and practice their protocols near the Decon Tent.



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REGISTRATION AND KI ISSUE

The last area for evacuees who have passed through the Portal Monitors or Decon and now wear a green wrist band is KI Issue and Registration.

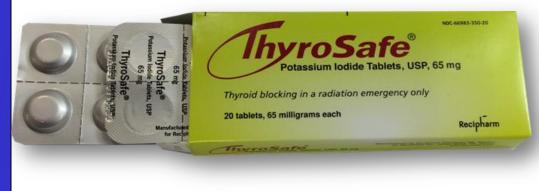


Before they reach the Registration Tables, evacuees can get Potassium lodide information from the New Haven Health Department.



POTASSIUM IODIDE (KI) ISSUE

As per exercise scenario, the State Departments of Health (DPH) and Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) have determined that evacuees should take Potassium lodide (KI).



Evacuees who did not take it before leaving the affected area are offered KI by the New Haven Health Department.



EVACUEE REGISTRATION

At the next table, evacuees can be registered for the purpose of documentation and the reunification of family members.

Registrars take basic evacuee information on a multi-copy form.



Host Community:

Last Name:

First Name

Cell Phone:

Street Address/Apt. #

City

State and Zip Code

Additional Family/Group Members
Present:

Referred to Red Cross for Shelter?

Shelter Location:
(completed by Red Cross)

Decontaminated?

Registrar initials

Date Added:

Note: Aggregate Information may be collected for statistical purposes.

Original — Registration Yellow — Individual Green — Red Cross

COMPUTER ENTRY OF EVACUEE DATA

The Registration staff creates a database of information from the hardcopy forms completed by the registrars.

Photo courtesy of the NEW HAVEN INDEPENDENT The following precautions are advised:

Because it is possible that a very small amount of radioactive contamination cap guidenced, you are advised to shower and change your clothing at the ofportunity, within 24 hours if possible, and no later than within 3 days (emoving possible contaminants from skin is a simple procedure. Wash guily under a stream of lukewarm water using a soft brush or sponge.

Shumpoo hair normally. ander a stream of interwarm water using a Shampso hair normally. Launder your clothing as usual, but separately from other wash. Water may be Launder your clothing as usual and the separately from other wash. Water may be discharged to normal drainage and no special precautions are required.

Further precautionary information regarding possible contamination is also provided to evacuees.

AMERICAN RED CROSS SHELTER ASSISTANCE

The New Haven plan includes a list of Red Cross approved shelters for evacuees needing a temporary place to stay.

The Red Cross registers people for these shelters.





AMERICAN RED CROSS SHELTER ASSISTANCE

Safe and Well, an internet-based program used successfully throughout the country, is available at the Reception Center.

The program allows evacuees to register online and notify relatives and friends of their location and status.





BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

The CT Disaster Behavioral Health Response Network (DBHRN) is there to provide comfort to those with behavioral health needs and also help keep the overall ambiance of the center calm.

Their trained staff specialize in early intervention for behavioral health issues.





Department of Developmental Services

The Connecticut
Department of
Developmental
Services liaisons
are on hand to
provide
assistance if
clients of their
agency arrive at
the Reception
Center.





CERT and other VOLUNTEERS

Community
Emergency
Response Team
(CERT) members
work side by side
with Reception
Center staff, and
are a great
resource,
assisting in many
varied positions.





VOLUNTEER EVACUEES

The roles of "Evacuee" and "Emergency Worker" from the Emergency Planning Zone are played by volunteers willing to participant in the federally evaluated exercise.



Volunteers report to the Evacuee Control area where they are issued cards outlining the roles they will play for the exercise.



CONTROLLERS and EVALUATORS

Exercise
Controllers
and Evaluators
are the
"invisible"
participants
assigned to
observe the
actions of the
Players.
Qualified
Observers add
their input.

FEMA's
evaluation is
based on criteria
determined by
the Extent of
Play document
and the
implementation
of the Host
Community's
written
Emergency Plan.



Results of the FEMA Evaluation*

"The New Haven Host Community Emergency Management, Fire Department, SCSU Police Department, and volunteers demonstrated knowledge of their emergency response plans and procedures and adequately implemented them. There were no deficiencies identified as a result of this exercise. There was one Area Requiring Corrective Action (ARCA) that was successfully re-demonstrated on-the-spot and closed; there are currently no open ARCAs as a result of the exercise."

"New Haven Host Community Reception Center

The Reception Center staff was made up of multiple emergency response entities and volunteer organizations. They worked together exceptionally well and demonstrated excellent teamwork.

The Reception Center Manager/Incident Commander demonstrated excellent direction and control throughout the exercise. The Reception Center Staff did a terrific job of setting up their sections in preparation to receive evacuees from the Millstone Emergency Planning Zone communities of Lyme, Old Lyme and East Lyme.

All Reception Center Staff were very much engaged in their position responsibilities and successfully demonstrated knowledge of their plans and procedures. The Reception Center Staff did an excellent job of radiation exposure control and decontamination of evacuees and emergency workers, starting from vehicle monitoring onto portal and secondary monitoring and personal decontamination. Staff did an excellent job throughout the registration process, including but not limited to distributing potassium iodide, registering evacuees, facilitating reunification, and providing shelter and transportation referrals."

Results of the FEMA Evaluation*

"The Reception Center Staff were very conscientious and dedicated to doing a good job as the results of this exercise report shows.

- a. CRITERIA MET: 1.a.1, 1.b.1, 1.c.1, 1.d.1, 1.e.1, 3.a.1, 3.b.1, 3.d.1, 6.a.1, 6.b.1
- b. AREA REQUIRING CORRECTIVE ACTION: 6.a.1
- c. DEFICIENCY: NONE
- d. NOT DEMONSTRATED: NONE
- e. PRIOR ARCA RESOLVED: NONE
- f. PRIOR ARCA UNRESLOVED: NONE

AREA REQUIRING CORRECTION ACTION: 6.a.1 Evacuee Monitoring and Decontamination

CONDITION: There were some instances in which crosscontamination occurred between the clean and contaminated areas in the decontamination station. In one instance, an evacuee transported a walking stick from the contaminated to clean area without it being surveyed for contamination. In another instance, a potentially contaminated evacuee stepped into a clean area prior to full completion of the survey process. In both instances, re-training occurred and staff then performed the operations properly.

POSSIBLE CAUSE: Staff may not have had training on some aspects of cross-contamination.

REFERENCE: Criterion 6.a.1"

Results of the FEMA Evaluation*

"EFFECT: Evacuees could have transmitted radiological contamination into clean areas, causing more people to become contaminated. Because the cross-contamination occurred after the decontamination station, those newly-contaminated people or areas would not be recognized as contaminated and may not have received proper attention.

CORRECTIVE ACTION DEMONSTRATED: This issue was satisfactorily re-demonstrated and closed during the exercise. Staff received on-the-spot training and quickly recognized the need to ensuring no cross-contamination occurred. Staff were proactive in suggesting mitigating strategies for preventing the same situations in the future and committed to ensuring the effective operation of the station for the rest of the exercise."

* Excerpt from FEMA's executive summary and report dated August 13, 2015.

The Connecticut Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, Div. of Emergency Management and Homeland Security, and The Dominion Millstone Emergency Preparedness Department would like to thank all the participants of the 2015 New Haven Host Community Exercise.

JOB WELL DONE!