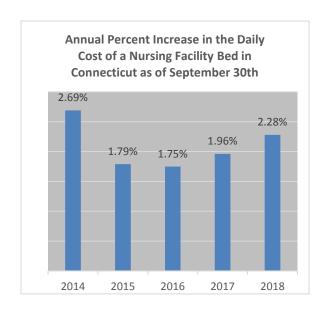
# STATE OF CONNECTICUT

# ANNUAL NURSING FACILITY CENSUS

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

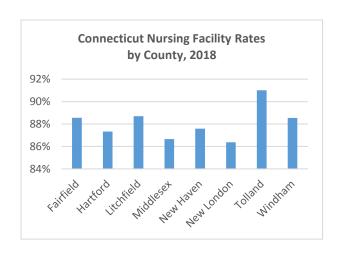
#### COST OF CARE

As of September 30, 2018, it costs a private pay nursing facility resident an average of \$432 per day for a semi-private nursing facility bed, or over \$157,700 for the entire year. This represents a rise in cost of 2.28 percent from the previous year average rate of \$422 per day. The average annual percentage change over the last five years has been 2.1 percent for private pay rates.

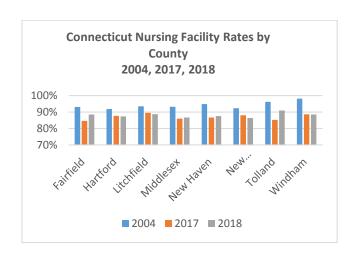


## **OCCUPANCY**

Occupancy rates have remained consistent over the last few years. The average nursing facility occupancy rate in Connecticut was 88 percent as of September 30, 2018, which was just slightly more than the 87 percent occupancy rate in 2017, 2016 and 2015. Regionally, the availability of beds varies, ranging from an occupancy rate of 91 percent in Tolland County to 86 percent in New London County, as of September 30, 2018.



Between 2017 and 2018, there was an increase in the average occupancy rate in Fairfield (3.9%), Middlesex (0.6%), New Haven (0.9%), and Tolland (5.8%) Counties. In contrast, there were decreases in the average occupancy rates in Hartford (-0.3%), Litchfield (-0.8%), New London (-1.7%) and Windham (-0.1%) Counties.



## **NURSING FACILITIES**

A total of 216 licensed nursing facilities were operating in Connecticut on September 30, 2018, five less than in 2017. With regard to nursing facility beds, the total number has declined by 14 percent (4,274) between September 30, 2004 and 2018, decreasing from 29,801 to 25,527 beds.

In Connecticut, nursing facilities are licensed at two levels of care: Chronic and Convalescent Nursing Homes (CCNH), also known as Skilled Nursing Facilities, and Rest Homes with Nursing Supervision (RHNS), also called Intermediate Care Facilities.

As of September 30, 2018, there were 25,130 CCNH beds and 397 RHNS beds, for a total of 25,527. Over time, nursing facilities have been either phasing out RHNS beds or converting them to CCNH beds. Between 2004 and 2018, the number of RHNS beds decreased from 1,547 to 397, or 74 percent.

The number of facilities with non-profit status decreased from 63 in 2004 to 41 in 2018 and the number of facilities with for-profit status decreased from 183 to 175.

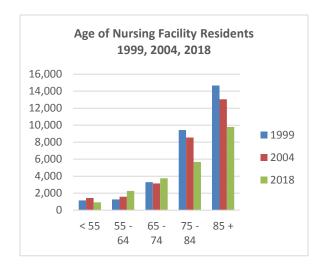
Of the 216 nursing facilities in Connecticut in 2018, 204 had a CCNH license, 11 had both a CCNH and a RHNS license, and one facility provided care under a RHNS license only.

#### RESIDENT DEMOGRAPHICS

On September 30, 2018, there were 22,401 individuals residing in Connecticut nursing facilities, 436 fewer than on the same date in 2017 and 5,395 fewer than in 2004.

In 2018, the majority of residents were white (81%), female (65%), and without a spouse (79%); a profile that has remained consistent over the years. With regard to age, 14 percent were under 65 years of age, 42 percent were between 65 and 84, and 44 percent were age 85 or older.

Since 2004, the percentage of younger nursing facility residents under age 55 decreased by 35% (507), the percentage of residents age 55 to 74 increased by 27% (1,265), and the number of residents age 75 and older decreased by 28% (6,137).



## **PAYMENT SOURCE**

Medicaid remained the dominant source of payment for nursing facility stays in Connecticut in 2018, covering 74 percent of the residents. Medicare covered the next largest segment of residents (13%), followed by residents who pay privately out-of-pocket (9%). Thirty-two percent of nursing facility residents with long-term care insurance were covered by Connecticut Partnership for Long-Term Care policies.

This fact sheet provides the 15th year of data from the Connecticut Annual Nursing Facility Census. From 1997 until 2003, the State of Connecticut Nursing Facility Registry provided a longitudinal database of demographic and health data for all Connecticut nursing facility residents. Beginning in 2004, this registry was modified and renamed. The Connecticut Annual Nursing Facility Census provides aggregate information on the status of nursing facilities and their residents on September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year.

Produced by the Policy Development and Planning Division, Connecticut State Office of Policy and Management