OPM - Criminal Justice Policy & Planning Division Monthly Indicators Report

Highlights

- On June 1, 2018 13,417 inmates were incarcerated in Connecticut's prisons and jails, exactly 400 fewer than February 1st and 1,012 less than June 1, 2017.
- On May 30th the CT DOC hosted Governor and First Lady Cathy Malloy's Reimagining Justice Conference. Uniquely, the gathering was held entirely within the confines of the Cheshire Correctional Institution. The conference brought together over 150 participants, including inmates, who were able to experience, firsthand, some of Connecticut's recent criminal justice reforms.
- Table 5a on page 3 shows that the recent growth in the pretrial population is being driven by offenders staying in that status for longer periods of time. The number held under 10 weeks is identical to the total last year (1810 to 1810), but those held longer are up 160.
- The volume of new admits to the prison system is in a state of steady decline. Since 2009 the total number of new admits has fallen by 35%, but the change has not been universal across age groups. For further discussion, see chart 2a.
- CSSD has begun reporting some data from its CMIS II conversion. Careful readers will notice that data representing probation client case starts and split sentence starts are no longer estimated. As the project moves forward, OPM expects to backfill estimated data with actual figures.

Prison Population Forecast

The prison population continues to track closely with OPM's February forecast. OPM predicted that the population would fall by 85 inmates between May and June, very close to the actual decline (94). This underscores the rationale behind an annual forecast. Accurately predicting not only the end of the year figure, but how each month ebbs and flows, is crucial to developing systemic knowledge.

As has been the case for several months now, the entirety of the drop in the population is due to the fall off in the sentenced population. One year ago the total prison population was 1,012 inmates higher. Over that time

the sentenced population has fallen by 1,130. Meaning, it is no exaggeration to state that every last bit of the decline is a result of a falling sentenced population.

The ramifications of a rapidly shrinking sentenced population are many. Some can be easily seen, but others may be less apparent. Discretionary release decisions are undoubtedly becoming more difficult as the pool of eligible candidates shrinks and riskier offenders concentrate in the sentenced population. At some

TABLE 1	- Prison	Population	n Forecast
	Avg. Daily	OPM 2018	Inmate
	Count	Forecast	difference
JAN '18	13,688	-	-
FEB	13,819	13,819	-
MAR	13,753	13,701	-52
APR	13,652	13,607	-45
MAY	13,499	13,550	51
JUN	13,405	13,465	60
JUL	-	13,433	-
AUG	-	13,320	-
SEP	-	13,265	-
OCT	-	13,259	-
NOV	-	13,230	-
DEC	-	13,103	-
JAN '19	-	12,901	-
FEB	-	13,093	-
Avg. Daily	/ Count (AD	C) for 1st wee	ek of month

point in the not too distant future, it would be reasonable to assume that approval rates for discretionary release mechanisms would decline, thereby acting as a gentle brake on the subsiding population.

Chart 1 – Actual prison population against the OPM forecasts

January 1, 2017 through February 1, 2019

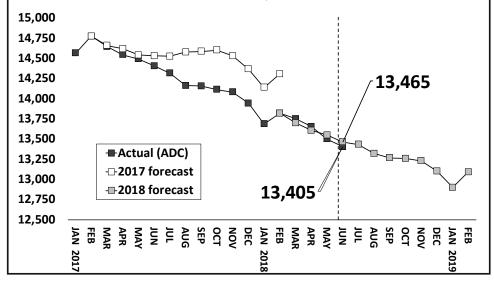


Chart 2 - Criminal justice, monthly counts and flows

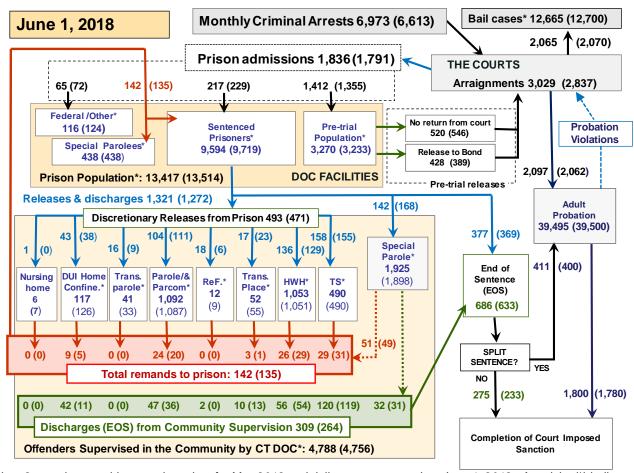
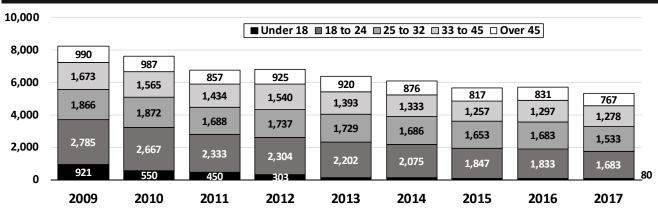


Chart 2 contains monthly operations data for May 2018 and daily counts reported on June 1, 2018. Asterisks (*) indicate the daily count on June 1st. Figures for last month are enclosed by parentheses. Sources: Arrests - OBTS, Court and probation data - CSSD, all other data - CT DOC. Note: Some Judicial Branch data this month is estimated.





The state's prison population is down 33% since its historic peak in 2008. At the same time, the number of new admits to the DOC have been falling away as well, down 40%.

In terms of new admits, all age groups have seen a decline, but the reduction has disproportionally impacted young adults. The youngest group shown in the chart above collapses between 2008 and 2013, falling 90%, coinciding with the implementation of raise-the-age.

What is less apparent, but potentially more interesting is the subtle change in the 18-24 cohort in the years following. If raise the age merely delayed entry to prison, we would expect to see an increase in the 18 to 24 year group after implementation. That's not what happened. Between 2013 and 2017 18 to 24 year olds admits fell by 24%, faster than all admits (16%) and twice as fast as older offenders. This suggests that the suppression of young, first time admits under the age of 18 has continued to the next age group.

Table 2 - First-of-month totals

	2018	2018	2018	2017	% Cha	ange
•	Apr. 1	May 1	June 1	June 1	Monthly	Annual
DOC Facilities						
Federal/Other	123	124	116	142	-6.5%	-18.3%
Sentenced	9,818	9,719	9,594	10,724	-1.3%	-10.5%
Special Parole	460	438	438	452	0.0%	-3.1%
Pre-trial	3,255	3,233	3,270	3,111	1.1%	5.1%
Total	13,656	13,514	13,418	14,429	-0.7%	-7.0%
DOC Community						
Transfer Parole	28	33	41	14	-	-
Parole/ Parcom Total	1,071	1,087	1,092	1,139	0.5%	-4.1%
Parole	904	919	932	976	1.4%	-4.5%
Parcom @ CT	167	168	160	163	-4.8%	-1.8%
Furlough	11	9	12	44	33.3%	-72.7%
Trans Placement	52	55	52	53	-5.5%	-1.9%
DUI/Home confine.	105	126	117	93	-7.1%	25.8%
Halfway House Total	1,045	1,051	1,053	951	0.2%	10.7%
Comm Release	517	508	519	474	2.2%	9.5%
TS	42	45	46	51	2.2%	-9.8%
Parole	154	161	147	136	-8.7%	8.1%
Transfer Parole	2	1	3	0	-	-
Special Parole	330	336	334	289	-0.6%	15.6%
TS	499	490	490	580	0.0%	-15.5%
Nursing home	7	7	6	7	-	-
Special Parole	1,852	1,898	1,925	1,742	1.4%	10.5%
Total	4,670	4,756	4,788	4,623	0.7%	3.6%

Table 2a - Admissions, releases & discharges

Table 2a - Admis	2017	2018	2018	2017	% Cha	ange
_	Mar.	April	May	May	Monthly	Annual
Admissions						
Federal/Other	65	72	65	78	-9.7%	-16.7%
Remands	148	135	142	142	5.2%	0.0%
DUI	5	5	9	9	-	-
Parole	28	20	24	16	20.0%	50.0%
Trans Plac/Furlough	2	1	3	0	-	-
HWH	33	29	26	31	-10.3%	-16.1%
TS	22	31	29	33	-6.5%	-12.1%
Special Parole	58	49	51	53	4.1%	-3.8%
New Sentence	236	229	217	237	-5.2%	-8.4%
VOP	72	58	81	71	39.7%	14.1%
Pre-trial	1,284	1,355	1,412	1,474	4.2%	-4.2%
Total	1,733	1,791	1,836	1,931	2.5%	-4.9%
Releases and dischar	rges					
Transfer Parole	17	9	16	9	-	-
Parole	97	111	104	95	-6.3%	9.5%
Furlough	10	6	18	24	200.0%	-25.0%
Trans. Placement	25	23	17	24	-26.1%	-29.2%
Home Confinement DU	39	38	43	34	13.2%	26.5%
HWH	130	129	136	112	5.4%	21.4%
TS	159	155	158	186	1.9%	-15.1%
Special Parole	137	168	142	118	-15.5%	20.3%
Nursing home	0	0	1	1	-	-
End of Sentence	700	633	686	765	8.4%	-10.3%
Total	1,314	1,272	1,321	1,368	3.9%	-3.4%
Pre-trial Releases*						
From Court	448	546	520	581	-4.8%	-10.5%
Release to Bond	389	389	428	409	10.0%	4.6%

^{*} Totals reflect events, not individual offenders

DOC - Community Release Unit (CRU)

Table 3 - Case reviews and release metrics

	Cases				Approval
	Reviewed	Approved	Denied	Continued	Rate
March	713	344	101	107	48%
Apr.	741	365	108	105	49%
May	701	331	123	96	47%
May '17	806	376	95	113	47%

Board of Pardons and Paroles

Table 4 - Parole hearings, new cases

	Parole Hearings	Paroles granted	Grant rate	Paroles granted, 2016	Paroles granted, 2015
Mar.	166	91	55%	95	93
Apr.	185	90	49%	102	101
May	161	93	58%	100	95

Table 4a - Other BOPP actions

	Reparole	Reparole	Closed	Special	Transfer
	from	from	interest	parole	parole
	revocation	rescission	cases	cases	cases
Mar.	43	4	26	34	11
Apr.	46	0	24	49	12
May	35	2	25	30	17
May '17	44	2	20	40	13

The pre-trial population

Table 5 - Bond ranges for pre-trial detainees

rable of Borra ranges for pro-trial actainess						
	Apr. 1,	May 1.	June 1,			
Bond amount	2018	2018	2018	June 1, 2017		
Less than \$20K	468	473	485	548		
\$20K to < \$50K	475	468	470	493		
\$50K to <\$100K	705	702	694	734		
\$100K or higher	1,699	1,692	1,705	1,407		
Persons w/bonds	3,347	3,335	3,354	3,182		
Over \$1M	192	195	201	144		

Table 5a - Pre-trial, weeks since admission

Weeks since last	Apr. 1,	May 1.	June 1,	
DOC admit	2018	2018	2018	June 1, 2017
< 1 week	448	389	409	411
1 to < 3 weeks	313	326	329	344
3 to < 10 weeks	988	1,042	1,072	1,055
10 to < 30 weeks	680	661	629	611
30 wks or more	918	919	918	776
Pre-trial prisoners	3,347	3,337	3,357	3,197

Table 5b - Pre-trial admits, new offenders

	Mar.	Apr.	May	
	2018	2018	2018	May 2017
Arraignments	2,565	2,837	3,029	2,968
Pre-trial Admits	1,284	1,355	1,412	1,474
New to DOC	345	338	369	409
% New	27%	25%	26%	28%

Court Support Services Division

Table 6 - The Jail Re-interview Program

	Pre-trial	Offender	Offenders	Released
	admissions	interviews	released	last year
Mar.	1,284	833	333	481
Apr.	1,355	937	335	417
May	1,412	985	331	515

Table 6a - Pre-trial bail and probation caseloads

	Pre-trial Bail	Client Supv.	Split Sentence	Pre-trial
	Case Starts	Starts	Starts	bail cases
Mar.	2,085*	1,927	418	12,675*
Apr.	2,070*	2,062	368	12,670*
May	2,065*	2,097	411	12,665*
May '17	2,335	2,180	420	12,756

^{*} CSSD estimates

Note: Figures published here are based on the operational data available at the time of publication. Data in subsequent issues may not agree.

Chart 3 – Prison population

First week of the month, avg. daily count (ADC)

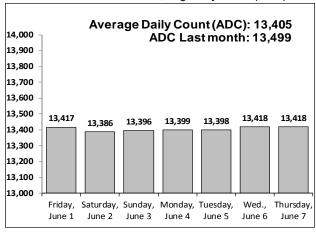


Chart 4 – Prison population, first-of-month 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018

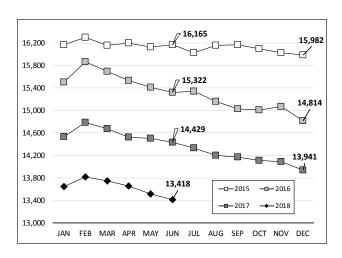


Chart 5 – Statewide criminal arrests 2017 and 2018

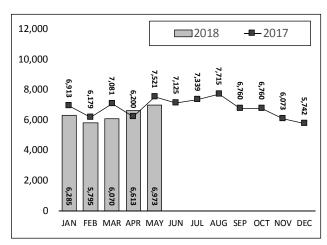


Chart 6 - Monthly DOC Admissions

Apr. 2017 through May. 2018

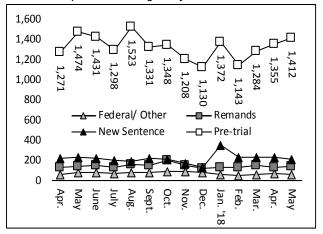


Chart 7– Remands from community release

May 2018

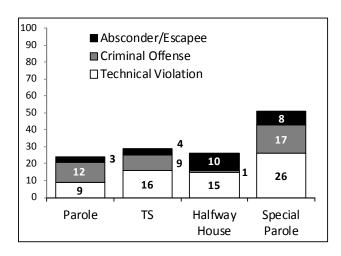
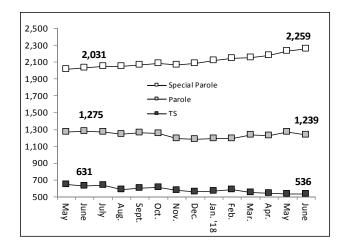


Chart 8 – DOC community supervision

April 1, 2017 through June 1, 2018



Note: Data for all charts, with the exception of Chart 5, was supplied by CT DOC. Data for Chart 5 are for new case starts in the state Criminal Motor Vehicle System (CRMVS). Chart 8 includes offenders in halfway houses.