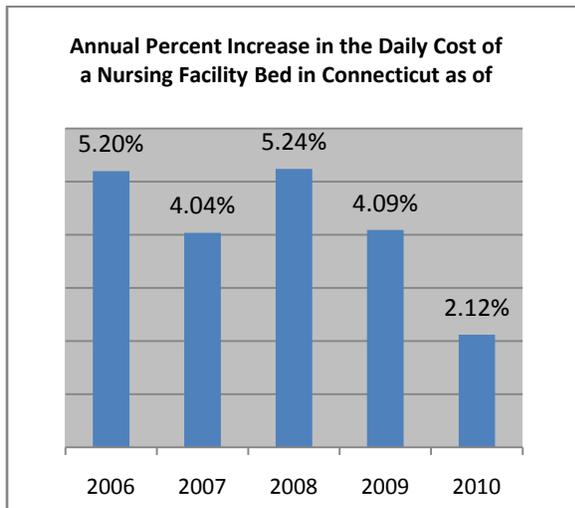


STATE OF CONNECTICUT
ANNUAL NURSING FACILITY CENSUS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

COST OF CARE

A nursing home resident now pays on average \$348 a day in Connecticut for a semi-private nursing home bed or about \$127,000 for the entire year. This represents a rise in cost of 2.1 percent from the previous year when the average cost was \$341 a day. The average annual percentage change over the last five years has been 4.1 percent for private pay rates.



NURSING FACILITIES

Two nursing facilities closed in the year ending September 30, 2010, bringing the number of licensed nursing facilities in Connecticut to 240; six fewer than at the same time in 2004.

With regard to the number of nursing facility beds, the number has declined by almost four percent (1173) between September 30, 2004 and 2010, decreasing from 29,801 to 28,628 beds.

In Connecticut, nursing facilities are licensed at two levels of care: Chronic and Convalescent Nursing Homes (CCNH), also known as Skilled Nursing Facilities, and Rest Homes with Nursing Supervision (RHNS), also called Intermediate Care Facilities. As of September

30, 2010 there were 28,040 CCNH beds and 588 RHNS beds.

Over time, nursing facilities have been either phasing out RHNS beds or converting them to CCNH beds. Since 2004, the number of RHNS beds declined by 62 percent, from 1,547 to 588 beds. Between September 30, 2009 and 2010, the number of RHNS beds declined by 121 (17%) and the number of CCNH beds declined by less than one percent (245).

Over the same time period between 2004 and 2010, the proportion of facilities with for profit status increased from 74 percent (183) to 77 percent (185) and the proportion of facilities with a non-profit status decreased from 26 percent (63) to 23 percent (55).

Of the 240 nursing facilities in Connecticut in 2010, 219 (91%) had a CCNH license, 18 (8%) had both a CCNH and a RHNS license, and three facilities (1%) provided care under a RHNS license only.

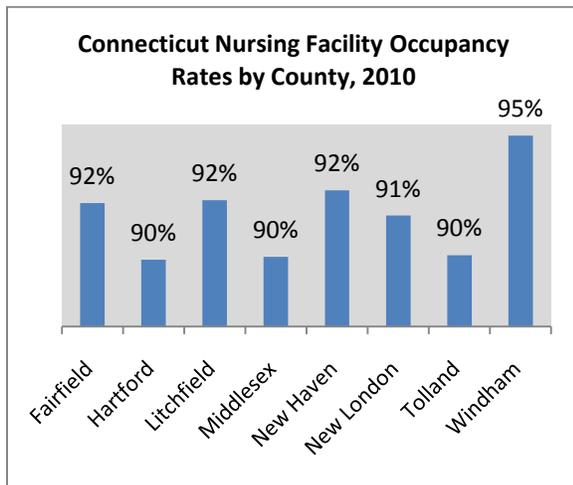
RESIDENT DEMOGRAPHICS

On September 30, 2010, there were 26,052 individuals residing in Connecticut nursing facilities, 273 less than on the same date in 2009 and 1,744 less than in 2004. In 2010, the majority of residents were white (86%), female (70%), and without a spouse (83%); a profile that has remained consistent over the years. With regard to age, 12 percent were under age 65, 39 percent were between the age of 65 and 84, and 49 percent were age 85 or older.

Since 1999, there has been an increase in younger nursing facility residents and a decrease in older residents: the number of residents under the age of 65 increased by 703 (29%) and the number of residents age 65 and older decreased by 4,389 (16%).

OCCUPANCY

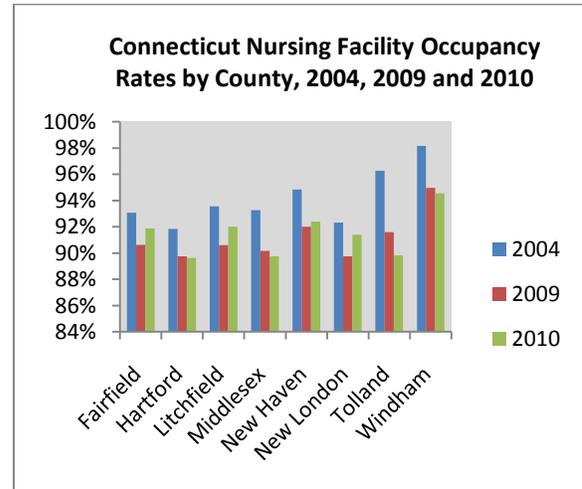
The average nursing facility occupancy rate in Connecticut as of September 30, 2010 was 91 percent. From 2004 to 2007, the average nursing facility occupancy rate statewide remained steady at around 93 percent and since 2008 has remained at 91 percent.



Regionally, the availability of beds varies, ranging from Windham County, with an occupancy rate of 95 percent, to Hartford and Middlesex Counties, with an occupancy rate of 90 percent.

Since 2004, all eight counties experienced a drop in the average regional occupancy rate. In the last year, there has been a 1.8 percent decrease in the average occupancy rate in Tolland County. In contrast, Fairfield (1.2%), Litchfield (1.4%) and New London (1.6%)

Counties experienced an increase in the percentage of beds occupied. In Hartford, Middlesex, New Haven and Windham Counties the average occupancy rates have remained virtually the same.



PAYMENT SOURCE

Medicaid remained the dominant source of payment for nursing facility stays in Connecticut in 2010, covering 70 percent of the residents. Medicare covered the next largest segment of residents (15%), followed by residents who pay privately out-of-pocket (11%). The remaining four percent of residents were covered by private medical insurance, long-term care insurance, the Veteran's Administration, or Continuing Care Retirement Communities. Twenty-six percent of nursing facility residents with long-term care insurance were covered by Connecticut Partnership for Long-Term Care policies.

This fact sheet provides the seventh year of data from the Connecticut Annual Nursing Facility Census. From 1997 until 2003, the State of Connecticut Nursing Facility Registry provided a longitudinal database of demographic and health data for all Connecticut nursing facility residents. Beginning in 2004, this registry was modified and renamed. The Connecticut Annual Nursing Facility Census provides aggregate information on the status of nursing facilities and their residents for September 30th of each year.

Produced by the Policy Development and Planning Division,
Connecticut State Office of Policy and Management

