

Appendix 1
STATE OF CONNECTICUT
BY HER EXCELLENCY
M. JODI RELL

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 38

WHEREAS the State of Connecticut provides its employees with pensions and other post-employment benefits such as health care; and

WHEREAS these benefits serve the public interest by attracting and retaining a workforce that protects the health and safety of the State; and

WHEREAS the most recent accounting reports that the State Employees Retirement System is \$9.3 billion under funded, and the State Employees Post Retirement Health and Life benefits ("OPEB") are \$24.6 billion under funded; and

WHEREAS the impact of the growth in pension and OPEB liabilities places additional strain on the State's budget resources as annual contributions comprise over \$1 billion of state funds, with the potential to be many times that amount; and

WHEREAS the unfunded liability is considered debt and thus has a negative impact for Connecticut with rating agencies; and

WHEREAS providing additional information, resources and potential short and long term plans to our elected officials will assist them in developing strategies for addressing post-employment liabilities; and

WHEREAS it is my goal as Governor to work with the business community, legislature and other elected officials to find an effective solution to the problem;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, M. JODI RELL, Governor of the State of Connecticut, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and Statutes of the State do hereby ORDER AND DIRECT:

1. That there is established a State Post-Employment Benefits Commission.
2. That the Governor shall appoint representatives to the Commission consisting of representatives of the Office of the Treasurer, Office of the Comptroller, the Office of Policy and Management, the Office of Labor Relations, the State Employees Bargaining Agent Coalition, certified public accountants, certified actuaries, and members of the business community.
3. That the Governor shall appoint the Chairperson.
4. That all appointments should be made by February 15, 2010.
5. That on or before July 1, 2010, the Commission shall deliver a report to the Governor that:
 - a. Identifies the amount and extent of unfunded liabilities for pensions and other post-employment benefits;
 - b. Compares and evaluates the advantages and disadvantages of various approaches for addressing unfunded pension liabilities and post-employment benefits; and
 - c. Proposes a short and long term plan or plans for addressing unfunded pension liabilities and post-employment benefits.
6. That State departments and agencies shall cooperate and provide support to the Commission
7. That the Commission shall comply with applicable Freedom of Information laws, and that all meetings shall take place, whenever possible, in the Legislative Office Building.
8. That this Order shall take effect immediately.

Dated in Hartford, Connecticut, this 3rd day of February 2010

M. Jodi Rell
By Her Excellency's Command

Susan Bysiewicz, Secretary of the State

**CONNECTICUT STATE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

This summary of plan provisions is based on our understanding of the benefits as described by the Connecticut General Statutes, summary plan descriptions, and the Connecticut State Employees Retirement System. It is intended only to describe the essential features of the plan. All eligibility requirements and benefit amounts shall be determined in strict accordance with the plan document itself. To the extent that this summary does not accurately reflect the plan provisions, then the results of this valuation may not be accurate.

I. Membership

Tier I [Sec. 5-160]: Each state employee appointed to classified service shall become a member on the first day of the pay period following permanent appointment.

Each officer elected by the people and each appointee of such officer exempt from classified service may elect to become a member, effective on the first day of the pay period following receipt of such election.

Each other state employee exempt from classified service shall become a member on the first day of the pay period following six months of employment.

Except as noted below, employees hired prior to July 1, 1984 could elect (no later than January 2, 1984) to be covered under either Plan B or Plan C. Employees under contracts with Union Independent and CSEA unions hired prior to October 1, 1982 had until October 1, 1984 to make such election.

Tier II [Sec. 5-192eJ]: Tier II consists of employees first joining the retirement system on or after July 1, 1984 plus employees hired between July 1, 1982 and January 1, 1984 who elected Tier II. Each state employee becomes a member on the first day of employment.

Tier IIA: Tier IIA consists of employees first joining the retirement system on or after July 1, 1997.

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2. **Normal Retirement Eligibility**

Tier I - Hazardous Duty [Sec. 5-173]: 20 years of credited service.

Tier I - Plans B and C [Sec. 5-162]: The earliest of age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 10 years of service, or age 70 with 5 years of service.

Tier II [Sec. 5-192l] and Tier II A: The earliest of age 62 with 10 years of vesting service (effective July 1, 1992), age 60 with 25 years of vesting service, age 70 with 5 years of vesting service, or age 62 with 5 years of actual state service for terminations on or after July 1, 1997. Hazardous duty members may retire after 20 years.

3. **Normal Retirement Benefit**

Final Average Earnings: The average salary of the three highest paid years of service. Commencing January 1, 1986, no one year's earnings can be greater than 130% of the average of the preceding two years in calculating the Final Average Earnings.

Tier I - Hazardous Duty [Sec. 5-173]: 50% of Final Average Earnings plus 2% for each year of service in excess of 20.

Tier I Plan B [Sec. 5-162]: Same as Plan C up to age 65; thereafter 1% of Final Average Earnings up to \$4,800 plus 2% of Final Average Earnings in excess of \$4,800 times years of service. At age 70, greater of 1.25% of Final Average Earnings up to \$4,800 plus 2.5% of Final Average Earnings in excess of \$4,800 times years of service (maximum 20 years) or 1.0% of Final Average Earnings up to \$4,800 plus 2% of Final Average Earnings in excess of \$4,800 times years of service. Minimum benefit with 25 years is \$833.34 per month.

Tier I Plan C [Sec. 5-162]: 2% of Final Average Earnings times years of service. At age 70, greater of 2.5% of Final Average Earnings time years of service (maximum 20 years) or 2.0% of Final Average Earnings times years of service. Minimum benefit with 25 years is \$833.34 per month.

Tier II Hazardous Duty Members [Sec. 5-192n] and Tier II A: 2.5% of Final Average Earnings times up to 20 years of service plus 2% of Final Average Earnings times years of service in excess of 20 years, if any. Minimum benefit with 25 years is \$360 per month.

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SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

Tier II All Other [Sec. 5-192l] and Tier IIA: 1½% of Final Average Earnings plus ½% of Final Average Earnings in excess of the year's breakpoint*, times up to 35 years of service from October 1, 1982 plus 1¾% of Final Average Earnings times years of service in excess of 35 years, if any. Minimum benefit with 25 years is \$360 per month.

* \$10,700 increased by 6% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest \$100, but not greater than Social Security Covered Compensation.

4. Early Retirement

Tier I - Hazardous Duty: None.

Tier I [Sec. 5-162]: Age 55 with 10 years of service; benefit is Normal Retirement Benefit reduced for retirement prior to age 60 with less than 25 years of service.

Tier II [Sec. 5-192m] and Tier IIA: Age 55 with 10 years of vesting service; benefit is Normal Retirement Benefit reduced ¼% (effective July 1, 1991) for each month prior to age 60 if at least 25 years of service or age 62 if at least 10 but less than 25 years of service. Minimum benefit with 25 years of service is \$360 per month.

5. Deferred Retirement

Tier I [Sec. 5-162]: May be deferred.

Tier II [Sec. 5-192l] and Tier IIA: May be deferred. Benefit is based on salary and service to actual retirement.

6. Vesting

Tier I [Sec. 5-166]: Ten years of service; benefit is payable at Normal Retirement Age or an early retirement benefit is payable at age 55; in addition employees are always fully vested in their own contributions (after January 1, 1983, Tier I contributions with 5% interest from January 1, 1982).

Tier I - Hazardous Duty [Sec. 5-173(f)]: As above.

Tier II [Sec. 5-192o] and Tier IIA: Effective July 1, 1997, 5 years of actual state service, 10 years of vesting service, or age 70 with 5 years of service; benefit is payable at Normal Retirement Age or an early retirement benefit is payable at age 55. In addition employees are always fully vested in their own contributions with 5% interest.

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7. Member Contributions

<u>Tier I - Hazardous Duty [Sec. 5-161]</u>	4% of earnings up to the Social Security Taxable Wage Base plus 5% of earnings above that level.
<u>Tier I - Plan B [Sec. 5-161]</u>	2% of earnings up to the Social Security Taxable Wage Base plus 5% of earnings above that level.
<u>Tier I - Plan C [Sec. 5-161]</u>	5% of earnings.
<u>Tier II - All Other [Sec. 5-192u]</u>	None.
<u>Tier II - Hazardous Duty [Sec. 5-192u]</u>	4% of earnings.
<u>Tier IIA – All Other</u>	2% of earnings.
<u>Tier IIA – Hazardous Duty</u>	5% of earnings.

8. Cost of Living

[Sec. 5-162b, 5-162d]: Annual adjustment each July 1 of up to 5% for retirements prior to July 1, 1980; 3% for retirements after July 1, 1980. For members (or beneficiaries) not covered by Social Security and age 62 and over, the maximum increase is 6%. If an actuarial surplus (as defined in the law) exists, the Commission may further increase retired benefits.

For employees retiring after June 30, 1999, the annual adjustment will be 60% of the increase in the CPI up to 6% and 75% of the increase in the CPI over 6%. This adjustment will be no less than 2.5% and no greater than 6%. Employees retiring between July 1, 1997 and June 30, 1999 made an irrevocable choice between this formula and a fixed 3% annual adjustment.

Tier IIA: An employee must have at least ten years of actual state service or directly make the transition into retirement in order to be eligible for annual adjustments.

9. Death Benefits

Tier I - State Police [Sec. 5-146]: Survivor benefits to spouse of \$670 per month plus \$300 to a surviving dependent child (or \$700 to surviving dependent children).

Tier I [Sec. 5-165a]: If eligible for early or normal retirement, spouse benefit is equal to 50% of the average of the Life Benefit and the 50% Joint & Survivor Benefit the member would have received. If not eligible to retire but 25 years of service, the same benefit calculated as though age 55 using service and earnings at death.

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[Sec. 5-168]: If not eligible for retirement, return of contributions (after October 1, 1982, Tier I, with interest from January 1, 1982 at 5%).

Tier II [Sec. 5-192r] and Tier IIIA: If eligible for early or normal retirement, spouse benefit is equal to 50% of the member's benefit under a 50% Joint & Survivor Annuity. If not eligible to retire but 25 years of service, the same benefit calculated as though age 55 using service and earnings at death. If not eligible for retirement, return of contributions with 5% interest.

Tiers I [Sec. 5-144], II [Sec. 5-192t] and IIIA: If death is due to employment, a spouse with dependent children under 18 will be paid \$100,000 in 10 annual installments while living and not remarried; also \$50 per month per child under age 18. If no children under age 18, spouse [or dependent parent(s), if no spouse] will be paid \$50,000 in not less than 10 annual installments.

10. Disability Benefits

Tier I [Sec. 5-142, 5-169, 5-173]: For non-service disabilities occurring prior to age 60 with at least 5 years of service, benefit is 3% of Final Average Earnings times years of service; maximum benefit is 1½% of Final Average Earnings times years of service projected to age 65. If disability occurs prior to age 60 and is due to service, benefit is 1½% of Salary times years of service projected to age 65 (maximum 30 years) and is payable regardless of length of service. Exception: State Police benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit if more than 20 years of service. State Police receive an additional benefit of \$360 per month plus \$300 to spouse plus \$300 to a surviving dependent child (or \$700 to surviving dependent children).

If in-service disability occurs after the member is eligible for a non-service disability, the member receives the greater of the in-service and non-service disability benefits.

Tier II [5-192p] and Tier IIIA: Prior to age 65 and due to service or with at least 10 years of service, benefit is 1½% of Final Average Earnings plus ½% of Final Average Earnings in excess of the year's breakpoint, times service projected to age 65 (maximum 30 years) or service to Date of Disability if greater.

Tier I, II, and IIIA: Maximum disability benefit is the lesser of 100% of salary less Workers Compensation, Social Security and non-rehabilitation earnings, or 80% of salary less Workers Compensation and Social Security. Social Security is primary plus family.

Minimum disability benefit including Workers Compensation and Social Security is 60% of salary.

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11. Optional Forms of Payment

50% or 100% Joint and Survivor (Normal Form if married at least 12 months). Ten years certain and life. Twenty years certain and life. Life (Normal Form if not married at least 12 months).

12. Part-Time Employment

[Sec. 5-162g & Sec. 5-192k]: Service is treated as if full-time for eligibility. If member is consistently part-time for all periods, service is treated as if full-time. If member has a varying schedule or some part-time and some full-time service, service and salary are proportionately adjusted.

Appendix 3 - Changes Made to Pension Plans and OPEB by States in 2010

Source: Pensions and Retirement Plan Enactments in 2010 State Legislatures, July 19, 2010. National Conference of State Legislatures.

Arizona: Made a number of changes affecting new hires only. Increased the time from 36 months to 60 months to compute the highest average salary as a base for the benefit calculation. For normal retirement eligibility, changes the rule of 80 to the rule of 85 and eliminates refunds of employer contributions for those who voluntarily withdraw from the system. Reduced benefits three percent for every point below the required 85 points in the rule of 85 for early retirees.

California: Increased state's contribution level to make up for actuarial losses. Legislature passed a resolution to ask the President and Congress to repeal the Government Pension Offset and the Windfall Elimination Provisions from the Social Security Act. Unions are in negotiations with the Governor's Office to increase the normal retirement age.

Colorado: Increased employee contribution from eight percent to 10.5 percent of salary and decreased employer contribution an equal amount. Caps the annual COLA at the lesser of two percent or inflation, with a trigger to reduce the COLA if investment returns are negative. Requires retiree to be retired at least twelve months to receive a COLA, and rules are set to adjust the COLA based on the funded ratio. (A lawsuit has been filed challenging the reduction in benefits as a violation of contract.) Eligibility for retirement for new hires gradually increased by hired date to a required rule of 90 for normal retirement with a minimum age of 60 by 2017. A cap of eight percent is imposed on the annual increase for any year used in the computation of the highest salary for final benefits. Conditions have been placed on refunds for those who voluntarily withdraw from the system. Prevents retirees from returning to work and adding to their previous benefit; a returning retiree will begin a new benefit segment based on the rules in effect at that time, and the returned retiree must make a contribution to the plan.

Connecticut: All new employees eligible for health benefits must contribute three percent of salary to cover retiree health benefits. All employees with less than five years of service and who are eligible for health benefits must contribute three percent of salary until they have ten years of service. The State also added the "Rule of 75" (combination of age and service must equal 75) for eligibility for retiree health insurance for those with less than 10 years of service as of July 1, 2009. Executive Order 38 (February 2010) established a State Post-Employment Benefits Commission whose members were appointed by the governor. The commission is to: identify the amount and extent of unfunded liabilities for pensions and other post-employment benefits; compare and evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of various approaches for addressing unfunded pension liabilities and post-employment benefits; and propose a short and long term plan or plans for addressing unfunded pension liabilities and post-employment benefits.

Delaware: Enacted provisions to protect benefits of state troopers on military leave, especially if service occurs during the three highest paid years of employment used in the benefit formula.

Georgia: If an employee retires before normal retirement age and later returns to work, the original retirement application shall be nullified. If a teacher who retires at normal retirement age returns to work, the returning retiree has two options. The first is to contribute to the plan and prior benefits will

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be suspended and new service credits will accrue. The second is to not contribute to the plan and benefits will continue but new service credits will not accrue.

Hawaii: Retirees who return to work must be re-enrolled in the pension plan. Certain exceptions and penalties may apply under specific situations. Under certain conditions, additional service credits may not accrue.

Illinois: Increased state funding of teacher's fund to provide relief to local school districts and extends amortization by fifteen years. Enacted several new provisions for new employees only. Retirees must be retired at least one year and over the age of 67 to receive a COLA. The COLA will be the lesser of three percent or fifty percent of the CPI, but not negative. The COLA will be paid on the base pension amount and not compounded. The COLA for members of the General Assembly and judges will be at the full CPI. Legislation was adopted setting normal retirement at age 67 with ten years of service, but eight years for judges and the legislature. Early retirement is available at age 62 and ten years of service, with benefits reduced one-half of one percent for every month the retiree is under age 65. Benefits will be based on the average salary of the highest 96 months instead of 48 months. Benefits will be capped at \$106,800 with the cap indexed to the lesser of three percent or one-half the CPI (the CPI for judges and the legislature). The maximum benefit for legislators and judges is capped at 60 percent of final average salary. Survivor's benefits are set at 66 and two-thirds percent of the deceased member's benefit. Enacted new retirement program for new legislators: set normal retirement at age 67 with 8 years of service; bases the final average salary on the highest eight years; caps the final average salary at \$106,800 indexed to inflation; the COLA will be the lesser of three percent or the change in the CPI; the initial benefit is capped at 60 percent of the final average salary; and reduces the multiplier in the benefit formula from five percent to three percent per year. Legislature passed a resolution to ask the President and Congress to repeal the Government Pension Offset and the Windfall Elimination Provisions from the Social Security Act.

Iowa: Increases the state contribution for most employees from 7.25 percent to 8.1 percent of salary and employees' contribution from 4.7 percent to 5.35 percent. For police, increase employer contribution from 21 percent by two percent annually until it reaches 37 percent, and increase employee contribution from 9.35 percent by one-half of a percent annually until it reaches 11.35 percent, and increase the state contribution by an additional \$5 million each year until the funding ratio reaches 85 percent. For all employees not vested, vesting will be raised from four to seven years and normal retirement will be raised from age 55 to 65. The final average salary will be based on the highest five years instead of three years. Benefits will be reduced one-half of one percent for each month the employee retires under the age of 65. Enacted an early retirement incentive for those age 55 with ten years of service, with unused vacation time and \$1,000 per year of service paid out equally over five years. Those who accept the incentives may not be rehired in any way.

Kentucky: Made changes in qualifications to upgrade requirements for those involved in pension investments. Set up a new trust fund for health benefits, increasing employer payments from pay-as-you-go to begin funding future benefits by matching employee payments. Teachers will pay an additional 0.25 percent of salary for medical benefits each year until they pay three percent in six years. Medicare-eligible retired teachers will continue paying their Part B premiums and those under 65 will

Appendix 3 - Changes Made to Pension Plans and OPEB by States in 2010--continued

pay an equal amount to the fund which will be deducted from their pensions. The state will pay the net cost of medical insurance for newly-retired teachers who are not Medicare eligible.

Louisiana: All state plans will be reorganized with some categories contributing more and some less, but most not changing. For new hires, regular employees will contribute eight percent of salary, hazardous duty 9.5 percent, and judges thirteen percent. The final average salary for new hires will be based on the highest five years and a fifteen percent anti-spiking cap will apply to all new hires. All non-hazardous duty employees will be eligible for normal retirement at age 60 with five years of service or at any age with twenty years but at an actuarially-reduced benefit. All hazardous duty employees will be eligible for normal retirement at any age with 25 years of service or at age 55 with any number of years but at an actuarially-reduced benefit. The accrual rate of benefits per year of service will be 2.5 percent for non-hazardous duty, 3.33 percent for hazardous duty, and 3.5 percent for judges. All retiree benefits will be subject to garnishment for felonies related to public employment. A constitutional amendment has been proposed to require a two-thirds majority of each house to add new retiree benefits which increase costs. Legislature passed a resolution to ask the President and Congress to repeal the Government Pension Offset and the Windfall Elimination Provisions from the Social Security Act.

Maryland: Complicated rules were established to reduce pensions if inflation is negative for regular employees. Members of the legislature and judges pensions are linked to the salaries of active judges and legislators. Reemployed retirees will be limited in new earnings allowed if the final average salary at retirement was over \$25,000.

Michigan: New teachers will be enrolled in a hybrid defined benefit/defined contribution plan with no COLA. The defined contribution portion will be two percent of salary by the employee with automatic enrollment and an opt-out, with a 50 percent match by the state. Employees may request and receive additional state match for employee contributions over the required two percent up to a total of three percent of salary. Plan provides for a regular interest rate for the hybrid of between 0 percent and seven percent, and assumes a rate of return of seven percent. Final average salary will be based on five rather than three years. Minimum retirement age is being increased to 60 with ten years of service and the purchase of prior service credits will no longer be allowed. Vesting will be graduated and increase each year, reaching full vesting after four years. Enacted early retirement incentives for teachers with a combined age and years of service total of 80 or greater. Those of regular retirement age would receive an additional 0.1 percent per year in the benefit formula and others would receive an additional 0.05 percent. The final average salary is capped at \$90,000 and the cost of the incentive will be amortized over five years. Teachers will contribute three percent of salary into a new trust fund for health benefits for retirees. (A legal challenge has been filed against the requirement for an additional contribution on the grounds of violation of contract.) Reemployed retirees may earn up to one-third of their final average salary at retirement; if earnings are greater than one-third of the final average salary, all prior benefits are suspended.

Minnesota: Increased both employer and employee contributions for most employees from six to 6.25 percent. State patrol contributions increased two percent of salary for the employer and three percent for the employees. Police and fire contributions increased from 14.1 to 14.4 percent of salary for employees and from 9.4 to 9.6 percent for the employer. For teachers, both employer and employee rates (currently at 5.5 percent of salary) will increase one-half of one percent of salary annually for four

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years. Triggers were established to increase the contributions further if necessary, and to decrease contributions as appropriate. Contribution rates were increased for both employers and employees in certain local school district plans. COLAs are reduced or eliminated based on the funding ratio. (Lawsuits have been filed on this matter.) The compound interest during the deferred period on deferred retirement annuities is reduced by plan based on a formula. Plan vesting periods are increased for new hires by plan from three years to as many as five years or ten for some with partial vesting at five years. The early retirement adjustment factor for new hires only is increased by plan to as much as 2.4 percent per year for some and five percent per year for others. Interest earned on escrow accounts is being eliminated for certain reemployed retirees. Enacted a retirement incentive of health and dental benefits for 24 months with no rehiring of those who accept for three years. Requirements are fifteen years of service and eligibility for benefits under existing plans. Reorganized and merged pension systems and extended the amortization period an additional ten years. Studies were authorized to review investment authority and fiduciary provisions for retirement plans and to review alternatives to the existing defined benefit plans.

Mississippi: Increased employee contribution from 7.25 to nine percent of salary with two off-setting benefits. Starting in 2010, employees will accrue one-half day of leave toward retirement service credit, and employees are given a new retirement option of a certain joint and survivor annuity. The service requirement for normal retirement is being increased for new hires only from 30 years to 33 years. Retirees may not return to work for 90 days following retirement. When returning, no new additional service credits may be earned.

Missouri: Created a new tier for new employees with a contribution of four percent of salary and other changes for new hires. The normal retirement requirement will be age 67 with ten years of service or the rule of 90 with age of at least 55. Early retirement will be available at age 62 with ten years of service. Service for vesting will be increased from five to ten years. Credited time may no longer be purchased for time served with other governments or the military. Similar changes were made for police, judges and legislators. Enacted a new retirement plan for new legislators: employee contributions will be four percent of salary on a pre-tax basis; normal retirement will be at age 62 with service in at least three biennial assemblies or the rule of 90 with a minimum age of 55. For elected officials, normal retirement is at age 62 with one term of office or the rule of 90 with a minimum age of 55. Enacted provisions to prohibit changes to previously earned benefits and related provisions for current employees, but changes may be made regarding benefits to be earned in the future.

New Hampshire: Set up a new trust fund for health benefits for retirees and requires certain employees have 20 years of service to receive health benefits as retirees.

New Jersey: Legislation was adopted to require full payment of the ARC each year, but liberally defines what that means. Membership in the pension plan for new hires requires the employee to work at least 35 hours per week. Others may join the defined contribution plan. The multiplier in the benefit formula was reduced for new hires only from 1/55 (1.82 percent) to 1/60 (1.67 percent) per year. Contributions for police and fire new hires will be capped at base salaries equal to the maximum annual wage contribution base for social security. The final average salary for new hires in most plans will be based on the five highest years, increased from three. New plan members will not have a non-forfeitable right to receive benefits after five years of service. New employees will pay 1.5 percent of salary as active and

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1.5 percent of pension benefits as retired members of the plan for health benefits. New elected and appointed officials must work at least 35 hours per week to be covered for health care and other new employees must work at least 25 hours.

New Mexico: Legislation was adopted to delay by one year a required increase in employer contributions for teachers to provide relief to local school districts. Authorized the release of teacher pension amounts to the public. Retirees may not return to work for twelve months following retirement. Those who return have two options. The first is to make no contribution to the plan, earn no additional service credits, and have benefits suspended. The second is to suspend the pension, make plan contributions and earn new service credits.

New York: Enacted an early retirement incentive with the cost amortized over five years. There are two options. Under the first, early retirement reductions are eliminated for those of age 55 with 25 years of service. Under the second, the employee may receive one month additional service applied to the benefit formula for each year of service up to a maximum of three additional years at age 50 with ten years of service, but benefits will be reduced five percent per year for each year under the age of 55.

Oklahoma: Enacted a retirement incentive for employees of normal retirement age, offering a health insurance subsidy for 18 months, longevity pay, and \$5,000 in cash. Enacted a new plan for new legislators: employee may choose one of two different plans with the factors to be applied to the benefit formula. The high plan is a ten percent of salary employee contribution with a four percent per year multiplier in the formula, and the low plan is a 4.5 percent contribution with a 1.9 percent multiplier.

Oregon: Requires that at least one member of the state retirement board must be either an employee in or a retiree from a bargaining unit.

Pennsylvania: All investments in companies doing business in Iran or Sudan will be divested.

Rhode Island: Legislation was adopted to eliminate the requirement for ARC payments for pensions for employees and teachers. Adopted legislation limiting COLAs for employees not eligible for benefits by 2010 to the first \$35,000 of benefits, with that limit to be increased annually by the lesser of three percent or inflation. The court upheld the right of the state to reduce health benefits for those who retire before normal retirement age.

South Dakota: Refunds will be reduced for those who withdraw from the system. No COLAs during the first year of retirement. COLAs are reduced according to a formula linking the COLA to the funding ratio. Retirees who return to work sooner than 90 days following retirement must repay all benefits received or accept an offsetting actuarial reduction in benefits later. If the retiree returns after 90 days, the employee must contribute to a deferred contribution retirement account, no pay increases will be given, benefits shall be reduced 15 percent, and no additional service credits may be earned during the period of reemployment.

Tennessee: Benefits may be forfeit upon conviction of a public service-related felony.

Texas: Health insurance costs were increased for retirees.

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Utah: New employees must choose between a new defined contribution plan and a new hybrid plan. (Current employees remain in the existing plan.) The state will contribute ten percent of salary to the plan, vested after four years. Police and fire employees must contribute twelve percent, vested immediately, but other employees are not required to contribute, but may do so. Legislators and governors must join the defined contribution plan. Under the hybrid, the employer will fund the ARC for the defined benefit portion up to ten percent of salary, with the employee making up the difference if necessary, but the state will cover all amortized liabilities. No benefit may be increased until the plan reaches 100 percent funding. Under the defined contribution component, the state will fund ten percent of salary less the amount paid to the defined benefit component, with the employee making contributions if they wish to do so. Eligibility for the defined benefits is at age 65 with four years of service, 60/20, 62/10, or any age with 35 years of service (25 years for new fire and police employees). Employees have the option of purchasing five years of additional service at retirement. The benefit formula will use the highest five years of salary instead of three, and the multiplier will be 1.5 percent per year for normal retirement. Benefits are reduced for those retiring between the ages of 60 and 65 unless they have 35 years of service. The COLA is equal to the change in the CPI but capped at 2.5 percent, but the excess over 2.5 percent will be carried forward and applied in future years when the increase is not capped. New governors and legislators will only be eligible for the defined contribution plan. Retirees reemployed within one year of retirement will have benefits suspended and earn new service credits. Retirees reemployed after one year have two options. First is to continue to receive benefits but earn no additional service credits. The second is to suspend benefits and earn new service credits.

Vermont: Increased the employee contribution for teachers from 3.54 percent to five percent of salary, required the state to fully fund the ARC, and increased the employee contribution from nine to 9.5 percent of salary for certain municipal employees. Normal retirement for teachers is being raised from age 62 to age 65 or the rule of 90, the annual multiplier for years of service in the benefit formula is being increased from 1.67 percent to two percent, the cap on benefits is being raised from 50 percent to 60 percent of final annual compensation, and annual increases are capped at ten percent for identification of the highest paid years in the benefit formula. Adopted new formulas for retiree health eligibility and coverage. The formula for new hires, however, is less generous than for current employees.

Virginia: Adopted legislation allowing the state to reduce contributions for two years to equal only normal costs. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities not funded would be amortized over ten years and repaid with interest at the actuarially-assumed rate. New employees will begin contributing five percent of salary. The final average salary for new employees will be based on the highest 60 months instead of the highest 36 months. Decreases the time and increases the cost for which new employees may purchase prior service credits. Decreases state contributions for institutions of higher education from 10.4 to 8.5 percent of salaries and requires new employees of higher education to contribute five percent of salary. Early retirement with unreduced benefits will be changed from the rule of 80 to the rule 90 or at the employee's normal retirement age under social security with five years of service. Early retirement will be allowed with reduced benefits at age 60 and five years of service. COLA increases for new hires will be determined by a formula linked to the CPI. New hires who voluntarily leave the plan and are not vested may only have their own contributions refunded. Benefits for new judges will be

Appendix 3 - Changes Made to Pension Plans and OPEB by States in 2010--continued

based on a new formula using years of service and age at first term of service. Authorized a study to review management of the pension plan and the involvement of minority-owned firms in the process.

Wyoming: Regular state employees will begin paying seven percent of salary instead of 5.57 percent and college and university employees will begin paying 7.12 percent of salary instead of 5.68 percent for pensions.

Puerto Rico: Established a Commission to reform retirement plans.

**Appendix 4 - Actuarial Projections Related to SERS by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC
(new actuaries for SERS plan), August 2, 2010**



Cavanaugh Macdonald
CONSULTING, LLC
The experience and dedication you deserve

August 2, 2010

Mr. Robert S. Dakers
Executive Finance Officer
State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management
450 Capitol Avenue
Hartford, CT 06106

Subject: Projection of State Employees Retirement System

Dear Bob:

As requested, we have developed several 30-year projections of the State of Connecticut State Employees Retirement System (SERS) and our results are on the attached schedules. Our two baseline projections are developed using two separate amortization period schedules. The first set, as was supplied to you in a letter dated June 21, 2010, utilizes a decreasing 30-year amortization period from June 30, 2010. The 30-year amortization period reflects the effect of the SEBAC IV and V adjustments to the closed amortization period (24 years from June 30, 2008) as if they will persist throughout the projection period. These projections have been revised from the original projections to reflect a modification to the normal cost calculation we previously developed. The second set of projections utilizes the closed amortization period as used in the June 30, 2008 valuation (24 years) and recognizes the SEBAC IV and SEBAC V asset adjustment amortization payments. It is our understanding that these SEBAC adjustments remain in effect throughout the remaining 24-year amortization period.

As a reminder, our projections are based upon the financial and member data as of June 30, 2008 with appropriate adjustments to account for the early retirement incentive offered in 2009 and actual market returns since 2008. In performing the projections, we utilized the actuarial assumptions and methods as used to perform the June 30, 2008 actuarial valuation and we assume all future experience exactly matches with these assumptions.

Attached to this letter are two appendices. Appendix A presents all the projections based on the decreasing 30-year amortization schedule and Appendix B will be for all the projections based on the decreasing 24-year amortization schedule as stated in the June 30, 2008 valuation and the SEBAC adjustments ceasing at 2032.

In each Appendix, Attachment 1 provides the summarized valuation results of the baseline projections and Attachment 2 provides the current and future contribution requirements. These

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attachments include the results under both the level percent of payroll and level dollar amortization methods.

In addition, we were asked to provide 30-year projections on several retirement eligibility scenarios which are summarized as follows:

Scenario	1	2	3	4
Attachments	3 and 4	5 and 6	7 and 8	9 and 10
Tier	II – Non Hazardous	IIA – Non Hazardous	II – Hazardous	IIA – Hazardous
Current Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 10 years of service	Age 55 with 10 years of service	None	None
Proposed Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 62 with 10 years of service	Age 62 with 20 years of service	None	None
Early Retirement Reduction Change	3% per year to 6% per year	3% per year to 6% per year	None	None
Current Normal Retirement Eligibility	Age 62 and 10 or Age 60 and 25 or Age 70 and 5	Age 62 and 10 or Age 60 and 25 or Age 70 and 5	20 years of service	20 years of service
Proposed Normal Retirement Eligibility	Age 65 and 10 or Age 70 and 5	Age 65 and 10 or Age 70 and 5	25 years of service	Age 55 with 25 years of service

We slightly modified the retirement decrement assumptions as necessary to reasonably anticipate the future behavior under the proposed retirement eligibilities. The results of these projections are included in Attachments 3 through 10.

Also, as provided earlier to you in an email, we have calculated the potential actuarial impact of reductions in the Employer Required Contribution determined as of the June 30, 2008 (prior to the Early Retirement incentive of 2009). The impact to funding is based on all changes being effective for all active members as of June 30, 2008. The following scenarios are:

- For current Tier II and IIA active participants, change the final average pay definition to be based on the last five years of service and not the last three years of service.
- For current Tier II active participants, reduce the assumption on the Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) from 2.75% to 2.00%.
- For current Tier IIA active participants, reduce the assumption on the Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) from 2.75% to 1.50%.
- For current Tier II active participants, add an annual cap of \$150,000 on retirement benefits.
- For current Tier IIA active participants, add an annual cap of \$125,000 on retirement benefits.



Mr. Robert S. Dakers
August 2, 2010
Page 3

The results of these additional scenarios are as follows:

Scenario	Total APC reduction	Savings in Dollars (millions)
Tier II Final Average 5	0.48%	\$17.4
Tier IIA Final Average 5	0.13%	\$4.7
Tier II COLA change to 2.0%	0.84%	\$30.4
Tier IIA COLA change to 1.5%	0.44%	\$15.9
Tier II Cap of \$150,000	0.01%	\$0.5
Tier IIA Cap of \$125,000	0.00%	\$0.0

The undersigned is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. Please contact us if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Thomas J. Cavanaugh".

Thomas J. Cavanaugh FSA, FCA, MAAA, EA
Chief Executive Officer

cc: Jeanne Kopek

Enc.

S:\Connecticut SERS\Correspondence\2010\OPM Projections - Changes to Tier II and IIA.doc

APPENDIX A

Attachment 1

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Baseline Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/YY	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/YY	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year		Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Amortization Period	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Funding Ratio = Assets / Liabilities	Amortization Period
		(1)	(2)						
2009	2011	3,497,445	1,014,096	9,980,247	51.9%	30	9,253,126	9,980,247	50.0%
2010	2012	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	42.7%	30	11,174,163	8,787,160	42.7%
2011	2013	3,183,568	1,304,721	12,027,504	45.8%	30	10,177,320	10,912,794	45.8%
2012	2014	3,216,885	1,359,478	12,468,274	45.8%	29	12,069,368	11,212,716	47.5%
2013	2015	3,252,331	1,417,478	13,438,915	43.6%	28	12,600,721	11,756,154	47.1%
2014	2016	3,286,559	1,479,923	14,188,488	42.5%	27	12,901,202	12,853,323	47.7%
2015	2017	3,317,006	1,547,841	14,413,748	43.5%	26	12,654,367	13,473,944	50.4%
2016	2018	3,337,815	1,622,433	14,720,650	44.1%	25	12,474,367	13,877,796	52.7%
2017	2019	3,355,923	1,701,354	15,019,420	44.8%	24	12,299,863	14,895,946	54.8%
2018	2020	3,378,632	1,779,770	15,298,782	45.4%	23	12,091,564	15,915,555	56.8%
2019	2021	3,396,579	1,862,420	15,554,453	46.0%	22	11,876,762	16,983,764	58.8%
2020	2022	3,421,570	1,944,621	15,776,654	46.7%	21	11,658,353	17,950,192	60.7%
2021	2023	3,439,323	2,035,373	15,954,128	47.4%	20	11,368,144	18,954,691	62.5%
2022	2024	3,459,315	2,126,613	16,090,320	48.1%	19	11,073,206	19,945,584	64.3%
2023	2025	3,487,372	2,215,823	16,182,975	48.9%	18	10,755,540	20,913,962	66.0%
2024	2026	3,519,754	2,303,799	16,225,104	49.7%	17	10,412,616	21,886,935	67.7%
2025	2027	3,561,026	2,389,655	16,644,563	50.7%	16	10,045,247	22,809,001	69.4%
2026	2028	3,604,586	2,474,736	16,128,221	51.7%	15	9,641,342	23,733,995	71.1%
2027	2029	3,651,491	2,560,184	15,966,172	52.8%	14	9,201,307	24,638,387	72.8%
2028	2030	3,704,617	2,641,215	15,719,656	54.1%	13	8,725,230	25,525,498	74.5%
2029	2031	3,763,216	2,719,246	15,376,498	55.6%	12	8,208,469	26,393,917	76.3%
2030	2032	3,834,498	2,788,095	14,940,873	57.2%	11	7,963,558	27,221,067	78.1%
2031	2033	3,920,591	2,850,389	14,392,317	59.1%	10	7,680,070	28,103,549	79.9%
2032	2034	4,014,693	2,907,051	13,725,101	61.3%	9	6,461,835	28,956,597	81.8%
2033	2035	4,117,089	2,959,612	12,923,970	63.7%	8	5,805,422	29,813,053	83.7%
2034	2036	4,227,474	3,005,218	11,971,976	66.6%	7	5,106,846	30,679,299	85.7%
2035	2037	4,348,830	3,043,889	10,860,457	55.0%	6	4,372,211	31,560,915	87.8%
2036	2038	4,480,604	3,076,731	9,574,889	69.8%	5	3,604,013	32,461,415	90.0%
2037	2039	4,621,869	3,103,220	8,095,915	73.5%	4	2,803,555	33,384,198	92.3%
2038	2040	4,773,502	3,123,437	6,411,050	82.3%	3	1,978,830	34,330,301	94.6%
2039	2041	5,104,120	3,140,208	4,498,018	87.7%	2	1,140,103	35,293,005	96.9%
2040	2042	5,284,124	3,159,009	2,339,524	93.6%	1	36,256,255	37,174,651	99.2%
				0	100.0%	0	0	0	100.0%

All numbers are in thousands.

9/2/2010

APPENDIX A

Attachment 2

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Baseline Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	30 Year Baseline Projected Capital Authorization Method						Total Contribution (14)	Employee Contribution (15)	Total Contribution (16)
		Authorizations of Unfunded Liabilities (2)	Accrued Liabilities (3)	Total State Contribution (4) = (2) + (3)	Estimated Contribution (5)	Total Contributions (6) = (4) + (5)	Authorization of Unfunded Accrued Liabilities (7)			
2008	2010	335,523	562,105	897,428	61,876	959,304	335,323	562,105	897,428	61,876
2009	2011	340,927	608,242	1,030,169	63,876	1,093,985	340,927	1,072,454	1,413,381	63,816
2010	2012	296,280	702,879	999,159	65,899	1,065,048	296,280	1,093,672	1,389,952	65,889
2011	2013	302,249	741,671	1,043,920	68,036	1,111,956	302,249	1,106,828	1,409,977	68,036
2012	2014	306,833	874,576	1,121,409	70,149	1,191,558	306,833	1,166,272	1,473,105	70,149
2013	2015	309,605	877,334	1,186,939	72,004	1,259,033	309,605	1,206,213	1,515,818	72,094
2014	2016	309,174	910,353	1,219,527	74,049	1,293,577	309,174	1,196,289	1,505,463	74,049
2015	2017	308,746	950,936	1,259,682	76,254	1,335,936	308,746	1,193,598	1,502,344	76,254
2016	2018	308,831	993,823	1,302,654	78,523	1,381,177	308,831	1,191,699	1,500,530	78,523
2017	2019	308,197	1,038,589	1,346,786	80,925	1,427,711	308,197	1,189,681	1,497,878	80,925
2018	2020	307,027	1,095,271	1,392,298	83,054	1,475,352	307,027	1,187,414	1,494,441	83,054
2019	2021	303,507	1,133,542	1,437,049	85,339	1,525,388	303,507	1,184,277	1,487,784	85,339
2020	2022	300,755	1,182,946	1,483,701	87,876	1,571,577	300,755	1,179,495	1,480,250	87,876
2021	2023	298,915	1,234,117	1,533,032	90,553	1,623,584	298,915	1,173,843	1,472,758	90,553
2022	2024	298,099	1,287,355	1,585,454	93,429	1,678,883	298,099	1,167,616	1,465,715	93,429
2023	2025	297,404	1,342,646	1,640,050	96,266	1,736,315	297,404	1,160,633	1,458,037	96,266
2024	2026	296,123	1,400,270	1,696,393	99,082	1,795,476	296,123	1,153,083	1,449,206	99,082
2025	2027	294,526	1,459,381	1,753,907	102,052	1,855,959	294,526	1,143,646	1,438,172	102,052
2026	2028	292,733	1,520,149	1,812,882	104,923	1,917,804	292,733	1,132,349	1,425,082	104,923
2027	2029	291,624	1,582,694	1,874,318	108,274	1,982,592	291,624	1,119,159	1,410,783	108,274
2028	2030	293,768	1,646,637	1,940,405	111,757	2,052,161	293,768	1,103,373	1,397,141	111,757
2029	2031	296,560	1,713,433	2,009,993	115,408	2,125,401	296,560	1,086,539	1,383,099	115,408
2030	2032	300,408	1,782,095	2,082,503	119,225	2,201,728	300,408	1,067,068	1,367,476	119,225
2031	2033	305,400	1,853,216	2,158,616	123,219	2,281,835	305,400	1,045,188	1,350,588	123,219
2032	2034	311,307	1,926,435	2,237,742	127,420	2,365,163	311,307	1,019,834	1,331,141	127,420
2033	2035	318,524	2,001,030	2,319,554	131,835	2,451,389	318,524	989,287	1,307,811	131,835
2034	2036	326,738	2,077,602	2,404,340	136,451	2,540,791	326,738	952,961	1,279,699	136,451
2035	2037	335,707	2,156,011	2,491,718	141,288	2,633,006	335,707	908,604	1,244,311	141,288
2036	2038	345,820	2,235,171	2,580,991	146,329	2,727,319	345,820	851,167	1,196,987	146,329
2037	2039	356,545	2,314,008	2,670,553	151,613	2,822,167	356,545	771,319	1,127,864	151,613
2038	2040	368,137	2,387,789	2,755,926	157,150	2,913,076	368,137	641,527	1,009,664	157,150
2039	2041	380,560	2,435,130	2,815,690	162,941	2,978,631	380,560	335,191	715,751	162,941
2040	2042	393,889	0	393,889	169,014	562,903	393,889	0	393,889	169,014

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX A

Attachment 3

Connecticut SERS

**Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2008 Valuation
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter.**

**Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II - Non Hazardous**

Valuation Year Ending 5/31/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	Actual Assets (\$ billions)	Estimated Assets (\$ billions)	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Year (\$ billions)	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation (\$ billions)	Amortization Period	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation (\$ billions)		Level-Dollar Amortization Method	Funding Ratio = Assets/ Accrued Liability	Amortization Period
							(3)	(4)			
2008	2010	3,497,445	1,014,036	9,253,126	9,980,247	51.9%	30	9,253,126	9,980,247	50.0%	30
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	30	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	30
2010	2012	3,220,225	1,290,393	11,514,374	10,177,320	46.9%	30	11,514,374	10,177,320	46.9%	30
2011	2013	3,273,940	1,336,438	11,702,058	10,547,013	47.4%	29	11,303,351	10,945,719	49.2%	28
2012	2014	3,326,819	1,386,377	12,643,205	10,387,082	45.1%	28	11,822,359	11,267,928	48.7%	28
2013	2015	3,379,197	1,440,090	13,376,934	10,454,679	43.9%	27	12,134,132	11,687,481	49.1%	27
2014	2016	3,429,521	1,498,162	13,588,136	11,061,584	44.9%	26	11,901,661	12,747,060	51.7%	26
2015	2017	3,468,378	1,563,197	13,879,340	11,590,637	45.5%	25	11,735,013	13,736,013	53.9%	25
2016	2018	3,500,045	1,633,991	14,163,131	12,127,700	46.1%	24	11,563,047	14,727,784	56.0%	24
2017	2019	3,539,434	1,703,235	14,428,039	12,687,613	46.8%	23	11,378,099	15,731,553	58.0%	23
2018	2020	3,569,870	1,778,028	14,670,928	13,250,844	47.5%	22	11,117,866	16,743,906	60.0%	22
2019	2021	3,609,117	1,851,173	14,881,571	13,839,685	48.2%	21	10,954,664	17,766,592	61.9%	21
2020	2022	3,642,390	1,932,351	15,049,923	14,442,600	49.0%	20	10,701,334	18,791,188	63.7%	20
2021	2023	3,674,579	2,015,344	15,179,506	15,058,901	49.8%	19	10,424,844	19,813,564	65.5%	19
2022	2024	3,708,794	2,098,233	15,268,228	15,692,375	50.7%	18	10,127,124	20,833,480	67.3%	18
2023	2025	3,747,158	2,181,912	15,309,521	16,346,300	51.6%	17	9,805,813	21,850,008	69.0%	17
2024	2026	3,789,814	2,264,451	15,298,035	17,026,387	52.7%	16	9,460,120	22,864,501	70.7%	16
2025	2027	3,825,765	2,352,844	15,218,423	17,731,335	53.8%	15	9,078,794	23,889,964	72.4%	15
2026	2028	3,863,460	2,441,284	15,062,418	18,446,321	55.1%	14	8,682,516	24,862,516	74.2%	14
2027	2029	3,897,782	2,533,924	14,827,903	19,217,635	56.5%	13	8,211,843	25,833,695	75.9%	13
2028	2030	3,933,301	2,627,169	14,500,998	19,998,328	58.0%	12	7,722,092	26,777,235	77.6%	12
2029	2031	3,964,584	2,713,984	14,087,671	20,814,774	59.6%	11	7,206,877	27,695,568	79.4%	11
2030	2032	4,042,531	2,796,785	13,569,396	21,678,098	61.5%	10	6,656,641	28,590,853	81.1%	10
2031	2033	4,114,265	2,871,571	12,937,084	22,603,932	63.6%	9	6,072,253	29,469,163	82.9%	9
2032	2034	4,195,157	2,941,879	12,179,482	23,604,917	66.0%	8	5,452,188	30,332,211	84.8%	8
2033	2035	4,283,658	3,005,136	11,278,942	24,698,321	68.7%	7	4,792,260	31,185,003	86.7%	7
2034	2036	4,306,342	3,060,205	10,228,934	25,903,158	71.7%	6	4,099,459	32,032,633	88.7%	6
2035	2037	4,503,148	3,107,567	9,016,610	27,235,366	75.1%	5	3,376,987	32,978,987	90.7%	5
2036	2038	4,632,741	3,145,072	7,622,666	28,731,775	79.0%	4	2,624,047	33,730,394	92.8%	4
2037	2039	4,776,007	3,173,040	6,033,068	30,406,748	83.4%	3	1,848,663	34,591,154	94.9%	3
2038	2040	4,930,834	3,194,481	4,229,734	32,288,638	88.4%	2	1,060,569	35,457,803	97.1%	2
2039	2041	5,056,874	3,208,387	2,195,680	34,402,894	94.0%	1	0	36,317,607	99.2%	1
2040	2042	5,274,529	3,215,464	0	36,772,293	100.0%	0	0	37,129,716	100.0%	0

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX A

Attachment 4

Connecticut SERS

**30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II - Non Hazardous**

Valuation Year Ending 12/31/XXXX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XXXX	Level Percent of Payroll Authorization Method		Level Percent of Payroll Authorization Method		Level Percent of Payroll Authorization Method	
		Authorization of Unfunded Contributions (\$ billions)	Total State Contributions (\$ billions)	Authorization of Unfunded Contributions (\$ billions)	Total State Contributions (\$ billions)	Authorization of Unfunded Contributions (\$ billions)	Total State Contributions (\$ billions)
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	897,428	61,475	958,903	335,323
2009	2011	340,927	689,242	1,030,169	63,145	958,903	562,105
2010	2012	276,707	672,392	949,599	64,950	1,093,314	340,927
2011	2013	285,291	696,093	981,384	66,802	1,048,185	276,707
2012	2014	292,454	786,345	1,058,799	68,588	1,127,387	285,291
2013	2015	298,226	827,154	1,125,380	70,204	1,195,584	292,454
2014	2016	301,059	858,209	1,159,268	71,848	1,231,116	298,226
2015	2017	303,664	896,989	1,200,253	73,716	1,273,969	301,059
2016	2018	306,736	937,163	1,243,899	75,673	1,319,572	303,664
2017	2019	309,210	979,477	1,288,687	77,732	1,366,419	306,736
2018	2020	311,307	1,023,626	1,334,933	79,500	1,414,433	309,210
2019	2021	311,809	1,069,231	1,381,040	81,444	1,462,484	311,307
2020	2022	313,445	1,115,902	1,429,347	83,663	1,513,010	311,809
2021	2023	315,812	1,164,258	1,480,070	86,043	1,566,114	313,445
2022	2024	318,918	1,214,587	1,533,505	88,664	1,622,169	315,812
2023	2025	321,731	1,256,880	1,588,611	91,339	1,679,950	318,918
2024	2026	322,586	1,321,272	1,643,858	94,027	1,737,885	321,731
2025	2027	321,885	1,377,057	1,698,942	96,994	1,795,935	322,586
2026	2028	319,649	1,434,102	1,753,751	99,930	1,855,381	321,885
2027	2029	316,631	1,492,906	1,809,537	103,397	1,912,935	319,649
2028	2030	316,108	1,552,881	1,868,989	107,085	1,976,073	316,631
2029	2031	315,917	1,615,608	1,931,525	110,958	2,042,484	316,108
2030	2032	316,369	1,680,399	1,996,568	115,041	2,111,608	315,917
2031	2033	318,117	1,746,869	2,064,986	119,336	2,184,323	316,369
2032	2034	320,487	1,815,462	2,135,949	123,844	2,259,793	318,117
2033	2035	324,128	1,885,194	2,209,322	128,562	2,337,985	320,487
2034	2036	329,305	1,956,792	2,286,097	133,470	2,418,567	324,128
2035	2037	335,788	2,030,301	2,366,089	138,576	2,504,665	329,305
2036	2038	344,044	2,104,253	2,446,297	143,871	2,592,168	335,788
2037	2039	352,515	2,177,579	2,531,094	149,392	2,680,487	344,044
2038	2040	364,320	2,245,370	2,609,690	155,153	2,764,844	352,515
2039	2041	376,374	2,285,407	2,661,781	161,157	2,822,939	364,320
2040	2042	389,689	0	389,689	167,431	389,689	376,374
					0	389,689	389,689
					0	557,120	557,120

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX A

Attachment 5

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II-A Non Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/Year	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/Year	Date		Projected Portfolio Allocation		Funded Ratio Assets / Liabilities	Funded Ratio Assets / Liabilities	Level Domination Method	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			(5)	(6)
2008	2010	3,497,445	1,014,056	9,253,126	9,990,247	51.9%	30	9,253,126	9,990,247
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	30	11,794,163	8,787,160
2010	2012	3,188,564	1,303,345	11,937,164	10,177,320	46.0%	29	11,937,164	10,177,320
2011	2013	3,227,599	1,356,659	12,262,53	10,518,201	46.2%	29	11,863,447	10,916,907
2012	2014	3,270,367	1,412,842	13,221,402	10,362,251	43.9%	28	12,386,263	11,197,390
2013	2015	3,312,527	1,473,259	13,966,57	10,433,335	42.8%	27	12,589,706	11,710,385
2014	2016	3,351,187	1,538,902	14,188,324	11,034,395	43.8%	26	12,447,436	12,775,782
2015	2017	3,382,324	1,610,657	14,494,283	11,548,087	44.3%	25	12,273,365	13,769,005
2016	2018	3,412,554	1,686,402	14,793,776	12,060,741	44.9%	24	12,097,708	14,756,810
2017	2019	3,448,545	1,761,291	15,075,862	12,581,668	45.5%	23	11,909,649	15,747,881
2018	2020	3,481,117	1,840,064	15,336,791	13,110,849	46.1%	22	11,707,340	16,740,300
2019	2021	3,516,187	1,915,167	15,561,842	13,650,197	46.7%	21	11,478,638	17,733,401
2020	2022	3,552,667	2,007,519	15,740,624	14,191,931	47.4%	20	11,216,105	18,716,450
2021	2023	3,589,009	2,096,531	15,876,696	14,734,239	48.1%	19	10,926,976	19,683,966
2022	2024	3,620,122	2,184,263	15,986,061	15,280,204	48.9%	18	10,613,514	20,634,751
2023	2025	3,656,191	2,270,399	16,009,812	15,834,305	49.7%	17	10,275,308	21,568,810
2024	2026	3,690,051	2,354,676	15,996,883	16,402,268	50.6%	16	9,912,117	22,487,034
2025	2027	3,723,950	2,438,776	15,910,514	16,987,487	51.6%	15	9,510,513	23,387,488
2026	2028	3,773,364	2,521,991	15,750,638	17,593,718	52.8%	14	9,076,325	24,247,031
2027	2029	3,828,312	2,600,931	15,507,962	18,228,335	54.0%	13	8,607,169	25,129,127
2028	2030	3,887,537	2,676,940	15,167,791	18,888,538	55.5%	12	8,095,815	25,970,514
2029	2031	3,963,377	2,743,248	14,737,267	19,620,292	57.1%	11	7,557,706	26,799,853
2030	2032	4,048,349	2,803,302	14,196,495	20,409,049	59.0%	10	6,982,351	27,623,194
2031	2033	4,147,074	2,855,881	13,541,360	21,282,131	61.1%	9	6,576,634	28,447,857
2032	2034	4,224,077	2,903,408	12,734,193	22,255,277	63.6%	8	5,731,328	29,278,142
2033	2035	4,366,685	2,944,959	11,815,018	23,347,437	66.4%	7	5,042,160	30,120,295
2034	2036	4,488,768	2,989,700	10,716,149	24,578,011	69.6%	6	4,314,998	30,979,160
2035	2037	4,620,970	3,010,938	9,443,692	25,986,822	73.3%	5	3,552,841	31,857,673
2036	2038	4,759,677	3,035,811	7,974,840	27,555,081	77.5%	4	2,752,359	32,757,562
2037	2039	4,907,405	3,055,264	6,296,542	29,305,008	82.3%	3	1,923,736	33,677,814
2038	2040	5,063,463	3,071,347	4,394,739	31,296,056	87.7%	2	1,082,249	34,608,546
2039	2041	5,227,474	3,083,259	2,292,666	33,527,448	93.7%	1	35,528,813	97.0%
2040	2042	5,398,438	3,092,206	0	36,011,809	100.0%	0	36,384,692	100.0%

All numbers are in thousands.

8/2/2010

APPENDIX A

Attachment 6

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
\$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier IIIA - Non Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/20YY	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/20YY	Level of Payment Authorization Method			Amortization of Unfunded Liabilities (\$ in millions)	Total State Contribution (\$ in millions)	Total State Contribution (\$ in millions)	Level of Authorization Method
		(1)	(2)	(3)				
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	887,428	61,932	959,380	335,323	562,105
2009	2011	340,927	689,242	1,030,169	63,932	1,094,151	340,927	1,072,454
2010	2012	280,859	697,599	978,458	66,171	1,044,628	280,859	1,085,457
2011	2013	286,331	729,410	1,015,741	68,439	1,084,179	286,331	1,162,666
2012	2014	290,601	801,392	1,091,993	70,673	1,162,666	290,601	1,146,422
2013	2015	293,029	863,625	1,156,654	72,772	1,229,426	293,029	1,186,439
2014	2016	292,388	896,147	1,188,635	74,905	1,263,440	292,388	1,176,727
2015	2017	292,017	936,313	1,228,330	77,301	1,305,631	292,017	1,174,405
2016	2018	292,360	978,893	1,271,253	79,777	1,361,030	292,360	1,173,067
2017	2019	292,197	1,023,456	1,315,653	82,291	1,397,944	292,197	1,171,733
2018	2020	291,250	1,070,085	1,361,335	84,488	1,445,823	291,250	1,170,476
2019	2021	287,532	1,118,198	1,405,640	86,790	1,492,430	287,532	1,168,025
2020	2022	284,263	1,167,115	1,451,378	89,297	1,540,675	284,263	1,163,720
2021	2023	281,672	1,217,732	1,499,404	91,936	1,591,340	281,672	1,158,341
2022	2024	280,002	1,270,258	1,550,260	94,742	1,645,002	280,002	1,152,197
2023	2025	278,350	1,324,830	1,603,180	97,457	1,700,637	278,350	1,145,329
2024	2026	275,848	1,381,631	1,657,479	100,179	1,757,658	275,848	1,137,801
2025	2027	273,101	1,439,682	1,712,783	103,027	1,815,810	273,101	1,128,128
2026	2028	270,331	1,499,628	1,769,959	105,743	1,875,702	270,331	1,116,968
2027	2029	268,092	1,561,376	1,829,468	108,947	1,938,415	268,092	1,104,015
2028	2030	269,065	1,624,287	1,893,352	112,284	2,005,636	269,065	1,088,231
2029	2031	270,784	1,690,406	1,960,890	115,830	2,076,720	270,784	1,071,531
2030	2032	273,808	1,757,948	2,031,656	119,537	2,151,193	273,808	1,052,340
2031	2033	278,195	1,828,407	2,106,602	123,365	2,229,967	278,195	1,031,245
2032	2034	283,643	1,901,128	2,184,771	127,371	2,312,142	283,643	1,006,818
2033	2035	290,516	1,974,796	2,265,312	131,578	2,396,891	290,516	976,756
2034	2036	298,188	2,049,986	2,348,184	135,930	2,484,114	298,188	940,491
2035	2037	306,095	2,126,469	2,432,564	140,480	2,573,044	306,095	989,703
2036	2038	314,623	2,201,471	2,516,094	145,217	2,661,311	314,623	1,039,440
2037	2039	323,505	2,272,677	2,596,182	150,167	2,746,349	323,505	1,026,844
2038	2040	333,203	2,332,963	2,666,166	155,332	2,821,498	333,203	1,013,349
2039	2041	343,331	2,344,743	2,688,074	160,774	2,848,847	343,331	942,176
2040	2042	354,072	0	354,072	166,487	520,560	272,055	615,386
						354,072	0	354,072

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010

APPENDIX A

Attachment 7

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II - Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	Projected Retirement Benefit		Projected Retirement Contribution		Funding Ratio		Level Dollar Amortization Method	
		Current Benefit	Future Benefit	Current Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Future Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Amortization Period	Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Funded Ratio = Assets to Liabilities
2008	2010	3,437,445	1,014,096	9,253,126	9,990,247	51.9%	30	9,253,126	50.0%
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	30	11,794,163	42.7%
2010	2012	3,194,936	1,298,204	11,726,512	10,177,320	46.5%	30	11,726,512	46.5%
2011	2013	3,238,639	1,343,147	12,016,538	10,538,344	46.7%	29	11,607,832	46.5%
2012	2014	3,284,240	1,395,203	12,956,756	10,391,747	44.5%	28	12,128,738	48.5%
2013	2015	3,328,914	1,447,129	13,694,768	10,480,148	43.4%	27	12,453,996	48.6%
2014	2016	3,372,259	1,504,796	13,909,532	11,111,264	44.4%	26	12,193,875	51.3%
2015	2017	3,409,143	1,566,754	14,204,878	11,673,357	45.1%	25	12,826,921	55.8%
2016	2018	3,439,643	1,635,946	14,493,598	12,250,405	45.8%	24	13,859,045	55.7%
2017	2019	3,470,271	1,707,642	14,783,376	12,848,441	46.5%	23	11,942,254	57.7%
2018	2020	3,497,287	1,783,154	15,010,748	13,467,098	47.3%	22	11,651,431	57.8%
2019	2021	3,523,476	1,864,351	15,226,661	14,103,219	48.1%	21	11,445,148	59.8%
2020	2022	3,553,784	1,960,173	15,399,609	14,742,289	48.9%	20	11,216,936	61.8%
2021	2023	3,585,854	2,060,631	15,532,850	15,376,845	49.8%	19	10,983,661	63.6%
2022	2024	3,665,884	2,157,043	15,624,257	16,011,556	50.6%	18	10,675,781	65.5%
2023	2025	3,587,111	2,286,612	15,666,997	16,647,000	51.5%	17	10,371,541	67.2%
2024	2026	3,620,615	2,349,890	15,637,147	17,260,352	52.5%	16	10,042,990	68.9%
2025	2027	3,656,512	2,443,615	15,797,129	17,945,415	53.5%	15	9,690,869	70.6%
2026	2028	3,696,721	2,537,129	15,822,039	18,615,986	54.7%	14	9,302,821	72.3%
2027	2029	3,743,096	2,626,460	15,785,106	19,306,383	56.0%	13	20,233,915	73.9%
2028	2030	3,795,919	2,712,069	14,854,335	20,026,346	57.4%	12	21,264,273	75.6%
2029	2031	3,863,676	2,759,235	14,434,285	20,789,268	59.0%	11	22,271,007	77.3%
2030	2032	3,940,654	2,859,351	13,905,104	21,610,806	60.9%	10	23,256,630	79.0%
2031	2033	4,029,075	2,923,766	13,261,266	22,505,555	62.9%	9	24,219,723	80.8%
2032	2034	4,126,909	2,982,966	12,488,013	23,488,221	65.3%	8	25,157,442	82.6%
2033	2035	4,232,922	3,034,883	11,588,609	24,577,765	68.0%	7	26,070,086	84.4%
2034	2036	4,350,935	3,078,546	10,494,756	25,794,943	71.1%	6	27,957,297	86.4%
2035	2037	4,479,903	3,115,700	9,252,702	27,160,249	74.6%	5	28,825,199	88.4%
2036	2038	4,618,906	3,145,386	7,824,466	28,636,968	78.6%	4	30,368,782	90.4%
2037	2039	4,768,623	3,167,863	6,195,156	30,429,828	83.1%	3	31,214,100	92.6%
2038	2040	4,927,586	3,186,187	4,346,012	32,381,713	88.2%	2	32,066,784	94.8%
2039	2041	5,096,358	3,198,752	2,259,454	34,577,205	93.9%	1	33,913,501	97.0%
2040	2042	5,275,204	3,205,537	0	37,038,395	100.0%	0	34,713,886	99.2%
							0	35,627,287	100.0%

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010

APPENDIX A

Attachment 8

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier I - Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 5/31/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 5/31/XX	Level Percent of Payroll Authorization Method			Level Dollar Authorization Method		
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	887,428	62,381	959,809	335,323
2009	2011	340,927	689,242	1,030,169	64,788	1,094,957	340,927
2010	2012	281,283	685,289	966,572	67,325	1,033,897	281,283
2011	2013	289,710	714,205	1,003,915	69,953	1,073,868	289,710
2012	2014	297,240	785,351	1,082,591	72,650	1,155,252	297,240
2013	2015	303,794	846,807	1,150,601	75,347	1,225,948	303,794
2014	2016	308,551	878,508	1,187,059	77,884	1,264,943	308,551
2015	2017	312,967	917,618	1,230,585	80,470	1,311,054	312,967
2016	2018	316,766	959,030	1,275,796	83,169	1,358,965	316,766
2017	2019	320,006	1,002,242	1,322,248	85,645	1,407,892	320,006
2018	2020	321,251	1,047,336	1,368,587	87,521	1,456,108	321,251
2019	2021	318,186	1,094,026	1,412,212	89,342	1,501,554	318,186
2020	2022	314,415	1,141,350	1,456,245	91,553	1,547,798	314,415
2021	2023	311,653	1,191,360	1,503,013	93,730	1,596,743	311,653
2022	2024	309,079	1,242,909	1,551,988	96,247	1,648,234	309,079
2023	2025	307,015	1,296,462	1,603,477	98,724	1,702,200	307,015
2024	2026	304,270	1,352,288	1,656,558	101,221	1,757,779	304,270
2025	2027	301,449	1,409,515	1,710,964	103,864	1,784,129	301,449
2026	2028	298,384	1,468,342	1,766,726	106,449	1,873,115	298,384
2027	2029	296,193	1,528,870	1,825,063	109,478	1,934,541	296,193
2028	2030	297,125	1,590,719	1,887,844	112,656	2,000,500	297,125
2029	2031	298,758	1,655,359	1,954,117	116,020	2,070,137	298,758
2030	2032	301,519	1,721,767	2,023,286	119,604	2,142,890	301,519
2031	2033	305,649	1,790,587	2,096,236	123,375	2,219,612	305,649
2032	2034	310,701	1,861,451	2,172,152	127,404	2,299,556	310,701
2033	2035	317,280	1,933,610	2,250,890	131,676	2,382,565	317,280
2034	2036	324,923	2,007,643	2,332,566	136,180	2,463,746	324,923
2035	2037	333,496	2,083,463	2,416,959	140,927	2,557,886	333,496
2036	2038	343,460	2,159,961	2,649,318	145,897	2,593,421	343,460
2037	2039	354,037	2,236,983	2,741,261	151,130	2,590,120	354,037
2038	2040	365,600	2,307,996	2,672,696	166,622	2,829,318	365,600
2039	2041	377,995	2,351,787	2,729,782	162,369	2,892,152	377,995
2040		391,504	0	168,398	569,903	391,504	0

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010

APPENDIX A

Attachment 9

Connecticut SERS
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2008 Valuation
30 Year Projection Based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier IIA - Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	Level of Payroll Contribution Method			Total Dollar Authorization Method		
		Unfunded Actuarial Deficit Beginning of Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Period	Funded Assets / Assets Adopted	Unfunded Actuarial Deficit Beginning of Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Period	Funded Assets / Assets Adopted
2009	2010	3,497,445	1,014,036	9,253,126	9,990,247	51.9%	30
2010	2011	3,637,342	1,070,424	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	30
2011	2012	3,183,279	1,304,694	11,943,823	10,177,320	46.0%	30
2012	2013	3,216,458	1,359,463	12,282,383	10,514,140	46.1%	29
2013	2014	3,251,734	1,417,395	13,236,466	10,352,845	43.9%	28
2014	2015	3,285,333	1,479,788	13,973,888	10,415,305	42.7%	27
2015	2016	3,316,075	1,547,632	14,186,541	11,002,475	43.7%	26
2016	2017	3,336,367	1,622,063	14,480,316	11,495,426	44.3%	25
2017	2018	3,355,059	1,700,651	14,765,307	11,979,534	44.8%	24
2018	2019	3,378,101	1,778,510	15,030,489	12,462,668	45.3%	23
2019	2020	3,396,527	1,860,564	15,271,600	12,945,174	45.9%	22
2020	2021	3,426,399	1,938,951	15,485,891	13,426,037	46.4%	21
2021	2022	3,457,606	2,019,297	15,670,627	13,911,993	47.0%	20
2022	2023	3,493,034	2,098,781	15,819,114	14,494,618	47.7%	19
2023	2024	3,533,976	2,176,235	15,924,975	14,910,081	48.4%	18
2024	2025	3,581,445	2,250,908	15,983,324	15,435,932	49.1%	17
2025	2026	3,634,232	2,326,184	15,983,611	15,988,815	50.0%	16
2026	2027	3,684,644	2,405,337	15,903,818	16,562,448	51.0%	15
2027	2028	3,740,192	2,482,856	15,749,714	17,167,202	52.2%	14
2028	2029	3,805,026	2,553,926	15,516,293	17,811,726	53.4%	13
2029	2030	3,877,347	2,620,570	15,190,267	18,506,436	54.9%	12
2030	2031	3,958,989	2,688,760	14,767,937	19,265,314	56.6%	11
2031	2032	4,043,831	2,738,617	14,222,815	20,100,446	58.6%	10
2032	2033	4,134,539	2,794,337	13,552,770	21,022,057	60.8%	9
2033	2034	4,232,496	2,846,751	12,747,777	22,041,935	63.4%	8
2034	2035	4,333,549	2,895,773	11,786,738	23,113,894	66.3%	7
2035	2036	4,452,714	2,933,341	10,675,864	24,440,878	69.6%	6
2036	2037	4,579,559	2,967,539	9,391,930	25,859,542	73.4%	5
2037	2038	4,715,925	2,995,347	7,919,767	27,452,121	77.6%	4
2038	2039	4,852,341	3,016,331	6,246,080	29,240,634	82.4%	3
2039	2040	5,017,624	3,035,365	4,353,354	31,244,744	87.8%	2
2040	2041	5,182,650	3,048,737	2,228,232	33,485,002	93.8%	1
2041	2042	5,357,606	3,057,048	3,057,048	35,975,088	100.0%	0

All numbers are in thousands.

APPENDIX A

Attachment 10

Connecticut SERS

30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation

Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter

Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009

Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II-A Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/10	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/11	Level of Participation			Level of Amortization Method		
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Amortization of Ununded Accrued Liability	Total State Contribution (1) + (3)	Total Contribution (1) + (4)	Amortization of Ununded Accrued Liability	Total State Contribution (1) + (5)	Amortization of Ununded Accrued Liability
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	897,428	959,291	335,323	562,105
2009	2011	340,927	689,242	1,030,169	63,704	340,927	1,072,464
2010	2012	280,222	697,968	978,210	65,860	280,222	1,086,063
2011	2013	284,266	730,613	1,044,879	68,000	284,266	1,089,781
2012	2014	286,800	802,305	1,089,105	70,104	286,800	1,147,796
2013	2015	287,310	864,066	1,151,376	72,052	287,310	1,187,019
2014	2016	284,441	896,003	1,180,444	74,015	284,441	1,176,371
2015	2017	281,369	935,411	1,216,780	76,244	281,369	1,172,902
2016	2018	278,626	977,009	1,255,635	78,548	278,626	1,170,145
2017	2019	275,113	1,020,375	1,295,488	81,246	275,113	1,167,222
2018	2020	272,036	1,065,536	1,337,572	84,193	272,036	1,163,338
2019	2021	269,073	1,112,838	1,381,731	87,393	269,073	1,160,444
2020	2022	267,175	1,161,925	1,429,100	90,796	267,175	1,156,833
2021	2023	266,274	1,213,316	1,479,590	94,445	266,274	1,152,876
2022	2024	266,779	1,266,381	1,533,610	98,074	266,779	1,148,422
2023	2025	266,901	1,322,688	1,589,589	101,353	266,901	1,143,587
2024	2026	265,560	1,380,885	1,646,045	104,762	265,560	1,137,572
2025	2027	264,578	1,439,076	1,703,654	108,494	264,578	1,128,735
2026	2028	264,121	1,499,540	1,763,661	112,259	264,121	1,118,311
2027	2029	264,277	1,562,215	1,826,492	116,208	264,277	1,106,365
2028	2030	266,995	1,626,593	1,893,688	119,984	266,995	1,092,332
2029	2031	269,111	1,693,520	1,962,631	123,659	269,111	1,077,90
2030	2032	271,503	1,761,107	2,032,610	127,463	271,503	1,057,533
2031	2033	274,817	1,839,947	2,104,764	131,187	274,817	1,034,263
2032	2034	278,088	1,900,171	2,178,239	135,499	278,088	1,006,886
2033	2035	283,059	1,970,069	2,253,158	139,891	283,059	972,170
2034	2036	2,042,289	288,752	2,086,289	144,489	288,752	932,611
2035	2037	295,023	2,114,814	2,331,041	149,317	295,023	893,743
2036	2038	302,392	2,186,268	2,409,837	154,347	302,392	820,378
2037	2039	310,304	2,254,464	2,648,660	159,648	310,304	732,348
2038	2040	319,020	2,310,994	2,630,014	165,203	319,020	589,107
2039	2041	328,520	2,319,290	2,647,810	171,046	328,520	581,900
2040	2042	339,022	0	177,209	339,022	0	339,022

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX B

Attachment 1

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Baseline Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/YY	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/YY	Assets Accrued Liability	Unfunded Accrued Liability	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	United Assets Accrued Liability	Authorization Period	Unfunded Liabilities Beginning of Valuation Year	Accrued Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year		Finalized Assets/Accrued Liability	Finalized Assets/Accrued Liability
									(1)	(2)		
2008	2010	3,497,445	1,014,096	9,253,125	9,980,247	51.9%	24	9,263,126	9,990,247	50.0%	24	24
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	23	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	23	23
2010	2012	3,183,548	1,304,721	12,027,504	10,177,320	45.8%	22	12,027,504	10,177,320	45.8%	22	22
2011	2013	3,216,895	1,359,478	12,457,861	10,524,501	45.8%	21	12,085,566	10,898,797	47.4%	21	21
2012	2014	3,252,331	1,417,478	13,395,564	10,417,873	43.8%	20	12,612,403	11,201,034	47.0%	20	20
2013	2015	3,286,539	1,479,933	14,096,051	10,561,305	42.8%	19	12,900,264	11,757,092	47.7%	19	19
2014	2016	3,317,006	1,547,841	14,246,519	11,261,171	44.2%	18	12,623,974	12,893,716	50.5%	18	18
2015	2017	3,337,815	1,622,443	14,451,004	11,900,736	45.2%	17	12,396,654	13,955,635	53.0%	17	17
2016	2018	3,355,923	1,701,354	14,623,938	12,561,871	46.2%	16	12,153,375	15,032,435	56.3%	16	16
2017	2019	3,378,632	1,779,770	14,749,388	13,257,731	47.3%	15	11,881,538	16,125,581	57.6%	15	15
2018	2020	3,396,579	1,862,420	14,818,478	13,982,048	48.6%	14	11,576,671	17,233,855	59.8%	14	14
2019	2021	3,421,570	1,944,621	14,772,166	14,772,166	49.9%	13	11,228,339	18,359,205	62.1%	13	13
2020	2022	3,439,823	2,035,373	14,726,048	15,596,787	51.4%	12	10,828,727	19,484,109	64.3%	12	12
2021	2023	3,460,315	2,126,613	14,544,434	16,471,356	53.1%	11	10,379,054	20,636,736	66.5%	11	11
2022	2024	3,487,372	2,215,833	14,262,031	17,407,471	55.0%	10	9,879,311	21,750,191	68.8%	10	10
2023	2025	3,519,54	2,303,799	13,863,207	18,418,344	57.1%	9	9,323,305	22,958,247	71.1%	9	9
2024	2026	3,561,026	2,389,695	13,333,673	19,520,574	59.4%	8	8,707,438	24,146,810	73.5%	8	8
2025	2027	3,604,586	2,474,765	12,643,804	20,730,633	62.1%	7	8,104,455	25,359,982	76.0%	7	7
2026	2028	3,651,491	2,560,154	11,773,350	22,066,244	65.2%	6	7,258,468	26,561,126	78.6%	6	6
2027	2029	3,704,617	2,641,245	10,698,224	23,552,414	68.8%	5	6,372,667	27,877,971	81.4%	5	5
2028	2030	3,763,216	2,719,246	9,384,610	25,217,776	72.9%	4	5,404,019	29,198,367	84.4%	4	4
2029	2031	3,837,498	2,788,095	7,808,550	27,106,076	77.6%	3	4,354,352	30,380,273	87.8%	3	3
2030	2032	3,920,591	2,850,389	5,911,938	29,277,682	83.2%	2	3,139,496	32,044,124	91.1%	2	2
2031	2033	4,014,693	2,907,051	3,622,633	31,793,799	89.8%	1	1,300,068	33,618,365	94.9%	1	1
2032	2034	4,117,089	2,959,612	0	34,787,54	100.0%	0	0	35,346,742	100.0%	0	0
2033	2035	4,227,474	3,005,248	0	38,664,095	100.0%	0	0	37,359,354	100.0%	0	0
2034	2036	4,348,830	3,043,889	0	39,143,389	100.0%	0	0	37,731,006	100.0%	0	0
2035	2037	4,480,604	3,076,731	0	39,641,156	100.0%	0	0	38,111,251	100.0%	0	0
2036	2038	4,621,869	3,103,220	0	40,163,694	100.0%	0	0	38,508,655	100.0%	0	0
2037	2039	4,773,502	3,123,427	0	40,723,764	100.0%	0	0	38,932,184	100.0%	0	0
2038	2040	4,934,070	3,140,208	0	41,328,347	100.0%	0	0	39,388,962	100.0%	0	0
2039	2041	5,104,120	3,152,182	0	41,987,007	100.0%	0	0	39,887,623	100.0%	0	0
2040	2042	5,284,124	3,159,009	0	42,710,724	100.0%	0	0	40,438,141	100.0%	0	0

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010

APPENDIX B

Attachment 2

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Baseline Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XXXX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/YYYY	Amortization of Unfunded Liabilities		Total State Contribution = Employee Contribution (\$1,119) + (\$1,119)	Total Contribution = Employee Contribution (\$1,119)	Amortization of Unfunded Liabilities	Total State Contribution = Employee Contribution (\$1,119)	Total Contribution = Employee Contribution (\$1,119)
		(1)	(2)					
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	897,428	61,876	959,304	335,323	562,105
2009	2011	340,927	698,250	1,040,177	63,876	1,103,993	340,927	697,428
2010	2012	296,280	733,711	1,029,991	65,898	1,095,880	296,280	1,097,008
2011	2013	302,249	785,393	1,087,642	68,036	1,155,678	302,249	1,119,884
2012	2014	306,833	879,153	1,185,986	70,149	1,256,135	306,833	1,194,508
2013	2015	309,605	962,511	1,272,116	72,094	1,344,210	309,605	1,248,877
2014	2016	309,174	1,009,917	1,319,091	74,049	1,393,141	309,174	1,247,059
2015	2017	308,746	1,067,508	1,376,254	76,284	1,452,508	308,746	1,253,454
2016	2018	308,831	1,129,589	1,438,420	76,523	1,516,943	308,831	1,261,611
2017	2019	308,197	1,195,815	1,504,012	80,925	1,584,937	308,197	1,270,575
2018	2020	307,027	1,296,524	1,573,551	83,054	1,656,605	307,027	1,280,318
2019	2021	303,507	1,341,619	1,645,126	85,339	1,730,465	303,507	1,290,226
2020	2022	300,755	1,420,849	1,721,604	87,716	1,809,480	300,755	1,299,454
2021	2023	298,915	1,505,614	1,804,529	90,553	1,895,081	298,915	1,309,165
2022	2024	298,099	1,597,000	1,895,189	93,429	1,988,618	298,099	1,320,081
2023	2025	297,404	1,636,237	1,993,641	96,266	2,089,906	297,404	1,332,397
2024	2026	296,123	1,804,852	2,100,975	99,082	2,200,058	296,123	1,346,977
2025	2027	294,526	1,923,363	2,177,889	102,052	2,319,941	294,526	1,362,584
2026	2028	292,733	2,054,671	2,347,414	104,923	2,452,336	292,733	1,380,130
2027	2029	291,624	2,203,498	2,495,122	108,274	2,603,396	291,624	1,401,147
2028	2030	293,768	2,376,964	2,670,732	111,757	2,782,488	293,768	1,426,997
2029	2031	296,560	2,596,198	2,892,758	115,408	3,008,166	296,560	1,467,242
2030	2032	300,408	2,907,260	3,207,668	119,225	3,326,893	300,408	1,535,456
2031	2033	305,400	3,554,479	3,839,879	123,219	3,963,098	305,400	1,708,216
2032	2034	311,307	0	311,307	127,420	348,728	0	104,923
2033	2035	318,524	0	318,524	131,835	450,359	0	93,429
2034	2036	326,738	0	326,738	136,451	463,189	0	83,054
2035	2037	335,707	0	335,707	141,288	476,738	0	72,094
2036	2038	345,820	0	345,820	146,329	492,148	0	63,456
2037	2039	356,545	0	356,545	151,613	508,545	0	53,359
2038	2040	368,137	0	368,137	157,150	525,287	0	46,318
2039	2041	380,560	0	380,560	162,941	543,501	0	38,991
2040	2042	393,889	0	393,889	169,014	562,903	0	32,889

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010

Attachment 3

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II - Non Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	Actual Assets (\$ billions)	Projected Assets (\$ billions)	Unfunded Liabilities Beginning of Year (\$ billions)	Projected Liabilities (\$ billions)	Contribution Rate (\$ billions)	Percent of Payroll Authorized Method		Funded Ratio - Assets / Accrued (\$ billions)	Funded Assets (\$ billions)	Assets / Accrued (\$ billions)	Amortization Period
							Year	Year				
2008	2010	3,497,445	1,014,096	9,253,126	9,990,247	51.9%	24	9,233,126	9,990,247	50.0%	24	
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	23	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	23	
2010	2012	3,220,225	1,290,333	11,514,374	10,177,320	46.9%	22	11,514,374	10,177,320	46.9%	22	
2011	2013	3,273,940	1,336,438	11,691,645	10,557,425	47.5%	21	11,691,645	10,557,425	47.1%	21	
2012	2014	3,326,819	1,386,377	12,605,906	10,424,381	45.3%	20	11,838,870	11,181,416	48.6%	20	
2013	2015	3,379,197	1,440,050	13,300,925	10,530,988	44.2%	19	12,146,435	11,685,177	49.0%	19	
2014	2016	3,429,521	1,498,162	13,449,406	11,193,315	45.4%	18	11,894,149	12,754,572	51.8%	18	
2015	2017	3,468,578	1,563,187	13,651,786	11,818,191	46.4%	17	11,589,966	13,780,011	54.1%	17	
2016	2018	3,500,845	1,633,981	13,824,337	12,465,894	47.4%	16	11,470,995	14,189,836	56.4%	16	
2017	2019	3,539,434	1,703,225	13,952,924	13,156,726	48.5%	15	11,224,463	15,885,188	58.6%	15	
2018	2020	3,589,670	1,778,038	14,026,208	13,892,564	49.8%	14	10,946,988	16,974,783	60.8%	14	
2019	2021	3,609,117	1,851,173	14,035,725	14,685,531	51.1%	13	10,628,632	18,092,625	63.0%	13	
2020	2022	3,642,390	1,932,351	13,959,860	15,532,663	52.7%	12	10,259,669	19,232,854	65.2%	12	
2021	2023	3,674,579	2,015,344	13,797,887	16,440,521	54.4%	11	9,844,291	20,394,116	67.4%	11	
2022	2024	3,719,794	2,098,233	13,540,715	17,419,888	56.3%	10	9,381,469	21,579,134	69.7%	10	
2023	2025	3,747,158	2,181,912	13,173,408	18,482,413	58.4%	9	8,865,223	22,790,598	72.0%	9	
2024	2026	3,789,814	2,264,481	12,680,650	19,643,972	60.8%	8	8,290,388	24,034,233	74.4%	8	
2025	2027	3,825,765	2,352,594	12,035,293	20,914,466	63.5%	7	7,641,570	25,308,189	76.8%	7	
2026	2028	3,863,460	2,441,294	11,214,821	22,319,917	66.6%	6	6,909,955	26,614,784	79.4%	6	
2027	2029	3,897,782	2,533,924	10,200,306	23,845,232	70.0%	5	6,093,076	27,952,462	82.1%	5	
2028	2030	3,933,301	2,627,169	8,957,120	25,542,207	74.0%	4	5,176,199	29,323,128	85.0%	4	
2029	2031	3,984,584	2,713,964	7,463,751	27,438,694	78.6%	3	4,162,382	30,740,063	88.1%	3	
2030	2032	4,042,531	2,796,785	5,664,380	29,583,114	83.9%	2	3,028,206	32,219,286	91.4%	2	
2031	2033	4,114,265	2,871,571	3,489,550	32,051,866	90.2%	1	1,750,755	33,790,661	95.1%	1	
2032	2034	4,195,157	2,941,879	0	34,972,249	100.0%	0	0	35,498,802	100.0%	0	
2033	2035	4,283,658	3,005,136	0	38,714,892	100.0%	0	0	37,477,697	100.0%	0	
2034	2036	4,386,342	3,080,205	0	39,187,230	100.0%	0	0	37,847,967	100.0%	0	
2035	2037	4,503,148	3,107,567	0	39,657,357	100.0%	0	0	38,208,204	100.0%	0	
2036	2038	4,632,741	3,145,072	0	40,158,989	100.0%	0	0	38,569,632	100.0%	0	
2037	2039	4,776,007	3,173,040	0	40,632,666	100.0%	0	0	38,943,837	100.0%	0	
2038	2040	4,930,834	3,184,481	0	41,179,686	100.0%	0	0	39,340,704	100.0%	0	
2039	2041	5,096,874	3,208,687	0	41,761,829	100.0%	0	0	39,771,131	100.0%	0	
2040	2042	5,274,529	3,215,464	0	42,402,184	100.0%	0	0	40,247,253	100.0%	0	

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX B

Attachment 4

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2008
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II - Non Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/20XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/20XX	Level Percent of Payroll Amortization Method			Total State Contribution (\$)(1)	Total Employee Contribution (\$)(2)	Total Dollar Amortization Method (\$)(3)
		Amortization of Unfunded Contributions (\$)(4)	Total State Contribution = (\$)(5) + (\$)(6)	Amortization of Unfunded Contributions (\$)(7)			
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	897,428	61,475	958,903	335,323
2009	2011	340,927	699,260	1,040,177	63,145	1,103,322	340,927
2010	2012	276,707	697,906	974,615	64,950	1,039,564	276,707
2011	2013	285,291	730,341	1,015,632	66,802	1,082,433	285,291
2012	2014	292,454	820,602	1,113,056	68,558	1,181,644	292,454
2013	2015	298,226	901,525	1,199,751	70,204	1,269,955	298,226
2014	2016	301,059	946,506	1,247,565	71,838	1,319,413	301,059
2015	2017	303,664	1,001,372	1,305,036	73,716	1,378,752	303,664
2016	2018	306,736	1,060,581	1,367,317	75,673	1,442,990	306,736
2017	2019	309,210	1,123,746	1,432,956	77,732	1,510,688	309,210
2018	2020	311,307	1,191,282	1,502,589	79,500	1,582,089	311,307
2019	2021	311,809	1,263,021	1,574,830	81,444	1,656,274	311,809
2020	2022	313,445	1,338,800	1,682,245	83,663	1,735,908	313,445
2021	2023	315,812	1,419,998	1,735,810	86,043	1,821,854	315,812
2022	2024	318,918	1,507,775	1,826,693	88,664	1,915,357	318,918
2023	2025	321,731	1,603,097	1,924,828	91,339	2,016,167	321,731
2024	2026	322,586	1,707,513	2,030,099	94,027	2,124,126	322,586
2025	2027	321,885	1,821,655	2,143,540	96,994	2,249,533	321,885
2026	2028	319,649	1,947,835	2,267,484	99,930	2,367,414	319,649
2027	2029	316,631	2,091,380	2,408,011	103,397	2,511,409	316,631
2028	2030	316,108	2,258,905	2,575,063	107,085	2,682,147	316,108
2029	2031	315,917	2,471,746	2,787,663	110,958	2,898,622	315,917
2030	2032	316,369	2,775,343	3,092,212	115,041	3,207,253	316,369
2031	2033	318,117	3,391,754	3,709,911	119,336	3,829,248	318,117
2032	2034	320,487	0	320,487	123,844	444,331	320,487
2033	2035	324,128	0	324,128	128,562	452,691	324,128
2034	2036	329,305	0	329,305	133,470	462,775	329,305
2035	2037	335,788	0	335,788	138,376	474,364	335,788
2036	2038	344,044	0	344,044	143,871	487,915	344,044
2037	2039	353,515	0	353,515	149,392	502,908	353,515
2038	2040	364,320	0	364,320	155,153	519,474	364,320
2039	2041	376,374	0	376,374	161,157	537,532	376,374
2040	2042	389,689	0	389,689	167,431	557,120	389,689

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010

Attachment 5

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 3.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier IA - Non Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/YY	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)		(8)				
		Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Funded Assets / Accrued Liability	Americanization Period	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year	Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year			
2008	2010	3,497,445	-1,014,996	1,070,474	9,253,126	9,980,247	51.9%	24	9,253,126	9,980,247	50.0%	24	9,980,247	10,717,320	42.7%	23	10,717,320	42.7%		
2010	2012	3,637,342	1,070,474	1,303,345	11,794,163	8,787,160	42.7%	23	11,794,163	8,787,160	46.0%	22	11,937,164	10,902,909	46.0%	22	10,902,909	47.9%		
2011	2013	3,227,599	1,356,659	12,251,740	10,177,320	10,528,614	46.2%	21	11,877,445	12,398,735	44.1%	20	11,877,445	11,184,388	47.4%	20	11,184,388	47.4%		
2012	2014	3,270,357	1,412,842	13,179,116	10,404,537	10,521,947	43.1%	19	12,691,844	11,708,248	44.4%	18	12,691,844	12,800,339	48.0%	19	12,800,339	50.8%		
2013	2015	3,312,527	1,473,259	13,878,145	11,194,525	11,028,694	45.3%	17	12,422,779	11,806,922	45.3%	17	12,422,779	13,837,672	53.1%	18	13,837,672	53.1%		
2014	2016	3,351,187	1,538,902	14,235,448	11,806,922	12,441,272	46.3%	16	12,204,588	14,413,246	47.4%	15	12,204,588	14,881,592	55.4%	17	14,881,592	55.4%		
2015	2017	3,382,324	1,610,657	14,413,246	13,111,534	13,822,285	48.6%	15	11,714,550	14,425,616	49.9%	14	11,714,550	11,425,616	57.6%	15	11,425,616	57.6%		
2016	2018	3,412,554	1,686,402	14,441,272	14,625,355	14,631,533	49.9%	13	11,091,489	15,384,241	51.4%	12	11,091,489	18,120,551	62.0%	13	18,120,551	62.0%		
2017	2019	3,448,545	1,761,291	14,545,996	14,625,355	15,384,241	51.4%	12	10,702,074	16,238,099	53.1%	11	10,702,074	19,230,382	64.3%	12	19,230,382	64.3%		
2018	2020	3,481,147	1,846,064	15,161,167	15,458,056	15,384,241	53.1%	11	10,261,784	16,372,837	54.5%	10	10,261,784	20,349,151	66.5%	11	20,349,151	66.5%		
2019	2021	3,516,187	1,919,167	15,458,056	15,458,056	15,384,241	54.5%	10	9,769,942	17,002,324	57.0%	9	9,769,942	11,425,616	57.6%	10	11,425,616	57.6%		
2020	2022	3,542,667	2,007,519	15,458,315	15,458,315	15,384,241	56.1%	9	9,222,518	17,072,074	59.3%	8	9,222,518	11,091,489	59.8%	9	11,091,489	59.8%		
2021	2023	3,569,009	2,096,531	15,372,837	15,372,837	15,384,241	56.1%	8	8,614,949	17,152,322	59.3%	7	8,614,949	23,784,202	73.4%	8	23,784,202	73.4%		
2022	2024	3,600,122	2,184,263	14,095,942	15,382,285	15,384,241	59.3%	7	7,928,658	17,152,322	62.0%	6	7,928,658	24,989,343	75.9%	7	24,989,343	75.9%		
2023	2025	3,636,191	2,270,399	13,704,197	18,139,921	19,216,747	62.0%	6	7,153,239	17,152,322	65.1%	6	7,153,239	26,181,117	78.5%	6	26,181,117	78.5%		
2024	2026	3,680,051	2,354,676	13,182,464	19,216,747	19,216,747	62.0%	5	6,309,611	21,478,323	67.8%	5	6,309,611	27,426,685	81.3%	5	27,426,685	81.3%		
2025	2027	3,723,950	2,438,760	12,499,754	20,398,247	20,398,247	62.0%	4	5,351,966	22,621,500	72.8%	4	5,351,966	28,714,363	84.3%	4	28,714,363	84.3%		
2026	2028	3,773,384	2,521,991	11,641,618	21,702,738	21,702,738	65.1%	3	4,294,884	26,181,117	72.8%	3	4,294,884	30,992,676	87.5%	3	30,992,676	87.5%		
2027	2029	3,828,312	2,600,931	10,581,950	23,154,536	23,154,536	66.6%	2	3,144,324	27,426,685	77.5%	2	3,144,324	31,491,220	91.0%	2	31,491,220	91.0%		
2028	2030	3,887,537	2,676,940	9,283,902	24,782,427	24,782,427	66.6%	1	2,126,791	34,030,700	77.5%	1	2,126,791	34,030,700	94.9%	1	34,030,700	94.9%		
2029	2031	3,963,377	2,743,248	7,727,158	26,630,492	26,630,492	70.0%	0	0	34,726,983	36,714,812	80.0%	0	0	36,714,812	100.0%	0	0	100.0%	
2030	2032	4,048,349	2,803,302	5,853,866	28,751,679	28,751,679	83.1%	0	0	37,070,199	37,434,973	83.1%	0	0	37,434,973	100.0%	0	0	100.0%	
2031	2033	4,147,074	2,855,881	3,598,302	31,225,189	31,225,189	89.7%	0	0	37,816,472	37,816,472	100.0%	0	0	37,816,472	100.0%	0	0	100.0%	
2032	2034	4,254,077	2,903,408	0	34,182,450	34,182,450	100.0%	0	0	38,622,166	38,622,166	100.0%	0	0	38,622,166	100.0%	0	0	100.0%	
2033	2035	4,366,385	2,944,959	0	38,002,973	38,002,973	100.0%	0	0	38,658,398	38,658,398	100.0%	0	0	38,658,398	100.0%	0	0	100.0%	
2034	2036	4,488,768	2,980,700	0	38,464,633	38,464,633	100.0%	0	0	39,132,616	39,132,616	100.0%	0	0	39,132,616	100.0%	0	0	100.0%	
2035	2037	4,620,970	3,010,938	0	38,944,448	38,944,448	100.0%	0	0	41,885,816	41,885,816	100.0%	0	0	41,885,816	39,592,112	100.0%	0	39,592,112	100.0%
2036	2038	4,759,677	3,035,851	0	39,454,479	39,454,479	100.0%	0	0	42,426,685	42,426,685	100.0%	0	0	42,426,685	39,592,112	100.0%	0	39,592,112	100.0%
2037	2039	4,907,405	3,055,244	0	39,996,978	39,996,978	100.0%	0	0	43,592,112	43,592,112	100.0%	0	0	43,592,112	39,592,112	100.0%	0	39,592,112	100.0%
2038	2040	5,063,463	3,071,347	0	40,573,137	40,573,137	100.0%	0	0	44,750,816	44,750,816	100.0%	0	0	44,750,816	41,885,816	100.0%	0	41,885,816	100.0%
2039	2041	5,227,474	3,083,259	0	41,205,321	41,205,321	100.0%	0	0	45,885,816	45,885,816	100.0%	0	0	45,885,816	43,592,112	100.0%	0	43,592,112	100.0%
2040	2042	5,399,438	3,092,265	0	41,885,816	41,885,816	100.0%	0	0	46,000,000	46,000,000	100.0%	0	0	46,000,000	44,750,816	100.0%	0	44,750,816	100.0%

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX B

Attachment 6

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8.481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II-A - Non Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	Level Percent of Payroll Authorization Method			Total Employment Conditioned (Col. 10)	Total Employment Conditioned (Col. 10)	Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Benefit Liability (Col. 11)	Total State Contribution = Employment Conditioned (Col. 10) + Employment Conditioned (Col. 11)	Total Dollar Authorization Method (Col. 13)	Total Employee Count (Col. 9 + Col. 10)
		(1)	(2)	(3)						
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	897,428	61,952	959,380	335,323	562,105	897,428	61,952
2009	2011	340,927	699,250	1,040,177	63,982	1,104,159	340,927	1,069,000	1,399,927	63,982
2010	2012	280,859	727,408	1,008,267	66,171	1,074,437	280,859	1,087,976	1,368,835	65,171
2011	2013	286,331	770,583	1,056,914	68,439	1,125,352	286,331	1,098,910	1,385,241	68,439
2012	2014	290,601	863,104	1,153,705	70,673	1,224,378	290,601	1,172,345	1,462,946	70,673
2013	2015	293,029	945,797	1,238,826	72,772	1,311,598	293,029	1,226,783	1,519,812	72,772
2014	2016	292,388	992,589	1,284,977	74,905	1,359,882	292,388	1,225,217	1,517,605	74,905
2015	2017	292,017	1,049,671	1,341,688	77,301	1,418,989	292,017	1,232,057	1,524,074	77,301
2016	2018	292,360	1,111,392	1,403,752	79,777	1,483,528	292,360	1,240,897	1,533,257	79,777
2017	2019	292,197	1,177,411	1,469,608	82,291	1,551,899	292,197	1,250,772	1,542,969	82,291
2018	2020	291,250	1,248,136	1,539,386	84,448	1,623,874	291,250	1,261,729	1,552,979	84,448
2019	2021	287,532	1,323,008	1,610,540	86,790	1,697,330	287,532	1,272,545	1,560,077	86,790
2020	2022	284,263	1,401,816	1,686,079	89,297	1,775,376	284,263	1,282,429	1,566,692	89,297
2021	2023	281,672	1,485,935	1,767,607	91,936	1,859,543	281,672	1,292,538	1,574,210	91,936
2022	2024	280,002	1,576,525	1,856,527	94,742	1,951,269	280,002	1,303,598	1,583,600	94,742
2023	2025	278,350	1,674,767	1,953,117	97,457	2,050,574	278,350	1,316,095	1,594,445	97,457
2024	2026	275,848	1,782,304	2,058,152	100,179	2,158,331	275,848	1,330,729	1,605,577	100,179
2025	2027	273,101	1,899,266	2,172,387	103,027	2,275,414	273,101	1,345,933	1,619,064	103,027
2026	2028	270,331	2,029,481	2,299,812	105,743	2,405,565	270,331	1,363,733	1,634,064	105,743
2027	2029	268,092	2,177,273	2,445,365	108,947	2,554,312	268,092	1,385,250	1,655,342	108,947
2028	2030	269,065	2,349,164	2,618,229	112,284	2,730,513	269,065	1,411,194	1,680,259	112,284
2029	2031	270,784	2,566,820	2,837,604	115,830	2,953,434	270,784	1,451,888	1,722,642	115,830
2030	2032	273,808	2,876,830	3,150,241	119,537	3,269,778	273,808	1,521,232	1,719,100	119,537
2031	2033	278,195	3,504,980	3,783,185	123,365	3,906,550	278,195	1,700,339	1,978,534	123,365
2032	2034	283,643	0	283,643	127,371	411,014	283,643	0	283,643	127,371
2033	2035	290,516	0	290,516	131,578	422,095	290,516	0	290,516	131,578
2034	2036	298,188	0	298,188	135,930	434,118	298,188	0	288,188	135,930
2035	2037	306,095	0	306,095	140,480	446,575	306,095	0	306,095	140,480
2036	2038	314,623	0	314,623	145,217	459,840	314,623	0	314,623	145,217
2037	2039	323,505	0	323,505	150,167	473,672	323,505	0	323,505	150,167
2038	2040	333,203	0	333,203	155,332	483,535	333,203	0	333,203	155,332
2039	2041	343,331	0	343,331	160,774	504,104	343,331	0	343,331	160,774
2040	2042	354,072	0	354,072	165,487	520,560	354,072	0	354,072	165,487

All numbers are in thousands

Attachment 7

Connecticut SERS

30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
 Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier I - Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/XX	Plan Assets at Beginning of Valuation Year		1-Year Percent of Payroll Contribution Method		Unfunded Accrued Liability Beginning Year	Amortization Period	Unfunded Accrued Liability Seemingly One Year	Level Dollar Amortization Method	Funded Ratio = Assets / Accumulated Benefits	Annualized Asset Yield
		Annual Payout	Projected Payout	Funded Ratio = Assets / Accumulated Benefits	Year						
2008	2010	3,497,445	1,014,096	9,253,126	9,990,247	51.9%	24	9,253,126	9,990,247	50.0%	24
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,180	42.7%	23	11,794,163	8,787,180	42.7%	23
2010	2012	3,194,936	1,296,204	11,726,512	10,177,320	46.5%	22	11,726,512	10,177,320	46.5%	22
2011	2013	3,238,639	1,343,147	11,996,125	10,548,756	46.8%	21	11,621,830	10,923,052	48.5%	21
2012	2014	3,284,240	1,393,203	12,916,955	10,431,548	44.7%	20	12,143,253	11,205,250	48.0%	20
2013	2015	3,328,914	1,447,129	13,612,133	10,562,733	43.7%	19	12,440,953	11,733,962	48.5%	19
2014	2016	3,372,239	1,504,796	13,759,407	11,261,389	45.0%	18	12,843,575	12,843,575	51.3%	18
2015	2017	3,409,143	1,566,734	13,960,601	11,917,633	46.1%	17	13,916,251	13,916,251	53.8%	17
2016	2018	3,439,613	1,635,946	14,132,764	12,611,240	47.2%	16	11,732,674	15,011,330	56.1%	16
2017	2019	3,470,271	1,707,642	14,259,044	13,352,773	48.4%	15	11,475,670	16,136,147	58.4%	15
2018	2020	3,497,287	1,783,134	14,331,491	14,146,355	49.7%	14	11,187,236	17,290,610	60.7%	14
2019	2021	3,523,476	1,864,351	14,336,129	14,993,752	51.1%	13	10,838,617	18,471,264	63.0%	13
2020	2022	3,535,784	1,960,173	14,265,129	15,886,100	52.7%	12	10,478,662	19,663,237	65.2%	12
2021	2023	3,545,854	2,060,631	14,087,378	16,822,317	54.4%	11	10,051,266	20,858,430	67.5%	11
2022	2024	3,565,884	2,157,043	13,821,627	17,814,186	56.3%	10	9,575,403	22,050,410	69.7%	10
2023	2025	3,587,111	2,255,612	13,443,225	18,870,772	58.4%	9	9,044,897	23,299,100	72.0%	9
2024	2026	3,620,615	2,349,880	12,938,149	20,005,350	60.7%	8	8,466,087	24,491,413	74.3%	8
2025	2027	3,656,512	2,443,615	12,276,877	21,245,667	63.4%	7	7,791,446	25,731,98	76.8%	7
2026	2028	3,696,721	2,537,046	11,439,892	22,597,132	66.4%	6	7,345,503	26,991,622	79.3%	6
2027	2029	3,743,096	2,626,460	10,403,726	24,087,763	69.8%	5	6,211,282	28,280,207	82.0%	5
2028	2030	3,795,919	2,712,069	9,134,194	26,745,888	73.8%	4	5,275,709	29,604,973	84.3%	4
2029	2031	3,863,676	2,789,235	7,609,971	27,613,582	78.4%	3	4,240,640	30,982,913	88.0%	3
2030	2032	3,940,654	2,859,351	5,771,500	29,744,410	83.8%	2	3,081,356	32,434,555	91.3%	2
2031	2033	4,029,075	2,923,756	3,552,333	32,214,487	90.1%	1	1,778,286	33,988,335	95.0%	1
2032	2034	4,128,909	2,982,968	2,982,968	35,153,999	100.0%	0	0	35,680,665	100.0%	0
2033	2035	4,232,922	3,034,883	0	36,938,909	100.0%	0	0	37,676,676	100.0%	0
2034	2036	4,330,935	3,078,546	0	39,405,251	100.0%	0	0	38,037,801	100.0%	0
2035	2037	4,479,903	3,115,700	3,115,700	39,881,616	100.0%	0	0	38,401,352	100.0%	0
2036	2038	4,618,906	3,145,389	0	40,379,031	100.0%	0	0	38,776,644	100.0%	0
2037	2039	4,758,623	3,167,863	0	40,907,958	100.0%	0	0	39,173,375	100.0%	0
2038	2040	4,927,586	3,186,187	0	41,476,994	100.0%	0	0	39,589,308	100.0%	0
2039	2041	5,096,358	3,198,732	0	42,056,354	100.0%	0	0	40,063,759	100.0%	0
2040	2042	5,275,204	3,205,537	0	42,777,495	100.0%	0	0	40,577,211	100.0%	0

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX B

Attachment 8

Connecticut SERS

Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II - Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 12/31/xx	Fiscal Year Ending 12/31/xx	Level Rate of Growth Amortization Method			Total Contribution (1) + (2)	Total Contribution (3) + (4)	Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Benefit (5)	Total State Contribution (6)	Total Contribution (7) + (8)	Level Dollar Amortization Method
		(1)	(2)	(3)						
2008	2010	335,323	562,105	897,428	62,381	335,323	562,105	897,428	62,381	959,809
2009	2011	340,927	699,250	1,040,177	64,788	1,104,965	340,927	1,069,000	1,399,927	64,788
2010	2012	281,283	712,710	993,993	67,325	1,066,318	281,283	1,066,916	1,348,198	67,325
2011	2013	289,710	752,218	1,041,928	69,953	1,111,881	289,710	1,072,900	1,362,610	69,953
2012	2014	297,240	843,666	1,140,906	72,660	1,213,567	297,240	1,145,832	1,443,072	72,660
2013	2015	303,794	925,395	1,229,159	75,347	1,304,536	303,794	1,200,187	1,503,981	75,347
2014	2016	308,551	971,167	1,279,718	77,884	1,357,602	308,551	1,198,559	1,507,110	77,884
2015	2017	312,967	1,026,927	1,339,894	80,470	1,420,363	312,967	1,205,003	1,517,970	80,470
2016	2018	316,766	1,087,167	1,403,933	83,169	1,487,102	316,766	1,213,319	1,530,085	83,169
2017	2019	320,096	1,151,146	1,471,452	85,645	1,557,096	320,096	1,222,432	1,542,438	85,645
2018	2020	321,251	1,220,158	1,541,409	87,521	1,628,930	321,251	1,232,393	1,553,644	87,521
2019	2021	318,186	1,293,267	1,611,453	89,342	1,700,795	318,186	1,242,675	1,560,861	89,342
2020	2022	314,415	1,370,491	1,684,906	91,553	1,776,459	314,415	1,252,398	1,566,813	91,553
2021	2023	311,653	1,453,198	1,764,851	93,730	1,858,581	311,653	1,262,691	1,574,344	93,730
2022	2024	309,079	1,542,558	1,857,637	96,247	1,947,883	309,079	1,274,278	1,583,357	96,247
2023	2025	307,015	1,639,529	1,946,544	98,724	2,045,267	307,015	1,287,365	1,594,380	98,724
2024	2026	304,270	1,745,896	2,050,166	101,221	2,151,387	304,270	1,302,822	1,607,092	101,221
2025	2027	301,449	1,862,034	2,163,483	103,864	2,267,348	301,449	1,319,383	1,620,892	103,864
2026	2028	298,384	1,990,910	2,289,294	106,449	2,395,743	298,384	1,338,071	1,636,455	106,449
2027	2029	296,193	2,137,184	2,433,377	109,478	2,542,855	296,193	1,360,461	1,656,654	109,478
2028	2030	2,308,002	2,307,125	2,605,127	112,656	2,717,783	297,125	1,388,042	1,685,167	112,656
2029	2031	298,758	2,524,523	2,823,281	116,020	2,939,301	298,758	1,430,714	1,729,472	116,020
2030	2032	301,519	2,832,708	3,134,227	119,604	3,255,831	301,519	1,502,741	1,804,260	119,604
2031	2033	305,649	3,457,143	3,752,792	123,375	3,886,168	305,649	1,684,637	1,990,286	123,375
2032	2034	310,701	0	310,701	127,404	438,105	310,701	0	310,701	127,404
2033	2035	317,280	0	317,280	131,676	448,955	317,280	0	317,280	131,676
2034	2036	324,923	0	324,923	136,180	461,103	324,923	0	324,923	136,180
2035	2037	333,496	0	333,496	140,927	474,423	333,496	0	333,496	140,927
2036	2038	343,460	0	343,460	145,887	489,357	343,460	0	343,460	145,887
2037	2039	354,037	0	354,037	151,130	505,168	354,037	0	354,037	151,130
2038	2040	365,600	0	365,600	156,622	522,222	365,600	0	365,600	156,622
2039	2041	377,995	0	377,995	162,369	540,365	377,995	0	377,995	162,369
2040	2042	391,504	0	391,504	168,398	559,903	391,504	0	391,504	559,903

All numbers are in thousands

APPENDIX B

Attachment 9

Connecticut SERS
30 Year Projection based on June 30, 2008 Valuation
Assuming Market Value of \$8,481 Billion as of June 30, 2010 and 8.25% Investment Return for Each Year Thereafter
Recognizes the Early Retirement Incentive of 2009
Modified Retirement Eligibility for Tier II A - Hazardous

Valuation Year Ending 6/30/XX	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/YY	Level		Percent of Capital Authorized Method	Planned Assets / Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Period	Unaudited Accrued Liability Beginning of Valuation Year	Actual Dollar Authorization Used	Current Ratio = Assets / Accrued Liability	Authorization Period
		2008	2009							
2008	2010	3,497,445	1,014,936	9,253,126	9,990,247	51.9%	24	9,253,126	9,990,247	50.0%
2009	2011	3,637,342	1,070,474	11,794,163	8,787,180	42.7%	23	11,794,163	8,787,180	42.7%
2010	2012	3,183,219	1,304,684	11,943,823	10,177,320	46.0%	22	11,943,823	10,177,320	46.0%
2011	2013	3,216,458	1,359,423	12,271,970	10,524,553	46.2%	21	11,897,675	10,898,849	47.8%
2012	2014	3,267,734	1,417,385	13,194,102	10,395,299	44.1%	20	12,413,570	11,175,741	47.4%
2013	2015	3,285,833	1,479,788	13,884,930	10,504,253	43.1%	19	12,697,772	11,691,420	47.9%
2014	2016	3,316,075	1,547,652	14,025,831	11,163,185	44.3%	18	12,418,550	12,770,466	50.7%
2015	2017	3,336,887	1,622,053	14,220,770	11,754,972	45.3%	17	12,188,428	13,787,313	53.1%
2016	2018	3,355,059	1,700,881	14,384,084	12,360,747	46.2%	16	11,942,291	14,802,550	55.4%
2017	2019	3,378,101	1,778,570	14,500,211	12,992,947	47.3%	15	11,667,821	15,825,337	57.6%
2018	2020	3,396,527	1,860,584	14,560,376	13,654,358	48.4%	14	11,390,612	16,854,163	59.7%
2019	2021	3,426,399	1,938,951	14,557,017	14,355,011	49.7%	13	11,018,405	17,893,623	61.9%
2020	2022	3,457,606	2,019,297	14,481,466	15,101,155	51.1%	12	10,638,663	18,943,937	64.0%
2021	2023	3,493,034	2,098,781	14,320,787	15,902,935	52.6%	11	10,215,414	20,098,317	66.2%
2022	2024	3,532,976	2,176,295	14,060,904	16,774,162	54.4%	10	9,742,461	21,092,604	68.4%
2023	2025	3,581,445	2,250,908	13,688,635	17,731,221	56.4%	9	9,215,768	22,204,088	70.7%
2024	2026	3,634,232	2,326,184	13,181,260	18,789,167	58.8%	8	8,623,138	23,347,288	73.0%
2025	2027	3,684,644	2,405,337	12,506,145	19,961,122	61.5%	7	7,944,102	24,522,165	75.5%
2026	2028	3,740,192	2,482,886	11,653,844	21,283,072	64.6%	6	7,183,591	25,733,325	78.2%
2027	2029	3,805,026	2,553,936	10,602,505	22,725,134	68.2%	5	6,357,230	26,980,789	81.0%
2028	2030	3,877,347	2,620,570	9,317,377	24,377,326	72.4%	4	5,390,614	28,306,089	84.0%
2029	2031	3,958,989	2,680,760	8,684,828	26,267,623	77.2%	3	4,335,788	29,596,563	87.3%
2030	2032	4,043,831	2,738,617	5,881,627	28,441,635	82.9%	2	3,142,993	31,180,268	90.8%
2031	2033	4,134,539	2,794,337	3,600,677	30,974,150	89.6%	1	1,793,707	32,781,120	94.8%
2032	2034	4,232,946	2,846,751	2,622,505	33,986,829	100.0%	0	0	34,538,393	100.0%
2033	2035	4,333,549	2,895,773	0	37,883,914	100.0%	0	0	36,567,493	100.0%
2034	2036	4,432,714	2,935,541	0	38,354,999	100.0%	0	0	36,962,449	100.0%
2035	2037	4,519,707	2,967,529	0	38,871,955	100.0%	0	0	37,364,419	100.0%
2036	2038	4,715,925	2,995,347	0	39,413,085	100.0%	0	0	37,781,286	100.0%
2037	2039	4,862,341	3,016,931	0	39,988,057	100.0%	0	0	38,221,634	100.0%
2038	2040	5,017,624	3,036,385	0	40,604,165	100.0%	0	0	38,692,012	100.0%
2039	2041	5,182,650	3,048,737	0	41,270,957	100.0%	0	0	39,201,051	100.0%
2040	2042	5,357,606	3,057,048	0	41,988,960	100.0%	0	0	39,758,288	100.0%

All numbers are in thousands

8/2/2010