

STATE OF CONNECTICUT OFFICE OF POLICY AND MANAGEMENT

October 12, 2017

To:

Governor Malloy

From: Ben Barnes

Re:

Actuarial analysis of 2027 change to exclude overtime from SERS pensions

Following our recent discussions about the legal and practical issues surrounding recent proposals to modify the SERS pension system in 2027, after the current SEBAC agreement expires, I requested an additional analysis from the plan actuary. The purpose of this analysis was to determine the actuarial value of a change to exclude overtime from pensions in 2027 only for those employees who would not be vested in the pension system at that time.

As you recall, because all new hires from now on are Tier 4 employees who will vest after 10 years of service, we can surmise that on June 30, 2027 there will be no Tier 4 employees who are yet vested, while virtually all employees of lower tiers will have already vested. As a result, we have concluded that the only way to make a lawful change in 2027 - a change that does not impair the contractual rights of vested employees – would be to limit that change to Tier 4 employees. I am sure you also recall that Tier 4 already contains significant benefit reductions, including reduction in the pensionability of overtime, elimination of the breakpoint, reduction in the pension multiplier, and higher contribution requirements.

Unfortunately, the proposals for 2027 changes that were included in Senate B, the republican budget that you recently vetoed, would have applied changes far more broadly than I believe can be accomplished without impairing the rights of our employees. Indeed, that proposal covered all employees, and - in the case of the COLA change - even retirees who had already retired before the change was put in place. These measures not only would create untenable legal risks for the state, they also drove the calculated actuarial benefit of the changes so that the features of the proposal that were most likely to be determined illegal are the features that accounted for most of the purported "savings." The attached actuarial analyses on the issue of overtime bear this out.

On September 8, the plan actuaries provided an analysis of the potential reduction in annual state contribution that would occur for the next 30 years if overtime was excluded from final average earnings for all employees who retired after July 1, 2027. That analysis included employees who were already vested prior to 2027. It showed annual contribution savings of \$25 million in the first year growing gradually compared to the current projection of state

pension payments (see Attachment 1.) This analysis made up a significant part of the savings assumed in the republican budget.

On October 11, I received a new valuation of the same overtime proposal, but that excluded those employees who were vested in the pension system before July 1, 2027 – i.e., Tier 4 employees. As you can see on Attachment 2, the first year savings estimate drops dramatically to \$2 million. In that analysis, the savings are shown starting in 2020 because the actuaries assumed the savings from a change in law would be reflected in the next scheduled valuation. The republican budget and the analysis in Attachment 1 assumed that a new valuation would be completed and implemented right away in order to take savings now.

Finally, it is worth noting that both of the attached analyses assume that employee contributions would be calculated only on pensionable earnings. In other words there would be no contribution calculated against overtime earnings in either scenario.

My conclusion from this new analysis is that if the legislature modified the republican proposal to reduce the risk of a successful contract impairment action by limiting the application of changes to unvested employees in 2027, the financial benefit would be dramatically reduced. Furthermore, the very act of requiring an immediate valuation introduces separate contract impairment exposure which could easily cost more than \$2 million to defend. I recommend, therefore, that we continue to strongly oppose any reduction in pension contribution in the FY18-19 budget based on changes to pensions in 2027.

Attachments.

cc:

Brian Durand, Chief of Staff Lisa Egan, Undersecretary Greg Messner, Assistant Executive Budget Officer

Connecticut SERS 30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2016 Valuation with SEBAC 2017 Assuming 6.90% Investment Return and 2.50% Inflation for All Years in Projection Overtime Excluded in Final Average Earnings beginning July 1, 2027 (Dollars in Thousands)

60,231,618	7,563,381	52,668,237	941,510	48,059,171	3,667,556	Total	_	113,44	The second second	100	
437,289	402,324	34,966	68,454	(106,038)	72,550	95.0%	1,787,141	6,258,226	6.90%	2048	2046
1,792,330	388,639	1,403,691	65,510	1,266,520	71,661	91.6%	2,981,104	6,058,467	6.90%	2047	2045
1,811,515	375,329	1,436,186	62,693	1,302,637	70,856	88.4%	4,140,318	5,865,861	6.90%	2046	2044
1,842,588	362,360	1,480,228	59,902	1,350,151	70,175	85.4%	5,257,564	5,680,175	6.90%	2045	2043
1,864,041	349,718	1,514,323	57,126	1,387,556	69,640	82.6%	6,317,284	5,501,110	6.90%	2044	2042
1,867,952	337,390	1,530,563	54,367	1,406,926	69,270	80.0%	7,310,043	5,328,897	6.90%	2043	2041
1,860,038	325,378	1,534,660	51,623	1,413,919	69,117	77.7%	8,237,793	5,163,536	6.90%	2042	2040
1,851,967	313,586	1,538,381	48,893	1,420,333	69,155	75.5%	~9,105,282	5,003,653	6.90%	2041	2039
1,844,536	302,021	1,542,515	46,206	1,426,401	69,908	73.5%	9,918,656	4,849,587	6.90%	2040	2038
1,839,209	290,733	1,548,477	43,542	1,432,001	72,934	71.7%	10,679,608	4,701,698	6.90%	2039	2037
1,834,000	· 279,769	1,554,231	40,895	1,437,178	76,158	70.0%	11,391,648	4,560,393	6.90%	2038	2036
1,829,048	269,222	1,559,826	38,291	1,441,905	79,630	68.4%	12,057,188	4,426,283	6.90%	2037	2035
1,824,062	258,971	1,565,091	35,733	1,446,231	83,128	66.9%	12,679,408	4,298,125	6.90%	2036	2034
1,818,829	248,775	1,570,054	33,252	1,450,442	86,361	65.5%	13,264,143	4,173,761	6.90%	2035	2033
1,815,758	238,986	1,576,772	30,800	1,455,901	90,071	64.1%	13,829,974	4,056,623	6.90%	2034	2032
1,833,246	229,918	1,603,328	28,342	1,480,336	94,650	61.6%	14,815,776	3,949,688	6.90%	2033	2031
2,305,091	221,147	2,083,944	25,948	1,958,702	99,294	59.2%	15,739,149	3,847,955	6.90%	2032	2030
2,303,395	212,926	2,090,470	23,581	1,962,570	104,319	56.9%	16,601,684	3,753,448	6.90%	2031	2029
2,301,848	205,255	2,096,593	21,262	1,966,218	109,113	54.7%	17,409,543	3,665,172	6.90%	2030	2028
2,302,699	198,154	2,104,545	18,981	1,970,327	115,238	52.5%	18,174,169	3,585,765	6.90%	2029	2027
2,314,366	190,928	2,123,438	16,794	1,970,355	136,289	50.4%	18,844,585	3,918,740	6.90%	2028	2026
2,313,591	184,012	2,129,579	14,711	1,970,944	143,924	48.3%	19,478,437	3,840,112	6.90%	2027	2025
2,312,500	177,317	2,135,183	12,739	1,971,663	150,781	46.2%	20,073,491	3,764,690	6.90%	2026	2024
2,311,446	170,665	2,140,781	10,897	1,972,444	157,439	44.0%	20,631,543	3,688,639	6.90%	2025	2023
2,310,549	164,757	2,145,792	9,118	1,971,726	164,948	41.8%	21,136,408	3,620,345	6.90%	2024	2022
2,296,569	159,553	2,137,016	7,445	1,954,181	175,390	40.1%	21,407,181	3,573,089	6.90%	2023	2021
2,148,489	154,467	1,994,022	5,801	1,804,400	183,822	38.7%	21,519,045	3,514,625	6.90%	2022	2020
1,983,941	148,939	1,835,002	4,289	1,639,439	191,274	38.1%	21,337,372	3,451,271	6.90%	2021	2019
1,826,569	133,925	1,692,644	2,812	1,466,509	223,323	38.1%	20,903,653	3,538,985	6.90%	2020	2018
1,682,100	134,246	1,547,854	1,503	1,305,725	240,626	37.9%	20,482,983	3,631,506	6.90%	2019	2017
1,552,055	133,970	1,418,086	0	1,161,571	256,515	37.2%	20,160,044	51	6.90%	2018	2016
(12)=(10)+(11)	(11)	(10)=(7)+(8)+(9)	(9)	(8)	(7)	(6)	(5)	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
Contribution	Contribution	Contribution	Contribution	Liability	Cost	Liability	Valuation Year		Return	6/30/YYYY	6/30/YYYY
Total	Emplayee	Total State	State Match	Accrued	Normal	Acerued	Beginning of		Investment	Ending	Date
			DC Plan 1%	of Unfunded	Employer	Assets /	Liability		Annual	Year	Valuation
			New Tier Only	Amortization		Ratio =	Accrued		Expected	Fiscal	
		iscal Year Ending	Contributions for Fiscal Year Ending			Funded	Unfuncied				
Selection (Selection Constitution Constituti	the are differentially deformations with a series	A STREET STATE OF THE STREET STREET STREET, AND STREET STREET	and all delications by the same of the contraction	TO STANDARD AND AND AND AND ADDRESS OF THE ADDRESS							

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Assumed the rates of retirements will increase in 2026 to reflect the potential behavior of future eligible members.

1,541,934 1,497,133 1,464,020 79,712 aseline 1,443,110 1,574,537 1,714,913 1,615,954 1,611,665 1,607,152 1,602,505 2,159,644 2,154,507 2,149,737 1,576,690 1,592,323 1,619,822 1,628,446 2,164,221 1,623,248 1,653,623 2,132,828 2,138,251 2,143,662 2,168,710 2,172,519 2,162,477 2,019,759 1,586,761 1,597,575 1,858,688 Total Svgs (25,024) (26,683) (22,269) (23,686) (27,930) (20,035) (30,065) (31,069) (47,769) (47,769) (47,769) (47,761) (50,295) (51,1673) (53,1494) (54,771) (56,128) (57,434) (58,771) (58,771) (58,771) (59,990) (59,990) (59,990) (59,990) (59,1994) (57,663) (25,736) (26,727) (25,461)

Savings

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2016 Valuation with SEBAC 2017
Assuming 6.90% Investment Return and 2.50% inflation for All Years in Projection
Overtime Excluded in Final Average Earnings beginning July 1, 2027 for Only Tier IV who are Not Vested as of July 1, 2027
(Dollars in Thousands)

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60,999,601	7,563,381	53,436,221	941,510	48,420,386	4,074,325	Total					
447,622	402,324	45,299	68,454	(98,350)	75,194	94.8%	1,895,830	6,293,867	6.90%	2048	2046
1,817,009	388,639	1,428,370	65,510	1,288,104	74,757	91.6%	3,099,877	6,099,610	6.90%	2047	2045
1,836,055	375,329	1,460,726	62,693	1,323,581	74,452	88.5%	4,267,180	5,913,047	6.90%	2046	2044
1,866,878	362,360	1,504,517	59,902	1,370,292	74,323	85.5%	5,393,012	5,733,930	6.90%	2045	2043
1,890,622	349,718	1,540,904	57,126	1,409,382	74,396	82.8%	6,452,366	5,562,056	6.90%	2044	2042
1,887,205	337,390	1,549,816	54,367	1,420,758	74,691	80.3%	7,443,558	5,397,725	6:90%	2043	2041
1,879,513	325,378	1,554,135	51,623	1,427,239	75,272	78.0%	8,369,515	5,240,972	6.90%	2042	2040
1,872,700	313,586	1,559,114	48,893	1,433,284	76,936	75.9%	9,236,558	5,090,245	6.90%	2041	2039
1,868,149	302,021	1,566,127	46,206	1,438,965	80,956	73.9%	10,048,955	4,945,678	6.90%	2040	2038
1,863,761	290,733	1,573,029	43,542	1,444,153	85,333	72.1%	10,808,340	4,807,912	6.90%	2039	2037
1,859,569	279,769	1,579,800	40,895	1,448,892	90,013	70.4%	11,518,204	4,677,492	6.90%	2038	2036
1,855,712	269,222	1,586,490	38,291	1,453,152	95,046	68.9%	12,180,965	4,554,897	6.90%	2037	2035
1,851,862	258,971	1,592,892	35,733	1,456,987	100,172	67.4%	12,799,851	4,438,735	6.90%	2036	2034
1,847,751	248,775	1,598,976	33,252	1,460,719	105,005	66.0%	13,381,160	4,326,443	6.90%	2035	2033
1,845,977	238,986	1,606,991	30,800	1,465,696	110,495	64.6%	13,943,290	4,222,300	6.90%	2034	2032
1,865,097	229,918	1,635,179	28,342	1,489,594	117,243	62.1%	14,924,539	4,130,129	6.90%	2033	2031
2,338,634	221,147	2,117,487	25,948	1,967,437	124,102	59.7%	15,843,306	4,043,653	6.90%	2032	2030
2,338,844	212,926	2,125,919	23,581	1,970,748	131,589	57.4%	16,700,650	3,965,534	6.90%	2031	2029
2,339,106	205,255	2,133,851	21,262	1,973,589	139,000	55.1%	17,500,137	3,894,880	6.90%	2030	2028
2,338,625	198,154	2,140,471	18,981	1,973,416	148,073	52.9%	18,214,705	3,834,662	6.90%	2029	2027
2,336,311	190,928	2,145,383	16,794	1,979,012	149,577	50.7%	18,951,844	3,918,740	6.90%	2028	2026
2,334,846	184,012	2,150,835	14,711	1,979,120	157,004	48.5%	19,581,132	3,840,112	6.90%	2027	2025
2,333,031	177,317	2,155,714	12,739	1,979,287	163,688	46.3%	20,170,608	3,764,690	6.90%	2026	2024
2,331,210	170,665	2,160,545	10,897	1,979,527	170,120	44.2%	20,723,073	3,688,639	6.90%	2025	2023
2,330,298	164,757	2,165,541	9,118	1,979,045	177,378	42.0%	21,231,478	3,620,345	6.90%	2024	2022
2,316,384	159,553	2,156,831	7,445	1,961,868	187,518	40.2%	21,507,345	3,573,089	6.90%	2023 .	2021
2,169,832	154,467	2,015,365	5,801	1,813,918	195,646	38.7%	21,650,910	3,514,625	6.90%	2022	2020
2,004,450	148,939	1,855,510	. 4,289	1,648,403	202,818	38.0%	21,473,165	3,451,271	6.90%	2021	2019
1,846,684	133,925	1,712,759	2,812	1,474,858	235,089	38.0%	21,042,571	3,538,985	6.90%	2020	2018
1,708,783	134,246	1,574,537	1,503	1,327,329	245,705	37.8%	20,599,835	3,631,506	6.90%	2019	2017
1,577,080	133,970	1,443,110	0	1,180,377	262,733	36.9%	20,359,317	3,720,751	6.90%	2018	2016
(12)=(10)+(11)	(11)	(10)=(7)+(8)+(9)	(9)	(8)	(2)	(e)	(5)		(3)	(2)	3
Contribution	Contribution	Contribution	Contribution	Liability	Cost	Liability	Valuation Year	Payroll	Return	6/30/YYYY	6/30/YYYY
Total	Employee	Total State	State Match	Accrued	Normal	Accrued	Beginning of	715	Investment	Ending	Date
			DC Plan 1%	of Unfunded	Employer	Assets /	Liability	Annual	Annual	Year	Valuation
			New Tier Only	Amortization		Ratio ≖	Accrued		Expected	Fiscal	
		iscal Year Ending	Contributions for Fiscal Year Ending			Funded	Unfunded				2000

Assumed the rates of retirements will increase in 2026 to reflect the potential behavior of future eligible members.

10/11/2017

	79,712	1,464,020	1,497,133	1,541,934	1,576,690	1,586,761	1,592,323	1,597,575	1,602,505	1,607,152	1,611,665	1,615,954	1,619,822	1,623,248	1,628,446	1,653,623	2,132,828	2,138,251	2,143,662	2,149,737	2,154,507	2,159,644	2,164,221	2,168,710	2,172,519	2,162,477	2,019,759	1,858,688	1,714,913	1,574,537	1,443,110	Baseline T
(619,902)	(34,413)	(35,649)	(36,407)	(37,417)	(35,786)	(36,945)	(38,188)	(38,461)	(36,377)	(34,123)	(31,864)	(29,464)	(26,930)	(24,272)	(21,455)	(18,444)	(15,341)	(12,333)	(9,811)	(9,266)	(9,124)	(8,809)	(8,507)	(8,165)	(6,978)	(5,646)	(4,394)	(3,178)	(2,153)	ANNE	· ·	otal Svgs